



# Specialist homelessness services 2019–20: Northern Territory

Homelessness can profoundly affect a person’s mental and physical health, their education and employment opportunities, and their ability to fully participate in society. Governments across Australia fund a range of specialist services to support people who are homeless or at risk of homelessness. Specialist Homelessness Services (SHS) deliver services for specific groups (such as people experiencing family and domestic violence and young people) as well as more generic services for people in housing crisis.

## How many people were assisted?

One in 24 people in the Northern Territory (NT) received homelessness assistance, higher than the national rate (1 in 87). The top 3 reasons for clients seeking assistance were:

- family and domestic violence (46%, compared with 39% nationally)
- financial difficulties (22%, compared with 41%)
- time out from family/other situation (22%, compared with 10%).

On average, 19 requests for assistance went unmet each day.

## Quick facts

- 10,300 clients were assisted in NT—4% of the national SHS population (290,500 total clients).

### Of NT clients:

- 31% were homeless on first presentation, lower than the national rate (43%).
- 9 in 10 (88%) who were at risk of homelessness were assisted to maintain housing.
- 1 in 4 clients (26%) who were homeless were assisted into housing.

## Client characteristics, 2019–20

	NT	Australia
Sex (%)	Male	40
	Female	60
Indigenous (%)	86	27
Remoteness (%)	Major cities	61
	Inner regional	23
	Outer regional	11
	Remote and very remote	6
Living arrangements (%)	Living alone	30
	One parent with child/ren	34
	Couple with child/ren	13
	Couple without child/ren	5
	Other family or group	18
Labour force (%)	Employed	13
	Unemployed	51
	Not in labour force	37
Education status (%)	Education/training	21
	Not in education/training	79
Median length of support (days)	36	43
Median nights of accommodation	12	28
Proportion receiving accommodation (%)	43	30

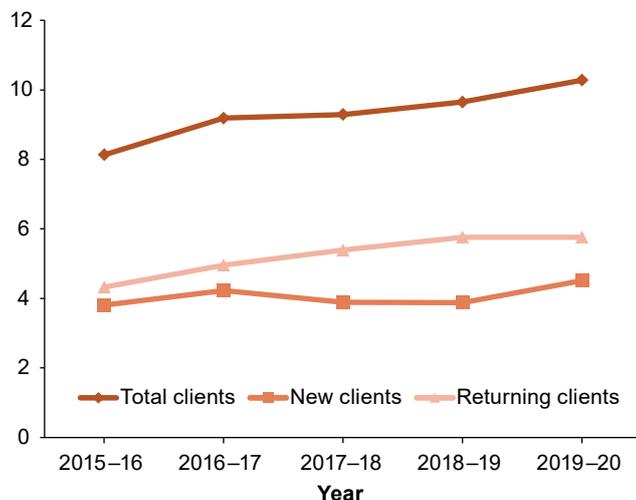
– nil or rounded to zero

Note: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

Source: SHSC supplementary tables 2019–20.

## Trends in NT client numbers

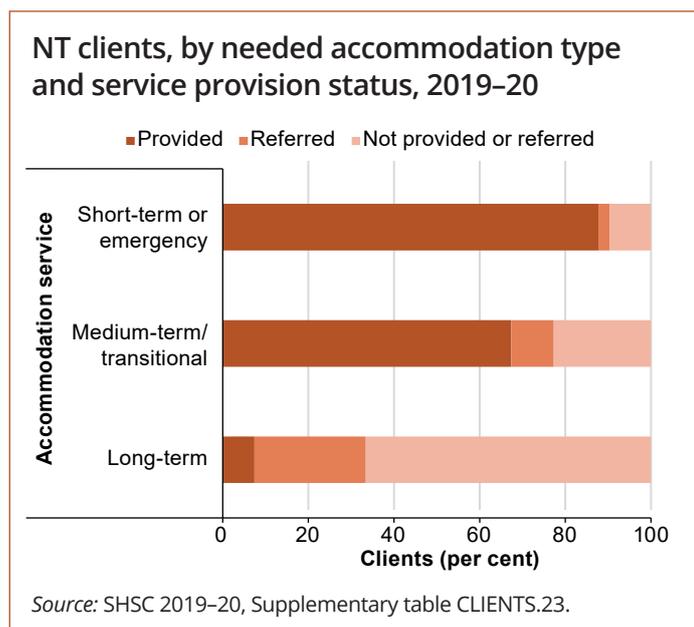
Number of clients ('000)



Source: Specialist Homelessness Services Collection (SHSC) unpublished data\*\*.

## Accommodation services

A smaller proportion of clients in the NT than nationally needed accommodation (52% and 59%, respectively).



## Client groups of interest

While the overall client rate was higher in the NT in 2019–20 compared with the previous year, lower rates were reported for most interest groups apart from Indigenous clients, disability, young people presenting alone and clients with a mental health issue.

### Clients per 10,000, by interest groups

	NT		Australia	
	2018–19	2019–20	2018–19	2019–20
All clients	390.4	418.0	116.2	114.5
Indigenous	967.7	1010.6	782.0	798.3
Young people presenting alone (15–24)	55.3	72.3	17.2	16.7
Older people (55 and over)	29.8	26.7	9.7	9.6
Family and domestic violence	188.2	183.5	46.6	47.0
Disability	7.4	8.5	2.9	2.6
Mental health	42.3	43.6	34.6	34.8
Exiting custodial arrangements	10.1	9.3	3.8	3.7
Leaving care	11.4	11.0	2.7	2.7
Children on protection orders	16.8	13.9	3.7	3.5
Drug/alcohol use	39.4	33.4	11.2	11.2

#### Notes

- Crude rates are used except for Indigenous rates which are directly age-standardised (see online technical information).
- Minor adjustments in rates may occur between publications reflecting revision of the estimated resident population by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

Sources: SHSC Supplementary tables 2018–19 to 2019–20.

## Housing outcomes

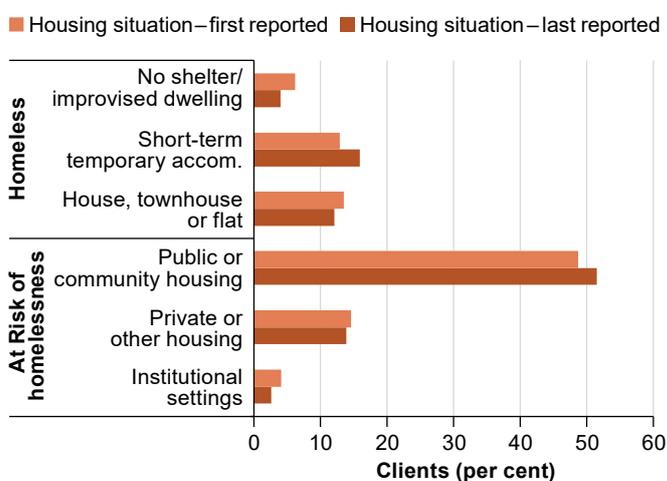
Housing outcomes are described for clients whose support ended in the financial year and detailed information about housing situation was known at the start and end of support.

Of the over 1,600 clients who began support homeless in 2019–20, 26% (around 430) were assisted into housing. Of these, 2 in 3 (68% or around 300) were housed in public or community housing, while almost 1 in 4 (27% or around 120 clients) were housed in private or other housing.

Of the 3,400 clients who began support housed, but at risk of homelessness, 9 in 10 (87%) were assisted to maintain housing. Of these clients at risk:

- 9 in 10 (88% or 2,200) of those in public or community housing were assisted to remain in their tenancy and a further 1% (40) were assisted into private or other housing.
- 7 in 10 (71% or 500) of those in private/other housing were assisted to remain in their tenancy and a further 13% (90) were assisted into public or community housing.

### NT clients, by housing situation at beginning and end of support, 2019–20



\*\*Note: Data for 2011–12 to 2016–17 have been adjusted for non-response. Due to improvements in rates of agency participation and SLK validity, 2017–18 data onwards are not weighted. The removal of weighting does not constitute a break in time series and weighted data from 2011–12 to 2016–17 are comparable with unweighted data for 2017–18 onwards. For further information, refer to the Technical notes.

### More information

More information on NT and national SHS data is available from [Specialist homelessness services annual report](#).