

# INFORMATION BULLETIN NO. 3 AUSTRALIAN HEALTH EXPENDITURE 1982–83 TO 1985–86

In 1985–86 total Australian health expenditure was \$18 465 million and was 7.8 per cent of Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

Health expenditure per person was \$1 161.

Between 1982-83 and 1985-86 health expenditure changed as follows:

Table 1: Increase in Health Expenditure on Preceding Years.

	TOTAL HEALTH	HEALTH EXPENDITURE
	EXPENDITURE	PER PERSON
	(%)	(%)
1983-84	12.1	10.6
1984-85	10.9	9.6
1985-86	11.5	9.8

Growth in health expenditure averaged 11.5 per cent per year in this period.

The Commonwealth's share of expenditure increased from 26.3 per cent in 1982–83 to 37.7 per cent in 1985–86.

A preliminary estimate of health expenditure in 1986–87 is \$20 600 million.

Hospital expenditure fell from 46 per cent of total recurrent expenditure in 1982–83 to 44 per cent in 1985–86.

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#### Total and Per Person Health Expenditure

Table 2 shows the total amount of money spent on health in Australia from 1982–83 to 1986–87, as well as the rates of growth.

	Amour	nt (\$m)	Rate of C	Growth(%)
Year	Current Prices	Constant 1984–85 Prices	Current Prices	Constant 1984–85 Prices
1982-83	13 327	15 074		
1983-84	14 939	15 894	12.1	5.4
1984-85	16 567	16 567	10.9	4.2
1985-86	18 465	17 279	11.5	4.3
1986–87(a)	20 591	17 719(b)	11.5	2.5

Table 2: Total Health Expenditure, Rate of Growth 1982-83 to 1986-87

(a) AIH preliminary estimates based on ABS data presented in Table 10: Estimates of Total Health Expenditure, p. 10.

(b) Health expenditure 1982–83 to 1985–86 deflated to constant prices using health specific deflators. 1986–87 health expenditure deflated using primarily the IPD 1 index. Further information about adjustment for inflation given in Explanatory Notes.

The rate of growth of total health expenditure (current prices) was 12.1 per cent between 1982–83 and 1983–84 but declined to 10.9 per cent from 1983–84 to 1984–85. It then increased to 11.5 per cent from 1984–85 to 1985–86. The same pattern also applied to the rate of growth in constant 1984–85 prices. A preliminary estimate of 1986–87 total health expenditure showed the rate of growth between 1985–86 and 1986–87 to be the same as the previous year. Rate of growth in constant prices for the period 1985–86 to 1986–87 was 2.5 per cent reflecting a higher rate of inflation in the health sector as compared to the economy as a whole (see Explanatory Notes).

Table 3 illustrates that health expenditure per person in both current prices and constant prices increased over time.

	Per Pers	on (\$)	Rate of Gr	owth (%)
Year	Current Prices	Constant 1984–85 Prices	Current Prices	Constant 1984–85 Prices
 1982-83	872	986		
1983-84	964	1026	10.6	4.1
1984-85	1057	1057	9.6	3.0
1985-86	1161	1087	9.8	2.8
1986-87(a)	1276	1098	9.9	1.0

Table 3: Health Expenditure Per Person, Rate of Growth 1982–83 to 1986–87 (Current and Constant 1984–85 Prices)

 (a) AIH preliminary estimates
 Source: Population figures are from ABS Australian Demographic Statistics, March Quarter 1988 Catalogue 3101.0

Rates of growth of health expenditure per person in both current and constant prices fluctuated over the period. No trend can be readily observed. Of the 38.6 per cent total growth in health expenditure from 1982-83 to 1985-86, 24 per cent was due to inflation and 4.4 per cent was due to population growth. Thus the real per person growth over the three years was only 10.2 per cent, or 3.3 per cent per annum.

Estimated growth in real terms of health expenditure per person for the period 1985-86 to 1986-87 was only one per cent. This low growth is partly explained by the high inflation rate in the health sector in 1986-87.

	Per Per	rson (\$) Rate of C	rson (\$) Rate of Growth (%)			
Year	Current Prices	Constant 1984-85 Prices	Current Prices	Constant 1984–85 Prices		
 1982-83	11 100	12 574				
1983-84	12 303	12 987	10.8	3.3		
1984-85	13 486	13 486	9.6	3.8		
1985-86	15 062	13 913	11.7	3.2		
1986-87	16 133	14 053	7.1	1.0		

Table 4: GDP Per Person,	Rate of Growth
1982-83 to 1986-87 (Curre	ent and Constant 1984–85 Prices)

Source: Population figures as in Table 3.

GDP figures 1982-83 to 1983-84 from ABS National Income and Expenditure 1986-87 Catalogue 5204.0. 1984-85 to 1986-87 from ABS Australian National Accounts, National Income and Expenditure June Quarter 1988 Catalogue 5206.0.

Tables 3 and 4 show that GDP per person in current prices grew by 9.8 per cent in the period 1982-83 to 1986-87 as compared to a growth in health expenditure per person of 10 per cent. In real terms, the average annual rate of growth of health expenditure per person was 2.7 per cent, very similar to the average annual rate of growth of GDP per person which was 2.8 per cent.

#### Proportion of Gross Domestic Product Spent on Health

Table 5 shows that the proportion of Gross Domestic Product spent on health has been stable at 7.8 per cent over the period 1982-83 to 1985-86. The 1986-87 preliminary estimate of total health expenditure in current prices of \$20 591m was 7.9 per cent of GDP, only marginally higher. This reflects a slow down in the growth of GDP not an acceleration in health expenditure (see Tables 3 and 4).

1982–83 to 19		uct and lotal Health Ex	penditure
Year	GDP	Total Health Expenditure	Proportion
	(\$m)	(\$m)	(%)
1982-83	169 866	13 327	7.8
1983-84	190 517	14 939	7.8
1984-85	211 483	16 567	7.8
1985-86	236 202	18 465	7.8
1986-87	260 379	20 591 (a)	7.9

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(a) AIH preliminary estimate Source: As in Table 4

Health Expenditure by Source of Funds and Area of Expenditure

#### Changes in Funding of Health Expenditure

Tables 6 to 9 show health expenditure classified by source of funds and by area of expenditure for 1982–83 to 1985–86. They are revised figures which, therefore, differ to some extent from previous publications. Most changes were made as a result of revisions by the Australian Bureau of Statistics to relevant data (see Explanatory Notes).

Figure 1 shows the proportion of health expenditure by various sources of funds. Over the period 1982–83 to 1985–86, the proportion of health expenditure funded by the Commonwealth Government increased, while that funded by the private sector decreased. This was due to Medicare which was introduced in February 1984. Prior to Medicare, only pensioners and persons in special need were eligible for Commonwealth medical benefits and for free accommodation and treatment by hospital doctors in public hospitals. With Medicare, all Australian residents became eligible for free treatment in public hospitals and a rebate of 85 per cent of the Schedule Fee for medical services. In the years since the introduction of Medicare, the proportions of health expenditure borne by each sector have stabilised.

The average annual rates of increase of Commonwealth funding, State and local government funding were 25.7 and 11.3 per cent respectively over the period 1982–83 to 1985–86. The average rate of annual decline in private funding was 1.3 per cent.

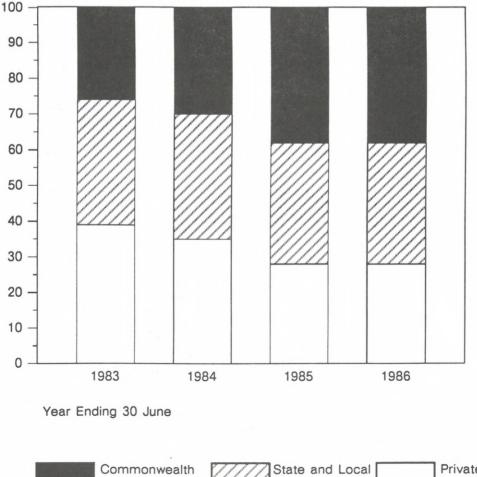


Figure 1: Proportion of Total Health Expenditure by Source of Funds (Per cent)



#### Expenditure on Specific Areas of Health Expenditure

Figure 2 and Tables 6 to 9 show health expenditure by major areas of expenditure as a proportion of recurrent expenditure, and the rate of growth in each area of expenditure respectively. Hospital expenditure continued to dominate health expenditure, accounting for 44 per cent of recurrent expenditure in 1985–86. However, the rate of growth of hospital expenditure in the years 1982–83 to 1985–86 averaged only 9.2 per cent as compared to the average growth rate for total recurrent expenditure of 10.9 per cent.

The dental and medical services areas showed substantial growth. Average annual growth rates of dental and medical services were 16.5 and 12.7 per cent respectively over the period 1982–83 to 1985–86. But growth in expenditure on other professional services such as chiropractic, physiotherapy, natural therapy etc. was higher – an annual average growth of 17.8 per cent.

Community health services and health promotion and illness prevention expenditure continued to show substantial growth in 1985–86 but still only represented 2.8 and .9 per cent of recurrent health expenditure respectively. Administration expenditure again appeared to only grow moderately in 1985–86, but some of this apparent efficiency merely represented transferring of administration costs from 'general administration' to functional areas.

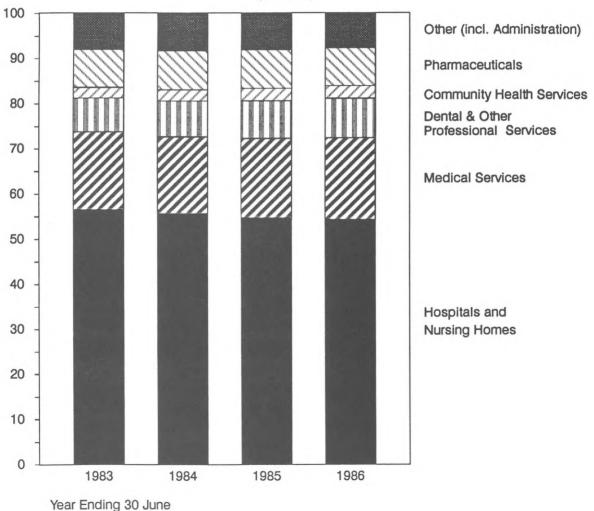


Figure 2: Recurrent Health Expenditure by Major Area of Expenditure (Per cent)

	PUBL	IC SE	CTOR	PR	IVATE S	SECT	0 R		% of Recur
AREA OF EXPENDITURE	Commonwealth (\$m)	State and Local Government (\$m)	Total Government (\$m)	Health Insurance Funds (\$m)	Individuals (\$m)	Other (\$m)	Total Private (\$m)	Total (\$m)	rent
1. TOTAL INSTITUTIONAL	1562	3571	5133	1259	389	300	1948	7080	56.
<ul> <li>(a) Total Hospitals</li> <li>(i) Recognised Public</li> <li>(ii) Private</li> <li>(iii) Repatriation</li> <li>(iv) Public Psychiatric</li> <li>(b) Total Nursing Homes</li> <li>(i) Government and Other</li> <li>(ii) Deficit Financed</li> <li>(c) Other Institutional Services</li> <li>(i) Ambulance</li> <li>(ii) Other Institutional (nec)</li> </ul>	719 387 113 199 21 788 566 222 55 32 23	3413 2964 449 72 72 86 86	4132 3351 113 199 470 860 638 222 141 118 23	1249 733 509 8 2 2 7 7 7	92 55 37 211 145 67 86 86	284 237 40 8 2 2 1 13 13	1626 969 603 8 45 216 149 67 106 106	5758 4320 716 207 515 1076 786 289 247 224 23	46. 34. 5. 1. 4. 8. 2. 1. 0.
2. TOTAL NON-INSTITUTIONAL	1652	298	1950	1142	1458	178	2778	4728	37.
<ul> <li>(a) Medical Services</li> <li>(b) Dental Services</li> <li>(c) Other Professional Services</li> <li>(d) Community Health Services</li> <li>(e) Pharmaceuticals</li> <li>(i) Benefits Paid Items</li> <li>(ii) All Other Items</li> <li>(f) Aids and Appliances</li> </ul>	992 15 25 89 491 491 38 1	51 202 1	992 66 25 291 491 491 39 45	854 175 54 1 13 13 44 2	187 326 244 541 177 364 157	126 11 27 2 5 5 6	1167 511 326 6 558 177 382 207	2159 578 351 297 1050 668 382 246 47	17. 4. 2. 8. 5. 3. 2.
(f) Aids and Appliances (g) Other Non-institutional	1	44	45	2			2	47	ō.
3. HEALTH PROMOTION AND ILLNESS PREVENTION	2	70	72					72	0.
4. ADMINISTRATION	118	102	220	265			265	485	3.
5. RESEARCH	115	13	129		23		23	152	1.
TOTAL RECURRENT EXPENDITURE	3449	4054	7503	2666	1870	478	5014	12 517	
CAPITAL CONSUMPTION	22	319	341					341	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	28	240	269				200	469	
TOTAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE	3499	4614	8113				5214	13 327	

### Table 6: Total Health Expenditure, Area of Expenditure by Source of Funds (1982-83)

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	PUBL	IC SE(	CTOR	PR	IVATE S	ECT	0 R		% of Recur
AREA OF EXPENDITURE	Commonwealth (\$m)	State and Local Government (\$m)	Total Government (\$m)	Health Insurance Funds (\$m)	Individuals (\$m)	Other (\$m)	Total Private (\$m)		rent
1. TOTAL INSTITUTIONAL	1863	3976	5839	1134	522	290	1947	7785	55.
<ul> <li>(a) Total Hospitals</li> <li>(i) Recognised Public</li> <li>(ii) Private</li> <li>(iii) Repatriation</li> <li>(iv) Public Psychiatric</li> <li>(b) Total Nursing Homes</li> <li>(i) Government and Other</li> <li>(ii) Deficit Financed</li> <li>(c) Other Institutional Services</li> <li>(i) Ambulance</li> <li>(ii) Other Institutional (nec)</li> </ul>	897 523 123 227 23 905 657 248 61 37 24	3770 3275 495 107 107 99 99	4667 3798 123 227 518 1012 764 248 160 136 24	1127 614 505 7 7 7 7	180 142 38 243 168 75 99 99	279 238 32 8 3 2 1 8 8 8	1586 853 680 7 47 246 170 76 114 114	6253 4651 803 234 565 1257 934 324 275 250 24	44. 33. 5. 1. 4. 9. 6. 2. 2. 0.
2. TOTAL NON-INSTITUTIONAL	2205	347	2552	929	1732	165	2827	5378	38.
<ul> <li>(a) Medical Services</li> <li>(b) Dental Services</li> <li>(c) Other Professional Services</li> <li>(d) Community Health Services</li> <li>(e) Pharmaceuticals</li> <li>(i) Benefits Paid Items</li> <li>(ii) All Other Items</li> <li>(f) Aids and Appliances</li> <li>(g) Other Non-institutional</li> </ul>	1442 18 39 105 555 555 38	54 236 3 54	39 341 555 555 41	615 193 77 1 18 18 19 7	636 177	114 46 4 0 4 1	926 588 408 1 658 177 482 240	2368 660 447 342 1213 732 482 281	16. 43.285 32.
(g) Other Non-institutional	6	54	60	7			7	67	ō
3. HEALTH PROMOTION AND ILLNESS PREVENTION	4	85	89					89	0
4. ADMINISTRATION	193	100	293	241			241	534	3
5. RESEARCH	135	17	152		30		30	182	1
TOTAL RECURRENT EXPENDITURE	4398	4525	8924	2304	2285	455	5044	13 968	
CAPITAL CONSUMPTION	26	332	358					358	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	74	305	379				234	613	
TOTAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE	4498	5163	9661				5278	14 939	

## Table 7: Total Health Expenditure, Area of Expenditure by Source of Funds (1983-84)

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	PUBLI	C SEO	CTOR	PR	IVATE S	SECT	0 R		% of
AREA OF EXPENDITURE	Commonwealth G (\$m)	State and Local overnment (\$m)	Total Government (\$m)	Health Insurance Funds (\$m)	Individuals (\$m)	Other (\$m)	Total Private (\$m)	Total (\$m)	Recur rent
1. TOTAL INSTITUTIONAL	2551	4257	6808	838	558	239	1635	8443	54.
<ul> <li>(a) Total Hospitals</li> <li>(i) Recognised Public</li> <li>(ii) Private</li> <li>(iii) Repatriation</li> <li>(iv) Public Psychiatric</li> <li>(b) Total Nursing Homes</li> <li>(i) Government and Other</li> <li>(ii) Deficit Financed</li> <li>(c) Other Institutional Services</li> <li>(i) Ambulance</li> <li>(ii) Other Institutional (nec)</li> </ul>	1483 1043 166 248 26 1005 722 283 64 37 26	4067 3529 6 532 79 79 79 111 111	5550 4572 166 254 558 1084 801 283 175 148 26	832 295 533 4 6 6	179 136 43 270 188 83 109 109	229 187 33 8 3 2 1 7 7 7	1240 482 703 4 51 273 190 83 122 122	6789 5054 869 258 609 1357 990 367 297 271 26	44. 32. 5. 1. 4. 8. 6. 2. 1. 0.
2. TOTAL NON-INSTITUTIONAL	3206	411	3617	416	1829	223	2468	6085	39.
<ul> <li>(a) Medical Services</li> <li>(b) Dental Services</li> <li>(c) Other Professional Services</li> <li>(d) Community Health Services</li> <li>(e) Pharmaceuticals</li> <li>(i) Benefits Paid Items</li> <li>(ii) All Other Items</li> <li>(f) Aids and Appliances</li> <li>(g) Other Non-institutional</li> </ul>	2316 21 63 120 637 637 41 9	64 290 57	2316 85 410 637 637 41 66	25 232 109 1 25 25 18 7	220 459 264 3 644 186 458 239	130 85 3 4 4 2	374 691 458 7 673 186 487 259 7	2690 776 520 417 1310 823 487 300 72	17. 5. 3. 2. 8. 5. 3. 1. 0.
3. HEALTH PROMOTION AND ILLNESS PREVENTION	9	112	121					121	0.
4. ADMINISTRATION	220	114	334	204			204	538	3.
5. RESEARCH	157	22	179		39		39	219	1.
TOTAL RECURRENT EXPENDITURE CAPITAL CONSUMPTION	6143 30	4916 350	11 059 380	1458	2427	462	4346	15 406 380	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	42	394	436				345	781	
TOTAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE	6215	5660	11 875				4691	16 567	

Table 8: Total Health Expenditure, Area of Expenditure by Source of Funds (1984-85)

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	PUBL	IC SE	CTOR	PR	IVATE S	ECT	OR		% of Recur-
AREA OF EXPENDITURE	Commonwealth \$m	State and Local Government Şm	Government	Health Insurance Funds Şm	Individuals Şm	Other Şm	Total Private Şm	Total Şm	rent
1. TOTAL INSTITUTIONAL	2767	4792	7559	846	680	181	1706	9265	54.3
<ul> <li>(a) Total Hospitals</li> <li>(i) Recognised Public</li> <li>(ii) Private</li> <li>(iii) Repatriation</li> <li>(iv) Public Psychiatric</li> <li>(b) Total Nursing Homes</li> <li>(i) Government and Other</li> <li>(ii) Deficit Financed</li> <li>(c) Other Institutional Services</li> <li>(i) Ambulance</li> <li>(ii) Other Institutional (nec)</li> </ul>	1604 1116 168 287 32 1086 779 307 77 45 32	4605 4026 574 72 72 114 114	1158 851 307 192	840 306 534 6	286 239 48 303 209 94 91 91	169 125 37 7 3 2 1 8 8	1295 431 810 54 306 211 95 105 105	7504 5573 978 293 660 1464 1062 402 297 265 32	44.0 32.1 3.0 8.0 2.1
2. TOTAL NON-INSTITUTIONAL	3655	472	4127	518	1990	205	2714	6840	40.1
<ul> <li>(a) Medical Services</li> <li>(b) Dental Services</li> <li>(c) Other Professional Services</li> <li>(d) Community Health Services</li> <li>(e) Pharmaceuticals</li> <li>(i) Benefits Paid Items</li> <li>(ii) All Other Items</li> <li>(f) Aids and Appliances</li> <li>(g) Other Non-institutional</li> </ul>	2686 25 69 120 702 702	70 351	69 471 702 702	17 295 170 1 31 31	268 523 259 701 243 458 239	120 2 76 5 5 2	405 820 505 1 737 243 494 246	3091 915 574 472 1439 945 494 289	18.1 5.4 2.8 8.4 5.5 1.1
(g) Other Non-institutional	43 9	51	43 61					61	0.4
3. HEALTH PROMOTION AND ILLNESS PREVENTION	31	125	156					156	0.9
4. ADMINISTRATION	249	73	322	233			233	555	3.3
5. RESEARCH	167	24	191		42		42	233	1.4
TOTAL RECURRENT EXPENDITURE	6869	5485	12 354	1597	2712	386	4695	17 050	
CAPITAL CONSUMPTION	35	381	416					416	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	49	498	547				452	999	
TOTAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE	6953	6364	13 317				5147	18 465	

Table 9: Total Health Expenditure, Area of Expenditure by Source of Funds (1985-86)

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Table 10 shows preliminary estimates of total health expenditure derived directly from the ABS data presented in Tables 11 and 12. Estimates of total health expenditure produced by the AIH (Tables 1 to 9) differ from those produced by the ABS because the Institute includes a broader range of expenditure (such as health research funded by Universities) and there are differences in the methodologies used by the two organisations.

From 1983–84 to 1985–86, AIH estimates of recurrent expenditure on health have been, on average, approximately 1.9 per cent higher than those deriving directly from ABS data (Table 10). The 1986–87 recurrent expenditure of \$18 663m in Table 10 is therefore adjusted upward by 1.9 per cent to arrive at the AIH recurrent expenditure estimate of \$19 010m and total health expenditure of \$20 591m. (Total health expenditure includes recurrent expenditure, capital consumption and capital expenditure.)

	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
RECURRENT EXPENDITURE					
Commonwealth Government	3404	4358	6071	6615	7181
Other Governments	4032	4497	4881	5448	6020
Private Sector	4673	4794	4247	4671	5463
TOTAL	12 109	13 649	15 199	16 734	18 663
CAPITAL CONSUMPTION *					
Commonwealth Government	22	26	30	35	41
Other Governments	319	332	350	381	413
TOTAL	341	358	380	416	454
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE					
Commonwealth Government	29	73	50	101	131
Other Government	246	307	400	453	520
Private Sector	200	234	332	445	475
TOTAL	474	614	781	998	1126
TOTAL EXPENDITURE					
Commonwealth Government	3454	4457	6151	6751	7353
Other Government	4596	5136	5631	6282	6953
Private Sector	4873	5028	4578	5116	5937
TOTAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE	12 924	14 621	16 360	18 148	20 243

Table 10: Estimates of Total Health Expenditure from ABS data 1982–83 to 1986–87 (\$million)

\* Only capital consumption for the public sector is included here. Capital consumption (Depreciation) in the private sector is included in private sector recurrent expenditure and cannot be separated out.

The figures in this table are from Table 11 and Table 12

	÷	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87	
Commonwealth Government							
Final Consumption Expenditure (FCE)	(b)	688	861	959	942	1008	
Capital Consumption (CC)	(c)	22	26	30	35	41	
FCE and CC	(a)	710	887	989	977	1049	
Plus – Subsidies	(b)	92.6	110.3	140.2	147.8	59	
- Personal Benefit Payments	(b)	2066	2600	3598	4058	4547	
- Grants to Non-profit Organisations	(b)	304.4	351.1	410.8	416.2	481.8	
- Grants to Other Governments	(b)	252.7	435.2	962.8	1051.2	1084.7	
Total Commonwealth Government Outlays		3425.7	4383.6	6100.8	6650.2	7221.5	
State and Local Governments							
Final Consumption Expenditure (FCE)	(d)	4222	4862	5777	6438	7038	
Capital Consumption (CC)	(c)	319	332	350	381	413	
FCE and CC	(a)	4541	5194	6127	6819	7451	
Plus – State Grants to							
Non-profit Organisations	(c)	62.6	70	66.5	60.8	66.3	
Less – Grants from Commonwealth	(b)	252.7	435.2	962.	1051.2	1084.7	
Total State and Local Governments Outlays	. ,	4350.9	4828.8	5230.7	5828.6	6432.6	
Private Sector							
Final Consumption Expenditure	(a)	7199	7925	8462	9354	10 617	
Less – Subsidies	(b)	92.6	110.3	140.2	147.8	59	
- Personal Benefit Payments	(b)	2066	2600	3598	4058	4547	
- Grants from Commonwealth	(b)	304.4	351.1	410.8	416.2	481.8	
- Grants from State Government	(c)	62.6	70	66.5	60.8	66.3	
Total Private Sector Outlays	. /	4673.4	4793.6	4246.5	4671.2	5462.9	
All Sectors Recurrent Expenditure		12 450	14 006	15 578	17 150	19 117	

Table 11: Estimates of Total Recurrent Expenditure on Health from ABS data 1982-83 to 1986-87 (\$ million)

Notes: (a) Australian Bureau of Statistics National Income and Expenditure 1986–87 ABS Catalogue No. 5204.0

(b) Australian Bureau of Statistics Commonwealth Government Finance, Australia August 1988

(c) Australian Bureau of Statistics, unpublished data

(d) Calculated by taking difference between (a) and (c)

Table 12: Estimates of Total Capital Expenditure on Health from ABS data 1982-83 to 1986-87 (\$ million)

	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
Commonwealth Government					
Gross Fixed Capital Expenditure	(a) 24	69	42	48	72
Plus – Grants to Private Sector	(b) 1.3	2.7	4.4	2.7	3.1
- Grants to Other Governments	(b) 3.2	1.7	3.2	50	56
Total Commonwealth Government	28.5	73.4	49.6	100.7	131.1
State and Local Governments					
Gross Fixed Capital Expenditure	(a) 245	303	394	498	573
Plus – State Grants to					
Non-profit Organisations	(c) 3.7	5.4	8.9	4.7	3.4
Less – Grants from Commonwealth	(b) 3.2	1.7	3.2	50	56
Total State and Local Governments	245.5	306.7	399.7	452.7	520.4
Private Sector					
Gross Fixed Capital Expenditure	(c) 205	242	345	452	481
Less – Grants from Commonwealth	(b) 1.3	2.7	4.4	2.7	3.1
- Grants from State Governments	(c) 3.7	5.4	8.9	4.7	3.4
Total Private Sector	200	233.9	331.7	444.6	474.5
All Sectors Capital Expenditure	474	614	781	998	1126

Notes: (a) Australian Bureau of Statistics Australian National Accounts, National Income and Expenditure, March 87 and June 88

(b) Australian Bureau of Statistics Commonwealth Government Finance, Australia August 1988

(c) Australian Bureau of Statistics, unpublished data

#### Explanatory Notes

#### a) Changes of Definitions and Data

Some of the figures included in this Information Bulletin have been revised as compared to the previous edition, Information Bulletin No.2. The major revisions were as follows:

1. *Private capital expenditure*: ABS has adopted Australian Accounting Standard 17 (AAS17) Accounting for Leases. This standard means that the leasing of hospital and medical equipment is now counted as capital expenditure (*Australian National Accounts, National Income and Expenditure* 1985–86). For example, private capital expenditure on health for 1985–86 prior to adoption of AAS17 was \$340m. After adoption of AAS17, it was \$452m.

2. GDP: ABS has revised GDP figures as a result of the incorporation of data from periodic benchmark collections (1985–86 Retail Census, 1986 Population Census) and from the use of new data sources. The major areas of revision are the dwelling rent component of private final consumption expenditure (\$9 000 million revision in 1986–87), the 'goods' components of private final consumption expenditure, the items 'Purchase of motor vehicles' and 'Operation of motor vehicles' expenditure by private non-profit organisations serving households, and the entertainment and recreation component of private final consumption expenditure (ABS *Quarterly Estimates of National Income and Expenditure Australia, December Quarter 1987*).

3. Private sector expenditure: ABS has revised the figures for 1982–83 to 1984–85 in the light of more accurate recent information resulting in higher private final consumption expenditure on health. For an instance, the private final consumption expenditure on health for 1984–85 published in September quarter 1987 was \$8 178m. But the figure became \$8 462m in December quarter 1987 (ABS Quarterly Estimates of National Income and Expenditure, Australia, September and December Quarters 1987).

#### b) Adjustment for Inflation

To adjust for inflation, six price deflators including three health specific deflators were used for 1982–83 to 1985–86. For 1986–87, only IPD 1, IPD 2 and IPD 3 were used to arrive at the estimate of real total health expenditure. These deflators are shown in Table 13.

Type of Deflator		1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
Total Health Expen-	_					
diture Deflator	(a)	88.4	94.0	100.0	106.9	n.a.
IPD 1	(b)	89.0	94.5	100.0	106.2	116.1
IPD 2	(c)	89.4	94.8	100.0	107.7	120.2
IPD 3 IPD for Gross	(c)	89.2	93.7	100.0	111.8	115.6
Domestic Product	(c)	88.4	94.6	100.0	106.8	114.6

lable 13: Deflator	ble 13: Deflato	)rs
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n.a. = not available

Source : (a) calculated using ABS unpublished data on various deflators: Doctors, Dentist and Pharmaceuticals, as well as IPD 1, IPD 2, and IPD 3

(b) ABS National Income and Expenditure 1986-87, Catalogue 5204.0

(c) ABS Australian National Accounts June Quarter 1988, Catalogue 5206.0

IPD 1 is the Implicit Price Deflator for Government Final Consumption Expenditure on Health, Social Security and Welfare. IPD 2 is the Implicit Price Deflator for General Government Gross Fixed Capital Expenditure. IPD 3 is the Implicit Price Deflator for Private Gross Fixed Capital Expenditure on Non–Dwelling Construction. This was used to deflate private sector capital expenditure.

The total health expenditure deflator and IPD 1 use a base year of 1979–80. The figures in Table 13 have been recalculated setting 1984–85 to 100. IPD 2, IPD 3 and the implicit price deflator for GDP use a base year of 1984–85.

#### Definitions and Sources

The AIH collected information for the estimates of health expenditure from a wide range of sources, with the ABS and the Commonwealth Department of Community Services and Health providing most of the raw data.

Tables in this bulletin may not add due to rounding.

The 'Other' column in Tables 6 to 9 includes the health costs of workers' compensation and motor vehicle third party insurance.

The 'Medical Services' category includes expenditure on medical services provided on a 'fee for service' basis, and includes medical services provided to private patients in hospitals. It does not include the cost of salaried medical practitioners or of Visiting Medical Officers at recognised (public) hospitals.

These figures do not include expenditures which are primarily of a welfare nature even if they have a health component. Also excluded are most costs associated with the training of health personnel in universities and colleges of advanced education. However in some cases, for example, hospital based nursing training, the cost of training cannot be separated from the operational costs of health services.

Further details of the sources and definitions of the health expenditure categories used in this bulletin are contained in Appendixes A and B of the AIH publication *Australian Health Expenditure* 1970–71 to 1984–85 (in press).

Further copies of this bulletin can be obtained by writing to the Australian Institute of Health, GPO Box 570, Canberra, ACT, 2601, or by telephoning John Goss on (062)435028 or Maneerat Pinyopusarerk on (062)435079.

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#### PUBLICATIONS OF THE AUSTRALIAN INSTITUTE OF HEALTH

Publications available from the AIH include:-

Health Expenditure

Australian Health Expenditure 1979–80 to 1981–82 (free) Information Bulletin No.1, Preliminary Estimates of Total Health Expenditure: 1982–83 to 1984–85 (free) Information Bulletin No.2, Australian Health Expenditure: 1982–83 to 1984–85 (free) Information Bulletin No.3, Australian Health Expenditure: 1982–83 to 1985–86 (free) Australian Health Expenditure 1970–71 to 1984–85 (in press).

#### Other Topics

Aboriginal Health Statistics : Proceedings of a Workshop Darwin, April 1986 Hall J, et al (1986) Report to the National Committee on Health and Vital Statistics on Outcome Data in Health Roy Harvey (1987) Hoarding and Wastage of Prescription Drugs

Paper presented to the 1987 Public Health Association Conference, Sydney, August 1987

Smith L R, et al (1987) *Cancer in Australia 1982* National Cancer Statistics Clearing House, Scientific Publication No. 1

National Health Technology Advisory Panel Reports various (ring 435000 for further details) National Health Technology Advisory Panel Newsletters No 1 – 7 Health Workforce Information Bulletins (analysis of 1981 Census)

No.1 Nurse Workforce 1981
No.2 Medical Workforce 1981
No.3 Dental Workforce 1981
No.4 Physiotherapy Workforce 1981
No.5 Occupational Therapy Workforce 1981
No.6 Speech Therapy Workforce 1981
No.7 Radiography Workforce 1981
No.8 Dietitian Workforce 1981
No.9 Chiropody Workforce 1981

Available from Commonwealth Government Bookshops : -

Australia's Health (1988)

In its new publication, the Australian Institute of Health has produced a unique assemblage of statistical data on the state of Australia's health. Topics discussed are: changes in occurrence of diseases and in expectation of life since white settlement; the effects of age, sex, social status and occupation on the incidence of sickness and disease; the present scope and cost of health services; and the changes in the health picture that are to be expected as the Australian population ages.

An invaluable reference book, for health workers and students in the health field; for hospitals and health care institutions; for organisations concerned with health care and health insurance; and for those involved in planning for the effects of demographic change.

Daly J, et al (1987) Technologies in Health Care: Policies and Politics Proceedings of a workshop held at the Australian National University, Canberra, 3-4 August 1985

Lewis M (1988) Managing Madness : Psychiatry and Society in Australia 1788-1980

Lee Sun-Hee (1988) Women's Health Data Requirements