

Figure 15: Percentage of Canberra residents aged 0–64 years with severe disability, by SLA of usual residence

What does the map tell us?

- ▶ 1.9% of people aged 0–64 years living in Canberra had severe disability
 - ▷ ranging from nil in Duntroon to 3.4% in Phillip.
- ▶ Duntroon is the site of the Royal Military College, the Australian Army’s officer training establishment. More than three-quarters of Duntroon residents aged 0–64 years were employed in the defence or tertiary education sectors.
- ▶ After Duntroon, the SLA with the second lowest rate of severe disability among people aged 0–64 years was Barton (0.3%).
- ▶ People living in the most disadvantaged quintile of Canberra were around 80% more likely to have severe disability (2.5%) than people living in the most advantaged quintile (1.4%).
- ▶ Canberra’s social gradient is almost flat in the middle—severe disability rates vary only at either extreme of the socioeconomic spectrum. For the people living in the middle quintiles, there is very little difference in disability rates between SLAs.
- ▶ The social gradient of disability in Canberra is moderate (Spearman’s rank order correlation coefficient = -0.647).

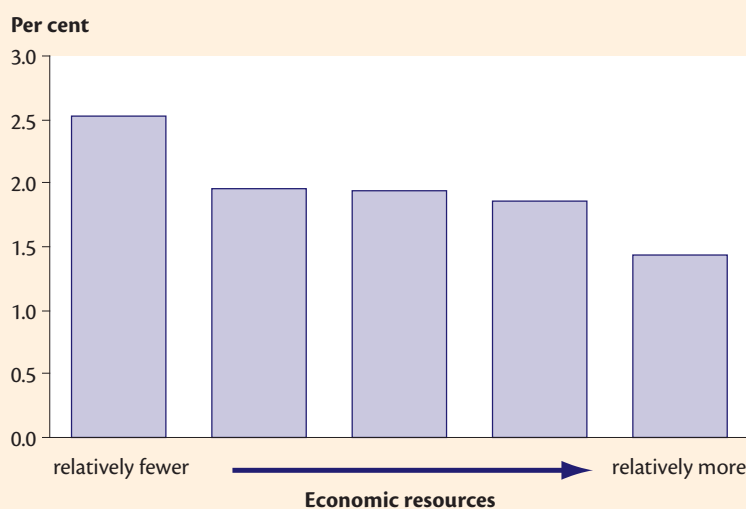


Figure 16: Percentage of Canberra residents aged 0–64 years with severe disability, by quintile of disadvantage of SLA of usual residence, 2006

Source: Table A1.