Appendixes

Appendix 1: Detailed tables

Data item frequencies

Tables A1.1–A1.3 list service user, service use, and service type outlet data item frequencies by state/territory.

Accommodation support categories

Table A1.4 lists service users by three main accommodation support categories and by state/territory.

Potential population

Tables A1.5 and A1.6 provide information on 'potential population' data, including calculations of these populations (Table A1.5) and the Indigenous factor (Table A1.6).

Potential population figures were calculated as follows:

- National 5-year age- and sex-specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation were calculated using data from the 2003 ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (number of people in Australia with a severe/profound core activity limitation in each sex and 5-year age group, divided by total population for each age group, by sex).
- These rates were applied to (multiplied by) estimated resident population numbers in each state and territory, as at 30 June 2006, to produce estimates of the number of people with severe/profound core activity limitations in each 5-year age group, by sex.
- Five-year age group estimates were then summed into age categories (less than 65 years and 15–64 years) to produce an estimated number of people with a severe/profound core activity limitation in each state/territory as at 30 June 2006.
- An Indigenous factor was calculated (for people aged less than 65 years and 15–64 years) by weighting the Indigenous population with severe/profound core activity limitation at 2.4, and all other Australians with severe/profound core activity limitation at 1 (AIHW 2006c).
- Potential populations for accommodation support, community support and community access (less than 65 years) were calculated by multiplying the estimated number of people with a severe/profound core activity limitation aged less than 65 years by the Indigenous factor.
- Potential populations for respite were obtained as above, but by selecting only people from the 2003 ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers who had a primary carer.
- Potential populations for employment (that is, 15–64 years) were calculated by multiplying the estimated number of people with a severe/profound core activity limitation aged 15–64 years by the Indigenous factor and by state/territory-specific labour force participation rates (ABS 2006d).

Other supporting tables

Tables A1.7–A1.21 provide source data for the figures presented throughout this report as well as median age tables.

Service user characteristic	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Aus Gov	Total
Age (years)										
0-4	4,818	6,884	1,147	889	765	541	841	51	0	15,868
5–14	8,581	10,361	3,575	6,039	2,513	545	1,656	159	4	33,324
15–24	5,883	9,873	3,584	3,584	2,241	628	266	188	19,954	43,083
25–44	7,928	18,897	5,851	3,652	4,072	1,022	482	366	36,409	72,680
45–59	4,959	12,967	3,580	2,248	3,639	820	193	193	20,728	46,475
60+	2,414	8,983	1,465	825	3,811	283	39	163	3,092	20,735
Not stated	_	21	_	67	_	_	_	_	_	88
Sex										
Male	20,956	37,713	10,972	10,343	9,150	2,227	2,248	526	50,437	137,108
Female	13,462	29,946	8,184	6,961	7,891	1,602	1,229	594	29,750	94,597
Not stated	165	327	46	—	—	10	—	—	—	548
Indigenous status										
Aboriginal	1,421	1,682	812	1,073	576	82	43	419	1,837	7,574
Torres Strait Islander	30	81	154	12	10	2	_	4	101	372
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	99	247	133	192	16	8	5	11	126	789
Not Indigenous	31,485	57,189	17,258	15,741	15,499	3,557	3,379	599	78,032	210,697
Not stated	1,539	8,440	556	276	409	12	4	25	91	11,349
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	9	347	289	10	531	178	46	62	_	1,472
Country of birth										
Australia	30,363	52,079	17,287	15,381	14,238	3,539	3,190	965	67,867	193,444
English Proficiency Group 1	540	2,339	683	575	876	59	35	22	4,180	8,876
English Proficiency Group 2	491	1,883	294	237	316	35	40	26	2,616	5,675
English Proficiency Group 3	555	2,652	184	205	509	20	46	19	3,359	7,305
English Proficiency Group 4	95	637	34	29	87	2	13	9	1,147	1,988
Not stated or not specified	1,960	8,049	319	681	484	6	107	17	1,018	12,625
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	579	347	401	196	531	178	46	62	_	2,340
Need for interpreter services										
For spoken language other than English	483	991	448	489	466	61	40	80	1,042	3,819
For non-spoken communication	960	569	1,631	715	673	183	208	26	846	5,313
Does not need an interpreter	29,400	49,247	16,435	14,988	14,945	3,382	3,111	881	78,264	198,949
Not stated	3,171	16,826	276	901	428	35	72	71	35	21,812
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	569	353	412	211	529	178	46	62	_	2,360

Table A1.1: Characteristics of service users, CSTDA-funded services, 2006-07

Table A1.1 (continued): Characteristics of service users, CSTDA-funded services, 2006–07

Service user characteristic	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Aus Gov	Total
Method of communication										
Spoken language (effective)	14,489	34,381	11,867	12,188	11,777	2,088	1,880	683	61,836	142,149
Sign language (effective)	420	1,967	300	239	239	39	12	38	836	3,834
Other effective non-spoken communication	627	1,228	436	706	279	67	40	29	240	3,484
Little, or no, effective communication	8,927	8,608	4,747	2,281	2,868	856	481	198	11,802	37,860
Child aged under 5 years (not applicable)	4,818	6,884	1,147	889	765	541	841	51		15,868
Not stated	4,736	14,577	290	827	587	74	177	59	5,473	26,754
	4,750	14,577	230	027	507	74	177	55	5,475	20,734
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	566	341	415	174	526	174	46	62	_	2,304
Living arrangements										
Lives alone	1,736	7,333	2,314	1,875	3,030	433	126	102	20,728	35,526
Lives with family	21,046	37,467	11,695	12,439	9,588	2,110	2,858	676	26,723	118,848
Lives with others	7,766	13,479	4,543	2,364	3,400	1,067	428	265	22,075	50,897
Not stated	3,459	9,358	228	489	492	51	19	15	10,661	24,681
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	576	349	422	137	531	178	46	62	_	2,301
Residential setting										
Private residence	23,275	41,285	14,594	13,794	12,611	2,553	3,013	520	65,876	168,702
Residence within an Aboriginal community	64	89	153	514	76	2	3	196	24	1,107
Domestic-scale supported living facility	3,053	5,603	1,125	1,315	719	591	253	25	2,042	13,129
Supported accommodation facility	2,896	2,381	1,897	428	1,431	389	76	183	2,843	11,091
Boarding house/private hotel	767	515	90	24	31	5	1	1	2,534	3,770
Independent unit within a retirement village	37	223	56	37	207	4	_		53	598
Residential aged care facility	163	358	200	51	504	19	7	7	111	1,383
Psychiatric/mental health community care facility	17	957	98	17	15	19	_	7	214	1,220
Hospital	35	67	132	240	34	11	5	5	6	529
Short-term crisis, emergency or transitional accommodation	78	832	100	20	38	17	2	1	114	1,093
Public place/temporary shelter	21	149	15	2	11	1	1	1	22	198
Other	482	907	122	89	275	7	3	8	80	1,969
Not stated	3,121	14,267	203	582	561	42	67	104	6,268	25,114
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	574	353	417	191	528	179	46	62		2,350

Service user characteristic	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Aus Gov	Total
Primary disability group										
Intellectual	16,119	17,695	7,722	8,014	6,199	1,720	843	322	25,977	76,673
Specific learning/ADD	348	1,035	156	331	10	98	160	12	6,400	8,342
Autism	2,705	2,249	1,781	3,063	969	193	315	48	2,478	13,308
Physical	2,737	5,935	3,276	2,197	2,206	603	422	182	14,242	30,978
Acquired brain injury	972	2,858	802	975	2,060	289	53	49	2,592	10,219
Neurological	1,871	3,568	1,493	1,213	1,610	264	119	47	2,533	12,336
Deafblind	70	322	38	43	17	2	2	4	43	511
Vision	389	924	526	256	2,531	27	15	80	2,228	6,633
Hearing	1,041	3,240	143	219	186	7	13	11	2,502	7,212
Speech	1,010	135	39	40	23	156	626	2	296	2,311
Psychiatric	1,046	13,452	1,976	180	107	127	18	14	20,303	35,590
Developmental delay	2,621	113	679	548	367	12	518	6	—	4,829
Not stated	3,082	16,113	166	174	225	163	327	281	593	21,119
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	572	347	405	51	531	178	46	62	_	2,192
Other significant disability groups										
Intellectual	2,723	5,171	2,674	1,106	825	277	268	111	2,647	14,473
Specific learning/ADD	929	2,204	1,150	932	385	117	142	39	3,422	8,139
Autism	1,924	3,115	1,157	331	741	171	198	23	920	7,887
Physical	5,164	6,934	3,703	1,781	3,347	780	389	144	5,012	25,283
Acquired brain injury	564	2,270	877	209	285	43	174	19	824	4,737
Neurological	4,010	6,467	2,948	1,623	1,869	424	303	129	2,476	18,616
Deafblind	269	279	107	117	77	31	40	7	152	985
Vision	2,985	4,025	1,729	628	1,188	229	173	87	1,578	11,512
Hearing	1,206	2,013	999	516	1,507	127	212	53	1,256	7,140
Speech	5,464	7,056	4,452	2,310	2,100	633	644	179	2,194	23,417
Psychiatric	2,251	3,088	1,223	520	1,249	369	260	29	4,560	12,068
Developmental delay	777	131	319	99	111	15	63	1	_	1,496
Support needed: self-care										
Always	10,859	10,660	6,992	6,094	4,708	1,505	800	324	2,315	42,937
Sometimes	10,746	15,583	6,857	7,147	5,594	1,289	1,343	236	9,557	53,351
None, but uses aids	496	1,260	560	383	1,575	90	31	12	540	4,578
None	4,506	15,875	3,872	2,577	3,723	760	667	198	61,240	87,707
Not stated	7,398	24,257	468	805	877	17	590	288	6,535	41,150
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	578	351	453	298	564	178	46	62	_	2,530
Support needed: mobility										
Always	6,869	7,866	5,374	3,659	3,623	1,263	662	262	2,616	31,044
Sometimes	8,424	13,971	5,942	4,844	5,742	1,086	915	252	11,691	48,914
None, but uses aids	1,366	2,688	1,229	1,001	2,290	181	79	35	18,372	26,043
None	10,084	19,454	5,753	6,695	3,947	1,115	1,204	223	41,412	83,778
Not stated	7,262	23,656	445	811	875	16	571	286	6,096	39,942
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	578	351	459	294	564	178	46	62	_	2,532

Table A1.1 (continued): Characteristics of service users, CSTDA-funded services, 2006–07

Service user characteristic	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aus Gov	Total
Support needed: communication										
Always	9,839	8,092	5,633	4,411	3,625	1,207	738	237	6,672	38,967
Sometimes	10,529	18,413	6,630	7,520	5,643	1,310	1,657	271	28,495	74,365
None, but uses aids	499	1,438	405	421	913	96	37	17	354	3,959
None	6,257	16,208	5,565	3,873	5,406	1,029	597	248	39,016	73,596
Not stated	6,882	23,484	509	786	890	18	402	285	5,650	38,834
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	577	351	460	293	564	179	46	62	_	2,532
Support needed: interpersonal interactions and relationships										
Always	8,820	8,103	6,591	5,573	3,954	1,348	747	290	10,752	44,404
Sometimes	11,673	23,814	8,222	7,930	6,338	1,597	1,525	259	32,261	85,890
None, but uses aids	358	1,162	299	248	703	81	32	11	267	2,971
None	3,223	9,630	3.039	2,372	4,561	610	567	213	30,363	51,896
Not stated	9,918	24.924	591	852	921	25	560	285	6,544	44,509
Not collected	591	353	460	329	564	178	46	62	0,011	2,583
(recreation/holiday program service users)		303	400	529	504	170	40	02		2,000
Support needed: learning, applying know and general tasks and demands	ledge									
Always	11,143	10,338	6,759	5,607	4,015	1,172	573	302	14,185	51,369
Sometimes	12,494	20,367	7,687	7,577	6,427	1,451	1,118	275	30,826	80,675
None, but uses aids	365	2,730	347	389	937	64	24	16	286	4,926
None	1,979	8,413	2,403	1,494	3,457	347	337	147	27,036	43,789
Not applicable	1,758	2,192	771	886	654	501	836	31	_	7,583
Not stated	6,267	23,593	772	1,016	987	125	543	287	7,854	41,332
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	577	353	463	335	564	179	46	62	_	2,579
Support needed: education										
Always	12,206	13,210	7,868	6,105	4,536	1,360	621	394	12,264	55,167
Sometimes	10,902	17,035	6,287	7,066	5,908	1,251	1,081	213	26,581	69,657
None, but uses aids	440	2,713	498	422	948	63	34	18	333	5,204
None	1,821	8,263	2,163	1,373	3,481	309	309	108	34,120	49,965
	1,905	2,192	872	886	584	503	836	37	34,120	7,765
Not applicable		-							6 990	-
Not stated	6,732	24,220	1,044	1,117	1,020	175	550	288	6,889	41,908
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	577	353	470	335	564	180	46	62	_	2,587
Support needed: community (civic) and e	conomic	life								
Always	12,094	13,094	7,869	6,462	4,820	1,268	564	319	12,480	55,959
Sometimes	9,821	19,362	6,652	6,326	6,314	1,391	554	252	28,079	71,730
None, but uses aids	387	2,491	406	509	1,153	56	18	11	338	5,115
None	1,749	6,640	1,900	1,337	2,611	326	124	142	30,186	43,044
Not applicable	2,289	2,192	928	886	595	501	836	46	—	8,225
Not stated	7,659	23,853	978	1,450	984	117	1,335	288	9,104	45,587
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	584	354	469	334	564	180	46	62	_	2,593

Service user characteristic	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Aus Gov	Total
Support needed: domestic life										
Always	9,932	9,935	7,362	3,696	4,501	1,154	465	368	5,386	40,264
Sometimes	9,294	16,472	6,504	4,154	6,047	1,102	396	220	14,463	51,909
None, but uses aids	268	2,376	304	224	624	50	17	6	300	3,976
None	1,780	7,577	1,305	1,094	1,552	226	80	69	51,094	62,070
Not applicable	2,426	2,211	2,448	6,895	2,804	1,053	2,395	160		20,295
Not stated	10,290	29,048	813	1,106	949	92	78	235	8,944	51,344
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	593	367	466	135	564	162	46	62	_	2,395
Support needed: working										
Always	11,618	16,520	8,909	4,092	5,795	1,624	545	482	16,054	60,310
Sometimes	5,813	10,070	3,591	3,499	3,818	659	307	87	25,431	48,717
None, but uses aids	306	2,250	296	284	634	34	16	11	154	3,927
None	1,255	6,423	1,147	714	2,383	120	65	72	32,930	42,799
Not applicable	2,641	2,217	3,323	6,895	2,806	1,055	2,398	168	_	21,389
Not stated	12,354	30,138	1,464	1,682	1,041	177	100	238	5,618	52,695
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	596	368	472	138	564	170	46	62	_	2,416
Carer—existence of										
Yes	21,576	28,123	12,858	14,659	11,372	2,143	2,396	433	18,648	104,401
No	12,961	23,749	5,595	1,796	5,629	1,434	589	337	60,334	107,768
Not stated	46	15,784	358	622	39	82	446	288	1,205	18,847
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	_	330	391	227	1	180	46	62	_	1,237
Carer—primary status										
Yes	20,152	17,033	10,997	11,661	8,784	1,930	2,110	330	5,121	72,689
No	1,161	4,251	1,136	1,556	2,308	122	175	33	1,415	10,719
Not stated	258	6,829	695	1,328	169	90	111	70	915	9,544
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	5	10	30	114	111	1	_	_	_	271
Carer—residency status										
Yes, co-resident carer	16,428	17,945	10,498	11,757	8,255	1,891	2,183	299	4,134	68,979
No, non-resident carer	1,686	3,544	1,712	2,180	1,971	197	174	57	1,871	11,496
Not stated	3,451	6,623	620	702	1,035	55	39	77	1,446	12,567
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	11	11	28	20	111	_	_	_	_	181

Table A1.1 (continued): Characteristics of service users, CSTDA-funded services, 2006-07

Service user characteristic	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Aus Gov	Total
Carer—relationship to service user										
Wife/female partner	411	1,590	390	287	1,001	59	16	22	1,016	4,585
Husband/male partner	839	1,538	518	494	1,000	96	10	15	727	4,912
Mother	16,037	14,314	9,151	11,053	6,522	1,663	2,068	183	11,453	67,559
Father	1,399	1,372	779	608	877	134	160	15	1,575	6,292
Daughter	90	486	124	94	292	20	1	27	86	1,187
Son	15	280	86	23	161	4	_	11	71	624
Daughter-in-law	1	27	4	4	7	1	_	_	2	46
Son-in-law	1	2	1	1	1	_	_		3	7
Other female relative	1,266	998	571	1,053	546	100	69	127	1,260	5,442
Other male relative	305	306	161	135	215	23	18	15	418	1,426
Friend/neighbour—female	138	290	298	170	282	20	1	7	404	1,400
Friend/neighbour—male	32	156	119	60	89	5	7	2	198	588
Not stated	1,041	6,753	633	672	231	18	46	9	1,435	10,145
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	1	11	23	5	148	_	_	_	_	188
Carer—age group										
Under 15 years	15	41	41	15	27	3	3	_	9	145
15–24 years	416	278	256	216	161	108	40	10	40	1,479
25–44 years	8,936	7,802	5,446	7,970	3,843	1,104	1,316	139	1,000	36,410
45–64 years	4,823	8,985	4,554	4,034	4,355	656	395	162	3,344	27,874
65 years and over	1,472	2,977	1,348	965	1,762	190	133	41	1,146	8,870
Not stated	5,895	8,031	1,184	1,344	1,099	81	509	81	1,912	18,147
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	19	9	29	115	125	1	_	_	_	298
Income source										
Carer Allowance (Child): child under 16 yrs										
Yes	2,115	2,077	2,681	267	2,288	179	202	43	5	9,788
No	1,538	592	392	20	723	274	404	16	185	4,118
Not known	2,939	132	1,505	7,004	253	623	1,491	116	1	14,033
Not stated	7,198	15,139	366	220	96	46	396	38	13	23,439
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	131	97	114	1	137	46	41	15	_	582

Table A1.1 (continued): Characteristics of service users, CSTDA-funded services, 2006-07

Service user characteristic	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Aus Gov	Total
Income source (continued)										
Main income source: adult 16+ yrs										
Disability Support Pension	14,972	26,389	11,613	365	8,542	2,165	754	429	43,308	97,687
Other pension/benefit	737	4,592	670	9	561	69	7	178	16,414	22,843
Paid employment	487	1,693	302	174	371	70	71	67	5,632	8,312
Compensation payments	99	132	38	6,756	170	29	4	8	248	7,450
Other income	118	1,057	191	299	292	35	11	26	7,390	9,151
No income	241	602	187	1,531	83	8	11	9	484	3,114
Not known	924	35	426	44	2,509	56	45	43	5,497	9,477
Not stated	2,609	15,158	501	474	556	106	35	85	1,010	20,492
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	475	272	216	102	460	133	5	47	_	1,710
Both age and income source not stated	_	19	_	38	_	_	_		_	57
Labour force status (ages 15+)										
Employed	4,332	7,564	2,040	647	2,608	416	270	185	49,314	57,989
Unemployed	2,338	6,958	2,107	235	991	236	91	100	30,777	41,164
Not in the labour force	11,256	26,337	9,476	1,727	9,114	1,753	542	438	92	60,487
Not stated	2,773	9,577	617	7,535	577	203	72	139		21,488
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	485	285	240	169	473	145	5	48		1,850
Age range unknown	_	20	—	63		—	_		—	83
Individual funding status										
Yes	7,261	13,710	7,341	3,962	2,151	782	351	207	80,187	103,733
No	17,938	43,592	9,027	2,721	14,890	2,289	1,196	586	_	91,998
Not known	4,945	9	2,834	9,896	_	364	1,260	141	_	19,431
Not stated	3,866	10,356	_	725		222	624	124	—	15,909
Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)	573	319	_	_	_	182	46	62		1,182

 Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Row totals may not be the sum of components because service users may have accessed services in more than one state/territory. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

2. 'Not collected (recreation/holiday program service users)' is a count of service users who accessed *only* services from this service type and did not provide a response for that particular data item.

3. Service users with missing age who responded 'child aged under 5 years (not applicable)' to the *communication method* data item were included in the 0–4 years age group.

4. Service types 6.01–6.05 and 7.01–7.04 did not collect service user data and are therefore excluded from this table.

5. Service types 5.01, 5.02 and 5.04 were not required to collect data on *carer—primary status, carer—residency status,* and *carer—age group.* Service user frequencies for these data items therefore exclude users of these service types.

6. Service user frequencies for *carer—primary status*, *carer—residency status*, *carer—relationship to service user* and *carer—age group* are based only on those service users who answered 'yes' to the item *carer—existence of*.

7. The higher levels of not stated/not known on some data items for the Australian Capital territory reflect in part the more limited data collection for some services within agencies.

Table A1.2: Service use data item free	uencies, CSTDA-funded services, 2006–07
Tuble 111.2. Service use dutu item free	deneres, corbit funded services, 2000 07

Service use item	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Total
Start date									
Before 1980	462	775	145	211	499	134	_	3	2,229
1980–1989	1,097	2,610	401	359	842	252	22	13	5,596
1990–1999	2,163	13,695	802	704	3,990	1,223	279	147	23,003
2000	1,081	2,973	211	136	647	285	297	53	5,683
2001	608	4,179	226	190	763	204	160	125	6,455
2002	2,005	10,088	1,746	1,616	2,401	733	288	237	19,114
2003	3,662	13,408	441	1,159	1,722	307	299	157	21,155
2004	4,564	13,426	483	1,195	2,144	385	553	94	22,844
2005	11,924	21,673	5,891	4,252	5,460	1,072	1,143	322	51,737
2006	40,104	29,416	30,859	23,437	12,835	1,703	1,515	555	140,424
2007 (January–June)	21,361	15,608	10,292	4,137	3,838	1,163	665	260	57,324
Not stated	54	161	_	2	—	—	—	—	217
Date of last service									
July 2006	1,417	2,218	825	107	1,019	111	77	37	5,811
August 2006	2,100	2,349	1,064	249	1,194	102	97	61	7,216
September 2006	3,990	3,109	2,188	189	1,025	179	181	115	10,976
October 2006	1,839	2,709	1,211	460	940	143	157	80	7,539
November 2006	2,195	2,770	1,191	458	1,185	194	148	139	8,280
December 2006	4,122	4,218	2,294	484	1,153	233	196	232	12,932
January 2007	1,864	3,049	1,176	589	1,092	175	127	55	8,127
February 2007	2,233	3,143	1,193	727	1,186	187	155	43	8,867
March 2007	4,465	8,479	3,520	654	1,511	467	345	188	19,629
April 2007	3,538	4,433	1,459	772	1,433	214	284	40	12,173
May 2007	4,531	5,625	2,352	1,071	2,451	512	650	73	17,265
June 2007	56,791	49,522	33,024	19,672	20,952	4,944	2,803	903	188,611
Not stated	—	36,388	—	11,966	—	—	1	—	48,355
Exit date									
July 2006	648	1,285	390	107	438	52	12	4	2,936
August 2006	905	1,862	529	241	419	56	21	7	4,040
September 2006	1,063	1,670	551	189	294	82	37	29	3,915
October 2006	959	1,691	611	227	270	63	52	19	3,892
November 2006	1,147	1,547	557	225	270	109	62	15	3,932
December 2006	1,334	1,873	542	263	576	83	64	16	4,751
January 2007	1,042	1,589	567	333	326	70	52	15	3,994
February 2007	1,311	1,688	587	435	381	83	29	19	4,533
March 2007	1,637	1,863	768	310	344	79	101	6	5,108
April 2007	1,194	1,592	557	194	232	60	55	14	3,898
May 2007	1,797	1,392	713	259	354	123	65	9	4,712
June 2007	3,749	1,452	953	275	491	112	87	23	7,142
No exit date recorded (did not exit service)	72,299	108,508	44,172	34,340	30,746	6,489	4,584	1,790	302,928

Table A1.2 (continued	l): Service use data item fr	equencies. CSTDA	-funded services, 2006–07

Service use item	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Total
Main reason for cessation of services									
No longer needs assistance—moved to mainstream services	1,413	3,287	1,378	571	397	141	72	23	7,282
No longer needs assistance—other reason	2,223	5,129	1,726	555	690	304	204	36	10,867
Moved to residential, institutional or supported accommodation setting	157	147	137	92	81	32	2	4	652
Needs have increased—other service type required	744	1,154	565	274	227	56	19	19	3,058
Services terminated due to budget/staffing constraints	14	92	89	12	23	5	1	_	236
Services terminated due to OHS reasons	21	38	13	8	5	2	_	5	92
Service user moved out of area	380	651	322	136	401	26	36	11	1,963
Service user died	226	355	293	88	439	33	3	12	1,449
Service user terminated service	1,521	2,358	1,221	697	571	179	80	45	6,672
Other reason	8,691	4,407	1,505	612	1,565	156	67	14	17,017
Not stated	1,410	1,890	112	43	23	41	153	7	3,679
Hours received (reference week)									
Zero	13,086	32,449	13,424	4,825	3,962	1,481	408	560	70,195
1–11	4,791	4,906	8,520	2,088	6,268	849	335	147	27,904
12–23	2,110	1,015	2,099	563	457	225	51	21	6,541
24–47	3,747	2,152	1,467	316	740	494	51	33	9,000
48–71	605	168	355	143	156	20	20	10	1,477
72–103	275	52	222	43	78	10	17	7	704
104–135	177	23	150	37	32	6	4	1	430
136–167	135	23	181	58	40	2	16	6	461
168	449	287	380	65	118	9	15	9	1,332
Not stated	_	35,265	44	8,999	6,631	71	131	31	51,172
Hours received (typical week)									
Zero	3,976	_	1,045	6,771	1,163	98	35	_	13,088
1–11	12,080	_	19,429	3,761	11,113	1,485	532	581	48,981
12–23	2,701	_	2,529	708	613	303	63	64	6,981
24–47	1,656	_	2,103	501	1,010	565	40	91	5,966
48–71	415	_	447	300	303	18	2	10	1,495
72–103	151		340	90	96	22	8	13	720
104–135	114	_	209	140	39	12	2	1	517
136–167	220	_	251	90	56	_	94	6	717
168	655	_	489	93	213	15	100	25	1,590
Not stated	3,407	_		4,683	3.876	649	172	34	12,821

1. Service use data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

2. Service users accessing recreation/holiday programs (service type 3.02) were not required to report on any service use data items and are therefore excluded from this table.

3. Service users accessing service types 1.01–1.04, 1.08, 2.01–2.05, 2.07, 3.02, 5.01, 5.02, 5.04, 6.01–6.05 and 7.01–7.04 were not required to report on the data items hours received (reference week) and hours received (typical week) and are therefore excluded from analysis of these data items in this table. Counts of 'main reason for cessation of services' only include records where a service date has been recorded. Victoria did not collect data on hours received in a typical week.

4. 5.

Some Australian Capital Territory service type outlets did not provide a full year of data. This may have affected the date of last service, the snapshot date flag, exit date and hours of service received in the reference week. 6.

Data item	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Aus Gov	Total
Agency sector										
Australian Government	—	—	—	—	_	—	—	—	0	0
State/territory government	1,054	686	499	258	223	30	85	22	1	2,858
Local government	139	89	13	10	6	—	—	—	3	260
Income tax exempt (charity)	1,458	1,668	1,087	616	38	27	83	114	1,013	6,104
Non-income tax exempt	127	377	99	_	491	148	3	13	142	1,400
Not stated Full 2006–07 financial year of operation	7	1	_	_	_	1	_	_	_	9
Yes	2,420	2,305	1,475	776	724	192	160	138	1,119	9,309
No	334	171	223	46	34	_	8	11	40	867
Not stated	31	345	_	62	_	14	3	_	_	455
Weeks of operation per year	r									
1–39 weeks	40	41	11	32	17	5	3	_	41	190
40-47 weeks	138	116	13	18	11	18	3	1	11	329
48–51 weeks	728	374	417	133	154	49	36	23	443	2,357
52 weeks	1,671	1,956	947	610	558	131	129	109	640	6,751
No regular annual pattern	_	31	_	71	18	3	_	16	20	159
Not stated	208	303	310	20	_	_	_	_	4	845
Days of operation per week										
1 day	22	105	8	10	6	7	1	1	31	191
2 days	40	31	7	8	9	4	2	2	19	122
3 days	69	37	12	9	13	5	_	1	9	155
4 days	65	46	10	8	5	2	3	_	14	153
5 days	893	1,196	450	308	258	71	58	34	1,002	4,270
6 days	49	125	33	15	_	2	1	3	9	237
7 days	1,367	953	796	423	428	100	105	88	25	4,285
No regular weekly pattern		51	144	83	39	15	1	20	46	399
Not stated	280	277	238	20					4	819
Hours of operation per day	200	211	200	20					-	010
Less than 3 hours	13	15	6	1		1	3	3	2	44
3–6 hours	439	406		96	40	29	12	9		
			64						56	1,151
7–9 hours	518	913	430	289	250	64	57	30	1,033	3,584
10–12 hours	48	33	45	21	6	1	4	3	21	182
13–18 hours	31	45	20	13	6	2	2	5	2	126
19–23 hours	2	7	1	8	2	—	1	_	_	21
24 hours	812	987	610	334	385	65	87	53	_	3,333
No regular daily pattern	912	109	283	102	69	44	5	46	41	1,611
Not stated	10	306	239	20					4	579

Table A1.3: CSTDA-funded service type outlets, data item response categories, 2006–07

Data item	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Aus Gov	Total
Staff hours in the reference week: paid staff	1									
Zero hours	601	155	14	65	32	20	13	8	43	951
Less than 20 hours	395	218	217	54	134	10	17	23	127	1,195
20 to less than 38 hours	208	142	173	62	76	17	16	9	69	772
38 to less than 114 hours	457	442	390	239	162	50	32	41	291	2,104
114 to less than 228 hours	557	577	482	168	174	46	53	42	250	2,349
228 to less than 418 hours	375	431	226	168	107	26	28	20	225	1,606
418 to less than 570 hours	19	69	47	32	18	7	2	4	54	252
570 hours or more	30	76	85	40	39	30	6	1	97	404
Not stated	143	711	64	56	16	_	4	1	3	998
Staff hours in the reference week: unpaid staff										
Zero hours	1,970	1,537	1,367	767	504	129	138	122	738	7,272
Less than 20 hours	168	320	233	59	95	25	14	17	66	997
20 to less than 38 hours	40	75	35	15	13	12	3	_	45	238
38 to less than 114 hours	14	55	39	12	14	17	1	6	123	281
114 to less than 228 hours	14	11	11	4	2	4	4	2	75	127
228 to less than 418 hours	1	1	4	2	2	1	_	1	68	80
418 to less than 570 hours	—	2	1	1	1	1	_	—	12	18
570 hours or more	1	5	2	1	3	1		—	29	42
Not stated	577	815	6	23	124	16	11	1	3	1,576
Staff hours in a typical wee paid staff	k:									
Zero hours	189	_	57	45	7	13	_	5	3	319
Less than 20 hours	328	_	184	51	141	13	16	28	119	880
20 to less than 38 hours	226	—	185	62	78	18	26	11	70	676
38 to less than 114 hours	578	—	421	252	167	56	34	38	267	1,813
114 to less than 228 hours	672	—	497	174	174	38	61	38	201	1,855
228 to less than 418 hours	499	—	225	167	111	31	25	26	182	1,266
418 to less than 570 hours	52	_	51	32	20	7	2	1	45	210
570 hours or more	118	_	72	43	44	30	7	1	70	385
Not stated	123	2,821	6	58	16	_	—	1	202	3,227
Staff hours in a typical wee unpaid staff	k:									
Zero hours	1,671	_	1,255	665	487	128	122	121	695	5,144
Less than 20 hours	363		311	78	105	29	18	17	56	977
20 to less than 38 hours	71		55	12	12	6	8	1	27	192
38 to less than 114 hours	71		42	15	15	17	1	7	77	245
114 to less than 228 hours	21		19	4	4	6	4	2	40	100
228 to less than 418 hours	11		3	2	2	4	1	1	34	58
418 to less than 570 hours	2		1	—	1	1		—	8	13
570 hours or more	3		6	2	4	—		—	21	36
Not stated	572	2,821	6	106	128	15	17	_	201	3,866

Table A1.3 (continued): CSTDA-funded service type outlets, data item response categories, 2006–07

Data item	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aus Gov	Total
Service users over the 2006–07 year										
1–4 service users	887	510	564	177	274	53	79	99	112	2,755
5–9 service users	429	809	204	171	112	26	22	22	63	1,858
10–19 service users	325	282	225	96	74	27	23	12	100	1,164
20–49 service users	323	469	322	125	93	37	17	4	124	1,514
50–99 service users	106	265	164	168	58	21	6	6	110	904
100 or more service users	58	378	104	63	112	23	17	3	268	1,026
Zero or not stated	638	32	30	75	_	13	1	_	3	792

Table A1.3 (continued): CSTDA-funded service type outlets, data item response categories, 2006-07

1. A service outlet may be a single outlet, or an aggregation of two or more outlets of the same service type for an organisation.

 Data for CSTDA service outlets, including the data on service user numbers, were from the service form completed by funding jurisdictions and service providers. These data do not use a linkage key to estimate service user numbers. Service user numbers reflect the estimated number of people who received a service at the service outlet during the 2006–07 financial year.

3. Service type outlets with a service type of research and evaluation, training and development, peak bodies, and other support services (7.01–7.04) were excluded from the item 'service users over the financial year', as they are not required to report this data item.

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Total
Accommodation support category					Number				
Institutional accommodation	1,810	536	861	523	866	209	_	_	4,805
Group homes	3,681	4,551	939	1,381	883	466	207	166	12,274
Other accommodation types	2,225	8,983	4,145	2,040	3,085	453	115	102	21,143
Total accommodation support	7,532	13,962	5,817	3,807	4,677	1,104	318	262	37,473
				I	Per cent				
Institutional accommodation	24.0	3.8	14.8	13.7	18.5	18.9	_	—	12.8
Group homes	48.9	32.6	16.1	36.3	18.9	42.2	65.1	63.4	32.8
Other accommodation types	29.5	64.3	71.3	53.6	66.0	41.0	36.2	38.9	56.4

Table A1.4: Users of CSTDA-funded accommodation support services, by accommodation support category and state/territory, 2006–07

Notes

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Totals for Australia may not be the sum of the components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one state or territory during the 12-month period. Total for accommodation support (numbers and percentages) may not be the sum of components because service users may have accessed services from more than one of the accommodation support categories listed.

 'Institutional accommodation' refers to service users accessing service types 1.01–1.03. 'Group homes' refers to service users accessing service type 1.04.

Table A1.5: Calculation of '	potential' populations: people aged less than 65 years and 15-64 years, by
state and territory, 30 June	2006

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Australia
People under 65 years									
All	5,898,252	4,444,256	3,598,021	1,817,620	1,332,006	418,584	302,464	200,916	18,014,374
All (%)	32.7	24.7	20.0	10.1	7.4	2.3	1.7	1.1	100.0
With profound or severe core activity limitation	236,347	177,148	144,399	72,658	54,401	17,362	11,769	7,634	721,716
Potential population (accommodation support, community support, community access)	235,396	172,303	146,485	73,784	53,919	17,740	11,565	10,399	721,716
With profound or severe core activity limitation and a primary carer	73,591	55,106	45,037	22,626	17,003	5,443	3,656	2,354	224,816
Potential population (respite)	73,295	53,599	45,688	22,976	16,853	5,562	3,592	3,208	224,816
People 15–64 years									
With profound or severe core activity limitation	179,656	135,639	108,798	55,105	42,107	13,227	9,117	5,455	549,103
Labour force participation rate (%)	63.0	64.4	66.3	67.5	62.0	61.3	73.4	71.0	64.6
Potential population (employment)	112,781	85,425	72,949	37,679	25,922	8,254	6,596	5,119	354,720

1. Data are estimates. Population estimates of 9,000 or less have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

2. Data for all people are ABS estimated resident populations at 30 June 2006 for people aged less than 65 years and 15–64 years.

3. 30 June 2006 data for people with profound or severe core activity limitation are estimates derived using the ABS 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers data.

4. The potential population for accommodation support, community support and community access is the number of people aged less than 65 years with severe or profound core activity limitation, multiplied by the Indigenous factor (Table A1.6) for that jurisdiction.

5. The potential population for respite is the number of people aged less than 65 years with severe or profound core activity limitation and a primary carer, multiplied by the Indigenous factor (Table A1.6) for that jurisdiction.

6. The potential population for employment services is the number of people aged 15–64 years with severe or profound core activity limitation, multiplied by both the Indigenous factor (see Table A1.6) and the labour force participation rate for that jurisdiction.

7. Owing to the adjustment used in calculating the potential populations in each case, the sum of the jurisdictions is not necessarily equal to the total population for Australia.

Sources: ABS 2006c, 2006d, 2004b; AIHW analysis of the ABS 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers data.

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
People under 65 years									
Indigenous Australians	141,988	30,136	135,887	70,057	27,290	18,086	4,310	59,406	487,388
Non-Indigenous Australians	5,756,264	4,414,120	3,462,134	1,747,563	1,304,716	400,498	298,154	141,510	17,526,986
All people (weighted)	6,097,035	4,486,446	3,788,263	1,915,700	1,370,212	443,904	308,498	284,084	18,696,717
All people (weighted per person)	1.03	1.01	1.05	1.05	1.03	1.06	1.02	1.41	1.04
Indigenous factor	99.60	97.27	101.44	101.55	99.11	102.18	98.27	136.23	100.00
People 15–64 years									
Indigenous Australians	87,501	19,256	83,203	44,139	17,319	11,286	2,691	38,626	304,174
Non-Indigenous Australians	4,477,943	3,450,828	2,680,227	1,363,473	1,027,304	310,783	237,204	110,750	13,660,057
All people (weighted)	4,687,945	3,497,042	2,879,914	1,469,407	1,068,870	337,869	243,662	203,452	14,390,075
All people (weighted per person)	1.03	1.01	1.04	1.04	1.02	1.05	1.02	1.36	1.03
Indigenous factor	99.64	97.79	101.13	101.30	99.29	101.80	98.56	132.17	100.00

Table A1.6: Calculation of Indigenous factor: people aged less than 65 years and 15–64 years, Indigenous factor by state and territory, 2006

Notes

1. Data are estimates. Figures for all people (weighted per person) and Indigenous factor are rounded to the nearest 0.01, although unrounded figures have been used for further calculations.

2. Indigenous population figures are based on ABS projections of the Indigenous population by state/territory for June 2006.

3. Data for 'all people (weighted)' were calculated by multiplying the data for Indigenous Australians by a weighting of 2.4 and adding the data for non-Indigenous Australians. It has been estimated that Indigenous Australians are 2.4 times more likely than non-Indigenous Australians to need specialist disability services because of a higher rate of severe or profound core activity limitation, hence Indigenous Australians are weighted at 2.4 and non-Indigenous Australians at 1 (AIHW 2006c).

4. Data for 'all people (weighted per person)' were calculated by dividing the 'all people (weighted)' data by the sum of the Indigenous Australians data and the non-Indigenous Australians data.

5. 'All people (weighted per person)' for each state/territory was divided by 'all people (weighted per person)' for Australia. The outcome is a state-specific Indigenous factor (multiplied by 100) which is relative to the reference Indigenous factor of 100.0 for Australia. An Indigenous factor that is greater than 100 for a state/territory means that state/territory has a relatively higher proportion of Indigenous people compared with the Australian population as a whole. The opposite is true for an Indigenous factor below 100. The Indigenous factor is applied (multiplied) to the severe/profound population counts, resulting in the potential population. In this way, the Indigenous factor accounts for the higher rate of service use for Indigenous people who have a severe/profound limitation, taking into account the relative Indigenous populations in each state/territory.

6. For more information see Table A1.5, and AIHW 2006c.

Sources: ABS 2006c, 2004b.

	Males	i	Female	es	Not stat	ed	Total	
Age group (years)	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
0-4	10,379	7.6	5,345	5.7	144	26.3	15,868	6.8
5–9	13,534	9.9	6,055	6.4	107	19.5	19,696	8.5
10–14	8,775	6.4	4,813	5.1	40	7.3	13,628	5.9
15–19	12,969	9.5	7,154	7.6	17	3.1	20,140	8.7
20–24	13,865	10.1	9,051	9.6	27	4.9	22,943	9.9
25–29	11,080	8.1	7,390	7.8	20	3.6	18,490	8.0
30–34	10,426	7.6	7,041	7.4	21	3.8	17,488	7.5
35–39	10,705	7.8	7,681	8.1	24	4.4	18,410	7.9
40–44	10,239	7.5	8,034	8.5	19	3.5	18,292	7.9
45–49	9,930	7.2	8,436	8.9	27	4.9	18,393	7.9
50–54	8,262	6.0	7,278	7.7	46	8.4	15,586	6.7
55–59	6,585	4.8	5,890	6.2	21	3.8	12,496	5.4
60–64	4,686	3.4	3,678	3.9	6	1.1	8,370	3.6
65–69	2,001	1.5	1,802	1.9	3	0.5	3,806	1.6
70+	3,625	2.6	4,911	5.2	23	4.2	8,559	3.7
Not stated	47	0.0	38	0.0	3	0.5	88	0.0
Total	137,108	100.0	94,597	100.0	548	100.0	232,253	100.0
Total per cent	59.0		40.7		0.2		100.0	

Table A1.7: Users of CSTDA-funded services, age group by sex, 2006-07

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

2. Service users with missing age who responded 'child aged under 5 years (not applicable)' to the *communication method* data item were included in the 0–4 years age group.

Table A1.8: Users of CSTDA-funded community support services, median age (years) by sex and service group, 2006–07

Service type	Males	Females	All service users
Therapy support for individuals	14.4	21.9	16.4
Early childhood intervention	4.5	4.2	4.4
Behaviour/specialist intervention	20.3	23.0	21.0
Counselling (individual/family/group)	14.1	36.7	18.8
Resource teams/regional teams	13.0	15.6	13.9
Case management, local coordination and development	25.7	36.7	30.6
Other community support	34.0	37.0	35.7

Notes

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

2. 'All service users' includes median ages for the 545 service users with missing sex.

3. Service users with missing age who responded 'child aged under 5 years (not applicable)' to the *communication method* data item were included in the median age calculations as aged 2.5 years.

					-			
	Indigend	ous	Non-Indige	enous	Not stat	ted	Total	
Age group (years)	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
0–4	663	7.6	14,538	6.9	667	5.2	15,868	6.8
5–9	922	10.6	17,506	8.3	1,268	9.9	19,696	8.5
10–14	761	8.7	11,634	5.5	1,233	9.6	13,628	5.9
15–19	1,194	13.7	17,725	8.4	1,221	9.5	20,140	8.7
20–24	909	10.4	21,039	10.0	995	7.8	22,943	9.9
25–29	651	7.5	17,017	8.1	822	6.4	18,490	8.0
30–34	635	7.3	16,095	7.6	758	5.9	17,488	7.5
35–39	714	8.2	16,943	8.0	753	5.9	18,410	7.9
40–44	619	7.1	16,920	8.0	753	5.9	18,292	7.9
45–49	560	6.4	17,043	8.1	790	6.2	18,393	7.9
50–54	424	4.9	14,468	6.9	694	5.4	15,586	6.7
55–59	313	3.6	11,447	5.4	736	5.7	12,496	5.4
60–64	165	1.9	7,613	3.6	592	4.6	8,370	3.6
65–69	88	1.0	3,311	1.6	407	3.2	3,806	1.6
70+	115	1.3	7,344	3.5	1,100	8.6	8,559	3.7
Not stated	2	0.0	54	0.0	32	0.2	88	0.0
Total	8,735	100.0	210,697	100.0	12,821	100.0	232,253	100.0
Total per cent	3.8		90.7		5.5		100.0	
Median age (years)	24.1		31.5		31.5		31.2	

Table A1.9: Users of CSTDA-funded services, age group by Indigenous status, 2006-07

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

2. Service users with missing age who responded 'child aged under 5 years (not applicable)' to the communication method data item were included in the 0-4 years age group.

		Mean number of disat	oility groups	
Disability group	Non-Indigenous service users	Indigenous service users	Not stated/not collected	All service users
Intellectual	1.91	2.06	1.53	1.91
Specific learning/ADD	1.27	1.36	1.19	1.27
Autism	1.80	2.14	1.71	1.81
Physical	1.60	1.92	2.07	1.63
Acquired brain injury	1.92	2.27	1.94	1.94
Neurological	1.71	2.54	1.53	1.72
Deafblind	1.95	2.14	1.45	1.95
Vision	1.60	1.62	1.63	1.60
Hearing	1.19	1.53	1.04	1.19
Speech	1.22	1.44	1.38	1.23
Psychiatric	1.15	1.21	1.01	1.15
Developmental delay	1.63	1.79	1.47	1.64
Total	1.65	1.89	1.42	1.65

Table A1.10: Service users of CSTDA-funded services, Indigenous status by disability group, and mean number of disability groups reported, 2006–07

Notes

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6).

 'Not stated/not collected' includes both service users accessing only 3.02 services for whom disability data were not collected (see Appendix 6) and other service users with no response. Refer to Table A1.1 for a breakdown of these two categories.

Table A1.11: Users of CSTDA-funded services, median age (years) by English Proficiency Group, 2006–07

	Males	Females	All service users
Australia	27.5	32.9	29.7
EP Group 1	43.4	47.8	45.5
EP Group 2	39.0	44.9	41.8
EP Group 3	42.5	46.3	44.0
EP Group 4	38.9	41.5	40.1
Country of birth missing	26.8	36.2	30.7

Notes

 Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

2. 'All service users' includes median ages for the 545 service users with missing sex data.

 Service users with missing age data who responded 'child aged under 5 years (not applicable)' to the *communication method* data item were included in the median age calculations as aged 2.5 years.

	Major Cities	Inner Regional	Outer Regional	Remote	Very Remote	Not known	Total
				Number			
Indigenous	3,400	2,223	1,845	541	478	249	8,735
Non-Indigenous	135,867	50,808	19,765	1,932	505	1,820	210,697
Not stated	6,879	2,630	931	56	14	2,310	12,821
Total	146,147	55,661	22,541	2,529	997	4,379	232,253
			Per cent withi	n each remoter	ess area		
Indigenous	2.3	4.0	8.2	21.4	47.9	5.7	3.8
Non-Indigenous	93.0	91.3	87.7	76.4	50.7	41.6	90.7
Not stated	4.7	4.7	4.1	2.2	1.4	52.8	5.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			Per cent wit	hin Indigenous	status		
Indigenous	38.9	25.4	21.1	6.2	5.5	2.9	100.0
Non-Indigenous	64.5	24.1	9.4	0.9	0.2	0.9	100.0
Not stated	53.7	20.5	7.3	0.4	0.1	18.0	100.0
Total	62.9	24.0	9.7	1.1	0.4	1.9	100.0

Table A1.12: Users of CSTDA-funded services, location by Indigenous status, 2006-07

Notes

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period.

 The number of service users in each remoteness area (RA) was estimated based on service users' residential postcodes. Some postcode areas were split between two or more RAs. Where this was the case, the data were weighted according to the proportion of the population of the postcode area in each RA.

Table A1.13: Users of CSTDA-funded services, number and percentage of users reporting a primary carer and co-resident carer by service group, 2006–07

	Has	a primary	carer	Has a co-resident carer			
Service group	No.	% of all users	% of users with a carer	No.	% of all users	% of users with a carer	
Accommodation support	11,026	29.4	65.5	6,691	17.9	39.7	
Community support	51,237	52.0	83.1	49,747	50.5	80.7	
Community access	19,272	36.2	72.1	16,998	31.9	63.6	
Respite	20,826	69.3	78.5	20,255	67.4	76.3	
Total	76,671	33.0	73.4	74,332	32.0	71.2	

Notes

 Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Column totals may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one service group over the 12-month period.

2. Service users accessing employment services were not required to report *carer—primary status* or *carer—residency status*; however, some users did so. These counts are not reported separately but are included in totals.

3. Users of CSTDA-funded employment services were not required to report information on *carer—primary status* or *carer—residency status*.

	Has informa	l carer	Does not have informal carer		Not stated/not collected		Total	
Age group	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Always or sometime	es needs support wit	h ADL						
Under 15	28,321	93.4	1,755	5.8	257	0.8	30,333	100.0
15–24	20,699	63.1	11,670	35.6	451	1.4	32,820	100.0
25–44	24,671	47.5	26,311	50.7	948	1.8	51,930	100.0
45–64	13,951	38.4	21,663	59.6	737	2.0	36,351	100.0
65+	3,104	42.0	4,162	56.3	126	1.7	7,392	100.0
Not stated	9	64.3	4	28.6	1	7.1	14	100.0
Total	90,755	57.1	65,565	41.3	2,520	1.6	158,840	100.0

Table A1.14: Users of CSTDA-funded services, existence of an informal carer by support always or sometimes needed for activities of daily living (ADL), by age group, 2006–07

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

2. The frequency of support needed for a service user in ADL is based on the highest support need category of the service user for that group.

 'Not stated/collected' includes both service users accessing only 3.02 services for whom support needs data were not collected (see Appendix 6) and other service users with no response. Refer to Table A1.1 for a breakdown of these two categories.

Table A1.15: Users of CSTDA-funded services, existence of an informal carer by support always or
sometimes needed for activities of independent living (AIL), by age group, 2006–07

	Has informa	l carer		Does not have informal carer		Not stated/not collected		Total	
Age group	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	
Always or sometime	es needs support wit	h AIL							
Under 15	28,844	92.1	2,151	6.9	321	1.0	31,316	100.0	
15–24	18,789	66.4	9,193	32.5	309	1.1	28,291	100.0	
25–44	21,371	51.4	19,551	47.0	682	1.6	41,604	100.0	
45–64	12,199	40.9	17,012	57.1	607	2.0	29,818	100.0	
65+	2,891	41.6	3,904	56.2	152	2.2	6,947	100.0	
Not stated	12	66.7	3	16.7	3	16.7	18	100.0	
Total	84,106	60.9	51,814	37.5	2,074	1.5	137,994	100.0	

Notes

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

2. The frequency of support needed for a service user in AIL is based on the highest support need category of the service user for that group.

3. 'Not stated/collected' includes both service users accessing only 3.02 services for whom support needs data were not collected (see Appendix 6) and other service users with no response. Refer to Table A1.1 for a breakdown of these two categories.

	Lives	alone		s with nily		es with hers		tated/ llected	Tota	1
Frequency of support needed	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
ADL										
Always or unable to do	3,463	9.7	35,855	30.2	16,491	32.4	1,385	5.1	57,194	24.6
Sometimes	13,936	39.2	44,295	37.3	19,017	37.4	3,552	13.2	80,800	34.8
None, but uses aids	4,287	12.1	4,574	3.8	3,114	6.1	1,605	5.9	13,580	5.8
None	11,034	31.1	15,383	12.9	9,130	17.9	4,366	16.2	39,913	17.2
Not stated/not collected/ not applicable	2,806	7.9	18,741	15.8	3,145	6.2	16,074	59.6	40,766	17.6
Total	35,526	100.0	118,848	100.0	50,897	100.0	26,982	100.0	232,253	100.0
AIL										
Always or unable to do	6,342	17.9	43,034	36.2	21,795	42.8	1,991	7.4	73,162	31.5
Sometimes	17,689	49.8	44,755	37.7	19,066	37.5	4,168	15.4	85,678	36.9
None, but uses aids	798	2.2	1,444	1.2	345	0.7	24	0.1	2,611	1.1
None	7,789	21.9	9,468	8.0	6,323	12.4	4,553	16.9	28,133	12.1
Not stated/not collected/ not applicable	2,908	8.2	20,147	17.0	3,368	6.6	16,246	60.2	42,669	18.4
Total	35,526	100.0	118,848	100.0	50,897	100.0	26,982	100.0	232,253	100.0
AWEC (5 years and over)										
Always or unable to do	8,674	24.4	45,649	43.9	26,027	51.4	1,720	6.5	82,070	37.9
Sometimes	13,269	37.4	32,342	31.1	13,297	26.3	3,417	13.0	62,325	28.8
None, but uses aids	1,206	3.4	2,501	2.4	404	0.8	34	0.1	4,145	1.9
None	9,394	26.4	10,020	9.6	7,486	14.8	5,483	20.9	32,383	15.0
Not stated/not collected/ not applicable	2,974	8.4	13,355	12.9	3,435	6.8	15,643	59.5	35,407	16.4
Total	35,517	100.0	103,867	100.0	50,649	100.0	26,297	100.0	216,330	100.0

Table A1.16: Users of CSTDA-funded services, living arrangements by frequency of need for support for activities of daily living (ADL), activities of independent living (AIL) and activities of work, education and community living (AWEC), 2006–07

Notes

 Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Column totals may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed more than one service type during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

2. 'Not stated/not collected' includes both service users accessing only 3.02 services for whom living arrangement data were not collected (see Appendix 6) and other service users with no response. Refer to Table A1.1 for a breakdown of these two categories.

Residential setting	Intellectual/ learning	Physical/ diverse	Acquired brain injury	Sensory/ speech	Psychiatric	Not stated/ collected	Total
Private residence	74,688	36,117	7,104	13,713	26,693	10,387	168,702
Domestic-scale supported	10,578	1,098	535	237	477	204	13,129
Supported accommodation facility	8,102	902	687	155	1,192	53	11,091
Other	2,968	1,741	1,243	1169	4,490	256	11,867
Not stated	6,816	3,456	650	1,393	2,738	12,411	27,464
Total	103,152	43,314	10,219	16,667	35,590	23,311	232,253

Table A1.17: Users of CSTDA-funded services, reported primary disability group by residential setting, 2006–07

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

2. 'Not stated/collected' includes both service users accessing only 3.02 services for whom support needs data were not collected (see Appendix 6) and other service users with no response. Refer to Table A1.1 for a breakdown of these two categories.

Service type	Number of service type outlets	Mean hours in the reference week per outlet	Median hours in the reference week per outlet	Mean number of service users with hours received in reference week	Hours per service user
Accommodation support		-			
1.05 Attendant care/personal care	149	250	57	10	15
1.06 In-home accommodation support	647	402	108	13	14
1.07 Alternative family placement	22	1,081	297	8	98
Total accommodation support	818	392	94	12	16
Community support					
2.06 Case management, local coordination and development	481	118	47	39	1
Community access					
3.01 Learning and life skills development	1,105	318	168	17	11
3.03 Other community access	306	338	163	20	7
Total community access	1,411	322	168	18	10
Respite					
4.01 Own home respite	55	217	32	18	5
4.02 Centre-based respite/respite homes	200	1,027	536	18	16
4.03 Host family respite/peer support respite	17	228	168	8	4
4.04 Flexible respite	234	363	92	19	5
4.05 Other respite	28	425	52	21	6
Total respite	534	595	168	18	11
All services reporting hours	3,244	355	112	20	10

Table A1.18: Mean and median hours of service provided by CSTDA-funded service type outlets during the reference week, June 2007

Notes

1. Service users who, according to their start date and date of last service received or exit date, were not receiving a service in the reference week were not included even if they had recorded hours received in the reference week. Service type outlets for which no service users have hours received in the reference week recorded were not included. Where a service type outlet had both service users with valid hours received and service users with missing hours received data, then the latter were assigned the average number of hours per service user for that outlet, before the total hours received for the outlet was calculated.

2. Not all service types were required to collect data on *hours received—reference week*. The following service types did not collect this data item -1.01-1.04, 1.08, 2.01-2.05, 2.07, 3.02, 5.01, 5.02, 5.04, 6.01-6.05 and 7.01-7.04.

3. Data are based on a reference week during June 2006 and should be interpreted accordingly.

Service type	Number of service type outlets	Mean hours in a typical week per outlet	Median hours in a typical week per outlet
Accommodation support			
1.05 Attendant care/personal care	153	263	72
1.06 In-home accommodation support	578	382	99
1.07 Alternative family placement	21	1,347	317
Total accommodation support	752	385	92
Community support			
2.06 Case management, local coordination and development	455	131	31
Community access			
3.01 Learning and life skills development	965	221	107
3.03 Other community access	293	205	92
Total community access	1,258	217	101
Respite			
4.01 Own home respite	69	176	68
4.02 Centre-based respite/respite homes	205	1,423	534
4.03 Host family respite/peer support respite	29	435	229
4.04 Flexible respite	339	402	127
4.05 Other respite	38	203	49
Total respite	680	677	169
All services reporting hours	3,145	344	89

Table A1.19: Mean and median hours of service provided by CSTDA-funded service type outlets during a typical week, 2006–07

Notes

Service type outlets for which no service users have hours received in the typical week recorded were not included. Where a service type
outlet had both service users with valid hours received and service users with missing hours received data, then the latter were assigned the
average number of hours per service user for that outlet, before the total hours received for the outlet was calculated.

2. Not all service types were required to collect data on *hours received—typical week*. The following service types did not collect this data item -1.01-1.04, 1.08, 2.01-2.05, 2.07, 3.02, 5.01, 5.02, 5.04, 6.01-6.05 and 7.01-7.04.

3. Victoria did not collect data on hours received in a typical week.

Service type	Total staff hours	Number of service users	Mean staff hours per service user
Institutions	147,572	4,813	30.7
Group homes	569,446	12,274	46.4
In-home support	266,264	21,833	12.2
Community support	137,926	98,598	1.4
Community access	366,601	53,236	6.9
Respite	120,793	30,058	4.0
Employment	390,895	80,008	4.9
Total	1,999,497	232,253	8.6

Table A1.20: CSTDA-funded service type outlets, mean staff hours in the reference week per service user by service type, 2006–07

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

2. 'Institutions' refers to service types 1.01–1.03. 'Group homes' refers to service type 1.04. 'In-home support' refers to service users accessing service types 1.05–1.08.

Table A1.21: Users of CSTDA-funded services, primary and all significant disability types by broad disability group, 2006–07

Disability group	Number reporting as a primary disability	Percentage of all service users	Total number reporting disability group	Percentage of all service users
Intellectual /learning	103,152	44.4	115,363	49.7
Physical/diverse	53,533	23.0	81,687	35.2
Sensory/speech	16,667	7.2	49,459	21.3
Psychiatric	35,590	15.3	47,658	20.5

Notes

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

'Intellectual/learning' includes service users reporting intellectual, specific learning/ADD, autism and developmental delay.
 'Physical/diverse' includes physical, neurological and acquired brain injury. 'Sensory/speech' includes deafblind, vision, hearing and speech. Service users who reported more than one disability within one disability group were recorded as one user.

Appendix 2: Trend tables

Service type	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
		Number		
Institutions/hostels	5,311	5,071	5,061	4,813
Group homes	11,308	10,722	11,414	12,274
In-home support	17,829	19,242	20,291	21,833
Total services provided	34,448	35,035	36,766	38,920
Total service users	33,175	33,787	35,566	37,473
		Per cent		
Institutions/hostels	15.4	14.5	13.8	12.4
Group homes	32.8	30.6	31.0	31.5
In-home support	51.8	54.9	55.2	56.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table A2.1: Number and proportion of CSTDA-funded accommodation service users accessing accommodation service types, 2003–04 to 2006–07

Notes

1. Within 'total services provided', service users who have used multiple services are counted once for each service type used.

2. 'Institutions/hostels' refers to service types 1.01–1.03. 'Group homes' refers to service type 1.04. 'In-home support' refers to service types 1.05–1.08.

3. For 'total service users,' a statistical linkage key was used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Total for all service groups may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services from more than one service group over the 12-month period.

Table A2.2: Users of CSTDA-funded services, median age (years) by sex and service group, 2003–04 to 2006–07

Service group	Males	Females	All service users
		2003–04	
Accommodation support	39.7	42.3	40.9
Community support	15.5	23.4	18.4
Community access	34.5	38.3	36.0
Respite	18.0	22.6	19.8
Employment	33.1	33.8	33.3
All services	28.6	33.1	30.4
		2004–05	
Accommodation support	40.7	43.0	41.7
Community support	17.9	30.5	20.0
Community access	35.9	39.6	37.5
Respite	18.6	23.2	20.4
Employment	33.1	34.2	33.5
All services	29.4	35.1	30.9
		2005–06	
Accommodation support	41.1	43.4	42.2
Community support	16.2	29.5	20.3
Community access	36.3	40.0	37.9
Respite	19.2	24.5	21.3
Employment	33.4	35.0	34.0
All services	28.7	35.3	31.4
		2006–07	
Accommodation support	41.5	43.9	42.5
Community support	14.9	23.6	17.6
Community access	36.2	39.8	37.8
Respite	19.4	24.5	21.4
Employment	35.1	37.2	35.9
All services	29.0	35.3	31.5

Notes

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

 'All service users' includes median ages for 5,760 service users missing sex data in 2004–05; 936 service users missing sex data in 2005–06 and 548 service users missing sex data in 2006–07.

3. Service users with missing age who responded 'child aged under 5 years (not applicable)' to the *communication method* data item were included in the median age calculations as aged 2.5 years.

	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
		Number of se	ervice users	
Accommodation support	33,175	33,787	35,556	37,473
Community support	78,847	92,610	96,664	98,598
Community access	47,636	44,166	47,738	53,236
Respite	20,547	23,951	27,319	30,058
Employment	64,281	64,835	73,157	80,008
	% change from 03–04 to 04–05	% change from 04–05 to 05–06	% change from 05–06 to 06–07	% change from 03–04 to 06–07
Accommodation support	1.8	5.2	5.4	13.0
Community support	17.5	4.4	2.0	25.0
Community access	-7.3	8.1	11.5	11.8
Respite	16.6	14.1	10.0	46.3
Employment	0.9	12.8	9.4	24.5

Table A2.3: Numbers and percentage changes in service user counts between 2003–04 and 2006–07, by service group

Notes

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Totals for Australia may not be the sum of the components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one state or territory during the 12-month period. Service group totals may not be the sum of service components because individuals may have accessed more than one service type outlet from a service group over the 12-month period. Grand totals may not be the sum of service group components because individuals may have accessed more than one service group over the 12-month period.

2. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

3. 'Open and supported' employment services ceased to be operational from 1 December 2004.

4. 'Targeted support' provides people with disability structured training and support to work towards social and community participation or opportunities to develop skills, or retrain, for paid employment. This service type is reported for the first time in 2006–07.

	20	03–04	20	04–05	200	2005–06		06–07
Primary disability group	No.	% of total excluding missing						
Intellectual	71,701	42.1	70,614	42.5	72,226	39.3	76,673	36.7
Specific learning/ADD	5,699	3.3	5,864	3.5	4,571	2.5	8,342	4.0
Autism	8,249	4.8	8,759	5.3	10,912	5.9	13,308	6.4
Physical	24,785	14.6	26,303	15.8	25,712	14.0	30,978	14.8
Acquired brain injury	7,917	4.7	8,017	4.8	8,254	4.5	10,219	4.9
Neurological	10,081	5.9	12,286	7.4	12,471	6.8	12,336	5.9
Deafblind	512	0.3	1,705	1.0	536	0.3	511	0.2
Vision	9,245	5.4	5,450	3.3	6,105	3.3	6,633	3.2
Hearing	5,440	3.2	5,152	3.1	6,646	3.6	7,212	3.5
Speech	1,303	0.8	1,508	0.9	1,790	1.0	2,311	1.1
Psychiatric	15,559	9.1	16,018	9.6	30,064	16.4	35,590	17.0
Developmental delay	9,728	5.7	4,615	2.8	4,506	2.5	4,829	2.3
Not stated	17,587		34,202		33,350		23,311	
Total	187,806		200,493		217,143		232,253	
Total excluding missing	170,219		166,291		183,793	<u>.</u>	208,942	

Table A2.4: Service users of CSTDA-funded services, primary disability group, number and percentage of service users reporting disability group, 2003–04 to 2006–07

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6).

 'Not stated' includes both service users accessing only 3.02 services for whom disability data were not collected (see Appendix 6) and other service users with no response. Refer to Table A1.1 for a breakdown of these two categories.

	Per cent receiving individualised funding				
Service group	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07	
Accommodation support	21.1	24.8	36.8	35.5	
Community support	13.9	15.2	20.3	20.7	
Community access	15.4	22.9	29.4	30.4	
Respite	6.1	22.9	27.8	30.2	
Employment	19.6	26.7	100.0	100.0	
Total	16.6	17.6	43.0	44.7	

Table A2.5: Service users receiving individualised funding, by service group, 2003–04 to 2006–07

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Totals for Australia may not be the sum of the components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one state or territory during the 12-month period. Service group totals may not be the sum of service components because individuals may have accessed more than one service type outlet from a service group over the 12-month period. Grand totals may not be the sum of service group components because individuals may have accessed more than one service type outlet from a service group over the 12-month period. Grand totals may not be the sum of service group components because individuals may have accessed more than one service type outlet from a service group over the 12-month period.

2. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

3. 'Open and supported' employment services ceased to be operational from 1 December 2004.

Table A2.6: Users of CSTDA-funded services, existence of an informal carer, 2003-04 to 2006-07

		Has an informal carer		Does not have an informal carer		Not stated/ not collected		Total	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	
2003–04	78,360	41.7	72,138	38.4	37,308	19.9	187,806	100.0	
2004–05	84,964	42.4	74,536	37.2	40,993	20.4	200,493	100.0	
2005–06	97,410	44.9	77,268	35.6	42,465	19.6	217,143	100.0	
2006–07	104,401	45.0	107,768	46.4	20,084	8.6	232,253	100.0	

Notes

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details.)

'Not stated/not collected' includes both service users accessing only 3.02 services for whom informal carer data were not collected (see Appendix 6) and other service users with no response. Refer to Table A1.1 for a breakdown of these two categories.

		Age g	jroup (years)			
Collection year	0–14	15–24	25–44	45–64	65+	Total
			Number			
2003–04	38,382	37,309	61,108	37,379	10,774	187,806
2004–05	43,369	37,966	63,476	42,451	12,935	200,493
2005–06	44,916	41,422	68,788	47,977	13,873	217,143
2006–07	49,192	43,083	72,680	54,845	12,365	232,253
			Per cent			
2003–04	20.4	19.9	32.5	19.9	5.7	100.0
2004–05	21.6	18.9	31.7	21.2	6.5	100.0
2005–06	20.7	19.1	31.7	22.1	6.4	100.0
2006–07	21.2	18.6	31.3	23.6	5.3	100.0

Table A2.7: Users of CSTDA-funded services, number and proportion by age group, 2003-04 to 2006-07

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period.

2. Totals are for all service users from that 12-month reporting period, including service users whose age was not stated.

Table A2.8: Users of CSTDA-funded services, most commonly accessed service types, 2003–04 to 2006–07

Service type	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Open employment (5.01)	43,042	43,831	53,440	59,478
Case management, local coordination and development (2.06)	39,676	42,614	42,702	44,909
Learning and life skills development (3.01)	24,821	25,111	28,784	33,032
Therapy support for individuals (2.01)	21,372	29,111	27,203	21,558
Supported employment (5.02)	18,637	18,615	20,810	21,140

Note: Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types (see Appendix 6 for details).

population by service group, 2003-04 to 2000-07								
Service type	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07				
Accommodation support	48.2	48.5	50.3	51.9				
Community support	114.7	132.8	136.8	136.6				
Community access	69.3	63.4	67.6	73.8				
Respite	96.3	110.6	124.3	133.7				
Employment	195.6	193.8	210.7	225.6				

Table A2.9: Users of CSTDA-funded services, per 1,000 potential population by service group, 2003–04 to 2006–07

Notes

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each 12 month period.

2. Potential population calculations for 2006–07 are presented in Table A1.5; see also the introduction to Appendix 1 for more details.

Primary disability group	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07			
Intellectual	42.1	42.5	39.3	36.7			
Psychiatric	9.1	9.6	16.4	17.0			
Physical	14.6	15.8	14.0	14.8			
Neurological	5.9	7.4	6.8	5.9			
Autism	4.8	5.3	5.9	6.4			

Table A2.10: Users of CSTDA-funded services, percentage of service users reporting five most common primary disability groups, 2003–04 to 2006–07

Note: Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each 12-month period.

	Intellectual/learning	Physical/diverse	Sensory/speech	Psychiatric
		Accommodati	on support	
2003–04	64.8	23.1	6.2	5.9
2004–05	66.4	21.4	5.9	6.3
2005–06	56.7	18.5	5.0	19.8
2006–07	56.1	18.2	5.1	20.6
		Community	support	
2003–04	58.7	28.4	11.8	1.1
2004–05	55.3	36.3	7.4	1.1
2005–06	53.3	36.9	8.1	1.7
2006–07	57.5	31.7	8.8	2.0
		Community	/ access	
2003–04	63.2	18.9	13.5	4.5
2004–05	63.8	18.1	12.5	5.6
2005–06	53.1	14.7	10.9	21.3
2006–07	52.7	16.3	10.3	20.8
		Resp	ite	
2003–04	69.7	25.4	2.6	2.3
2004–05	68.9	26.7	1.8	2.6
2005–06	63.3	24.3	1.6	10.8
2006–07	65.0	23.8	2.0	9.3
		Open emp	loyment	
2003–04	39.6	27.7	8.7	24.0
2004–05	39.0	27.3	8.8	24.9
2005–06	38.6	20.3	9.4	31.7
2006–07	31.6	29.8	7.7	30.9
		Supported en	nployment	
2003–04	77.2	10.9	2.7	9.2
2004–05	76.7	11.0	2.8	9.5
2005–06	74.8	11.1	2.6	11.4
2006–07	69.5	13.0	2.9	14.6
		All service	e users	
2003–04	56.0	25.1	9.7	9.1
2004–05	54.0	28.0	8.3	9.6
2005–06	50.2	25.3	8.2	16.4
2006–07	49.4	25.6	8.0	17.0

Table A2.11: Users of CSTDA-funded services, primary disability (%) by service type/group, 2003–04 to 2006–07

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each 12-month period.

2. Percentages exclude missing data for primary disability group.

	ADL	AIL	AWEC			
	Accommodation support					
2003–04	43.6	50.9	63.2			
2004–05	44.7	51.2	64.1			
2005–06	42.1	50.0	63.7			
2006–07	41.9	50.1	64.3			
	Community support					
2003–04	43.4	49.3	57.2			
2004–05	45.1	48.8	56.8			
2005–06	44.0	48.6	57.0			
2006–07	45.0	50.5	58.9			
	Community access					
2003–04	37.2	45.5	59.0			
2004–05	38.2	45.1	59.5			
2005–06	35.6	44.4	59.1			
2006–07	36.0	45.1	60.2			
	Respite					
2003–04	50.9	56.9	67.6			
2004–05	50.8	55.6	67.0			
2005–06	47.2	54.3	66.7			
2006–07	48.0	55.3	67.8			
	Open	employment				
2003–04	7.1	10.8	14.9			
2004–05	7.1	10.6	14.8			
2005–06	7.1	11.3	16.3			
2006–07	8.4	19.3	15.8			
	Support	ed employment				
2003–04	21.6	32.8	44.6			
2004–05	21.5	34.4	48.6			
2005–06	21.1	35.0	52.7			
2006–07	20.4	39.6	59.0			
	All service users					
2003–04	28.1	32.6	39.7			
2004–05	30.1	33.6	40.6			
2005–06	29.9	34.7	42.5			
2006–07	29.9	37.7	43.5			

Table A2.12: Users of CSTDA-funded services, proportion reporting always needing support in activities of daily living (ADL), activities of independent living (AIL) and activities of work, education and community living (AWEC), by service type/group, 2003–04 to 2006–07

1. Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each 12-month period.

2. Percentages exclude missing data for support needs.

Appendix 3: CSTDA NMDS 2006–07 collection forms

The following CSTDA NMDS 2006–07 collection forms were used by service type outlets that did not collect data electronically.

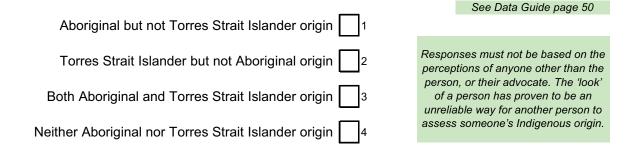
CSTDA**NMDS**

Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set Collection

Service User Form 2006–07

Service types 1.05–1.07, 2.06, 3.01, 3.03, 4.01–4.05 should complete <u>all</u> questions on this form for each service user who received a service within the reporting period. Service types 1.01–1.04, 1.08, 2.01–2.05 and 2.07 should complete all questions except 17f and 17g; service type 3.02 should fill out at least questions B, 1 and 2—Linkage key elements, and may also complete the optional items 17a–17c; and service types 5.01 and 5.02 should fill out all questions except 12b–c and 12e (some carer questions).

B. Service type outlet ID]		See Data Guide page 43		
Please copy the Service type outlet ID from the related Service Type Outlet Form.									
1. Record ID]			See Data Guide page 44		
2. Statistical Linkage Key									
2a. Letters of surname	4-4	Ord	Oral	441-	54	011	See Data Guide pages 45–46		
2b. Letters of given name	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	See Data Guide page 46		
2c. Date of birth	m m	у у	y y	-			ot known, estimate year, enter for day and month and tick 2d.		
2d. Is the service user's date of birth an estimate ? Yes 1									
2e. What is the service user	s sex ?	2	Male	1	Fem	ale 2	See Data Guide page 49		
Service type 3.02 - Recreation/holiday program services, may stop here.									
3. Is the service user of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin?									



4. In which country was the service user born?	See Data Guide page 52
Australia 1101 Italy	3104
England 2102 Philippines	5204
New Zealand 1201 Scotland	2105
Viet Nam 5105 India	7103 Where the country of birth is known but is not
China 6101 South Africa (excl SARs & Taiwan) If other country please specify	9225 specified in the classification, please specify it in the space provided.
5. Does the service user require interpreter services?	See Data Guide page 53
Yes - for spoken language Yes - for non-spoken other than English ¹ communication	2 No 3
6. What is the service user's most effective method of co	ommunication?
Spoken language (effective)	1 See Data Guide page 54
Sign language (effective)	2
- e.g. Canon Communicator, Compic	3 This item is considered 'not applicable' to young
Little, or no effective communication	4 children. Hence children aged 0–4 years should always be coded as 'Child aged under 5 years'.
7. Does the service user usually live alone or with others	s? See Data Guide page 55
Lives alone	Jsually' means 4 or more days per week on average.
Lives with family 2	
	The service user's living arrangements must ate to the same place described in residential setting (see question 9).
8. What is the postcode of the service user's usual reside	ence? See Data Guide page 57
	The service user's postcode must relate to their residential setting (see question 9).

9. What is the service users usual residential setting?	See Data Guide page 58
Private residence	
Residence within an Aboriginal community 2	
Domestic-scale supported living facility 3 – e.g. group homes	
Supported accommodation facility 4 – e.g. hostels, supported residential services or facilities	The type of physical accommodation the
Boarding house/private hotel	person usually resides in ('usually' means 4 or
Independent living unit within a retirement village	more days per week on average).
Residential aged care facility 7 – nursing home or aged care hostel	
Psychiatric/mental health community care facility	
Hospital 9	
Short term crisis, emergency or transitional accommodation 10 – e.g. night shelters, refuges, hostels for the homeless, halfway houses	
Public place/temporary shelter 11	
Other 12	

10. What are the service user's primary and other significant disability group(s)?

a. Primary disability grou	p b.	Other significant disabi	ility group(s)
Tic <u>k 1 b</u> ox only		Tick all other significant of	disabilities
1	Intellectual		
2 Specific	learning/ADD - other than	n Intellectual	Disability group(s)
3 Autis	m - including Asperger's Sy	ndrome	(other than that indicated as being
4	Physical		'primary') that also cause
5	Acquired brain injury		difficulty for the person.
6 Neurologica	al - including epilepsy & Alzh	eimer's Disease	
7	Deafblind - dual sensory		See Data
8	Vision		Guide pages 60–64
9	Hearing		
10	Speech		
11	Psychiatric		
12 Developmenta	al Delay - only valid for a ch	nild aged 0–5 years	

11. How often does the service user need personal **help** or

See Data Guide page 65

supervision with activities or participation in the following life areas?

Please indicate the level of help or supervision required for each life area (rows a–i) by ticking only one level of help or supervision (columns 1–5).

The person can undertake activities or participate in this life area with this level of personal help or supervision (or would require this level of help or supervision if the person currently helping were not available)	1) Unable to do or always needs help/ supervision in this life area	2) Sometimes needs help/ supervision in this life area	3) Does not need help/ supervision in this life area but uses aids or equipment	4) Does not need help/ supervision in this life area and does not use aids or equipment	5) Not applicable
a) Self-care e.g. washing oneself, dressing, eating, toileting	1	2	3	4	
b) Mobility e.g. moving around the home and/or moving around away from home (including using public transport or driving a motor vehicle), getting in or out of bed or a chair	1	2	3	4	
c) Communication e.g. making oneself understood, in own native language or preferred method of communication if applicable, and understanding others	1	2	3	4	
d) Interpersonal interactions and relationships e.g. actions and behaviours that an individual does to make and keep friends and relationships, behaving within accepted limits, coping with feelings and emotions	1	2	3	4	
NOTE: In the following questions 'not applica	ble' is a valid	response	only if the per	son is 0–4 yea	ars old.
e) Learning, applying knowledge and general tasks and demands e.g. understanding new ideas, remembering, problem solving, decision making, paying attention, undertaking single or multiple tasks, carrying out daily routine	1	2	3	4	5
f) Education e.g. the actions, behaviours and tasks an individual performs at school, college, or any educational setting	1	2	3	4	5
g) Community (civic) and economic life e.g. recreation and leisure, religion and spirituality, human rights, political life and citizenship, economic life such as handling money	1	2	3	4	5
NOTE: In the following questions 'not applica	ble' is a valid	response	only if the per	son is 0–14 y	ears old.
h) Domestic life e.g. organising meals, cleaning, disposing of garbage, housekeeping, shopping, cooking, home maintenance	1	2	3	4	5
i) Working e.g. actions, behaviours and tasks to obtain and retain paid employment	1	2	3	4	5

12. Carer arrangements (informal)	See Data Guide page 68
The following questions are asking about the presence of an informal carer who provides support to the service user (i.e. these questions are not about paid carers)	
 12a. Does the service user have an informal carer, such as a family member, friend or neighbour, who provides care and assistance on a regular and sustained basis? Yes 1 >Go to 12b No 2 >Go to 13 	'Regular' and 'sustained' in this instance means that care or assistance has been ongoing, or likely to be ongoing for at least six months.
12b. Does the carer assist the service user in the area(s) of self-care, mobility or communication ?	Questions 12b–e relate the informal carer identified in 12a
Yes 1 No 2	See Data Guide page 70
12c. Does the carer live in the same household as the service	user?
Yes, Co-resident carer 1 No, Non-resident carer 2	See Data Guide page 71
12d. What relationship is the carer to the service user?	See Data Guide page 72
Wife/female partner 1 Daughter-in-law 7	
Husband/male partner 2 Son-in-law 8 Mother 3 Other female relative 9	When answering this question complete the sentence The carer is
	the service user's
Father 4 Other male relative 10	This question relates to the informal carer
Daughter 5 Friend/neighbour – female 11	identified in 12a
Son 6 Friend/neighbour – male 12	
12e. What is the age group of the carer ?	See Data Guide page 74
Less than 15 years 1 45–64 years 4	When asking the service user about the age of
15–24 years 2 65 years and over 5 25–44 years 3	their carer it is considered more appropriate to ask about broad age groups rather than actual age.
—	

Only complete question 13 if the service user is aged und	ler 16 years.
13. If aged under 16 years: does the service user's parents or guardians receive the Carer Allowance (Child)?	See Data Guide page 75
Yes 1 No 2 Not known 3 Payment e	on is not asking about Carer ven though some parents of less than 16 years receive it in to Carer Allowance (Child).
Only complete question 14 if the service user is aged 15 y	ears or more.
14. If aged 15 years or more:	See Data Guide page 76
What is the service user's labour force status?	
Employed 1 Unemployed 2 Not in the labout	Ir force 3
Only complete question 15 if the service user is aged 16 y	ears or more.
15. If aged 16 years or more:	See Data Guide page 78
What is the service user's main source of income ?	
Disability Support Pension 1 Other income 5	This item refers to the source by which a person derives most (equal to or greater than
Other pension or benefit 2 Nil income 6	50%) of his/her income. If the person has multiple sources of income and none are equal
Paid employment 3 Not known 7	to or greater than 50%, the one which contributes the largest percentage should be
Compensation payments 4	counted.
Continue questions for service users of all age	S.
16. Is the service user currently receiving individualised funding un	nder the CSTDA?

Yes 1 No 2 Not known 3 See Data Guide page 79

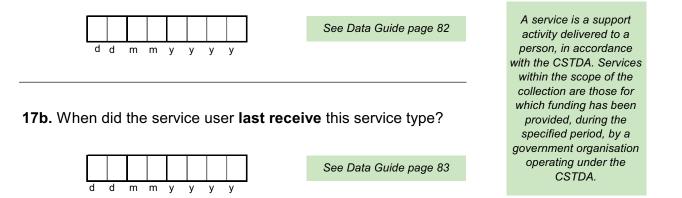
17. Services received 2006–07

For service types 1.05–1.07, 2.06, 3.01, 3.03 and 4.01–4.05 complete all sections (a) to (g). For all remaining service types (except 3.02, 6.01–6.05, 7.01–7.04), please complete sections (a) to (e) only. For service type 3.02, items (a), (b) and (c) are **optional** items.

Responses to the remaining questions must relate to the service type outlet ID indicated in data item B of the Service User Form.

Note: if the service user received more than 1 service type from your agency you will need to complete a separate Service User Form (see Data Guide pages 16–17).

17a. When did the service user commence using this service type?



17c. Did the service user receive this service type **on the snapshot day?**



The snapshot day refers to a single day during the annual reporting period.

See Data Guide page 84

17d. When did the service user leave this service type or	utlet? See Data Guide page 85
	A service user is considered to leave a service when either:
d d m m y y y y	1. the service user ends the support
If the service user is still with	relationship with the service outlet; or 2. the service outlet ends the support
the service leave blank and	relationship with the service user.
>Go to question 17f	
Only answer this item if item 17d ha	s been coded
(i.e. the service user is no longer receiv	
17e. What reason did the service user report for leaving	g this service type outlet?
Service user no longer needs assistance fro	om 1 See Data Guide page 86
service type outlet – moved to mainstream servic	ces
Service user no longer needs assistance fro	
service type outlet – oth	ner 🗖
Service user moved to residential, institutior or supported accommodation setti	
Service user's needs have increas – other service type requir	
Services terminated due to budget/staffing constrain	nts 5
Services terminated due to Occupational Hea and Safety reaso	
Service user moved out of are	
Service user die	ed 8
Service user terminated service	ce 9
Oth	er 10
	—
Questions 17f and 17g only need to be completed by serv	vice types 1.05–1.07, 2.06, 3.01, 3.03
and 4.01–4.05.	
Hours received – please indicate the number of hours	The amount of CSTDA-funded
of support received by the service user for this CSTDA service type:	support received by a person for this CSTDA service type during the reporting period.
17f. In the 7-day reference week preceding the end of the reporting period?	See Data Guide page 88
17g. In a typical (or average) 7-day week?	See Data Guide page 90

Thank you for your time and effort.



Name and Address (please correct any errors)

Service type outlet form 2006–07

A separate Service type outlet form should be filled in for each CSTDA-funded service type outlet (i.e. for each CSTDA-funded service type provided at or from a given location). Your CSTDA funding department should have filled in items A–G before your agency received this form. Please check the responses using the Data Guide—pages 17–31, initially for any queries you may have.

A. Funded agency ID	
B. Service type outlet ID	
D. Service type outlet postcode E. Service type outlet SLA	
F. Funding jurisdiction G. Agency sector	
Service type outlet name:	
Please verify the information provided above.	

Please name a person in your service type outlet/funded agency who is involved in completing the forms and can be contacted about any queries. Please print.

Co	ntac	t N	ame)													
Titl	e or	. bo	sitio	n					Em	nail							
		-]			-						
Ph	one	nur	nbe	r				-	Fax	k nu	mb	er				•	

Please turn over >

2. How many weeks per year does this service type outlet usually operate?	See Data
2. How many weeks per year does this service type outlet usually operate?	
2. How many weeks per year does this service type outlet usually operate?	
'No regular pattern of operation through a year' includes seasonal or services such as Christmas holiday programs. No regular pattern 90	Guide page 34
3. How many days per week does this service type outlet usually operate?	See Data
'No regular pattern of operation through a week' includes school holiday programs. or No regular pattern 90	Guide page 35
4. How many hours per day does this service type outlet usually operate?	See Data
'No regular daily pattern of operation' includes flexible hours, on call, 24 hour sleepover etc. Please do not provide the number of hours per week. No regular pattern 90	Guide page 36

Staff hours: What were the **total hours** worked by staff (including those worked by contracted staff) and volunteers working on behalf of this service type outlet:

		Paid staff – paid hours worked by staff	Unpaid staff – unpaid hours worked by	
	5. In the 7-day reference week preceding the end of the	including contracted staff.	staff and volunteers.	See Data Guide
	reporting period?	a)	b)	page 37
	6. In a typical (or average)7-day week?	a)	b)	See Data Guide page 39
	Please enter a dash (–) in the right hand box Please round hours up to the nearest whole h	, , ,	is 'nil'.	
	If the service type of this service outle question 7 and d	et is 'Other support' (7.01–7 o not fill out any Service us	· ·	nplete
7.	How many service users received t service type outlet during the report	••		See Data Guide
	Please do not provide numbers of 'beds' or	'places' or 'instances of service'.		page 40

Thank you for your time and effort.

Appendix 4: The statistical linkage key

The statistical linkage key enables the number of service users to be estimated from data collected from service outlets and agencies.

To link records within the CSTDA data set, the statistical linkage key components of each record for a service received (questions 2a–2c and 2e on the Service User Form – see Appendix 3) are compared electronically with the statistical linkage key components of all other records. Records that have matching statistical linkage keys are assumed to belong to the same individual service user and are 'linked'. Some degree of false linking is expected. Because the statistical linkage key is not a unique identifier, there is a small probability that some of the linked records do not actually belong to the same individual. For privacy reasons, the statistical linkage key is not constructed to enable the linking of records to the extent needed to be totally certain that a 'service user' is one person.

Linkage can identify two, three or more records as probably relating to the same person. These linked records are assumed to be for one person and are counted as one service user. Thus the total number of service users can be estimated.

Missing or invalid statistical linkage keys cannot be linked to other records and so must be treated as belonging to separate individual service users. This may result in the number of service users being overestimated.

Most linked records specify a response for each data item consistently, and the appropriate data for the service user (now counted as one) are easily determined. Sometimes linked records have inconsistent responses for some data items. Rules to resolve these inconsistencies have been used.

All counts of the number of service users depend on the accuracy of the statistical linkage key. A linkage key is considered to be invalid if any, or all, parts of the key are missing (excluding sex). The overall rate of invalid linkage keys in 2006–07 was 0.8%, ranging among jurisdictions from 0% to 2.4% of the total number of service user records (see Table 7.5). A small number of invalid linkage keys were recovered by comparison with records from current or previous years data.

For 16% of the original service user records for Victoria, the appropriate letters of the first and last names were not collected. As for previous years data, where possible the 'pseudo' linkage key was used for Victoria for these cases. This consists of date of birth (not estimated), sex and postcode, and its use resulted in 5% of records being allocated a full valid linkage key, and another 9% being linked by using the pseudo linkage key. All these cases are included in the valid count in Table 7.5. The use of the pseudo linkage key increases the likelihood that some records could have been wrongly matched, or some records not matched when they should have been.

Methods for resolving discrepancies between linked records

When records are matched by linkage key, they are assumed to then relate to the same service user. In the majority of cases, all the information on matching records will be the same. However, in some cases the information on two or more matching records is not entirely consistent; that is, for some items the values recorded will differ between records. For example, of two records with the same linkage key, one may record the service user as 'living with others' and having 'other effective non-spoken communication', and the other may record the service user as 'living with family 'and having 'little or no effective communication'. Depending on the item in question, this may be due to differences in opinion, judgment or quality of information, or possibly because of miscoding on one record.

In order to produce any tabulations or analysis of items by service user, it is necessary to reconcile such discrepancies by some method that is consistent for each item. Standard agreed processes have been designed to select the data from the most reliable source. Depending on the nature of the item, these may involve selection on the basis of one or more of the following:

- the frequency of each value recorded
- an order of preference by the actual value of the item (this is also used to resolve any inconsistencies within a single record)
- an order of precedence by service type of the outlets that recorded the data
- some form of summation of all values for the item.

A further general principle used in all cases is that valid values for an item take precedence over missing ('not stated') or 'not known' values. This is on the basis that valid values imply the relevant information was known and could be given, whereas missing/not known values imply that the information was either unknown or would not be disclosed. Thus, where there are only two records and one has a particular item missing or not known, the value on the other record will be the one assigned to the service user.

Appendix 5: Service type classification (definitions)

The following definitions are taken from the 2006–07 CSTDA NMDS Data Guide (AIHW 2006a).

Accommodation support

Services that provide accommodation to people with disability and services that provide support needed to enable a person with disability to remain in their existing accommodation or to move to more suitable or appropriate accommodation.

1.01 Large residentials/institutions (> 20 places)

Large residentials/institutions are usually located on large parcels of land and provide 24-hour residential support in a congregate setting of more than 20 beds. In some cases a range of residential and vocational/day services, and/or respite services are provided on the one site. (Where this is the case, each additional service type should be funded and/or reported against under the CSTDA NMDS as a separate service type outlet.)

1.02 Small residentials/institutions (7–20 places)

Small residentials/institutions are usually located on large parcels of land and provide 24-hour residential support in a congregate or cluster setting of 7 to 20 beds. In some cases a range of residential and vocational/day services and/or respite services are provided on the one site. (Where this is the case, each additional service type should be funded and/or reported against under the CSTDA NMDS as a separate service type outlet.)

1.03 Hostels

Hostels provide residential support in a congregate setting of usually less than 20 beds, and may or may not provide 24-hour residential support. Many are situated in an institutional setting and also have respite beds included on the premises. In contrast to residentials/institutions (1.01 and 1.02), hostels usually do not provide segregated specialist services. (Where this is the case, each additional service type should be funded and/or reported against under the CSTDA NMDS as a separate service type outlet.)

1.04 Group homes (< 7 places)

Group homes provide *combined* accommodation and community-based residential support to people in a residential setting. Usually no more than six service users are located in any one house, although this can vary. Group homes are generally staffed 24 hours a day. The agency being funded to provide the service must have control of the residence, that is, own, lease, hold in trust, or in other ways be responsible for the residence, not just the support to enable the residents to remain in the residence. If the only service being provided is support to enable residents to remain in their existing accommodation, then see category 1.05 'attendant care/personal care' or 1.06 'in-home accommodation support'.

1.05 Attendant care/personal care

An attendant care program provides for an attendant(s) to assist people with daily activities that they are unable to complete for themselves because of physical, intellectual or any other disability. The service is provided to people to assist them to live in the community, and to live on their own.

1.06 In-home accommodation support

Support involves individual in-home living support and/or developmental programming services for people with disability, *supplied independently of accommodation*. The accommodation may be owned, rented, or otherwise provided, but should be independent of the agency providing the in-home support service; otherwise see code 1.04 'group homes'. Where an in-home accommodation support service also provides some other limited assistance – for example, help with banking once a week – then in-home accommodation should be recorded, as it is the primary focus of the support provided.

1.07 *Alternative family placement*

Placements of a person with disability with an alternative family who will provide care and support. Includes shared-care arrangements and host family placements.

1.08 Other accommodation support

Accommodation support services that provide short-term, one-off instances of accommodation such as:

- accommodation provided so that individuals or families can access specialist services, or further education
- emergency or crisis accommodation support (for example, following the death of a parent or carer)
- houses or flats for holiday accommodation.

If the accommodation support is primarily for respite (that is, involves the separation of the service user from their usual support arrangements or the addition of extra support in their current environment) please refer to the relevant service type 4.01–4.05.

Community support

Services that provide the support needed for a person with disability to live in a non-institutional setting. Support with the basic needs of living, such as meal preparation, dressing, transferring, are included under accommodation support.

2.01 Therapy support for individuals

Specialised, therapeutic care services, including occupational therapy, physiotherapy and speech pathology. These services are intended to improve, maintain or slow deterioration of a person's functional performance, and/or assist in the assessment and recommendation of equipment to enable people to perform as independently as possible in their environment.

2.02 Early childhood intervention

Support services to assist children up to (but not including) 6 years of age with a developmental delay to integrate with peers into pre-schools and the wider community. This will include the full range of services that the child receives.

2.03 Behaviour/specialist intervention

These include the range of services relating to the management of challenging behaviours, including dangerous antisocial behaviour. Services include intensive intervention support, training and education in behaviour management, and consultancy services for other professionals. Behaviour/specialist intervention is often provided as a by-product of other services.

2.04 Counselling (individual/family/group)

Services that provide counselling to individuals, families or groups.

2.05 Regional resource and support teams

Regional resource and support teams are generally inter-disciplinary teams that provide a combination of services in the categories 2.01, 2.02 and 2.03, which cannot be broken down into the component parts. Regional resource and support teams may also assist service users to access mainstream services and/or support mainstream funded agencies. Except for early childhood intervention teams, these teams usually have an individual, rather than a family, focus.

2.06 Case management, local coordination and development

This is a broad service type category, including elements of individual or family focused case management and brokerage as well as coordination and development activity within a specified geographical area. Services assist people with disability to maximise their independence and participation in the community through working with the individual, family and/or carers in care planning and/or facilitating access to appropriate services.

Case management services are targeted to individuals who require assistance, for a period of time, to access necessary supports, including help with service coordination and with assisting services to respond to their service needs. Brokerage is one method of purchasing appropriate supports for an individual and should be included in this category.

Other forms of local coordination and development generally involve working with the individual, family and/or carers and at the community level to facilitate positive changes that assist people with disability to live and participate in the community and assist families in their continued provision of care. Local coordination does not generally involve management of individuals' funds and does not generally involve ongoing case management. However, discretionary funds are sometimes available for one-off purchases (for example, respite, therapy) to enable a quick response until longer term supports can be put in place.

2.07 Other community support

Community support services other than those outlined above (that is, other than 2.01–2.06).

Community access

Services designed to provide opportunities for people with disability to gain and use their abilities to enjoy their full potential for social independence.

People who do not attend school, or who are not employed full time, mainly use these services.

The key features are that the services:

- are flexible and responsive to personal needs and interests
- range from educational to leisure and recreational pursuits
- range from facility to home-based activities
- include supervision and physical care, and models which link people into activities that are offered to the whole community
- range from long-term day support to time-limited and goal-oriented education that maximises personal independent functioning and may complement other community services.

3.01 Learning and life skills development

These programs provide ongoing day-to-day support for service users to gain greater access and participate in community-based activities. Programs may focus on continuing education to develop skills and independence in a variety of life areas (for example, self-help, social skills and literacy and numeracy) or enjoyment, leisure and social interaction. They are often called Day Programs.

3.02 Recreation/holiday programs

Recreation services and holiday programs aim to facilitate the integration and participation of people with disability in recreation and leisure activities available in the general community. These services may also enhance the capacity and responsiveness of mainstream sport and recreation agencies and community organisations to provide for people with disability.

3.03 Other community access

Community access services other than those outlined in 3.01–3.02.

Respite

Respite services provide a short-term and time-limited break for families and other voluntary caregivers of people with disability, to assist in supporting and maintaining the primary care-giving relationship while providing a positive experience for the person with disability.

4.01 *Own home respite*

Respite care provided in the individual's own home location.

4.02 Centre-based respite/respite homes

Respite care provided in community setting similar to a 'group home' structure and respite care provided in other centre-based settings. This service type includes respite care provided in any of the accommodation settings 1.01–1.04.

4.03 Host family respite/peer support respite

Host family respite provides a network of 'host families' matched to the age, interests and background of the individual and their carer. Peer support is generally targeted at children or young adults up to 25 years of age, and matches the individual with a peer of similar age and interests, usually for group activities. Usually provided on a voluntary basis.

4.04 Flexible respite

Respite services that offer any combination of own home, host family/peer support respite. Includes respite where day outings and camping trips are taken (this service type is distinguished from service type 3.02 'Recreation/holiday programs' because the primary purpose is respite). Flexible respite to meet an individual's needs may include brokerage for respite only when the funding dollars come from respite resources.

4.05 Other respite

Respite services other than those outlined in 4.01–4.04, including:

- crisis respite
- holidays for the person with the disability where the primary intention of the service is to provide respite support (rather than primarily a holiday experience) and the service user is generally separated from their usual support arrangements, such as family.

Employment

5.01 Open employment

Services that provide employment assistance to people with disability in obtaining and/or retaining paid employment in *another* organisation.

- 5.02 *Supported employment* Services that support or employ people with disability within the *same* organisation.
- 5.03 Open and supported employment

This is now a defunct service type code. Before 1 December 2004, these were services that provided a combination of both open and supported employment assistance.

5.04 Targeted support

Targeted support services provide people with disability structured training and support to work towards social and community participation or opportunities to develop skills, or retrain, for paid employment.

Advocacy, information and alternative forms of communication

6.01 Advocacy

Services designed to enable people with disability to increase the control they have over their lives through the representation of their interests and views in the community. Examples include:

- self-advocacy/individual advocacy
- citizen advocacy
- group advocacy
- system/systematic advocacy.
- 6.02 Information/referral

Information services provide accessible information to people with disability, their carers, families and related professionals. This service type provides specific information about disability specific and generic services and equipment, and promotes the development of community awareness. Information includes contact by phone, print or e-mail that recommends a person to another service.

6.03 Combined information/advocacy

Services that offer both information and advocacy services to individuals where these two components cannot reasonably be separated.

6.04 Mutual support/self-help groups

Focus, or special interest, groups to provide support and assistance for people with disability, their families and carers. These groups promote self-advocacy through the provision of information, support and assistance.

6.05 Alternative formats of communication

Includes alternative formats of communication for people who, by reason of their disabilities, are unable to access information provided in the standard format. May include interpreter services, radio and alternative formats of print medium, such as TTY or Braille.

Other support

7.01 Research and evaluation

Research and evaluation with respect to the provision of services funded under the CSTDA for people with disability. This includes the investigation of the need for new services, or enhancement of existing services, and the measurement of outcomes for people with disability using these services. Responsibility for this service type is shared between the Australian Government and state/territory governments.

7.02 Training and development

Training and development services may be funded, for example, to train disability funded agencies to deliver higher quality or more appropriate services to people with disability or develop materials or methods that promote service system improvements.

7.03 Peak bodies

Peak bodies are generally funded to support non-government disability funded agencies in achieving positive outcomes for people with disability.

7.04 Other support services

Services that are completely outside any of the defined service types above (that is, outside service types, 1.01–1.08, 2.01–2.07, 3.01–3.03, 4.01–4.05, 5.01, 5.02, 6.01–6.05 and 7.01–7.03). This service type also includes the provision of one-off funding for a defined event (such as for promotional activities) or for the purchase of aids and equipment for a community facility (not for an individual).

Appendix 6: Data items requiring collection by various service types

Table A6.1: Information requested according to CSTDA NMDS service type

Service type classification	Service type outlet – details required (except for those provided by the jurisdiction)	Service user – details required	Services received by each service user in the reporting period – details required				
Accommodation support							
1.01 Large residentials/institutions (> 20 people)—24-hour care	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)				
1.02 Small residentials/institutions (7–20 people)—24-hour care	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)				
1.03 Hostels—generally not 24-hour care	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)				
1.04 Group homes (< 7 people)	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)				
1.05 Attendant care/personal care	All	All	All				
1.06 In-home accommodation support	All	All	All				
1.07 Alternative family placement	All	All	All				
1.08 Other accommodation support	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)				
Community support							
2.01 Therapy support for individuals	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)				
2.02 Early childhood intervention	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)				
2.03 Behaviour/specialist intervention	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)				
2.04 Counselling (individual/family/group)	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)				
2.05 Regional resource and support teams	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received – items 17f–g)				
2.06 Case management, local coordination and development	All	All (except for community development activity within this service type)	All (except for community development activity within this service type)				
2.07 Other community support	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)				

Table A6.1 (continued): Information requested according to CSTDA NMDS service type

Service type classification	Service type outlet – details required (except for those provided by the jurisdiction)	Service user – details required	Services received by each service user in the reporting period – details required
Community access			
3.01 Learning and life skills development	All	All	All
3.02 Recreation/holiday programs ^(a)	All	Linkage key elements only (items 2a–2e)	Items 17a–17c optional (service start date; date service last received and snapshot date flag)
3.03 Other community access	All	All	All
Respite			
4.01 Own home respite	All	All	All
4.02 Centre-based respite/respite homes	All	All	All
4.03 Host family respite/peer support respite	All	All	All
4.04 Flexible respite	All	All	All
4.05 Other respite	All	All	All
Employment			
5.01 Open employment	All	All (except for carer— primary status, residency status, age group—items 12b,c,e)	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)
5.02 Supported employment	All	All (except for carer— primary status, residency status, age group—items 12b,c,e)	All (except for data items on hours received—items 17f–g)
Advocacy, information and alternative forms of communication			
6.01 Advocacy	All	None	None
6.02 Information/referral	All	None	None
6.03 Combined information/advocacy	All	None	None
6.04 Mutual support/self-help groups	All	None	None
6.05 Alternative formats of communication	All	None	None
Other support			
7.01 Research and evaluation	All (except number of service users—item 7)	None	None
7.02 Training and development	All (except number of service users—item 7)	None	None
7.03 Peak bodies	All (except number of service users—item 7)	None	None
7.04 Other support services	All (except number of service users—item 7)	None	None

(a) Some jurisdictions require the collection of other service user/services received data items for this service type in addition to those listed here. The national collection may also require further information in the future to enable a greater overall picture of service users to be obtained. Agencies are therefore encouraged to respond to as many optional items as they are able for these service users.

Source: AIHW 2006a.

Appendix 7: English proficiency groupings

An 'English proficiency index' – a standard tool developed by the Bureau of Immigration, Multicultural and Population Research – was used to construct each of the English Proficiency (EP) Groups (see AIHW: Benham et al. 2000). Those countries consisting of immigrants who scored 98.5% or higher on this index and had an immigrant population of 10,000 or more were rated as EP Group 1. This group includes those countries referred to in previous CSDA MDS reports as 'Other English-speaking countries' (Canada, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, United Kingdom and United States of America). Because the number of usual immigrant residents has reached more than 10,000, Zimbabwe has been moved in to EP Group 1.

The remaining EP Groups were determined by their EP index score as follows:

- countries with a 'high' level of English proficiency (84.5–98.5%, or above 98.5% but with an immigrant population of less than 10,000) were placed in EP Group 2
- countries with a 'moderate' level of English proficiency (a rating of more than 57.5% but less than 84.5%) fell into EP Group 3
- the remaining countries (that is, those with a rating on the EP index of less than 57.5%) were labelled as having a 'low' level of English proficiency and placed in EP Group 4.

English Proficiency Group 1		
Canada		
Ireland		
New Zealand		
South Africa		
United Kingdom		
C C		
United States of America		
Zimbabwe		
English Proficiency Group 2		
Americas ^{nfd}	Brunei Darussalam	Dominica
Andorra	Bulgaria	Dominican Republic
Angola	Burkina Faso	Eastern Europe ^{nfd}
Antigua and Barbuda	Burundi	Equatorial Guinea
Aruba	Cameroon	Faeroe Islands
At Sea	Cape Verde	Falkland Islands
Australian ext. territories nec	Caribbean ^{nfd}	Fiji
Austria	Cayman Islands	Finland
Bahamas	Central African Republic	France
Bahrain	Central America nfd	French Guiana
Bangladesh	Chad	French Polynesia
Barbados	Chilean Antarctic Territory	Gabon
Belgium	Comoros	Gambia
Belize	Congo, Democratic Republic of	Germany
Benin	Cook Islands	Ghana
Bermuda	Costa Rica	Gibraltar
Bhutan	Cote D'Ivoire	Greenland
Botswana	Czech Republic	Grenada
Brazil	Denmark	Guadeloupe

(continued)

English Proficiency Group 2 (continued)

Guam	Nauru	Slovakia
Guatemala	Nepal	Slovenia
Guinea-Bissau	Netherlands	Solomon Islands
Guyana	Netherlands Antilles	South America ^{nec}
Haiti	New Caledonia	Southern and East Africa nec
Holy See	Niger	Southern and East Africa nfd
Iceland	Nigeria	Southern and Eastern Europe nfd
India	Niue	Southern Asia ^{nfd}
Indonesia	Norfolk Island	Spain
Israel	North Africa ^{nec}	Sri Lanka
Jamaica	North Africa ^{nfd}	St Helena
Kenya	Northern America ^{nfd}	St Kitts and Nevis
Kiribati	Northern Europe ^{nfd}	St Lucia
Latvia	Northern Mariana Islands	St Pierre and Miquelon
Lesotho	Norway	St Vincent and the Grenadines
Liberia	Oceania and Antarctica ^{nfd}	Suriname
Liechtenstein	Oman	Swaziland
Luxembourg	Pakistan	Sweden
Madagascar	Palau	Switzerland
Malawi	Panama	Tajikistan
Malaysia	Papua New Guinea	Tanzania
Maldives	Philippines	Tokelau
Mali	Polynesia (excludes Hawaii) ^{nec}	Tonga
Malta	Polynesia (excludes Hawaii) ^{nfd}	Trinidad and Tobago
Maritime South-East Asia ^{nfd}	Puerto Rico	Tunisia
Marshall Islands	Qatar	Turks and Caicos Islands
Martinique	Reunion	Tuvalu
Mauritania	Rwanda	Uganda
Mauritius	Samoa	United Arab Emirates
Melanesia ^{nfd}	Samoa, American	Vanuatu
Mexico	San Marino	Venezuela
Micronesia, Federated States of	Sao Tome and Principe	Virgin Islands, British
Monaco	Saudi Arabia	Virgin Islands, United States
Montserrat	Senegal	Wallis and Futuna
Могоссо	Seychelles	Western Sahara
Mozambique	Sierra Leone	Zambia
Namibia	Singapore	
English Proficiency Group 3		
Afghanistan	Belarus	Chile
Albania	Bolivia	China (excl. SARs and Taiwan province)
Algeria	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Colombia
Argentina	Burma (Myanmar)	Croatia
Armenia	Central and West Africa ^{nfd}	Cuba

(continued)

English Proficiency Group 3 (continued)

Cyprus	Jordan	Portugal
Djibouti	Kazakhstan	Romania
Ecuador	Korea, Democratic People's Rep of (North)	Russian Federation
Egypt	Korea, Republic of (South)	Somalia
El Salvador	Kuwait	South Eastern Europe nfd
Eritrea	Kyrgyz Republic	South-East Asia ^{nfd}
Estonia	Lebanon	Sudan
Ethiopia	Libya	Syria
Fmr Yslav Rep Macedonia (FYROM)	Lithuania	Taiwan
Gaza Strip and West Bank	Macau (SAR of China)	Thailand
Georgia	Micronesia ^{nfd}	Togo
Greece	Middle East ^{nfd}	Turkmenistan
Honduras	Moldova	Ukraine
Hong Kong (SAR of China)	Mongolia	Uruguay
Hungary	Nicaragua	Uzbekistan
Iran	North Africa and the Middle East ^{nfd}	Yemen
Iraq	Paraguay	Yugoslavia, Federal Republic of
Italy	Peru	
Japan	Poland	
English Proficiency Group 4		
Antarctica ^{nfd}	East Timor	Southern Europe nfd
Azerbaijan	Guinea	Turkey
Cambodia	Japan and the Koreas ^{nfd}	Viet Nam
Central Asia ^{nfd}	Laos	
Chinese Asia (includes Mongolia) ^{nfd}	Mainland South-East Asia nfd	

Notes

1. nfd—not further defined.

2. nec—not elsewhere classified.

3. SAR—special administrative region.

Source: DIMA 2003.

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