

15 Summary tables

This section presents a summary of mental health services data for each state and territory, and for Australia as a whole.

Listed below are the data sources from which the summary information was derived, as well as the corresponding chapter in this report in which the data and related analyses were described. Roman numerals are used in each summary table in this chapter to provide a link between the statistics shown with the data sources, as listed below.

- i Bettering the Evaluation and Care of Health survey of general practitioners (Chapter 2)
- ii Data provided by state and territory health authorities (Chapter 3)
- iii National Community Mental Health Care Database (Chapter 4)
- iv National Hospital Morbidity Database (Chapters 5 and 7)
- v Medicare data (DoHA) (Chapters 6 and 14)
- vi National Residential Mental Health Care Database (Chapter 8)
- vii Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Client Collection (Chapter 9)
- viii Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set (Chapter 10)
- ix Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme and Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme data (DoHA) (Chapters 11 and 14)
- x National Public Hospital Establishments Database (Chapters 12 and 14)
- xi Private Health Establishments Collection (Chapters 12 and 14)
- xii National Community Mental Health Establishments Database (Chapters 12 and 14)
- xiii AIHW Medical Labour Force Survey (Chapter 13)
- xiv AIHW Nursing and Midwifery Labour Force Survey (Chapter 13)
- xv ABS Labour Force Survey (Chapter 13).

For further information on the scope and coverage of each of these data sources, refer to Appendix 1.

15.1 New South Wales

Table 15.1: Mental health services, New South Wales, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health services	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	3,375,000	3,375,000	3,405,000	3,013,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% LCL	3,059,000	3,059,000	3,204,000	2,975,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% UCL	3,691,000	3,691,000	3,606,000	3,043,000	n.a.	n.a.
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	48,223	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	620,469	942,307	1,301,233	1,431,729	1,363,770	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	27,950	31,677	32,579	32,026	32,950	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	22,084	25,528	26,473	26,752	28,093	n.a.
Public hospitals	8,078	8,749	8,893	8,310	7,155	n.a.
Private hospitals	14,006	16,779	17,580	18,442	20,938	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	5,866	6,149	6,106	5,274	4,857	n.a.
Public hospitals	3,739	3,707	3,782	3,830	4,617	n.a.
Private hospitals	2,127	2,442	2,324	1,444	240	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	686,572	693,192	666,357	637,448	627,107	615,006
Admitted patient mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	56,725	59,631	60,703	62,864	63,664	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	31,185	34,529	34,948	36,070	36,517	n.a.
Public hospitals	24,587	26,938	27,815	29,103	28,462	n.a.
Private hospitals	6,598	7,591	7,133	6,967	8,055	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	25,540	25,102	25,755	26,794	27,147	n.a.
Public hospitals	22,779	22,373	23,165	24,305	25,995	n.a.
Private hospitals	2,761	2,729	2,590	2,489	1,152	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	388	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	3,516	3,377	3,001	3,276	3,569	n.a.
Accommodated	3,144	2,798	2,443	2,521	2,646	n.a.
Supported	372	579	558	755	923	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	6,217	6,492	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,072	1,142	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	5,993	6,172	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of GP Medicare services reported by DoHA. Source: Britt et al. 2004.

Note: LCL – lower confidence limit; UCL – upper confidence limit.

n.a. Not available.

(i–viii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.2: Mental health-related prescriptions, New South Wales, 2000–01 to 2005–06^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	552,170	582,034	599,089	605,458	603,368	580,917
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	5,240,408	5,302,678	5,392,792	5,621,316	5,759,600	5,628,722

(ix) See page 144 for data source.

Table 15.3: Mental health facilities, New South Wales, 2000–01 to 2004–05

Mental health facilities	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05
Public psychiatric hospitals^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	9	9	9	10	10
Average available beds	1,046	1,075	1,166	1,237	1,161
Full-time-equivalent staff	2,468	2,462	2,534	2,693	2,703
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	35	34	42	44	42
Average available beds in specialised psychiatric units	n.a.	n.a.	810	911	895
Private psychiatric hospitals^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	9	8	9	9	9
Average available beds	471	444	531	316	494
Full-time-equivalent staff	555	607	571	592	572
Government-operated community and residential mental health services^(xii)					
Number of services ^(c)	19	19	19	19	10
Services providing residential care	7	9	6	7	5
Average available beds	206	161	138	137	138
Full-time-equivalent staff	2,593	2,937	3,305	3,304	3,157

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

n.a. Not available.

(x–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.4: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, New South Wales, 2000 to 2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xiii)	973	922	1,094	1,063	1,129	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiv)	n.a.	4,257	n.a.	4,846	4,336	n.a.

n.a. Not available.

(xiii–xiv) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.5: Mental health expenditure, current prices (\$'000), New South Wales, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health expenditure	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	181,545	192,933	211,142	241,246	252,163	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for specialised psychiatric units or wards in public acute hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(a) (xi)}	55,314	53,504	58,519	57,518	56,228	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)	201,436	243,788	297,624	314,728	311,718	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	64,190	65,674	64,809	64,937	69,831	70,604
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	28,762	32,720	35,135	36,939	38,685	40,036
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	106,613	121,343	133,912	147,926	154,736	155,988

(a) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

15.2 Victoria

Table 15.6: Mental health services, Victoria, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health services	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	2,721,000	2,714,000	3,088,000	2,627,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% LCL	2,421,000	2,429,000	2,761,000	2,580,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% UCL	2,996,000	2,999,000	3,414,000	2,663,000	n.a.	n.a.
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	28,757	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	1,491,600	1,645,974	1,610,674	1,599,800	1,778,559	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	28,108	29,289	38,985	41,250	43,165	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	21,250	22,440	31,483	32,568	33,525	n.a.
Public hospitals	1,243	1,068	1,099	624	729	n.a.
Private hospitals	20,007	21,372	30,384	31,944	32,796	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	6,858	6,849	7,502	8,682	9,640	n.a.
Public hospitals	4,368	5,050	5,129	5,758	5,593	n.a.
Private hospitals	2,490	1,799	2,373	2,924	4,047	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	682,758	673,637	667,309	658,145	650,089	663,942
Admitted patient mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	44,768	45,177	47,913	48,558	49,227	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	23,798	23,377	24,341	25,097	24,858	n.a.
Public hospitals	17,938	17,776	17,712	18,192	17,356	n.a.
Private hospitals	5,860	5,601	6,629	6,905	7,502	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	20,970	21,800	23,572	23,461	24,369	n.a.
Public hospitals	17,531	19,048	20,045	20,486	21,968	n.a.
Private hospitals	20,970	2,752	3,527	2,975	2,401	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	728	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	3,383	3,491	4,019	5,071	4,579	n.a.
Accommodated	1,529	1,514	1,689	1,872	2,188	n.a.
Supported	1,854	1,977	2,330	3,199	2,391	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^{(b)(viii)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	8,585	9,121	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	983	941	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	8,396	8,954	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of GP Medicare services reported by DoHA. *Source:* Britt et al. 2004.

(b) Advice was received from the Victorian Department of Human Services shortly before the publication of this report that there had been an error in the data supplied to the AIHW. In addition to those service users included in this table (and, more broadly, in this chapter), there were an additional 7,971 CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability in 2003–04 in Victoria and an additional 9,590 such service users in 2004–05. Given the late notification of this error, the information about these service users could not be incorporated into the data presented in this chapter.

Note: LCL – lower confidence limit; UCL – upper confidence limit.

n.a. Not available.

(i–viii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.7: Mental health-related prescriptions, Victoria, 2000-01 to 2005-06^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	527,532	532,700	547,564	560,968	578,440	567,175
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	4,327,830	4,402,151	4,496,990	4,713,821	4,891,159	4,843,466

(ix) See page 144 for data source.

Table 15.8: Mental health facilities, Victoria, 2000-01 to 2004-05

Mental health facilities	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	1	1	1	1	1
Average available beds	95	95	95	115	115
Full-time-equivalent staff	186	216	237	245	249
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	32	32	37	31	31
Average available beds in specialised psychiatric units	n.a.	879	870	916	899
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	7	6	6	6	6
Average available beds	304	359	358	378	423
Full-time-equivalent staff	363	463	525	508	517
Government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)					
Number of services ^(c)	38	39	39	39	38
Services providing residential care ^(d)	30	31	31	31	30
Average available beds	906	883	893	891	907
Full-time-equivalent staff	2,982	3,142	3,522	3,255	3,563

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

(d) The number of establishments providing residential care services reported to the National Community Mental Health Establishments Database (NCMHED) is larger than the number of establishments reporting to the National Residential Mental Health Care Database (NRMHCD) due to Victoria reporting specialised aged care residential services in the NCMHED that are not in-scope for the NRMHCD.

n.a. Not available.

(x-xii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.9: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Victoria, 2000 to 2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xiii)	902	991	1,047	1,049	1,076	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiv)	n.a.	3,475	n.a.	3,659	3,955	n.a.

n.a. Not available.

(xiii–xiv) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.10 Mental health expenditure, current prices (\$'000), Victoria, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health expenditure	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	24,958	n.a.	30,686	32,541	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for specialised psychiatric units or wards in public acute hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(xi)}	30,302	38,695	43,779	47,031	49,105	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for government-operated community and residential mental health services ^{(b)(xii)}	245,055	256,829	275,629	281,980	305,898	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	64,754	64,733	65,487	66,869	71,070	74,280
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	26,904	29,133	31,457	32,942	35,920	38,002
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	93,760	107,227	118,646	131,571	138,331	141,085

(a) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(b) Victoria has included expenditure data for specialised aged care residential services in the National Mental Health Establishments Database that are not in-scope for the National Residential Mental Health Care Database.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

15.3 Queensland

Table 15.11: Mental health services, Queensland, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health services	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	1,803,000	1,807,000	1,787,000	1,925,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% LCL	1,601,000	1,598,000	1,653,000	1,860,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% UCL	2,024,000	2,016,000	1,922,000	1,971,000	n.a.	n.a.
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	21,393	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	619,068	705,895	779,527	889,011	901,706	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	18,213	23,593	23,386	23,813	24,810	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	14,303	19,135	19,256	19,233	19,743	n.a.
Public hospitals	3,228	3,571	3,405	3,930	3,924	n.a.
Private hospitals	11,075	15,564	15,851	15,303	15,819	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	3,910	4,458	4,130	4,580	5,067	n.a.
Public hospitals	1,053	1,135	1,173	1,345	1,499	n.a.
Private hospitals	2,857	3,323	2,957	3,235	3,568	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	359,679	349,352	344,217	344,548	352,380	365,911
Admitted patient mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	36,875	36,687	36,310	37,503	38,405	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	24,405	24,915	25,597	26,922	27,322	n.a.
Public hospitals	18,538	18,787	19,618	20,384	20,851	n.a.
Private hospitals	5,867	6,128	5,979	6,538	6,471	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	12,470	11,772	10,713	10,581	11,083	n.a.
Public hospitals	8,905	8,596	8,024	8,083	8,422	n.a.
Private hospitals	3,565	3,176	2,689	2,498	2,661	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	..	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	1,478	1,554	1,251	1,238	1,680	n.a.
Accommodated	1,267	1,331	991	910	1,326	n.a.
Supported	211	223	260	328	354	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	4,752	5,204	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	203	166	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	4,711	5,157	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of GP Medicare services reported by DoHA. Source: Britt et al. 2004.

Note: LCL – lower confidence limit; UCL – upper confidence limit.

n.a. Not available.

.. Not applicable.

(i–viii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.12: Mental health-related prescriptions, Queensland, 2000–01 to 2005–06^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	326,787	329,959	338,085	356,732	377,935	383,635
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	3,293,143	3,420,918	3,551,955	3,761,071	3,968,779	3,822,079

(ix) See page 144 for data source.

Table 15.13: Mental health facilities, Queensland, 2000–01 to 2004–05

Mental health facilities	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	6	6	4	4	4
Average available beds	549	504	503	476	476
Full-time-equivalent staff	1,207	1,144	1,106	1,081	1,083
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	16	18	18	18	18
Average available beds in specialised psychiatric units	n.a.	795	887	904	908
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	4	4	4	4	4
Average available beds	289	288	290	288	289
Full-time-equivalent staff	331	323	315	303	294
Government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)					
Number of services ^(c)	90	101	95	97	96
Services providing residential care	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time-equivalent staff	1,221	1,293	1,374	1,443	1,517

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

n.a. Not available.

(x–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.14: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Queensland, 2000 to 2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xiii)	457	437	434	463	474	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiv)	n.a.	1,831	n.a.	2,254	2,369	n.a.

n.a. Not available.

(xiii–xiv) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.15: Mental health expenditure, current prices (\$'000), Queensland, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health expenditure	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	96,983	89,414	88,513	88,371	92,133	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for specialised psychiatric units or wards in public acute hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(a) (xi)}	24,129	25,596	28,931	30,231	30,359	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)	90,764	96,473	105,761	113,950	129,001	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	31,331	30,807	30,886	31,830	34,632	36,695
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	16,364	17,250	18,172	19,842	22,036	23,579
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	69,365	79,299	87,228	96,150	102,103	99,493

(a) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

15.4 Western Australia

Table 15.16: Mental health services, Western Australia, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health services	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	919,000	919,000	812,000	872,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% LCL	763,000	759,000	727,000	845,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% UCL	1,084,000	1,080,000	897,000	889,000	n.a.	n.a.
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	10,114	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	393,312	395,513	414,183	418,484	466,670	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	12,539	8,529	7,791	7,437	8,972	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	10,620	7,504	6,749	5,659	7,230	n.a.
Public hospitals	3,805	416	194	121	100	n.a.
Private hospitals	6,815	7,088	6,555	5,538	7,130	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	1,919	1,025	1,042	1,778	1,742	n.a.
Public hospitals	784	849	892	862	959	n.a.
Private hospitals	1,135	176	150	916	783	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	118,919	115,039	111,539	121,962	121,072	119,611
Admitted patient mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	19,527	19,012	19,125	20,107	20,540	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	11,981	11,802	11,547	11,901	11,731	n.a.
Public hospitals	8,976	8,938	8,561	8,525	8,404	n.a.
Private hospitals	3,005	2,864	2,986	3,376	3,327	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	7,546	7,210	7,578	8,206	8,809	n.a.
Public hospitals	6,237	6,149	6,621	6,299	6,349	n.a.
Private hospitals	1,309	1,061	957	1,907	2,460	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	203	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	1,030	1,242	809	590	601	n.a.
Accommodated	896	1,061	660	468	424	n.a.
Supported	134	181	149	122	177	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,936	1,711	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	186	208	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,915	1,675	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of GP Medicare services reported by DoHA. Source: Britt et al. 2004.

Note: LCL – lower confidence limit; UCL – upper confidence limit.

n.a. Not available.

(i–viii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.17: Mental health-related prescriptions, Western Australia, 2000–01 to 2005–06^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	137,503	147,528	155,695	170,534	174,534	164,526
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	1,583,940	1,661,063	1,715,581	1,808,835	1,860,899	1,802,423

(ix) See page 144 for data source.

Table 15.18: Mental health facilities, Western Australia, 2000–01 to 2004–05

Mental health facilities	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05
Public psychiatric hospitals^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	1	1	1	1	1
Average available beds	225	209	201	203	205
Full-time-equivalent staff	710	681	565	591	664
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	11	11	16	16	16
Average available beds in specialised psychiatric units	n.a.	391	391	393	414
Private psychiatric hospitals^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	n.a.	3	3	n.a.	n.a.
Average available beds	n.a.	149	155	n.a.	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent staff	n.a.	140	148	n.a.	n.a.
Government-operated community and residential mental health services^(xii)					
Number of services ^(c)	20	18	18	18	18
Services providing residential care	2	2	3	2	2
Average available beds	18	22	22	21	21
Full-time-equivalent staff	985	1,021	1,071	1,083	1,145

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

n.a. Not available.

(x–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.19: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Western Australia, 2000 to 2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xiii)	308	274	233	271	247	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiv)	n.a.	950	n.a.	916	1,455	n.a.

n.a. Not available.

(xiii–xiv) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.20: Mental health expenditure, current prices (\$'000), Western Australia, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health expenditure	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	48,452	51,765	46,280	48,957	53,132	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for specialised psychiatric units or wards in public acute hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(xi)}	n.a.	11,809	13,863	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)	74,371	82,697	85,216	97,265	110,670	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	10,379	9,976	9,759	11,077	11,972	12,177
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	6,536	7,230	7,664	8,385	9,032	9,117
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	32,517	38,410	42,783	47,802	49,685	48,197

(a) The ABS defined private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed/approved by each state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xv) See page 144 for data sources.

15.5 South Australia

Table 15.21: Mental health services, South Australia, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health services	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	946,000	948,000	1,030,000	1,078,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% LCL	787,000	788,000	882,000	1,040,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% UCL	1,105,000	1,108,000	1,178,000	1,102,000	n.a.	n.a.
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	15,426	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	241,080	280,056	314,085	311,535	298,459	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	1,817	1,656	2,409	1,749	1,389	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	1,055	788	1,443	689	294	n.a.
Public hospitals	1,043	646	242	268	263	n.a.
Private hospitals	12	142	1,201	421	31	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	762	868	966	1,060	1,095	n.a.
Public hospitals	740	854	942	1,048	1,085	n.a.
Private hospitals	22	14	24	12	10	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	209,764	201,371	202,988	192,073	182,959	180,380
Admitted patient mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	17,855	18,041	19,388	19,716	18,332	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	10,691	10,317	10,617	10,945	10,180	n.a.
Public hospitals	7,902	7,939	8,393	8,985	8,481	n.a.
Private hospitals	2,789	2,378	2,224	1,960	1,699	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	7,164	7,724	8,771	8,771	8,152	n.a.
Public hospitals	6,264	6,926	7,958	7,949	7,438	n.a.
Private hospitals	900	798	813	822	714	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	91	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	718	762	649	830	934	n.a.
Accommodated	475	520	413	445	449	n.a.
Supported	243	242	236	385	485	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,095	2,143	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	271	317	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,000	2,027	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of GP Medicare services reported by DoHA. Source: Britt et al. 2004.

Note: LCL – lower confidence limit; UCL – upper confidence limit.

n.a. Not available.

(i–viii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.22: Mental health-related prescriptions, South Australia, 2000–01 to 2005–06^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	184,659	184,085	187,667	185,330	179,028	174,412
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	1,508,334	1,574,003	1,620,414	1,685,643	1,719,197	1,698,048

(ix) See page 144 for data source.

Table 15.23: Mental health facilities, South Australia, 2000–01 to 2004–05

Mental health facilities	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05
Public psychiatric hospitals^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	1	1	1	1	1
Average available beds	488	486	478	461	461
Full-time-equivalent staff	859	1,043	967	940	964
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	8	8	8	8	8
Average available beds in specialised psychiatric units	n.a.	176	172	172	172
Private psychiatric hospitals^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Average available beds	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent staff	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Government-operated community and residential mental health services^(xii)					
Number of services ^(c)	30	31	33	35	35
Services providing residential care	1	1	1	2	1
Average available beds	24	20	20	27	20
Full-time-equivalent staff	652	737	715	756	800

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

n.a. Not available.

(x–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.24: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, South Australia, 2000 to 2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xiii)	311	318	302	319	335	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiv)	n.a.	1,115	n.a.	1,098	1,072	n.a.

n.a. Not available.

(xiii–xiv) See page 144 for data source.

Table 15.25: Mental health expenditure, current prices (\$'000), South Australia, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health expenditure	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	90,517	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for specialised psychiatric units or wards in public acute hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(xi)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)	42,440	45,124	52,634	55,903	64,867	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	20,090	19,604	20,218	19,901	19,636	19,982
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	9,361	10,062	10,321	10,544	10,749	11,346
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	31,436	36,755	39,811	42,887	44,324	44,819

(a) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

15.6 Tasmania

Table 15.26: Mental health services, Tasmania, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health services	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	247,000	246,000	279,000	329,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% LCL	153,000	153,000	235,000	281,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% UCL	339,000	340,000	321,000	346,000	n.a.	n.a.
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	4,539	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	44,715	48,286	51,314	67,581	64,317	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	67	76	75	65	56	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	111	184	176	233	285	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	43,868	43,387	46,653	48,115	46,190	44,316
Admitted patient mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	2,497	3,267	3,104	2,979	3,192	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	1,414	1,009	1,315	1,351	1,303	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	721	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	321	343	279	317	321	n.a.
Accommodated	236	202	165	160	158	n.a.
Supported	85	141	114	157	163	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	764	839	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	183	193	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	707	775	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of GP Medicare services reported by DoHA. Source: Britt et al. 2004.

Note: LCL – lower confidence limit; UCL – upper confidence limit.

n.a. Not available.

n.p. Not published.

(i–viii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.27: Mental health-related prescriptions, Tasmania, 2000-01 to 2005-06^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	42,943	43,484	45,126	47,361	43,356	42,265
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	536,473	560,909	576,194	604,037	618,098	626,298

(ix) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.28: Mental health facilities, Tasmania, 2000-01 to 2004-05

Mental health facilities	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	4	3	3	3	3
Average available beds	27	40	80	69	69
Full-time-equivalent staff	173	n.a.	49	50	84
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	3	3	3	3	3
Average available beds in specialised psychiatric units	n.a.	74	74	86	86
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Average available beds	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent staff	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)					
Number of services ^(c)	28	30	30	30	28
Services providing residential care	8	9	9	9	7
Average available beds	132	140	140	140	112
Full-time-equivalent staff	239	368	369	375	377

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

n.a. Not available.

(x-xii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.29: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Tasmania, 2000 to 2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xiii)	49	57	63	71	68	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiv)	n.a.	282	n.a.	320	295	n.a.

n.a. Not available.

(xiii–xiv) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.30: Mental health expenditure, current prices (\$'000), Tasmania, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health expenditure	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for specialised psychiatric units or wards in public acute hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(a) (xi)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)	18,328	27,483	26,381	27,604	31,105	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	3,643	3,615	3,974	4,209	4,122	3,999
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	1,701	1,846	2,018	2,148	2,191	2,549
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	9,812	11,090	12,005	13,354	13,821	13,952

(a) The ABS defined private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed/approved by each state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

15.7 Australian Capital Territory

Table 15.31: Mental health services, Australian Capital Territory, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health services	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	127,000	127,000	153,000	86,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% LCL	77,000	76,000	100,000	86,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% UCL	178,000	177,000	205,000	86,000	n.a.	n.a.
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,248	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	137,529	156,108	178,751	167,541	198,666	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	70	53	30	4	32	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	22	38	40	102	113	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	19,442	19,595	21,305	21,454	22,534	22,301
Admitted patient mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	1,422	1,376	1,314	1,136	1,139	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	180	178	222	341	307	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	63	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	448	470	531	523	408	n.a.
Accommodated	422	431	490	481	349	n.a.
Supported	26	39	41	42	59	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	348	369	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	34	19	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	340	365	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of GP Medicare services reported by DoHA. Source: Britt et al. 2004.

Note: LCL – lower confidence limit; UCL – upper confidence limit.

n.a. Not available.

n.p. Not published.

(i–viii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.32: Mental health-related prescriptions, Australian Capital Territory, 2000–01 to 2005–06^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	23,637	23,880	30,492	27,815	27,327	27,059
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	208,035	226,314	258,968	246,843	249,254	221,828

(ix) See page 144 for data source.

Table 15.33: Mental health facilities, Australian Capital Territory, 2000–01 to 2004–05

Mental health facilities	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	..	..	..	..	..
Full-time-equivalent staff	..	..	..	..	..
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	2	2	2	2	2
Average available beds in specialised psychiatric units	n.a.	47	45	45	44
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	..	..	..	..	..
Full-time-equivalent staff	..	..	..	..	..
Government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)					
Number of services ^(c)	2	2	2	2	2
Services providing residential care	1	1	1	1	1
Average available beds	20	23	30	28	28
Full-time-equivalent staff	181	207	249	220	226

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

.. Not applicable.

(x–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.34: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Australian Capital Territory, 2000 to 2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xiii)	56	45	56	50	44	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiv)	n.a.	212	n.a.	167	166	n.a.

n.a. Not available.

(xiii–xiv) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.35: Mental health expenditure, current prices (\$'000), Australian Capital Territory, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health expenditure	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for specialised psychiatric units or wards in public acute hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(xi)}	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)	15,487	18,108	19,846	21,535	22,301	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	1,709	1,726	1,989	2,072	2,429	2,503
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	1,502	1,566	1,864	1,690	1,775	2,038
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	5,063	5,870	6,959	6,851	6,710	6,091

(a) ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

.. Not applicable.

(v–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.44: Workforce: psychiatrists, mental health nurses and psychologists, Australia, 2000 to 2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xiii)	3,089	3,066	3,257	3,328	3,392	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiv)	n.a.	12,195	n.a.	13,306	13,714	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed psychologists ^{(a)(xv)}	8,500	9,500	10,200	10,800	11,000	11,900

(a) Information on full-time-equivalent employed psychologists is only reported at the national level only due to relative large standard errors for smaller states and territories in the ABS Labour Force survey data.

n.a. Not available.

(xiii–xiv) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.45: Mental health expenditure, current prices (\$'000), Australia, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health expenditure	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	416,688	445,224	447,088	488,355	527,693	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for specialised psychiatric units or wards in public acute hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(xi)}	133,491	143,653	158,529	162,066	168,490	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for government-operated community and residential mental health services ^{(b)(xii)}	695,709	778,131	871,751	922,079	987,233	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	196,492	196,465	197,492	201,290	214,106	220,579
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	91,309	100,079	106,893	112,764	120,652	126,928
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	349,923	401,443	442,939	488,265	511,609	511,634

(a) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(b) Victoria has included expenditure data for specialised aged care residential services in the National Mental Health Establishments Database that are not in-scope for the National Residential Mental Health Care Database.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.37: Mental health-related prescriptions, Northern Territory, 2000–01 to 2005–06^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	4,163	5,013	4,881	4,972	4,841	4,179
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	57,577	58,385	59,276	62,174	67,339	66,101

(ix) See page 144 for data source.

Table 15.38: Mental health facilities, Northern Territory, 2000–01 to 2004–05

Mental health facilities	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	..	..	..	..	..
Full-time-equivalent staff	..	..	..	..	..
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	2	2	2	2	2
Average available beds in specialised psychiatric units	n.a.	31	32	31	32
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	..	..	..	..	..
Full-time-equivalent staff	..	..	..	..	..
Government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)					
Number of services ^(c)	6	6	6	6	7
Services providing residential care	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time-equivalent staff	80	80	82	80	94

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

.. Not applicable.

n.a. Not available.

(x–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.39: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Northern Territory, 2000 to 2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xiii)	32	20	29	36	20	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiv)	n.a.	93	n.a.	54	77	n.a.

n.a. Not available.

(xiii–xiv) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.40: Mental health expenditure, current prices (\$'000), Northern Territory, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health expenditure	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for specialised psychiatric units or wards in public acute hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(xi)}	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)	7,829	7,629	8,660	9,114	11,673	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	414	341	371	396	413	340
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	180	272	262	274	266	262
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	1,356	1,450	1,595	1,724	1,898	2,009

(a) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

.. Not applicable.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

15.9 Australia

Table 15.41: Mental health services, Australia, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health services	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	10,192,000	10,143,000	9,986,000	9,828,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% LCL	9,592,000	9,612,000	9,607,000	9,689,000	n.a.	n.a.
95% UCL	10,692,000	10,674,000	10,366,000	9,956,000	n.a.	n.a.
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	133,403	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	3,584,469	4,203,731	4,672,423	4,911,735	5,108,524	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	90,892	97,796	108,946	111,581	116,787	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	71,013	77,189	87,219	86,765	92,369	n.a.
Public hospitals	17,580	14,620	13,966	13,349	12,285	n.a.
Private hospitals	53,433	62,569	73,253	73,416	80,084	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	19,879	20,607	21,727	24,816	24,418	n.a.
Public hospitals	10,857	11,878	12,222	13,249	14,248	n.a.
Private hospitals	9,022	8,729	9,505	11,567	10,170	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	2,126,538	2,100,126	2,065,090	2,028,467	2,007,218	2,015,941
Admitted patient mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	183,981	187,043	192,169	197,712	199,353	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	107,474	110,969	113,045	116,725	116,852	n.a.
Public hospitals	82,643	85,768	87,343	90,230	89,059	n.a.
Private hospitals	24,831	25,201	25,702	26,495	27,793	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	76,507	76,074	79,124	80,987	82,501	n.a.
Public hospitals	63,575	64,542	67,662	69,135	72,111	n.a.
Private hospitals	12,932	11,532	11,462	11,852	10,390	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,194	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	11,176	11,426	10,754	12,024	12,227	n.a.
Accommodated	8,137	7,976	7,017	7,003	7,634	n.a.
Supported	3,039	3,450	3,737	5,021	4,593	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	24,753	25,922	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,958	3,007	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	24,108	25,156	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of GP Medicare services reported by DoHA. Source: Britt et al. 2004.

Note: LCL – lower confidence limit; UCL – upper confidence limit.

n.a. Not available.

(i–viii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.42: Mental health-related prescriptions, Australia, 2000–01 to 2005–06^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	1,799,394	1,848,683	1,908,599	1,959,170	1,988,829	1,944,168
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	16,755,740	17,206,421	17,672,170	18,503,740	19,134,325	18,708,965

(ix) See page 144 for data source.

Table 15.43: Mental health facilities, Australia, 2000–01 to 2004–05

Mental health facilities	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	22	21	19	20	20
Average available beds	2,430	2,409	2,523	2,560	2,487
Full-time-equivalent staff	5,601	5,545	5,458	5,600	5,748
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	109	110	128	124	122
Average available beds in specialised psychiatric units	n.a.	n.a.	3,281	3,458	3,450
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	24	24	25	25	26
Average available beds	1,369	1,387	1,463	1,441	1,512
Full-time-equivalent staff	1,566	1,707	1,704	1,672	1,680
Government-operated community and residential mental health services ^(xii)					
Number of services ^(c)	233	246	242	246	234
Services providing residential care ^(d)	49	53	50	52	46
Average available beds	1,306	1,249	1,241	1,246	1,226
Full-time-equivalent staff	8,933	9,785	10,420	10,783	10,879

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

(d) The number of establishments providing residential care services reported to the National Community Mental Health Establishments Database (NCMHED) is larger than the number of establishments reporting to the National Residential Mental Health Care Database (NRMHCD) due to Victoria reporting specialised aged care residential services in the NCMHED that are not in-scope for the NRMHCD.

n.a. Not available.

(x–xii) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.44: Workforce: psychiatrists, mental health nurses and psychologists, Australia, 2000 to 2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xiii)	3,089	3,066	3,257	3,328	3,392	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiv)	n.a.	12,195	n.a.	13,306	13,714	n.a.
Full-time-equivalent employed psychologists ^{(a)(xv)}	8,500	9,500	10,200	10,800	11,000	11,900

(a) Information on full-time-equivalent employed psychologists is only reported at the national level only due to relative large standard errors for smaller states and territories in the ABS Labour Force survey data.

n.a. Not available.

(xiii–xiv) See page 144 for data sources.

Table 15.45: Mental health expenditure, current prices (\$'000), Australia, 2000–01 to 2005–06

Mental health expenditure	2000–01	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	416,688	445,224	447,088	488,355	527,693	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for specialised psychiatric units or wards in public acute hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(xi)}	133,491	143,653	158,529	162,066	168,490	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for government-operated community and residential mental health services ^{(b)(xii)}	695,709	778,131	871,751	922,079	984,976	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	196,492	196,465	197,492	201,290	214,106	220,579
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	91,309	100,079	106,893	112,764	120,652	126,928
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	349,923	401,443	442,939	488,265	511,609	511,634

(a) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(b) Victoria has included expenditure data for specialised aged care residential services in the National Mental Health Establishments Database that are not in-scope for the National Residential Mental Health Care Database.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xii) See page 144 for data sources.