



Specialist homelessness services 2018–19: Victoria

Homelessness can profoundly affect a person’s mental and physical health, their education and employment opportunities, and their ability to fully participate in society. Governments across Australia fund a range of specialist services to support people who are homeless or at risk of homelessness. Specialist Homelessness Services (SHS) deliver services for specific groups (such as people experiencing family and domestic violence and young people) as well as more generic services for people in housing crisis.

How many people were assisted?

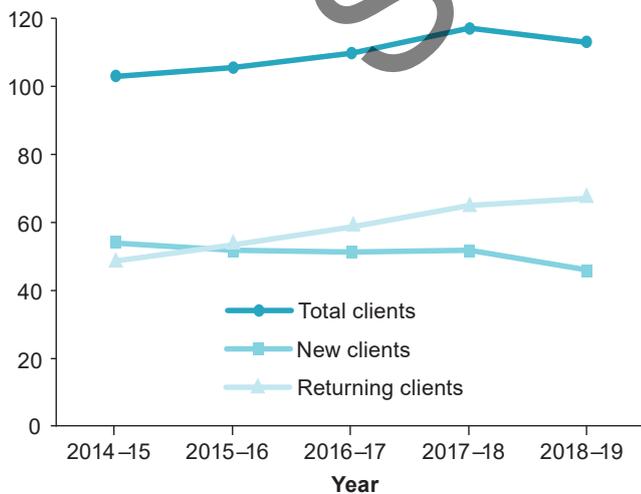
One in 57 people in Victoria (Vic) received homelessness assistance, higher than the national rate (1 in 86). The top 3 reasons for clients seeking assistance were:

- family and domestic violence (44%, compared with 38% nationally)
- financial difficulties (44%, compared with 41%)
- housing crisis (37%, compared with 37%).

On average, 105 requests for assistance went unmet each day.

Trends in Vic client numbers

Number of clients ('000)



Source: Specialist Homelessness Services Collection (SHSC) unpublished data**.

Quick facts

- 112,900 clients were assisted in Vic—39% of the national SHS population (290,300 total clients).

Of Vic clients:

- 36% were homeless on first presentation, lower than the national rate (42%).
- 9 in 10 (91%) who were at risk of homelessness were assisted to maintain housing.
- 3 in 10 (29%) who were homeless were assisted into housing.

Client characteristics, 2018–19

	Vic	Australia
Sex (%)	Male	40
	Female	60
Indigenous (%)	10	26
Remoteness (%)	Major cities	61
	Inner regional	23
	Outer regional	11
	Remote and very remote	5
Living arrangements (%)	Living alone	30
	One parent with child/ren	36
	Couple with child/ren	12
	Couple without child/ren	5
	Other family or group	17
Labour force (%)	Employed	13
	Unemployed	49
	Not in labour force	38
Education status (%)	Education/training	21
	Not in education/training	79
Median length of support (days)	31	44
Median nights of accommodation	16	29
Proportion receiving accommodation (%)	25	30

– nil or rounded to zero

Note: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

Source: SHSC supplementary tables 2018–19.

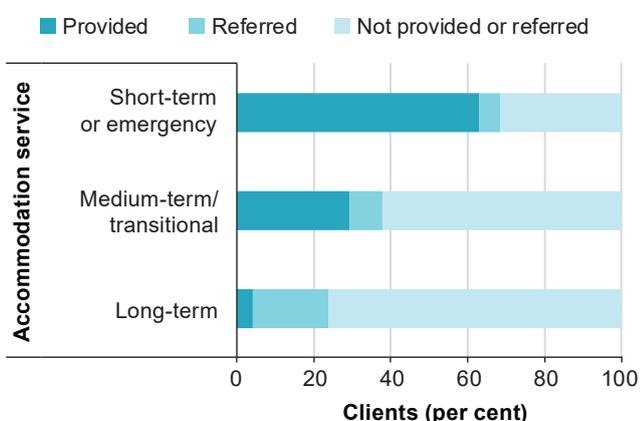


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Accommodation services

A greater proportion of clients in Vic than nationally needed accommodation (49% and 58%, respectively).

Vic clients, by needed accommodation type and service provision status, 2018–19



Source: SHSC 2018–19, Supplementary table CLIENTS.18.

Client groups of interest

Service use rates in Vic were lower in 2018–19 compared with the previous year, except for young people presenting alone, older people, clients experiencing family and domestic violence and clients with disability.

Clients per 10,000, by interest groups

	Vic		Australia	
	2017–18	2018–19	2017–18	2018–19
All clients	184.8	174.8	117.4	116.2
Indigenous	1,693.0	1,717.0	802.7	832.0
Young people presenting alone (15–24)	24.2	21.3	17.6	17.2
Older people (55 and over)	18.9	17.6	9.8	9.7
Family and domestic violence	89.7	78.7	49.2	46.6
Disability	5.1	4.4	3.2	2.9
Mental health	50.6	53.3	32.9	34.6
Exiting custodial arrangements	5.8	7.5	3.4	3.8
Leaving care	3.5	3.6	2.8	2.7
Children on protection orders	5.3	5.8	3.5	3.7
Drug/alcohol use	14.2	14.9	11.0	11.2

Notes

- Crude rates are used except for Indigenous rates which are directly age-standardised (see online technical information).
- Minor adjustments in rates may occur between publications reflecting revision of the estimated resident population by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

Sources: SHSC Supplementary tables 2017–18 to 2018–19.

Housing outcomes

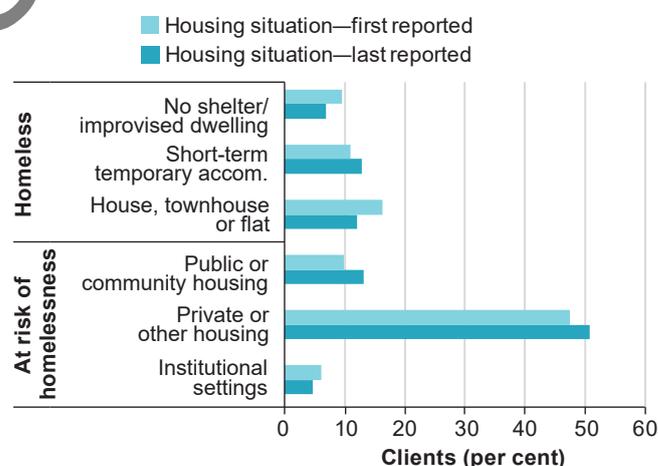
Housing outcomes are described for clients whose support ended in the financial year and detailed information about housing situation was known at the start and end of support.

Nearly 23,700 clients began support homeless in 2018–19; 29% (almost 7,000 clients) were assisted into housing. Of these, 2 in 3 (66% or 4,600 clients) were housed in private or other housing, while 3 in 10 (29% or 2,000 clients) were housed in public or community housing.

Of the more than 41,900 clients who began support housed but at risk of homelessness, 9 in 10 (91% or 38,000) were assisted to maintain housing. Of these clients at risk:

- 9 in 10 (86% or 5,700) of those in public or community housing were assisted to remain in their tenancy and a further 6% (around 400) were assisted into private or other housing.
- 9 in 10 (89% or 28,000) of those in private or other housing were assisted to remain in their tenancy and a further 3% (more than 800) were assisted into public or community housing.

Vic clients, by housing situation at beginning and end of support, 2018–19



Source: SHSC 2018–19, Supplementary table CLIENTS.25.

**Note: Data for 2011–12 to 2016–17 have been adjusted for non-response. Due to improvements in rates of agency participation and SLK validity, 2017–18 data onwards are not weighted. The removal of weighting does not constitute a break in time series and weighted data from 2011–12 to 2016–17 are comparable with unweighted data for 2017–18 onwards. For further information, refer to the Technical notes.

More information

More information on Vic and national SHS data is available from *Specialist homelessness services annual report 2018–19*.