Community Aged Care Packages in Australia 2000–01

A statistical overview

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Community Aged Care Packages in Australia 2000–01

A statistical overview

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1 Introduction

This report is the third annual compilation of national administrative by-product data prepared by the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) on Community Aged Care Packages—a Commonwealth-funded program designed to provide assistance to enable frail or disabled older people with complex care needs to continue living in the community. For data on residential aged care there is a companion volume, also released annually, entitled *Residential Aged Care in Australia* 2000–01 (AIHW 2002).

The report contains a set of tables compiled from the Aged and Community Care Management Information System (ACCMIS), managed and regularly updated by the Commonwealth Department of Health and Ageing. The aim of this report is to highlight the characteristics of care recipients and patterns of service provision of the Community Aged Care Package Program. The data reported provide a summary of:

- growth trends in Community Aged Care Packages over time;
- the number of Community Aged Care Packages at 30 June 2001;
- the number of outlets providing these packages throughout Australia;
- socio-demographic characteristics of care package recipients;
- service provision for 'special needs' groups;
- the number of admissions and separations between 1 July 2000 and 30 June 2001; and
- State and Territory variations.

To date, service-providing outlets have not been required to routinely report information such as the type of assistance received by care recipients, their levels of dependency and carer support. Although some State and Territory offices of the Commonwealth Department of Health and Ageing collect a wide range of data, including types of assistance received, carer availability and staff composition, from service-providing outlets from time to time, national data are not available for inclusion in this report.

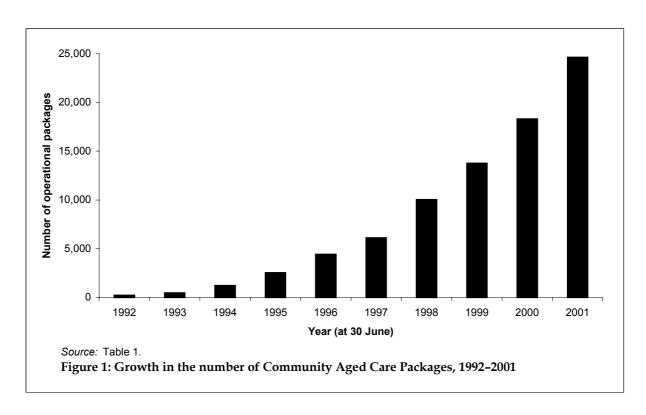
Steps are under way, however, to develop further national data on Community Aged Care Packages. In 2001, the Commonwealth Department of Health and Ageing asked the AIHW to identify the range of information on service provision needed to support performance measurement, policy development and future planning of the program, and to produce a data dictionary to support data collection for the Community Aged Care Package program. That project has been completed (AIHW forthcoming), and a national data collection based on that project is planned for 2002.

For further background information on the program as well as earlier data on the use and provision of Community Aged Care Packages, readers should refer to the report entitled *Community Aged Care Packages: How Do They Compare?* (Mathur et al. 1997) or previous editions of this publication (for example, AIHW 2001b). National publications such as the biennial *Australia's Welfare* 2001 (AIHW 2001a) also report on selected aspects of the program.

2 Main features

2.1 Community Aged Care Packages

Community Aged Care Packages were initiated in 1992 as a Commonwealth-funded program to provide an alternative to low-level residential aged care for older people living in the community. Since 1995, it has been government policy to provide 10 funded care packages for every 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over. Figure 1 shows the rapid growth in the number of packages in the decade, from 235 in 1992 to 24,630 in 2001.



The data presented in this section of the report include Community Aged Care Packages provided by Multi-Purpose Services and services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy, ² as well as those (the majority) provided under the Community Aged Care Package Program.

At 30 June 2001 there were 24,630 packages throughout Australia. The majority of these packages were in New South Wales and Victoria (35% and 24%, respectively) (Table 2).

These packages are available for use in the community and include packages that are currently in use and those temporarily not in use but available. The 24,630 operational packages include 93 places approved as conversions from residential aged care places or restructuring places.

^{2.} Further information on these services and their use by Indigenous Australians can be found in AIHW 2001a.

Queensland had 17% of the packages, followed by South Australia (9%) and Western Australia (9%). The remaining 5% of packages were distributed across Tasmania (3%), the Australian Capital Territory (1%) and the Northern Territory (1%).

Capital cities accounted for 61% of packages while 26% of packages were in rural areas. The distribution of packages among other metropolitan centres and remote areas was 9% and 4%, respectively (Table 2).

Overall, the number of packages increased nationally by 35% during the 12 months to 30 June 2001 – from 18,309 at 30 June 2000 to 24,630 packages at 30 June 2001. The ratio of packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over also increased – from 10.8 at 30 June 2000 (AIHW 2001b) to 14.2 at 30 June 2001 (Table 3).

2.2 Multi-Purpose Services and services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy

In addition to the outlets and packages provided under the mainstream Community Aged Care Packages Program, additional packages and residential care places are provided by Multi-Purpose Services and services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy. At 30 June 2001, there were 56 Multi-Purpose Services providing 1,089 residential care places and 106 packages, and 23 services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy providing 297 residential care places and 94 packages. At 30 June 2000, the comparable figures were 1,038 residential care places and 86 packages for Multi-Purpose Services, and 267 residential care places and 81 packages for services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy (AIHW 2001b).

In the remainder of this report, data presented pertain only to the mainstream Community Aged Care Package Program. Data on Multi-Purpose Services and services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy are not included as their recipients are not included in the current national database.

2.3 Service outlets

There were 859 service outlets providing 24,630 packages throughout Australia, at 30 June 2001. The majority of outlets (84%) were located in the four largest Australian States, namely New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia. The Australian Capital Territory had the smallest share of outlets providing packages (less than 1%, Table 4).

The majority of service outlets were either community-based outlets (44%) or outlets operated by the religious or charitable sector (38%). Of the remainder, 12% were run by state and local governments and 6% by the private (commercial) sector.

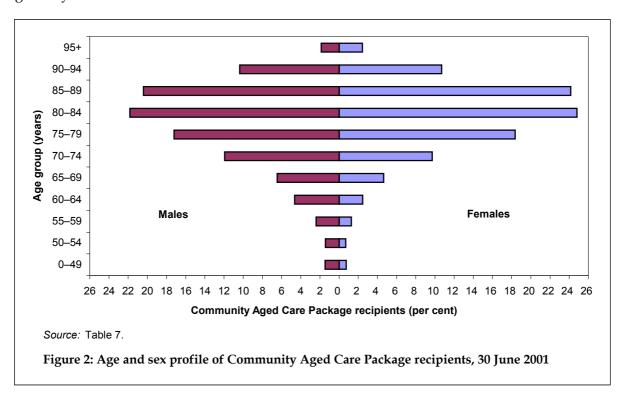
On average, there were 29 packages per outlet. However, the outlet size varied greatly across Australia, with half of all outlets having between 1 and 20 packages (50%), and 29% having between 21 and 40 packages. Of the six largest outlets, each responsible for more than 120 care packages, five were located in Victoria and one was located in New South Wales (Table 5).

As expected, outlets operating in rural and remote areas were small in size, with the majority having 20 packages or less. Larger outlets of more than 80 packages each could be found mainly operating in areas of high population density, such as capital cities (Table 6).

2.4 Socio-demographic characteristics

Age and sex profiles

The majority of the 20,728 care recipients³ at 30 June 2001 were aged 80 years and over (60%). Those aged 90 years and over accounted for 13% (Table 7). Female recipients predominated in absolute numbers, as is illustrated in Figure 2, varying from 55% of all recipients aged under 50 years to 73% of all recipients aged 85 years and over. Taken together, the age and sex trends result in a client profile where over half (57%) of all care recipients are women aged 75 years or over.



Younger care recipients (aged under 65)

The Community Aged Care Package Program targets older people in the community who have complex care needs. Younger people with disabilities can only receive packages if their care needs fit the criteria of the program and if there are no other appropriate services operating in their area (DHAC 1999). Consequently, it is not common for younger people

^{3.} Consultations undertaken by AIHW staff with Community Aged Care Package providers in the context of developing data collection requirements for the program found that many service providers provide regular Community Aged Care Package assistance to a greater number of recipients than they are approved to provide care to and for whom they are not entitled to claim the Community Care Subsidy (AIHW forthcoming). These supplementary care recipients are not included in the current national database.

with disabilities to access the program: about 7% of care recipients were aged under 65, and only 1% of care recipients were under the age of 50 (Figure 2 and Table 7).

Indigenous Australians⁴

In total, there were 503 care recipients who were identified as Indigenous Australians at 30 June 2001, making up 2.4% of all care recipients. There was no record of Indigenous people receiving packages in the Australian Capital Territory, while 59.6% of care recipients in the Northern Territory indicated that they were Indigenous. After the Northern Territory, Western Australia had the next highest proportion of Indigenous care recipients, at 6.8%. The proportion of Indigenous care recipients reported in other States ranged from 0.2% in Victoria to 3.4% in Queensland (Table 10).

As shown in Table 11, remote areas of Australia were home to half (50%) of the Indigenous care recipients at 30 June 2001. A further 29% of the Indigenous care recipients lived in rural areas. The remaining Indigenous care recipients lived in capital cities (14%) and other metropolitan centres (7%). There were 28 care recipients who did not respond to this item.⁵

In addition, there were 94 packages provided to Indigenous care recipients by services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy. No further data are available on the characteristics of care recipients receiving packages under the strategy. It is possible that a proportion of clients receiving packages from Multi-Purpose Services were also Indigenous care recipients.

Birthplace and preferred language

Birthplace and preferred language both had an 87% response rate for package recipients. Of those care recipients who reported their birthplace, about 3 in 10 were born overseas (31%). Approximately 14% were born in North-West Europe while 11% were born in Southern or Eastern Europe. People born in Asia accounted for 3% of care recipients (Table 12).

Nationally, 87% of all responding care recipients indicated that English was their preferred language, while 10% preferred a European language. Australian Indigenous languages accounted for approximately 1% of preferred languages of all respondents (Table 13).

Pension status

The pension status recorded for recipients of Community Aged Care Packages was the type of pension received, for example the age pension, the invalid pension or pensions from the Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA).

The proportion of care recipients who responded to the question on pension status was lower (a response rate of 81%) than for variables such as birthplace and preferred language. Among those for whom data were available, 82% were receiving an age pension, 8% a DVA pension, and 1% an invalid pension. Care recipients receiving other pensions comprised 8% of those care recipients with known pension status (Table 14).

In this report, Indigenous Australians are defined as those people who were reported as being of either Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin, or both.

^{5.} Here and elsewhere in the text of this report, missing data has been excluded from the percentage base

Usual residence status

Of the 14,790 care recipients who reported their usual residence status at the time of application for a Community Aged Care Package, the majority were home owners or purchasers (73%). Care recipients who lived in public rental housing comprised 14% while those who lived in a private rental property or were boarding or lodging accounted for the remaining 13% (8% and 5% respectively) (Table 15).

The Northern Territory stood out from the other States and Territories, with 58% of all responding care recipients indicating public rental housing as their usual residence compared with 19% or less in every other State and Territory. Care should be taken when interpreting this figure, however, given the small number of care recipients in the Northern Territory.

Living arrangements

The question that care recipients were asked in relation to their living arrangements at the time of application for a package was: 'With whom do you normally live?'. Of those responding, a large proportion of care recipients reported normally living alone (56%) or with their spouse only (27%). Those who reported normally living with brothers and/or sisters made up the smallest group of care recipients, at approximately 1% (Table 16).

2.5 'Special needs' groups

There are particular groups of older Australians who are more likely to be disadvantaged in accessing aged care services compared to older Australians in general. These groups are defined by the *Aged Care Act 1997* as 'special needs' groups, which include those who live in rural or remote areas, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, people from non-English-speaking backgrounds, and people with personal financial hardship. One of the government's objectives is for aged care services to specifically target the needs of these groups of people in order for them to have equitable access to the program.

Indigenous care recipients

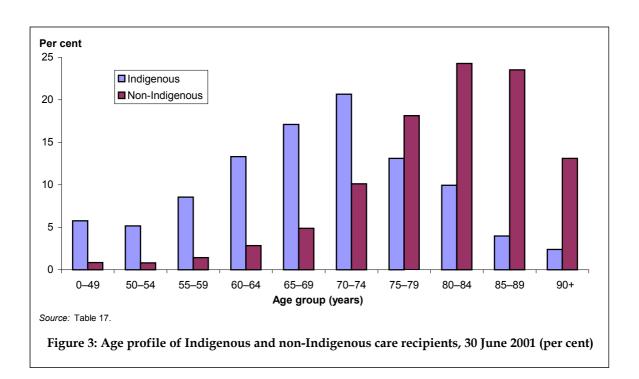
As mentioned in the previous section, care recipients who were of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin accounted for 2.4% of the total number of Community Aged Care Package recipients at 30 June 2001. The age profile of this subgroup of care recipients is considerably younger than that of the general population of care recipients (Figure 3), with 6% aged under 50, 44% aged between 50 and 69, and 50% aged 70 and over (compared with less than 1%, 10% and 89% respectively for non-Indigenous care recipients).

Using the high series⁶ of the Australian Bureau of Statistics' (ABS) experimental projections of the Indigenous population in Australia (ABS 1998a) for June 2001, the ratio of Indigenous people receiving Community Aged Care Packages, including those receiving packages under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy, at 30 June 2001 was

^{6.} Two different series were published in the ABS experimental projections of the Indigenous population in Australia for June 2001—high series and low series. Both use the same assumption about future fertility rates, mortality rates and net migration levels, with the difference being the assumed change in the propensity of the population to identify as being of Indigenous origin. The low series assumes that the 1996 Census propensity to identify as Indigenous will remain constant throughout the projection period, while the high series assumes a continuing increase in the propensity to identify as Indigenous throughout this period, and at the same rate as that recorded between 1991 and 1996.

11.9 per 1,000 Indigenous persons aged 50 years and over. The ratio would be 14.0 per 1,000 Indigenous persons aged 50 years and over if the low series was used. Although there are considerable differences across Australian regions, the ratio indicates that the provision of care to older Indigenous people was similar to the provision of care to older people in the general population (14.2 per 1,000 persons aged 70 and over).

It must be recognised, however, that the age structure of the two population groups is quite dissimilar, and age-specific usage rates are therefore an important element in understanding service use. Based on the high series of the ABS projections of the Indigenous population, Table 18 shows usage rates for Indigenous care recipients by age and sex. At 30 June 2001, the ratio of Indigenous Australians receiving packages was 15.8 per 1,000 persons aged 65–69, 29.3 per 1,000 persons aged 70–74, and 38.5 per 1,000 persons aged 75 and over. The comparable figures for non-Indigenous Australians were 1.5, 3.3 and 14.6, respectively.



Care recipients from non-English-speaking backgrounds

For the purpose of this report, people from non-English-speaking backgrounds are defined as those who were born in countries other than Australia, Ireland, United Kingdom, New Zealand, United States of America, Canada and South Africa (and hence are defined as those whose first spoken language was not English). Overall, there were 4,863 care recipients from non-English-speaking backgrounds receiving packages at 30 June 2001, accounting for 24% of care recipients who reported their place of birth (Table 19).

Based on AIHW projections of ABS estimated resident population by country of birth, the ratio of people from non-English-speaking backgrounds receiving packages at 30 June 2001 was 15.2 per 1,000 persons aged 75–84, and 43.3 per 1,000 persons aged 85 and over. The comparable figures for people from English-speaking backgrounds were much lower, at 9.4 and 25.9, respectively. For people from both non-English-speaking and English-speaking backgrounds, females had higher usage rates of Community Aged Care Packages than males (Table 20).

Care recipients in financial hardship

For the purposes of the Community Aged Care Package Program, a person with financial hardship is defined as someone 'who did not own a home in the two years before the reference time; and at the reference time was in receipt of the maximum basic rate of pension or benefit' (DHAC 1999). The program requires service providers to allocate a proportion of packages to people in financial hardship. The specified proportion of allocations varies from region to region depending mainly on the existing service provision levels in the region where the outlet is located. Outlets providing Housing-Linked Packages are specifically obliged to reserve all their places for care recipients in financial hardship.

At 30 June 2001, 859 outlets were providing Community Aged Care Packages throughout Australia. Almost all (99%) were required to allocate at least 10% of their total packages to care recipients in financial hardship, with the majority (79%) having a target set between 11% and 30% (Table 21). There were 9 outlets with no target and 94 outlets with a requirement to provide more than 90% of their care packages to care recipients in financial hardship. The Northern Territory was a special case with over 40% of the outlets having a target of more than 90%. This reflects the higher proportion of people identified as being in financial hardship in this Territory.

The proportion of care recipients identified as being in financial hardship for each State and Territory is presented in Table 23. Of those whose financial hardship status was reported, 48% were in financial hardship and 52% were not. A similar distribution to the national average can be seen in New South Wales, Victoria, Western Australia and South Australia. Queensland and Tasmania, on the other hand, showed a majority of care recipients in financial hardship. While the Northern Territory showed 100% of responding care recipients to be in financial hardship in 1999–00 (AIHW 2001b), this had dropped to 84% reporting financial hardship in 2000–01. In the Australian Capital Territory, there were no care recipients identified as being in financial hardship.

When the proportion of packages targeted to people in financial hardship for each State and Territory (Table 24) is compared with the actual proportion of recipients in financial hardship (Table 23), it is evident that in all States and Territories except the Northern Territory, the actual numbers of recipients in financial hardship exceeded the targets set. In the Northern Territory, the proportion of responding recipients who were financially disadvantaged was lower than the proportion targeted.

Care recipients in rural and remote areas

As shown in Table 8, 6,077 Community Aged Care Package recipients lived in rural and remote areas of Australia. This number accounted for 29% of all care recipients at 30 June — 26% in rural areas and 3% in remote areas. The age profile for care recipients in these regions appears to be relatively younger than for care recipients in capital cities and other metropolitan areas, with 15% of care recipients under the age of 70 years (compared to 11% and 9% of care recipients aged under 70 in capital cities and metropolitan areas, respectively). This difference in the age profile is more apparent when care recipients in remote areas are viewed separately, amongst whom care recipients under the age of 70 accounted for approximately 32%.

2.6 Admissions and separations

There were 13,620 care recipients who commenced receiving a Community Aged Care Package between 1 July 2000 and 30 June 2001. During the same period 9,317 care recipients left their service providers (Tables 26 and 27).

Among those leaving between 1 July 2000 and 30 June 2001, the main reasons reported were that care recipients either left to go to a residential aged care service (46%) or died (21%). A small proportion of care recipients left to be admitted to a hospital (6%) or to move to another community aged care service provider (7%) (Table 27).

This pattern of completed care episodes reflects the patterns seen in most States and Territories. The Northern Territory, however, is an exception, with the proportion moving to a residential aged care service being lower (21% compared with 46% nationally) and the proportion of deaths higher (49% compared to 21% nationally). Care must be taken in interpreting results for the Northern Territory, however, given the small number of separations involved (39).

The proportion of men who left to go to a residential aged care service was generally lower (40% of male care recipients) than that for women (48%). Conversely, there was a higher proportion of deaths among men (27%) than among women (17%).

Among those who left a service, 20% received care for less than 3 months before leaving, 39% for 3 months to a year, and 21% between 1 and 2 years. The number of care recipients who received care for more than 2 years accounted for 20% (Table 28).

The relationship between length of stay and reasons for separations was also examined (Table 29). There seems not to be a strong correlation between length of stay and reason for separation; however, very short stay (less than 8 weeks) care recipients were less likely to leave a package and enter residential care compared to longer stay care recipients.

2.7 State and Territory variations

The ratio of package provision did not differ greatly among States and Territories. With the exception of the Northern Territory, the Australian Capital Territory had the highest ratio of provision at 18.1 packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over, followed by Western Australia (15.7). Other States had ratios of provision ranging from 13.4 to 14.6 packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over. The Northern Territory had a ratio of 72.2 packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over; however, this ratio is not comparable with those of other States and Territories due to the differences in age structure and Indigenous status of the potential clientele in the Northern Territory (Table 3).

When the population base used to calculate provision ratios is adjusted to include both persons aged 70 and over and Indigenous Australians aged 50–69, the Northern Territory ratio changes to 34.1 packages. The ratio for the other States and the Australian Capital Territory are only marginally affected. Indigenous Australians aged 50–69 are considered by the Commonwealth Government to be part of the target group for aged care services.

The size of service-providing outlets varied from one package to 179 packages across the country. The Australian Capital Territory had the highest average, at 67 packages, with the next largest groups being in Victoria (42), South Australia (36) and New South Wales (34). The Northern Territory had the smallest average at 8, followed by Queensland (18), Tasmania (19) and Western Australia (23). All of the outlets in the Northern Territory were of a small size, with 28 or fewer packages. Eight outlets in Victoria had 100 packages or

more, as did two outlets in New South Wales, and one outlet in each of Queensland and South Australia.

When compared to those in the other States and the Australian Capital Territory, care recipients in the Northern Territory had the youngest age profile, with only 53% over the age of 70. The 'oldest' profile was found in Tasmania where care recipients aged 70 years and over made up approximately 93% compared with the national average of 88%.

The composition of care recipients by country of birth also varied among States and Territories. Excluding recipients that did not respond to this item, in both Western Australia and the Australian Capital Territory people born overseas made up 42% of care recipients while only 13% of recipients in the Northern Territory were overseas-born. The majority of overseas-born care recipients living in all States and Territories, except Victoria, were from North-West European countries. In Victoria, there was an approximately equal representation of care recipients born in North-West Europe and Southern and Eastern Europe.

3 Data sources and limitations

The data presented in this report draw mainly on the aged care data collections on the ACCMIS. This data repository contains information gathered through a number of instruments. Among those instruments, the following two are directly relevant to this report:

- the *Aged Care Application and Approval Form* (Form 2624). This is a form used for the assessment and approval of a care recipient for either Residential Aged Care, a Community Aged Care Package, or Flexible Care (for example, an Extended Aged Care at Home Package). This form is completed by a delegate of an Aged Care Assessment Team in consultation with the applicant and signed either by the applicant or someone else on behalf of the applicant; and
- the *Provider Claim Form*—a form completed by the service provider for claiming the Community Care Subsidy that is payable for the service for a payment period, normally a calendar month.

Other instruments through which information on the service providers are gathered include the *Approved Provider Status Application* and the *Community Care Service Agreement* between the Commonwealth and the service provider. Further details of these collections can be found in a forthcoming AIHW publication (AIHW forthcoming).

General population data are taken from the latest AIHW population databases supplied by the ABS.

Care recipients' personal details

All care recipients receiving a Community Aged Care Package must have a valid *Aged Care Application and Approval Form* (i.e. the recipient must have an 'approved' status). This form is normally valid for a period of 12 months from the date of approval. Approval of applications is a responsibility of Aged Care Assessment Teams and their delegates.

The information entered into ACCMIS from the *Aged Care Application and Approval Form* is the major source for the following data items:

- sex;
- date of birth;
- Indigenous status;
- birthplace;
- preferred language;
- pension status;
- usual residence status (prior to admission); and
- living arrangements (prior to admission).

Some recipient details, such as financial hardship status, are obtained from the *Provider Claim Form*.

Care recipients' admission and separation details

The *Provider Claim Form* is sent to the approved service provider at the beginning of a payment period. This form has the details of existing recipients under the care of the service provider (the form would be blank for a new service provider). It is the responsibility of the service provider to check this form for accuracy and record new data and changes relating to new admissions, separations and leave for their care recipients.

The *Provider Claim Form* is the original source for the following data items:

- date of admission;
- date of separation;
- separation mode; and
- length of stay (derived from date of admission and date of separation).

Service providers' details

Details about community aged care service providers are collected through the *Approved Provider Status Application* and the *Community Care Service Agreement* between the Commonwealth and the service provider. These documents are the primary source for the following data items:

- location of outlets (by both State/Territory and geographic area);
- size of outlets (measured in number of Community Aged Care Packages); and
- financial hardship target percentage.

Limitations of the data

The following points should be noted when interpreting the data presented in this report:

- The data used for this report were those available in ACCMIS as at 30 October 2001. However, results may be different for the same period if the data used are taken from a date other than 30 October 2001. This is because the ACCMIS is 'refreshed' periodically and some existing data are revised when this occurs.
- The general population figure used in the calculation of the service provision ratio was the ABS estimated resident population at 30 June 2001. The service provision ratios presented in this report may be different from those calculated by the Department of Health and Ageing due to differences in the population figures used.
- Some socio-demographic characteristics of care recipients are recorded at the time of
 application and hence may not reflect the true characteristics of care recipients while
 receiving care from the program. These characteristics include the care recipients'
 pension status, usual residence status and their living arrangements. Care recipients'
 actual financial hardship status may also be different from the status at the initial
 assessment by the service providers.
- Due to the non-compulsory nature of self-identified Indigenous status, the number of package recipients who were of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander origin presented in this report may be an underestimation of the true number of Indigenous Australians using the program.

- Although the location of service-providing outlets can be used to assume the location of Community Aged Care Package care recipients, it is possible that outlets provide services to care recipients who live outside the outlets' jurisdictions or geographic areas.
- The lack of information on areas such as type of assistance received by care recipients, their levels of dependency and carer support means that analysis of recipients' care needs was outside the scope of this report.

4 Appendix tables

Tables for Section 2.1

Table 1: Number of operational Community Aged Care Packages, by State/Territory, (a) 30 June 1992 to 30 June 2001

Year	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
1992	68	25	10	12	120	0	0	0	235
1993	138	82	54	26	150	20	0	0	470
1994	291	313	253	81	224	43	20	2	1,227
1995	834	640	443	210	285	98	25	7	2,542
1996	1,517	1,104	731	383	468	160	47	21	4,431
1997	2,199	1,369	1,027	538	634	228	84	45	6,124
1998	3,538	2,314	1,728	822	989	378	168	109	10,046
1999	4,685	3,323	2,440	1,161	1,258	450	266	170	13,753
2000 ^(b)	6,337	4,517	3,163	1,571	1,636	584	308	193	18,309
2001 ^(b)	8,626	5,974	4,155	2,278	2,270	679	336	312	24,630

⁽a) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

⁽b) Packages provided by Multi-Purpose Services and services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy are included.

Table 2: Packages, State/Territory by geographic area, (a) 30 June 2001 (b)

	ackages, State	Other	88-1	,,	He 2001					
		metropolitan								
State/	Capital cities	centres	Rural	Remote	Total					
Territory	Number of packages									
NSW	5,126	1,175	2,271	54	8,626					
Vic	4,230	357	1,377	10	5,974					
Qld	1,523	765	1,486	381	4,155					
WA	1,665	0	408	205	2,278					
SA	1,703	5	525	37	2,270					
Tas	263	0	398	18	679					
ACT	336	0	0	0	336					
NT	70	0	0	242	312					
Australia	14,916	2,302	6,465	947	24,630					
		P	er cent (columi	n)						
NSW	34.4	51.0	35.1	5.7	35.0					
Vic	28.4	15.5	21.3	1.1	24.3					
Qld	10.2	33.2	23.0	40.3	16.9					
WA	11.2	0.0	6.3	21.6	9.2					
SA	11.4	0.2	8.1	3.9	9.2					
Tas	1.8	0.0	6.2	1.9	2.8					
ACT	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4					
NT	0.5	0.0	0.0	25.6	1.3					
Australia	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					
			Per cent (row)							
NSW	59.4	13.6	26.3	0.6	100.0					
Vic	70.8	6.0	23.0	0.2	100.0					
Qld	36.7	18.4	35.8	9.2	100.0					
WA	73.1	0.0	17.9	9.0	100.0					
SA	75.0	0.2	23.1	1.6	100.0					
Tas	38.7	0.0	58.6	2.7	100.0					
ACT	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0					
NT	22.4	0.0	0.0	77.6	100.0					
Australia	60.6	9.3	26.2	3.8	100.0					

⁽a) 'State/Territory' and 'geographic area' refer to the location of the outlet.

⁽b) Packages provided by Multi-Purpose Services and services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy are included.

Table 3: Packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 and over, (a) State/Territory by geographic area, (b) 30 June 2001(c)

		Other metropolitan				Adjusted					
State/	Capital cities	centres	Rural	Remote	Total	total ^(d)					
Territory		Ratio of packages									
NSW	14.5	13.6	13.9	12.4	14.2	13.9					
Vic	13.8	21.0	11.4	7.0	13.4	13.3					
Qld	11.5	16.7	13.5	34.4	13.9	13.4					
WA	15.1		14.3	29.2	15.7	15.1					
SA	14.3		13.1	22.7	14.1	13.9					
Tas	13.5		14.9	63.2	14.6	14.0					
ACT	18.2		0.0		18.1	17.9					
NT	30.6		0.0	137.2	72.2	34.1					
Australia	14.0	15.4	13.2	34.6	14.2	13.9					

⁽a) Ratios are calculated using AIHW projections of ABS estimated resident population and high series projections of the Indigenous population for 2001 (ABS 1998a).

⁽b) 'State/Territory' and 'geographic area' refer to the location of the outlet.

⁽c) Packages provided by Multi-Purpose Services and services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy are included.

⁽d) Packages per 1,000 persons 70 and over and Indigenous persons aged 50–69.

^{..} Not applicable.

Tables for Section 2.3

Table 4: Outlets, State/Territory by geographic area, 30 June 2001

	difers, state, it	Other	<u> </u>	-	
.	0	metropolitan	D	D	T-4-1
State/	Capital cities	centres	Rural	Remote	Total
Territory			mber of outlets		
NSW	121	44	87	4	256
Vic	98	9	33	1	141
Qld	59	28	99	40	226
WA	57	0	25	16	98
SA	47	0	14	1	62
Tas	14	0	20	0	34
ACT	5	0	0	0	5
NT	6	0	0	31	37
Australia	407	81	278	93	859
		Pe	r cent (column)		
NSW	29.7	54.3	31.3	4.3	29.8
Vic	24.1	11.1	11.9	1.1	16.4
Qld	14.5	34.6	35.6	43.0	26.3
WA	14.0	0.0	9.0	17.2	11.4
SA	11.5	0.0	5.0	1.1	7.2
Tas	3.4	0.0	7.2	0.0	4.0
ACT	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6
NT	1.5	0.0	0.0	33.3	4.3
Australia	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
		F	Per cent (row)		
NSW	47.3	17.2	34.0	1.6	100.0
Vic	69.5	6.4	23.4	0.7	100.0
Qld	26.1	12.4	43.8	17.7	100.0
WA	58.2	0.0	25.5	16.3	100.0
SA	75.8	0.0	22.6	1.6	100.0
Tas	41.2	0.0	58.8	0.0	100.0
ACT	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
NT	16.2	0.0	0.0	83.8	100.0
Australia	47.4	9.4	32.4	10.8	100.0

Table 5: Outlets, size by State/Territory, 30 June 2001

Number	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia		
of packages	Number of outlets										
1–20	102	40	167	53	17	19	0	35	433		
21–40	83	50	40	32	25	13	1	2	246		
41–60	42	23	14	9	12	2	2	0	104		
61–80	16	14	4	2	5	0	0	0	41		
81–100	11	6	0	2	2	0	2	0	23		
101–120	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	6		
121+	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	6		
Total	256	141	226	98	62	34	5	37	859		
					Per cent						
1–20	39.8	28.4	73.9	54.1	27.4	55.9	0.0	94.6	50.4		
21–40	32.4	35.5	17.7	32.7	40.3	38.2	20.0	5.4	28.6		
41–60	16.4	16.3	6.2	9.2	19.4	5.9	40.0	0.0	12.1		
61–80	6.3	9.9	1.8	2.0	8.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8		
81–100	4.3	4.3	0.0	2.0	3.2	0.0	40.0	0.0	2.7		
101–120	0.4	2.1	0.4	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7		
121+	0.4	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

Table 6: Outlets, size by geographic area, 30 June 2001

		Other			
	0	metropolitan	D1	D	T-4-1
Number of	Capital cities	centres	Rural	Remote	Total
packages		N	umber of outle	ets	
1–20	124	43	180	86	433
21–40	158	24	57	7	246
41–60	71	9	24	0	104
61–80	28	3	10	0	41
81–100	19	0	4	0	23
101–120	3	1	2	0	6
121+	4	1	1	0	6
Total	407	81	278	93	859
			Per cent		
1–20	30.5	53.1	64.7	92.5	50.4
21–40	38.8	29.6	20.5	7.5	28.6
41–60	17.4	11.1	8.6	0.0	12.1
61–80	6.9	3.7	3.6	0.0	4.8
81–100	4.7	0.0	1.4	0.0	2.7
101–120	0.7	1.2	0.7	0.0	0.7
121+	1.0	1.2	0.4	0.0	0.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Tables for Section 2.4⁷

Table 7: Care recipients, age by sex and State/Territory, (a) 30 June 2001

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
Sex/age				Number o	f care recip	ients			
Females									
0–49	20	26	43	7	1	0	0	12	109
50-54	25	39	22	7	1	1	1	5	101
55–59	52	59	33	23	10	1	3	6	187
60–64	115	98	59	32	27	9	5	15	360
65–69	212	191	113	65	54	16	10	18	679
70–74	491	365	224	116	122	51	24	25	1,418
75–79	950	681	400	235	265	80	57	13	2,681
80–84	1,399	821	587	289	328	126	57	17	3,624
85–89	1,247	852	585	298	352	130	57	6	3,527
90–94	541	358	272	140	161	59	27	4	1,562
95+	124	89	68	29	27	11	4	2	354
Total females	5,176	3,579	2,406	1,241	1,348	484	245	123	14,602
Males									
0–49	13	36	26	6	3	0	0	6	90
50-54	14	29	23	9	10	0	0	3	88
55–59	28	55	24	13	14	1	1	11	147
60–64	90	88	40	24	21	6	3	12	284
65–69	102	133	62	42	26	10	8	13	396
70–74	238	223	94	76	51	22	11	16	731
75–79	328	279	179	106	105	27	18	12	1,054
80–84	469	350	227	93	148	24	16	10	1,337
85–89	415	332	230	103	118	27	20	5	1,250
90–94	235	142	111	57	61	18	9	2	635
95+	33	29	14	13	19	2	4	0	114
Total males	1,965	1,696	1,030	542	576	137	90	90	6,126
Persons									
0–49	33	62	69	13	4	0	0	18	199
50–54	39	68	45	16	11	1	1	8	189
55–59	80	114	57	36	24	2	4	17	334
60–64	205	186	99	56	48	15	8	27	644
65–69	314	324	175	107	80	26	18	31	1,075
70–74	729	588	318	192	173	73	35	41	2,149
75–79	1,278	960	579	341	370	107	75	25	3,735
80–84	1,868	1,171	814	382	476	150	73	27	4,961
85–89	1,662	1,184	815	401	470	157	77	11	4,777
90–94	776	500	383	197	222	77	36	6	2,197
95+	157	118	82	42	46	13	8	2	468
Total	7,141	5,275	3,436	1,783	1,924	621	335	213	20,728

(continued)

^{7.} Tables in this section do not include supplementary care recipients, or care recipients receiving packages from Multi-Purpose Services or services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy. These recipients are not included in the current national database.

Table 7 (continued): Care recipients, age by sex and State/Territory, (a) 30 June 2001

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
Sex/age				ı	Per cent				
Females									
0–49	0.4	0.7	1.8	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	9.8	0.7
50-54	0.5	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.4	4.1	0.7
55–59	1.0	1.6	1.4	1.9	0.7	0.2	1.2	4.9	1.3
60–64	2.2	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.0	1.9	2.0	12.2	2.5
65–69	4.1	5.3	4.7	5.2	4.0	3.3	4.1	14.6	4.7
70–74	9.5	10.2	9.3	9.3	9.1	10.5	9.8	20.3	9.7
75–79	18.4	19.0	16.6	18.9	19.7	16.5	23.3	10.6	18.4
80–84	27.0	22.9	24.4	23.3	24.3	26.0	23.3	13.8	24.8
85–89	24.1	23.8	24.3	24.0	26.1	26.9	23.3	4.9	24.2
90–94	10.5	10.0	11.3	11.3	11.9	12.2	11.0	3.3	10.7
95+	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.3	2.0	2.3	1.6	1.6	2.4
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
0–49	0.7	2.1	2.5	1.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	6.7	1.5
50-54	0.7	1.7	2.2	1.7	1.7	0.0	0.0	3.3	1.4
55–59	1.4	3.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	0.7	1.1	12.2	2.4
60–64	4.6	5.2	3.9	4.4	3.6	4.4	3.3	13.3	4.6
65–69	5.2	7.8	6.0	7.7	4.5	7.3	8.9	14.4	6.5
70–74	12.1	13.1	9.1	14.0	8.9	16.1	12.2	17.8	11.9
75–79	16.7	16.5	17.4	19.6	18.2	19.7	20.0	13.3	17.2
80–84	23.9	20.6	22.0	17.2	25.7	17.5	17.8	11.1	21.8
85–89	21.1	19.6	22.3	19.0	20.5	19.7	22.2	5.6	20.4
90–94	12.0	8.4	10.8	10.5	10.6	13.1	10.0	2.2	10.4
95+	1.7	1.7	1.4	2.4	3.3	1.5	4.4	0.0	1.9
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
0–49	0.5	1.2	2.0	0.7	0.2	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0
50-54	0.5	1.3	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.3	3.8	0.9
55–59	1.1	2.2	1.7	2.0	1.2	0.3	1.2	8.0	1.6
60–64	2.9	3.5	2.9	3.1	2.5	2.4	2.4	12.7	3.1
65–69	4.4	6.1	5.1	6.0	4.2	4.2	5.4	14.6	5.2
70–74	10.2	11.1	9.3	10.8	9.0	11.8	10.4	19.2	10.4
75–79	17.9	18.2	16.9	19.1	19.2	17.2	22.4	11.7	18.0
80–84	26.2	22.2	23.7	21.4	24.7	24.2	21.8	12.7	23.9
85–89	23.3	22.4	23.7	22.5	24.4	25.3	23.0	5.2	23.0
90–94	10.9	9.5	11.1	11.0	11.5	12.4	10.7	2.8	10.6
95+	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.4	0.9	2.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

Table 8: Care recipients, age by sex and geographic area, (a) 30 June 2001

		Other			
	Capital cities	metropolitan centres	Rural	Remote	Total
Sex/age	Cities		of care recipien		Total
Females				-	
0–49	51	9	28	21	109
50–54	51	7	32	11	101
55–59	104	9	56	18	187
60–64	209	26	99	26	360
65–69	395	50	195	39	679
70–74	855	141	362	60	1,418
75–79	1,699	224	696	62	2,681
80–84	2,323	317	907	77	3,624
85–89	2,196	359	923	49	3,527
90–94	973	141	425	23	1,562
95+	220	33	90	11	354
Total females	9,076	1,316	3,813	397	14,602
Males					
0–49	48	3	27	12	90
50–54	47	3	28	10	88
55–59	88	6	40	13	147
60–64	159	20	81	24	284
65–69	223	34	114	25	396
70–74	445	66	176	44	731
75–79	654	90	267	43	1,054
80–84	818	118	371	30	1,337
85–89	755	140	340	15	1,250
90–94	386	77	163	9	635
95+	68	11	31	4	114
Total males	3,691	568	1,638	229	6,126
Persons					
0–49	99	12	55	33	199
50–54	98	10	60	21	189
55–59	192	15	96	31	334
60–64	368	46	180	50	644
65–69	618	84	309	64	1,075
70–74	1,300	207	538	104	2,149
75–79	2,353	314	963	105	3,735
80–84	3,141	435	1,278	107	4,961
85–89	2,951	499	1,263	64	4,777
90–94	1,359	218	588	32	2,197
95+	288	44	121	15	468
Total	12,767	1,884	5,451	626	20,728

(continued)

Table 8 (continued): Care recipients, age by sex and geographic area, (a) 30 June 2001

	0 " 1	Other			
	Capital cities	metropolitan centres	Rural	Remote	Total
Sex/age	011100		Per cent	rtomoto	
Females					
0–49	0.6	0.7	0.7	5.3	0.7
50-54	0.6	0.5	0.8	2.8	0.7
55–59	1.1	0.7	1.5	4.5	1.3
60–64	2.3	2.0	2.6	6.5	2.5
65–69	4.4	3.8	5.1	9.8	4.7
70–74	9.4	10.7	9.5	15.1	9.7
75–79	18.7	17.0	18.3	15.6	18.4
80–84	25.6	24.1	23.8	19.4	24.8
85–89	24.2	27.3	24.2	12.3	24.2
90–94	10.7	10.7	11.1	5.8	10.7
95+	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.8	2.4
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males					
0–49	1.3	0.5	1.6	5.2	1.5
50-54	1.3	0.5	1.7	4.4	1.4
55–59	2.4	1.1	2.4	5.7	2.4
60–64	4.3	3.5	4.9	10.5	4.6
65–69	6.0	6.0	7.0	10.9	6.5
70–74	12.1	11.6	10.7	19.2	11.9
75–79	17.7	15.8	16.3	18.8	17.2
80–84	22.2	20.8	22.6	13.1	21.8
85–89	20.5	24.6	20.8	6.6	20.4
90–94	10.5	13.6	10.0	3.9	10.4
95+	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.9
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons					
0–49	0.8	0.6	1.0	5.3	1.0
50-54	0.8	0.5	1.1	3.4	0.9
55–59	1.5	0.8	1.8	5.0	1.6
60–64	2.9	2.4	3.3	8.0	3.1
65–69	4.8	4.5	5.7	10.2	5.2
70–74	10.2	11.0	9.9	16.6	10.4
75–79	18.4	16.7	17.7	16.8	18.0
80–84	24.6	23.1	23.4	17.1	23.9
85–89	23.1	26.5	23.2	10.2	23.0
90–94	10.6	11.6	10.8	5.1	10.6
95+	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) 'Geographic area' refers to the location of the outlet.

Table 9: Care recipients, State/Territory by geographic area, (a) 30 June 2001

	<u> </u>	Other			<u>-</u>
04-4-4	Capital	metropolitan	Dunal	Damata	Total
State/	cities	centres	Rural	Remote	Total
Territory	4.240		per of care recip		7 1 1 1
NSW	4,346	993	1,764	38	7,141
Vic	3,773	331	1,162	9	5,275
Qld	1,314	560	1,298	264	3,436
WA	1,279	0	353	151	1,783
SA	1,416	0	496	12	1,924
Tas	243	0	378	0	621
ACT	335	0	0	0	335
NT	61	0	0	152	213
Australia	12,767	1,884	5,451	626	20,728
			er cent (column	<u>, </u>	
NSW	34.0	52.7	32.4	6.1	34.5
Vic	29.6	17.6	21.3	1.4	25.4
Qld	10.3	29.7	23.8	42.2	16.6
WA	10.0	0.0	6.5	24.1	8.6
SA	11.1	0.0	9.1	1.9	9.3
Tas	1.9	0.0	6.9	0.0	3.0
ACT	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6
NT	0.5	0.0	0.0	24.3	1.0
Australia	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			Per cent (row)		
NSW	60.9	13.9	24.7	0.5	100.0
Vic	71.5	6.3	22.0	0.2	100.0
Qld	38.2	16.3	37.8	7.7	100.0
WA	71.7	0.0	19.8	8.5	100.0
SA	73.6	0.0	25.8	0.6	100.0
Tas	39.1	0.0	60.9	0.0	100.0
ACT	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
NT	28.6	0.0	0.0	71.4	100.0
Australia	61.6	9.1	26.3	3.0	100.0

⁽a) 'State/Territory' and 'geographic area' refer to the location of the outlet.

Table 10: Care recipients, Indigenous status by sex and State/Territory, (a) 30 June 2001

Sex/	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia	
Indigenous status	Number of care recipients									
Females										
Indigenous	71	9	76	79	11	9	0	81	336	
Non-Indigenous	5,092	3,565	2,328	1,159	1,337	475	245	42	14,243	
Unknown/not reported	13	5	2	3	0	0	0	0	23	
Total females	5,176	3,579	2,406	1,241	1,348	484	245	123	14,602	
Males										
Indigenous	23	4	41	43	10	0	0	46	167	
Non-Indigenous	1,942	1,690	986	499	566	137	90	44	5,954	
Unknown/not reported	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	5	
Total males	1,965	1,696	1,030	542	576	137	90	90	6,126	
Persons										
Indigneous	94	13	117	122	21	9	0	127	503	
Non-Indigenous	7,034	5,255	3,314	1,658	1,903	612	335	86	20,197	
Unknown/not reported	13	7	5	3	0	0	0	0	28	
Total	7,141	5,275	3,436	1,783	1,924	621	335	213	20,728	
					Per cent					
Females										
Indigenous	1.4	0.3	3.2	6.4	0.8	1.9	0.0	65.9	2.3	
Non-Indigenous	98.4	99.6	96.8	93.4	99.2	98.1	100.0	34.1	97.5	
Unknown/not reported	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Males										
Indigenous	1.2	0.2	4.0	7.9	1.7	0.0	0.0	51.1	2.7	
Non-Indigenous	98.8	99.6	95.7	92.1	98.3	100.0	100.0	48.9	97.2	
Unknown/not reported	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Persons										
Indigenous	1.3	0.2	3.4	6.8	1.1	1.4	0.0	59.6	2.4	
Non-Indigenous	98.5	99.6	96.4	93.0	98.9	98.6	100.0	40.4	97.4	
Unknown/not reported	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

⁽a) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

Note: In addition, there were 94 packages provided by services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy for which no care recipient details were available. These packages are not included in the ACCMIS database from which data presented in this publication are derived.

Table 11: Care recipients, Indigenous status by sex and geographic area, (a) 30 June 2001

		Other			
	Capital	metropolitan			
Sex/	cities	centres	Rural	Remote	Total
Indigenous status		Number	of care recipien	ts	
Females					
Indigenous	52	23	101	160	336
Non-Indigenous	9,007	1,292	3,708	236	14,243
Unknown/not reported	17	1	4	1	23
Total females	9,076	1,316	3,813	397	14,602
Males					
Indigenous	17	11	45	94	167
Non-Indigenous	3,672	556	1,592	134	5,954
Unknown/not reported	2	1	1	1	5
Total males	3,691	568	1,638	229	6,126
Persons					
Indigenous	69	34	146	254	503
Non-Indigenous	12,679	1,848	5,300	370	20,197
Unknown/not reported	19	2	5	2	28
Total	12,767	1,884	5,451	626	20,728
			Per cent		
Females					
Indigenous	0.6	1.7	2.6	40.3	2.3
Non-Indigenous	99.2	98.2	97.2	59.4	97.5
Unknown/not reported	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males					
Indigenous	0.5	1.9	2.7	41.0	2.7
Non-Indigenous	99.5	97.9	97.2	58.5	97.2
Unknown/not reported	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons					
Indigenous	0.5	1.8	2.7	40.6	2.4
Non-Indigenous	99.3	98.1	97.2	59.1	97.4
Unknown/not reported	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) 'Geographic area' refers to the location of the outlet.

Note: In addition, there were 94 packages provided by services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy for which no care recipient details were available. These packages are not included in the ACCMIS database from which data presented in this publication are derived.

Table 12: Care recipients, birthplace^(a) by sex and State/Territory,^(b) 30 June 2001

Table 12. Care recipients, bi	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
Sex/birthplace					of care re		7.0.		7.000.0.00
Females									
Australia	3,240	2,364	1,082	718	797	375	142	97	8,815
Other Oceania and Antarctica	56	31	27	8	6	7	4	0	139
North-West Europe	491	463	144	286	183	68	50	8	1,693
Southern and Eastern Europe	395	473	119	133	145	22	25	1	1,313
North Africa and the Middle East	95	36	4	2	11	0	4	0	152
South-East Asia	50	31	16	19	17	2	4	1	140
North-East Asia	128	38	8	11	6	1	1	0	193
Southern and Central Asia	21	43	3	27	6	0	2	0	102
Americas	33	15	12	8	6	0	4	0	78
Sub-Saharan Africa	20	17	5	7	4	3	2	0	58
Unknown (not stated)	647	68	986	22	167	6	7	16	1,919
Total females	5,176	3,579	2,406	1,241	1,348	484	245	123	14,602
Males									
Australia	1,174	1,115	465	289	346	113	47	60	3,609
Other Oceania and Antarctica	20	9	17	8	1	1	2	1	59
North-West Europe	220	221	79	116	86	11	25	7	765
Southern and Eastern Europe	193	243	44	70	56	10	10	3	629
North Africa and the Middle East	39	19	1	3	3	0	0	0	65
South-East Asia	12	6	6	12	6	0	1	0	43
North-East Asia	53	19	7	7	5	0	1	0	92
Southern and Central Asia	10	12	2	11	1	0	1	1	38
Americas	13	10	4	5	4	0	0	1	37
Sub-Saharan Africa	3	4	1	8	0	0	2	0	18
Unknown (not stated)	228	38	404	13	68	2	1	17	771
Total males	1,965	1,696	1,030	542	576	137	90	90	6,126
Persons									
Australia	4,414	3,479	1,547	1,007	1,143	488	189	157	12,424
Other Oceania and Antarctica	76	40	44	16	7	8	6	1	198
North-West Europe	711	684	223	402	269	79	75	15	2,458
Southern and Eastern Europe	588	716	163	203	201	32	35	4	1,942
North Africa and the Middle East	134	55	5	5	14	0	4	0	217
South-East Asia	62	37	22	31	23	2	5	1	183
North-East Asia	181	57	15	18	11	1	2	0	285
Southern and Central Asia	31	55	5	38	7	0	3	1	140
Americas	46	25	16	13	10	0	4	1	115
Sub-Saharan Africa	23	21	6	15	4	3	4	0	76
Unknown (not stated)	875	106	1,390	35	235	8	8	33	2,690
Total	7,141	5,275	3,436	1,783	1,924	621	335	213	20,728

(continued)

Table 12 (continued): Care recipients, birthplace^(a) by sex and State/Territory, ^(b) 30 June 2001

Table 12 (continued). Care i	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
Sex/birthplace					Per cent				
Females									
Australia	62.6	66.1	45.0	57.9	59.1	77.5	58.0	78.9	60.4
Other Oceania and Antarctica	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.6	0.4	1.4	1.6	0.0	1.0
North-West Europe	9.5	12.9	6.0	23.0	13.6	14.0	20.4	6.5	11.6
Southern and Eastern Europe	7.6	13.2	4.9	10.7	10.8	4.5	10.2	0.8	9.0
North Africa and the Middle East	1.8	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.0	1.6	0.0	1.0
South-East Asia	1.0	0.9	0.7	1.5	1.3	0.4	1.6	0.8	1.0
North-East Asia	2.5	1.1	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.0	1.3
Southern and Central Asia	0.4	1.2	0.1	2.2	0.4	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.7
Americas	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.5
Sub-Saharan Africa	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.6	8.0	0.0	0.4
Unknown (not stated)	12.5	1.9	41.0	1.8	12.4	1.2	2.9	13.0	13.1
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Australia	59.7	65.7	45.1	53.3	60.1	82.5	52.2	66.7	58.9
Other Oceania and Antarctica	1.0	0.5	1.7	1.5	0.2	0.7	2.2	1.1	1.0
North-West Europe	11.2	13.0	7.7	21.4	14.9	8.0	27.8	7.8	12.5
Southern and Eastern Europe	9.8	14.3	4.3	12.9	9.7	7.3	11.1	3.3	10.3
North Africa and the Middle East	2.0	1.1	0.1	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1
South-East Asia	0.6	0.4	0.6	2.2	1.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.7
North-East Asia	2.7	1.1	0.7	1.3	0.9	0.0	1.1	0.0	1.5
Southern and Central Asia	0.5	0.7	0.2	2.0	0.2	0.0	1.1	1.1	0.6
Americas	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.9	0.7	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.6
Sub-Saharan Africa	0.2	0.2	0.1	1.5	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.3
Unknown (not stated)	11.6	2.2	39.2	2.4	11.8	1.5	1.1	18.9	12.6
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Australia	61.8	66.0	45.0	56.5	59.4	78.6	56.4	73.7	59.9
Other Oceania and Antarctica	1.1	8.0	1.3	0.9	0.4	1.3	1.8	0.5	1.0
North-West Europe	10.0	13.0	6.5	22.5	14.0	12.7	22.4	7.0	11.9
Southern and Eastern Europe	8.2	13.6	4.7	11.4	10.4	5.2	10.4	1.9	9.4
North Africa and the Middle East	1.9	1.0	0.1	0.3	0.7	0.0	1.2	0.0	1.0
South-East Asia	0.9	0.7	0.6	1.7	1.2	0.3	1.5	0.5	0.9
North-East Asia	2.5	1.1	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.0	1.4
Southern and Central Asia	0.4	1.0	0.1	2.1	0.4	0.0	0.9	0.5	0.7
Americas	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.0	1.2	0.5	0.6
Sub-Saharan Africa	0.3	0.4	0.2	8.0	0.2	0.5	1.2	0.0	0.4
Unknown (not stated)	12.3	2.0	40.5	2.0	12.2	1.3	2.4	15.5	13.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) Country of birth classifications are taken from ABS 1998b.

⁽b) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

Table 13: Care recipients, preferred language^(a) by sex and State/Territory,^(b) 30 June 2001

Sex/	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
preferred language	Number of care recipients								
Females									
Australian Indigenous	0	0	2	37	2	0	0	62	103
English	3,988	2,988	1,319	1,053	1,039	456	222	42	11,107
Northern European	39	57	2	13	12	8	3	0	134
Southern European	232	300	50	70	76	2	7	0	737
Eastern European	123	110	17	36	33	10	6	0	335
Southwest Asian & North African	44	8	2	0	3	0	0	0	57
Southern Asian	2	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	6
Southeast Asian	22	16	5	5	6	1	0	0	55
Eastern Asian	104	12	11	8	6	0	1	0	142
Other and unknown	622	88	996	18	171	7	5	19	1,926
Total females	5,176	3,579	2,406	1,241	1,348	484	245	123	14,602
Males									
Australian Indigenous	0	0	1	19	0	0	0	35	55
English	1,495	1,423	584	446	462	131	80	32	4,653
Northern European	10	24	2	5	5	0	1	1	48
Southern European	100	147	16	36	20	0	1	1	321
Eastern European	60	50	9	15	19	3	3	1	160
Southwest Asian & North African	24	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	29
Southern Asian	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	7
Southeast Asian	11	1	2	3	2	0	1	0	20
Eastern Asian	48	5	7	6	5	0	0	0	71
Other and unknown	215	42	407	10	62	3	4	19	762
Total males	1,965	1,696	1,030	542	576	137	90	90	6,126
Persons									
Australian Indigenous	0	0	3	56	2	0	0	97	158
English	5,483	4,411	1,903	1,499	1,501	587	302	74	15,760
Northern European	49	81	4	18	17	8	4	1	182
Southern European	332	447	66	106	96	2	8	1	1,058
Eastern European	183	160	26	51	52	13	9	1	495
Southwest Asian & North African	68	12	2	1	3	0	0	0	86
Southern Asian	4	0	4	2	1	0	1	1	13
Southeast Asian	33	17	7	8	8	1	1	0	75
Eastern Asian	152	17	18	14	11	0	1	0	213
Other and unknown	837	130	1,403	28	233	10	9	38	2,688
Total	7,141	5,275	3,436	1,783	1,924	621	335	213	20,728

(continued)

Table 13 (continued): Care recipients, preferred language^(a) by sex and State/Territory,^(b) 30 June 2001

Sex/	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
preferred language					Per cent				
Females									
Australian Indigenous	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	50.4	0.7
English	77.0	83.5	54.8	84.9	77.1	94.2	90.6	34.1	76.1
Northern European	8.0	1.6	0.1	1.0	0.9	1.7	1.2	0.0	0.9
Southern European	4.5	8.4	2.1	5.6	5.6	0.4	2.9	0.0	5.0
Eastern European	2.4	3.1	0.7	2.9	2.4	2.1	2.4	0.0	2.3
Southwest Asian & North African	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
Southern Asian	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0
Southeast Asian	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.4
Eastern Asian	2.0	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	1.0
Other and unknown	12.0	2.5	41.4	1.5	12.7	1.4	2.0	15.4	13.2
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Australian Indigenous	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	38.9	0.9
English	76.1	83.9	56.7	82.3	80.2	95.6	88.9	35.6	76.0
Northern European	0.5	1.4	0.2	0.9	0.9	0.0	1.1	1.1	0.8
Southern European	5.1	8.7	1.6	6.6	3.5	0.0	1.1	1.1	5.2
Eastern European	3.1	2.9	0.9	2.8	3.3	2.2	3.3	1.1	2.6
Southwest Asian & North African	1.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5
Southern Asian	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.1
Southeast Asian	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.3
Eastern Asian	2.4	0.3	0.7	1.1	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2
Other and unknown	10.9	2.5	39.5	1.8	10.8	2.2	4.4	21.1	12.4
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Australian Indigenous	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	45.5	0.8
English	76.8	83.6	55.4	84.1	78.0	94.5	90.1	34.7	76.0
Northern European	0.7	1.5	0.1	1.0	0.9	1.3	1.2	0.5	0.9
Southern European	4.6	8.5	1.9	5.9	5.0	0.3	2.4	0.5	5.1
Eastern European	2.6	3.0	8.0	2.9	2.7	2.1	2.7	0.5	2.4
Southwest Asian & North African	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
Southern Asian	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.1
Southeast Asian	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.4
Eastern Asian	2.1	0.3	0.5	8.0	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.0
Other and unknown	11.7	2.5	40.8	1.6	12.1	1.6	2.7	17.8	13.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) Language classifications are taken from ABS 1997.

⁽b) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

Table 14: Care recipients, pension status by sex and State/Territory, (a) 30 June 2001

Sex/	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
pension status				Number	r of care re	ecipients			
Females									
Age pension	3,844	2,878	709	987	948	328	170	84	9,948
Invalid pension	26	25	18	7	3	4	2	6	91
DVA pension	249	302	34	92	55	32	24	0	788
Other pension	256	15	329	84	144	106	25	11	970
Unknown	800	359	1,316	71	198	14	24	22	2,804
Total females	5,176	3,579	2,406	1,241	1,348	484	245	123	14,602
Males									
Age pension	1,383	1,241	265	395	353	77	50	66	3,829
Invalid pension	31	17	22	9	10	4	4	1	98
DVA pension	155	228	35	70	47	20	14	0	569
Other pension	110	5	149	39	77	30	15	7	432
Unknown	287	205	559	29	89	6	7	16	1,198
Total males	1,965	1,696	1,030	542	576	137	90	90	6,126
Persons									
Age pension	5,226	4,119	974	1,382	1,301	405	220	150	13,777
Invalid pension	57	42	40	16	13	8	6	7	189
DVA pension	404	530	69	162	102	52	38	0	1,357
Other pension	366	20	478	123	221	136	40	18	1,402
Unknown	1,087	564	1,875	100	287	20	31	38	4,002
Total	7,141	5,275	3,436	1,783	1,924	621	335	213	20,728
					Per cent				
Females									
Age pension	74.3	80.4	29.5	79.5	70.3	67.8	69.4	68.3	68.1
Invalid pension	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.8	8.0	4.9	0.6
DVA pension	4.8	8.4	1.4	7.4	4.1	6.6	9.8	0.0	5.4
Other pension	5.0	0.4	13.7	6.8	10.7	21.9	10.2	8.9	6.6
Unknown	15.5	10.0	54.7	5.7	14.7	2.9	9.8	17.9	19.2
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Age pension	70.4	73.2	25.7	72.9	61.3	56.2	55.6	73.3	62.5
Invalid pension	1.6	1.0	2.1	1.7	1.7	2.9	4.4	1.1	1.6
DVA pension	7.9	13.4	3.4	12.9	8.2	14.6	15.6	0.0	9.3
Other pension	5.6	0.3	14.5	7.2	13.4	21.9	16.7	7.8	7.1
Unknown	14.6	12.1	54.3	5.4	15.5	4.4	7.8	17.8	19.6
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Age pension	73.2	78.1	28.3	77.5	67.6	65.2	65.7	70.4	66.5
Invalid pension	0.8	0.8	1.2	0.9	0.7	1.3	1.8	3.3	0.9
DVA pension	5.7	10.0	2.0	9.1	5.3	8.4	11.3	0.0	6.5
Other pension	5.1	0.4	13.9	6.9	11.5	21.9	11.9	8.5	6.8
Unknown	15.2	10.7	54.6	5.6	14.9	3.2	9.3	17.8	19.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(a) 'State/Territory' refers to									

⁽a) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

Table 15: Care recipients, usual residence status by sex and State/Territory, (a) 30 June 2001

Sex/usual residence	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
status				Number	of care re	cipients			
Females									
Home owner/purchaser	3,352	1,226	899	853	854	339	158	18	7,699
Public housing	545	190	156	195	171	58	42	63	1,420
Private rental	272	145	142	88	88	63	26	9	833
Board/lodging	184	50	88	68	74	21	11	10	506
Missing/not stated	824	1,968	1,120	37	161	3	8	23	4,144
Total females	5,176	3,579	2,406	1,241	1,348	484	245	123	14,602
Males									
Home owner/purchaser	1,289	540	371	370	361	93	60	14	3,098
Public housing	222	101	76	82	76	24	19	37	637
Private rental	111	72	72	43	35	10	6	6	355
Board/lodging	80	25	48	28	34	9	3	15	242
Missing/not stated	263	958	463	19	70	1	2	18	1,794
Total males	1,965	1,696	1,030	542	576	137	90	90	6,126
Persons									
Home owner/purchaser	4,641	1,766	1,270	1,223	1,215	432	218	32	10,797
Public housing	767	291	232	277	247	82	61	100	2,057
Private rental	383	217	214	131	123	73	32	15	1,188
Board/lodging	264	75	136	96	108	30	14	25	748
Missing/not stated	1,087	2,926	1,583	56	231	4	10	41	5,938
Total	7,141	5,275	3,436	1,783	1,924	621	335	213	20,728
					Per cent				
Females									
Home owner/purchaser	64.8	34.3	37.4	68.7	63.4	70.0	64.5	14.6	52.7
Public housing	10.5	5.3	6.5	15.7	12.7	12.0	17.1	51.2	9.7
Private rental	5.2	4.1	5.9	7.1	6.5	13.0	10.6	7.3	5.7
Board/lodging	3.6	1.4	3.7	5.5	5.5	4.3	4.5	8.1	3.5
Missing/not stated	15.9	55.0	46.6	3.0	11.9	0.6	3.3	18.7	28.4
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Home owner/purchaser	65.6	31.8	36.0	68.3	62.7	67.9	66.7	15.6	50.6
Public housing	11.3	6.0	7.4	15.1	13.2	17.5	21.1	41.1	10.4
Private rental	5.6	4.2	7.0	7.9	6.1	7.3	6.7	6.7	5.8
Board/lodging	4.1	1.5	4.7	5.2	5.9	6.6	3.3	16.7	4.0
Missing/not stated	13.4	56.5	45.0	3.5	12.2	0.7	2.2	20.0	29.3
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Home owner/purchaser	65.0	33.5	37.0	68.6	63.1	69.6	65.1	15.0	52.1
Public housing	10.7	5.5	6.8	15.5	12.8	13.2	18.2	46.9	9.9
Private rental	5.4	4.1	6.2	7.3	6.4	11.8	9.6	7.0	5.7
Board/lodging	3.7	1.4	4.0	5.4	5.6	4.8	4.2	11.7	3.6
Missing/not stated	15.2	55.5	46.1	3.1	12.0	0.6	3.0	19.2	28.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

Table 16: Care recipients, living arrangements^(a) by sex and State/Territory, ^(b) 30 June 2001

Sex/	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
living arrangements				Number	r of care re	cipients			
Females									
Alone	2,871	2,042	757	712	746	332	156	22	7,638
Spouse only	918	848	271	300	280	96	45	7	2,765
Spouse and others	101	101	40	30	20	2	4	10	308
Brothers/sisters	38	37	14	11	9	4	2	2	117
Child only	230	205	73	54	53	20	15	1	651
Child and child's family	144	142	70	70	32	9	15	24	506
Other family	62	62	36	32	6	4	2	22	226
Other	135	78	33	21	48	13	1	19	348
Missing/not stated	677	64	1,112	11	154	4	5	16	2,043
Total females	5,176	3,579	2,406	1,241	1,348	484	245	123	14,602
Males									
Alone	822	642	285	232	246	80	33	31	2,370
Spouse only	647	749	189	207	205	42	44	5	2,088
Spouse and others	86	92	31	27	17	3	3	7	267
Brothers/sisters	14	13	10	6	3	0	0	3	49
Child only	35	42	7	8	6	3	0	0	101
Child and child's family	42	30	13	22	4	1	4	7	123
Other family	18	25	22	14	2	0	1	14	96
Other	61	71	18	17	32	6	4	7	216
Missing/not stated	239	32	455	9	61	2	1	16	815
Total males	1,965	1,696	1,030	542	576	137	90	90	6,126
Persons									
Alone	3,693	2,684	1,041	944	992	412	189	53	10,008
Spouse only	1,565	1,597	460	507	485	138	89	12	4,853
Spouse and others	187	193	71	57	37	5	7	17	574
Brothers/sisters	52	50	24	17	12	4	2	5	166
Child only	265	247	80	62	59	23	15	1	753
Child and child's family	186	172	83	92	36	10	19	31	629
Other family	80	87	58	46	8	4	3	36	323
Other	196	149	51	38	80	19	5	26	564
Missing/not stated	916	96	1,567	20	215	6	6	32	2,858
Total	7,141	5,275	3,436	1,783	1,924	621	335	213	20,728

Table 16 (continued): Care recipients, living arrangements^(a) by sex and State/Territory,^(b) 30 June 2001

Sex/	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
living arrangements					Per cent				
Females									
Alone	55.5	57.1	31.4	57.4	55.3	68.6	63.7	17.9	52.3
Spouse only	17.7	23.7	11.2	24.2	20.8	19.8	18.4	5.7	18.9
Spouse and others	1.9	2.8	1.7	2.4	1.5	0.4	1.6	8.1	2.1
Brothers/sisters	0.7	1.0	0.6	0.9	0.7	8.0	8.0	1.6	0.8
Child only	4.4	5.7	3.0	4.4	3.9	4.1	6.1	0.8	4.5
Child and child's family	2.8	4.0	2.9	5.6	2.4	1.9	6.1	19.5	3.5
Other family	1.2	1.7	1.5	2.6	0.4	0.8	0.8	17.9	1.6
Other	2.6	2.2	1.4	1.7	3.6	2.7	0.4	15.4	2.4
Missing/not stated	13.1	1.8	46.2	0.9	11.4	0.8	2.0	13.0	14.0
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Alone	41.8	37.9	27.6	42.8	42.7	58.4	36.7	34.4	38.7
Spouse only	32.9	44.2	18.4	38.2	35.6	30.7	48.9	5.6	34.1
Spouse and others	4.4	5.4	3.0	5.0	3.0	2.2	3.3	7.8	4.4
Brothers/sisters	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	0.8
Child only	1.8	2.5	0.7	1.5	1.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	1.7
Child and child's family	2.1	1.8	1.3	4.1	0.7	0.7	4.4	7.8	2.0
Other family	0.9	1.5	2.1	2.6	0.3	0.0	1.1	15.6	1.6
Other	3.1	4.2	1.8	3.1	5.6	4.4	4.4	7.8	3.5
Missing/not stated	12.2	1.9	44.2	1.7	10.6	1.5	1.1	17.8	13.3
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Alone	51.7	50.9	30.3	52.9	51.6	66.3	56.4	24.9	48.3
Spouse only	21.9	30.3	13.4	28.4	25.2	22.2	26.6	5.6	23.4
Spouse and others	2.6	3.7	2.1	3.2	1.9	0.8	2.1	8.0	2.8
Brothers/sisters	0.7	0.9	0.7	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	2.3	0.8
Child only	3.7	4.7	2.3	3.5	3.1	3.7	4.5	0.5	3.6
Child and child's family	2.6	3.3	2.4	5.2	1.9	1.6	5.7	14.6	3.0
Other family	1.1	1.6	1.7	2.6	0.4	0.6	0.9	16.9	1.6
Other	2.7	2.8	1.5	2.1	4.2	3.1	1.5	12.2	2.7
Missing/not stated	12.8	1.8	45.6	1.1	11.2	1.0	1.8	15.0	13.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) 'Living arrangements' refers to the living arrangements of the client at the time of application for a package.

⁽b) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

Tables for Section 2.5

Table 17: Care recipients, Indigenous status by sex and age group, 30 June 2001

	Indiger	nous	Non-Indige	enous	Unkn	own	Total care r	ecipients
Sex/age	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent
Females								
0-49	19	5.7	90	0.6	0	0.0	109	0.7
50-54	10	3.0	91	0.6	0	0.0	101	0.7
55–59	27	8.0	159	1.1	1	4.3	187	1.3
60-64	45	13.4	314	2.2	1	4.3	360	2.5
65–69	60	17.9	618	4.3	1	4.3	679	4.7
70–74	74	22.0	1,343	9.4	1	4.3	1,418	9.7
75–79	44	13.1	2,633	18.5	4	17.4	2,681	18.4
80–84	34	10.1	3,583	25.2	7	30.4	3,624	24.8
85–89	15	4.5	3,508	24.6	4	17.4	3,527	24.2
90+	8	2.4	1,904	13.4	4	17.4	1,916	13.1
Total females	336	100.0	14,243	100.0	23	100.0	14,602	100.0
Males								
0-49	10	6.0	80	1.3	0	0.0	90	1.5
50-54	16	9.6	72	1.2	0	0.0	88	1.4
55–59	16	9.6	131	2.2	0	0.0	147	2.4
60–64	22	13.2	261	4.4	1	20.0	284	4.6
65–69	26	15.6	369	6.2	1	20.0	396	6.5
70–74	30	18.0	701	11.8	0	0.0	731	11.9
75–79	22	13.2	1,031	17.3	1	20.0	1,054	17.2
80–84	16	9.6	1,320	22.2	1	20.0	1,337	21.8
85–89	5	3.0	1,244	20.9	1	20.0	1,250	20.4
90+	4	2.4	745	12.5	0	0.0	749	12.2
Total males	167	100.0	5,954	100.0	5	100.0	6,126	100.0
Persons								
0-49	29	5.8	170	0.8	0	0.0	199	1.0
50-54	26	5.2	163	0.8	0	0.0	189	0.9
55–59	43	8.5	290	1.4	1	3.6	334	1.6
60–64	67	13.3	575	2.8	2	7.1	644	3.1
65–69	86	17.1	987	4.9	2	7.1	1,075	5.2
70–74	104	20.7	2,044	10.1	1	3.6	2,149	10.4
75–79	66	13.1	3,664	18.1	5	17.9	3,735	18.0
80–84	50	9.9	4,903	24.3	8	28.6	4,961	23.9
85–89	20	4.0	4,752	23.5	5	17.9	4,777	23.0
90+	12	2.4	2,649	13.1	4	14.3	2,665	12.9
Total	503	100.0	20,197	100.0	28	100.0	20,728	100.0

Note: In addition, there were 94 packages provided by services receiving flexible funding under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy for which no care recipient details were available. These packages are not included in the ACCMIS database from which data presented in this publication are derived.

Table 18: Age- and sex-specific usage rates for care recipients, ^(a) by Indigenous status, 30 June 2001 (per 1,000 population) ^(b)

	In	digenous		Non	-Indigenous	
Age	Females	Males	Persons	Females	Males	Persons
0–49	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
50-54	1.2	2.1	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.1
55–59	4.8	3.0	3.9	0.3	0.3	0.3
60–64	11.0	6.3	8.9	0.8	0.7	0.7
65–69	20.0	10.7	15.8	1.8	1.1	1.5
70–74	35.8	20.2	29.3	4.1	2.4	3.3
75+	43.2	31.1	38.5	17.5	10.1	14.6

⁽a) Recipients with unknown status have been pro-rated.

⁽b) Ratios are calculated using high-series projections of the Indigenous population for 2001 (ABS 1998a) and AIHW projections of ABS estimated resident population.

Table 19: Care recipients, English-speaking status by sex and age group, 30 June 2001

	Non-English	-speaking	English-s	peaking	Unkno	wn	Total care r	ecipients
Sex/age	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent
Females								
0-49	28	0.8	81	0.7	0	0.0	109	0.7
50-54	22	0.6	78	0.7	1	1.3	101	0.7
55–59	38	1.1	147	1.3	2	2.6	187	1.3
60–64	84	2.5	274	2.5	2	2.6	360	2.5
65–69	174	5.1	497	4.5	8	10.5	679	4.7
70–74	395	11.6	1,012	9.1	11	14.5	1,418	9.7
75–79	699	20.4	1,960	17.6	22	28.9	2,681	18.4
80–84	861	25.2	2,752	24.8	11	14.5	3,624	24.8
85–89	728	21.3	2,785	25.1	14	18.4	3,527	24.2
90+	390	11.4	1,521	13.7	5	6.6	1,916	13.1
Total females	3,419	100.0	11,107	100.0	76	100.0	14,602	100.0
Males								
0–49	17	1.2	73	1.6	0	0.0	90	1.5
50-54	13	0.9	75	1.6	0	0.0	88	1.4
55–59	29	2.0	116	2.5	2	6.9	147	2.4
60–64	62	4.3	221	4.7	1	3.4	284	4.6
65–69	90	6.2	305	6.6	1	3.4	396	6.5
70–74	175	12.1	547	11.8	9	31.0	731	11.9
75–79	278	19.3	772	16.6	4	13.8	1,054	17.2
80–84	328	22.7	1,004	21.6	5	17.2	1,337	21.8
85–89	287	19.9	959	20.6	4	13.8	1,250	20.4
90+	165	11.4	581	12.5	3	10.3	749	12.2
Total males	1,444	100.0	4,653	100.0	29	100.0	6,126	100.0
Persons								
0–49	45	0.9	154	1.0	0	0.0	199	1.0
50-54	35	0.7	153	1.0	1	1.0	189	0.9
55–59	67	1.4	263	1.7	4	3.8	334	1.6
60–64	146	3.0	495	3.1	3	2.9	644	3.1
65–69	264	5.4	802	5.1	9	8.6	1,075	5.2
70–74	570	11.7	1,559	9.9	20	19.0	2,149	10.4
75–79	977	20.1	2,732	17.3	26	24.8	3,735	18.0
80–84	1,189	24.4	3,756	23.8	16	15.2	4,961	23.9
85–89	1,015	20.9	3,744	23.8	18	17.1	4,777	23.0
90+	555	11.4	2,102	13.3	8	7.6	2,665	12.9
Total	4,863	100.0	15,760	100.0	105	100.0	20,728	100.0

Table 20: Age- and sex-specific usage rates for care recipients, (a) by English-speaking status, 30 June 2001 (per 1,000 population) (b)

	Non-En	glish-speaking	<u> </u>	English-speaking				
Age	Females	Males	Persons	Females	Males	Persons		
50-64	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4		
65–74	4.2	1.8	3.0	2.8	1.8	2.3		
75–84	20.3	9.2	15.2	11.6	6.3	9.4		
85+	50.4	32.2	43.3	27.3	22.7	25.9		

⁽a) Recipients with unknown status have been pro-rated.

⁽b) Ratios are calculated using AIHW projections of ABS estimated resident population.

Table 21: Outlets, financial hardship target by State/Territory, 30 June 2001

FDP ^(a) target	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
percentage					nber of ou				7 taotrana
0	6	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	9
1–10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11–20	109	17	117	25	47	11	0	0	326
21–30	108	75	87	56	5	16	5	0	352
31–40	3	24	11	5	2	4	0	0	49
41–50	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	5
51–60	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3
61–70	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
71–80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
81–90	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	17	18
91–100	30	24	7	12	3	2	0	16	94
Total	256	141	226	98	62	34	5	37	859
					Per cent				
0	2.3	0.0	0.4	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
1–10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11–20	42.6	12.1	51.8	25.5	75.8	32.4	0.0	0.0	38.0
21–30	42.2	53.2	38.5	57.1	8.1	47.1	100.0	0.0	41.0
31–40	1.2	17.0	4.9	5.1	3.2	11.8	0.0	0.0	5.7
41–50	0.0	0.7	0.4	0.0	3.2	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.6
51–60	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.4	0.3
61–70	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
71–80	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.4	0.2
81–90	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	45.9	2.1
91–100	11.7	17.0	3.1	12.2	4.8	5.9	0.0	43.2	10.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) Financially disadvantaged person.

Table 22: Outlets, financial hardship target by geographic area, 30 June 2001

		Other								
(a)	Capital	metropolitan								
FDP ^(a) target	cities	centres	Rural	Remote	Total					
percentage		Number of outlets								
0	7	1	1	0	9					
1–10	0	0	0	0	0					
11–20	152	18	133	23	326					
21–30	165	50	115	22	352					
31–40	37	2	3	7	49					
41–50	2	0	2	1	5					
51–60	1	0	1	1	3					
61–70	1	0	0	0	1					
71–80	0	0	0	2	2					
81–90	3	0	0	15	18					
91–100	39	10	23	22	94					
Total	407	81	278	93	859					
			Per cent							
0	1.7	1.2	0.4	0.0	1.0					
1–10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
11–20	37.3	22.2	47.8	24.7	38.0					
21–30	40.5	61.7	41.4	23.7	41.0					
31–40	9.1	2.5	1.1	7.5	5.7					
41–50	0.5	0.0	0.7	1.1	0.6					
51–60	0.2	0.0	0.4	1.1	0.3					
61–70	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1					
71–80	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.2					
81–90	0.7	0.0	0.0	16.1	2.1					
91–100	9.6	12.3	8.3	23.7	10.9					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					

⁽a) Financially disadvantaged person.

Table 23: Care recipients, financial hardship status by sex and State/Territory, (a) 30 June 2001

Sex/	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
FDP ^(b) status				Numbe	r of care i	recipients			
Females									
Disadvantaged	1,804	1,260	805	490	464	246	0	69	5,138
Not disadvantaged	2,216	1,322	766	583	602	151	245	17	5,902
Total females	4,020	2,582	1,571	1,073	1,066	397	245	86	11,040
Males									
Disadvantaged	752	657	405	227	227	58	0	55	2,381
Not disadvantaged	782	595	313	237	240	51	90	7	2,315
Total males	1,533	1,252	718	464	467	109	90	62	4,696
Persons									
Disadvantaged	2,556	1,917	1,210	717	691	304	0	124	7,519
Not disadvantaged	2,998	1,917	1,079	820	842	202	335	24	8,217
Total	5,554	3,834	2,289	1,537	1,533	506	335	148	15,736
					Per cen	t			
Females									_
Disadvantaged	44.9	48.8	51.2	45.7	43.5	62.0	0.0	80.5	46.5
Not disadvantaged	55.1	51.2	48.8	54.3	56.5	38.0	100.0	19.5	53.5
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Disadvantaged	49.0	52.5	56.4	48.9	48.6	53.2	0.0	88.9	50.7
Not disadvantaged	51.0	47.5	43.6	51.1	51.4	46.8	100.0	11.1	49.3
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Disadvantaged	46.0	50.0	52.9	46.6	45.1	60.1	0.0	84.0	47.8
Not disadvantaged	54.0	50.0	47.1	53.4	54.9	39.9	100.0	16.0	52.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

Note: Unknown and missing cases for financial hardship status excluded from calculations = 4,992 (3,562 females and 1,430 males).

Table 24: Packages targeted to financial hardship, by State/Territory, (a) 30 June 2001

Targeted to	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia			
financial hardship	Number of packages											
Targeted	2,364	1,925	900	631	506	179	101	274	6,880			
Not targeted	6,219	4,046	3,218	1,588	1,732	482	235	30	17,550			
Total	8,583	5,971	4,118	2,219	2,238	661	336	304	24,430			
		Per cent										
Targeted	27.5	32.2	21.9	28.4	22.6	27.1	30.1	90.1	28.2			
Not targeted	72.5	67.8	78.1	71.6	77.4	72.9	69.9	9.9	71.8			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			

⁽a) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

⁽b) Financially disadvantaged person.

Table 25: Care recipients, financial hardship status by sex and geographic area, (a) 30 June 2001

		Other			
	Capital	metropolitan			
Sex/	cities	centres	Rural	Remote	Total
FDP ^(b) status		Number o	of care recipient	s	
Females					
Disadvantaged	3,164	404	1,412	158	5,138
Not disadvantaged	4,039	478	1,292	93	5,902
Total females	7,203	882	2,704	251	11,040
Males					
Disadvantaged	1,448	178	640	115	2,381
Not disadvantaged	1,544	192	539	40	2,315
Total males	2,992	370	1,179	155	4,696
Persons					
Disadvantaged	4,612	582	2,052	273	7,519
Not disadvantaged	5,583	670	1,831	133	8,217
Total	10,195	1,252	3,883	406	15,736
			Per cent		
Females					
Disadvantaged	43.9	45.8	52.2	62.9	46.5
Not disadvantaged	56.1	54.2	47.8	37.1	53.5
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males					
Disadvantaged	48.4	48.1	54.3	74.2	50.7
Not disadvantaged	51.6	51.9	45.7	25.8	49.3
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons					
Disadvantaged	45.2	46.5	52.8	67.2	47.8
Not disadvantaged	54.8	53.5	47.2	32.8	52.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) 'Geographic area' refers to the location of the outlet.

Note: Unknown and missing cases for financial hardship status excluded from calculations = 4,992 (3,562 females and 1,430 males).

⁽b) Financially disadvantaged person.

Tables for Section 2.6

Table 26: Admissions, age at admission by sex and State/Territory, $^{(a)}$ 1 July 2000 to 30 June 2001

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
Sex/age				Numb	er of admi	ssions			
Females									
0–49	10	14	30	6	0	0	0	4	64
50–54	17	19	14	5	1	0	1	4	61
55–59	31	32	17	9	3	2	3	4	101
60–64	65	47	45	22	10	4	3	7	203
65–69	130	127	76	52	28	10	6	6	435
70–74	336	258	150	97	77	29	21	8	976
75–79	646	466	298	160	165	41	35	5	1816
80–84	935	556	408	234	191	74	45	12	2455
85–89	777	583	380	245	186	67	41	0	2279
90+	343	278	162	110	89	24	19	3	1,028
Total females	3,290	2,380	1,580	940	750	251	174	53	9,418
Males									
0–49	4	29	16	3	1	0	0	0	53
50–54	9	20	15	5	5	0	0	1	55
55–59	25	30	16	9	7	1	2	6	96
60–64	57	46	19	17	9	4	2	6	160
65–69	66	72	31	23	13	6	3	3	217
70–74	173	167	71	59	36	14	8	3	531
75–79	249	195	134	91	66	17	8	5	765
80–84	328	268	182	72	103	18	9	5	985
85–89	304	229	170	80	83	11	11	2	890
90+	144	117	78	47	46	10	6	2	450
Total males	1,359	1,173	732	406	369	81	49	33	4,202
Persons									
0–49	14	43	46	9	1	0	0	4	117
50–54	26	39	29	10	6	0	1	5	116
55–59	56	62	33	18	10	3	5	10	197
60–64	122	93	64	39	19	8	5	13	363
65–69	196	199	107	75	41	16	9	9	652
70–74	509	425	221	156	113	43	29	11	1,507
75–79	895	661	432	251	231	58	43	10	2,581
80–84	1,263	824	590	306	294	92	54	17	3,440
85–89	1,081	812	550	325	269	78	52	2	3,169
90+	487	395	240	157	135	34	25	5	1,478
Total	4,649	3,553	2,312	1,346	1,119	332	223	86	13,620

Table 26 (continued): Admissions, age at admission by sex and State/Territory, (a) 1 July 2000 to 30 June 2001

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
Sex/age					Per cent				
Females									
0–49	0.3	0.6	1.9	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.7
50-54	0.5	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.6	7.5	0.6
55–59	0.9	1.3	1.1	1.0	0.4	0.8	1.7	7.5	1.1
60–64	2.0	2.0	2.8	2.3	1.3	1.6	1.7	13.2	2.2
65–69	4.0	5.3	4.8	5.5	3.7	4.0	3.4	11.3	4.6
70–74	10.2	10.8	9.5	10.3	10.3	11.6	12.1	15.1	10.4
75–79	19.6	19.6	18.9	17.0	22.0	16.3	20.1	9.4	19.3
80–84	28.4	23.4	25.8	24.9	25.5	29.5	25.9	22.6	26.1
85–89	23.6	24.5	24.1	26.1	24.8	26.7	23.6	0.0	24.2
90+	10.4	11.7	10.3	11.7	11.9	9.6	10.9	5.7	10.9
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
0–49	0.3	2.5	2.2	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3
50–54	0.7	1.7	2.0	1.2	1.4	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.3
55–59	1.8	2.6	2.2	2.2	1.9	1.2	4.1	18.2	2.3
60–64	4.2	3.9	2.6	4.2	2.4	4.9	4.1	18.2	3.8
65–69	4.9	6.1	4.2	5.7	3.5	7.4	6.1	9.1	5.2
70–74	12.7	14.2	9.7	14.5	9.8	17.3	16.3	9.1	12.6
75–79	18.3	16.6	18.3	22.4	17.9	21.0	16.3	15.2	18.2
80–84	24.1	22.8	24.9	17.7	27.9	22.2	18.4	15.2	23.4
85–89	22.4	19.5	23.2	19.7	22.5	13.6	22.4	6.1	21.2
90+	10.6	10.0	10.7	11.6	12.5	12.3	12.2	6.1	10.7
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
0–49	0.3	1.2	2.0	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	4.7	0.9
50–54	0.6	1.1	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.0	0.4	5.8	0.9
55–59	1.2	1.7	1.4	1.3	0.9	0.9	2.2	11.6	1.4
60–64	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.9	1.7	2.4	2.2	15.1	2.7
65–69	4.2	5.6	4.6	5.6	3.7	4.8	4.0	10.5	4.8
70–74	10.9	12.0	9.6	11.6	10.1	13.0	13.0	12.8	11.1
75–79	19.3	18.6	18.7	18.6	20.6	17.5	19.3	11.6	19.0
80–84	27.2	23.2	25.5	22.7	26.3	27.7	24.2	19.8	25.3
85–89	23.3	22.9	23.8	24.1	24.0	23.5	23.3	2.3	23.3
90+	10.5	11.1	10.4	11.7	12.1	10.2	11.2	5.8	10.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

Table 27: Separations, separation mode by sex and State/Territory, (a) 1 July 2000 to 30 June 2001

Sex/	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
separation mode				Numbe	r of separa	ations			
Females									
Death	410	279	190	86	92	31	21	10	1,119
To hospital	122	58	115	46	24	11	4	0	380
To residential aged care	1,115	870	468	253	222	94	73	5	3,100
To other CACP	124	88	126	44	17	7	4	0	410
Automatic	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	5
Other community/holiday	120	71	48	38	23	13	6	0	319
Other	373	257	181	180	55	14	23	6	1,089
Total females	2,265	1,625	1,128	648	434	170	131	21	6,422
Males									
Death	265	191	125	78	80	22	17	9	787
To hospital	39	25	63	24	8	6	1	2	168
To residential aged care	408	333	209	76	89	25	25	3	1,168
To other CACP	48	43	64	31	10	7	1	0	204
Automatic	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	3
Other community/holiday	40	24	36	17	9	3	1	0	130
Other	128	111	90	75	17	4	7	3	435
Total males	928	728	588	301	213	67	52	18	2,895
Persons									
Death	675	470	315	164	172	53	38	19	1,906
To hospital	161	83	178	70	32	17	5	2	548
To residential aged care	1,523	1,203	677	329	311	119	98	8	4,268
To other CACP	172	131	190	75	27	14	5	0	614
Automatic	1	3	1	1	1	0	0	1	8
Other community/holiday	160	95	84	55	32	16	7	0	449
Other	501	368	271	255	72	18	30	9	1,524
Total	3,193	2,353	1,716	949	647	237	183	39	9,317

Table 27 (continued): Separations, separation mode by sex and State/Territory, $^{(a)}$ 1 July 2000 to 30 June 2001

Sex/	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
separation mode					Per cent				
Females									
Death	18.1	17.2	16.8	13.3	21.2	18.2	16.0	47.6	17.4
To hospital	5.4	3.6	10.2	7.1	5.5	6.5	3.1	0.0	5.9
To residential aged care	49.2	53.5	41.5	39.0	51.2	55.3	55.7	23.8	48.3
To other CACP	5.5	5.4	11.2	6.8	3.9	4.1	3.1	0.0	6.4
Automatic	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other community/holiday	5.3	4.4	4.3	5.9	5.3	7.6	4.6	0.0	5.0
Other	16.5	15.8	16.0	27.8	12.7	8.2	17.6	28.6	17.0
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Death	28.6	26.2	21.3	25.9	37.6	32.8	32.7	50.0	27.2
To hospital	4.2	3.4	10.7	8.0	3.8	9.0	1.9	11.1	5.8
To residential aged care	44.0	45.7	35.5	25.2	41.8	37.3	48.1	16.7	40.3
To other CACP	5.2	5.9	10.9	10.3	4.7	10.4	1.9	0.0	7.0
Automatic	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	0.1
Other community/holiday	4.3	3.3	6.1	5.6	4.2	4.5	1.9	0.0	4.5
Other	4.3	3.3	6.1	5.6	4.2	4.5	1.9	0.0	4.5
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Death	21.1	20.0	18.4	17.3	26.6	22.4	20.8	48.7	20.5
To hospital	5.0	3.5	10.4	7.4	4.9	7.2	2.7	5.1	5.9
To residential aged care	47.7	51.1	39.5	34.7	48.1	50.2	53.6	20.5	45.8
To other CACP	5.4	5.6	11.1	7.9	4.2	5.9	2.7	0.0	6.6
Automatic	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	2.6	0.1
Other community/holiday	5.0	4.0	4.9	5.8	4.9	6.8	3.8	0.0	4.8
Other	15.7	15.6	15.8	26.9	11.1	7.6	16.4	23.1	16.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

Table 28: Separations, length of stay by sex and State/Territory, (a) 1 July 2000 to 30 June 2001

Sex/	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
length of stay					r of separa				
Females									
<4 weeks	107	89	57	18	26	5	8	1	311
4-<8 weeks	168	115	81	41	19	4	10	2	440
8-<13 weeks	186	121	87	51	34	8	11	0	498
13-<26 weeks	362	287	188	101	72	22	18	2	1,052
26-<39 weeks	287	236	134	70	52	18	16	1	814
39-<52 weeks	229	148	118	75	29	21	13	1	634
1-<2 years	462	360	227	134	92	39	25	7	1,346
2-<3 years	266	147	131	89	71	21	16	3	744
3-<4 years	104	77	64	40	22	16	11	2	336
4+ years	94	45	41	29	17	16	3	2	247
Total females	2,265	1,625	1,128	648	434	170	131	21	6,422
Males									
<4 weeks	49	46	35	16	9	3	2	1	161
4-<8 weeks	71	61	36	19	14	4	1	0	206
8-<13 weeks	78	54	49	22	16	4	5	0	228
13-<26 weeks	155	131	81	37	36	10	8	5	463
26-<39 weeks	131	105	79	36	24	10	4	0	389
39-<52 weeks	80	68	58	38	20	7	5	2	278
1-<2 years	177	135	139	79	47	14	17	4	612
2-<3 years	105	76	53	30	28	8	6	4	310
3-<4 years	48	39	37	17	10	4	3	2	160
4+ years	34	13	21	7	9	3	1	0	88
Total males	928	728	588	301	213	67	52	18	2,895
Persons									
<4 weeks	156	135	92	34	35	8	10	2	472
4-<8 weeks	239	176	117	60	33	8	11	2	646
8-<13 weeks	264	175	136	73	50	12	16	0	726
13-<26 weeks	517	418	269	138	108	32	26	7	1,515
26-<39 weeks	418	341	213	106	76	28	20	1	1,203
39-<52 weeks	309	216	176	113	49	28	18	3	912
1-<2 years	639	495	366	213	139	53	42	11	1,958
2-<3 years	371	223	184	119	99	29	22	7	1,054
3-<4 years	152	116	101	57	32	20	14	4	496
4+ years	128	58	62	36	26	19	4	2	335
Total	3,193	2,353	1,716	949	647	237	183	39	9,317

Table 28 (continued): Separations, length of stay by sex and State/Territory, (a) 1 July 2000 to 30 June 2001

Sex/	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
length of stay					Per cent				
Females									
<4 weeks	4.7	5.5	5.1	2.8	6.0	2.9	6.1	4.8	4.8
4-<8 weeks	7.4	7.1	7.2	6.3	4.4	2.4	7.6	9.5	6.9
8-<13 weeks	8.2	7.4	7.7	7.9	7.8	4.7	8.4	0.0	7.8
13-<26 weeks	16.0	17.7	16.7	15.6	16.6	12.9	13.7	9.5	16.4
26-<39 weeks	12.7	14.5	11.9	10.8	12.0	10.6	12.2	4.8	12.7
39-<52 weeks	10.1	9.1	10.5	11.6	6.7	12.4	9.9	4.8	9.9
1-<2 years	20.4	22.2	20.1	20.7	21.2	22.9	19.1	33.3	21.0
2-<3 years	11.7	9.0	11.6	13.7	16.4	12.4	12.2	14.3	11.6
3-<4 years	4.6	4.7	5.7	6.2	5.1	9.4	8.4	9.5	5.2
4+ years	4.2	2.8	3.6	4.5	3.9	9.4	2.3	9.5	3.8
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
<4 weeks	5.3	6.3	6.0	5.3	4.2	4.5	3.8	5.6	5.6
4-<8 weeks	7.7	8.4	6.1	6.3	6.6	6.0	1.9	0.0	7.1
8-<13 weeks	8.4	7.4	8.3	7.3	7.5	6.0	9.6	0.0	7.9
13-<26 weeks	16.7	18.0	13.8	12.3	16.9	14.9	15.4	27.8	16.0
26-<39 weeks	14.1	14.4	13.4	12.0	11.3	14.9	7.7	0.0	13.4
39-<52 weeks	8.6	9.3	9.9	12.6	9.4	10.4	9.6	11.1	9.6
1-<2 years	19.1	18.5	23.6	26.2	22.1	20.9	32.7	22.2	21.1
2-<3 years	11.3	10.4	9.0	10.0	13.1	11.9	11.5	22.2	10.7
3-<4 years	5.2	5.4	6.3	5.6	4.7	6.0	5.8	11.1	5.5
4+ years	3.7	1.8	3.6	2.3	4.2	4.5	1.9	0.0	3.0
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
<4 weeks	4.9	5.7	5.4	3.6	5.4	3.4	5.5	5.1	5.1
4-<8 weeks	7.5	7.5	6.8	6.3	5.1	3.4	6.0	5.1	6.9
8-<13 weeks	8.3	7.4	7.9	7.7	7.7	5.1	8.7	0.0	7.8
13-<26 weeks	16.2	17.8	15.7	14.5	16.7	13.5	14.2	17.9	16.3
26-<39 weeks	13.1	14.5	12.4	11.2	11.7	11.8	10.9	2.6	12.9
39-<52 weeks	9.7	9.2	10.3	11.9	7.6	11.8	9.8	7.7	9.8
1-<2 years	20.0	21.0	21.3	22.4	21.5	22.4	23.0	28.2	21.0
2-<3 years	11.6	9.5	10.7	12.5	15.3	12.2	12.0	17.9	11.3
3-<4 years	4.8	4.9	5.9	6.0	4.9	8.4	7.7	10.3	5.3
4+ years	4.0	2.5	3.6	3.8	4.0	8.0	2.2	5.1	3.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) 'State/Territory' refers to the location of the outlet.

Table 29: Separations, length of stay by separation mode, 1 July 2000 to 30 June 2001

		_	То	To other		Other		
	Death	To hospital	residential aged care	CACP outlet	Automatic	community/ holiday	Other	Total
Length of stay		поорна	agoa oaro		separations	nonauy	<u> </u>	Total
<4 weeks	90	25	124	44	3	29	157	472
4-<8 weeks	131	35	219	50	1	48	162	646
8-<13 weeks	157	45	292	50	0	42	140	726
13-<26 weeks	279	91	697	94	0	75	279	1,515
26-<39 weeks	201	87	641	56	0	47	171	1,203
39-<52 weeks	182	52	444	51	1	43	139	912
1-<2 years	399	93	991	134	1	84	256	1,958
2-<3 years	241	68	509	70	2	41	123	1,054
3-<4 years	125	34	217	31	0	23	66	496
4+ years	101	18	134	34	0	17	31	335
Total	1,906	548	4,268	614	8	449	1,524	9,317
	·		·	Per cen	t (column)		•	
<4 weeks	4.7	4.6	2.9	7.2	37.5	6.5	10.3	5.1
4-<8 weeks	6.9	6.4	5.1	8.1	12.5	10.7	10.6	6.9
8-<13 weeks	8.2	8.2	6.8	8.1	0.0	9.4	9.2	7.8
13-<26 weeks	14.6	16.6	16.3	15.3	0.0	16.7	18.3	16.3
26-<39 weeks	10.5	15.9	15.0	9.1	0.0	10.5	11.2	12.9
39-<52 weeks	9.5	9.5	10.4	8.3	12.5	9.6	9.1	9.8
1-<2 years	20.9	17.0	23.2	21.8	12.5	18.7	16.8	21.0
2-<3 years	12.6	12.4	11.9	11.4	25.0	9.1	8.1	11.3
3-<4 years	6.6	6.2	5.1	5.0	0.0	5.1	4.3	5.3
4+ years	5.3	3.3	3.1	5.5	0.0	3.8	2.0	3.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
				Per ce	ent (row)			
<4 weeks	19.1	5.3	26.3	9.3	0.6	6.1	33.3	100.0
4-<8 weeks	20.3	5.4	33.9	7.7	0.2	7.4	25.1	100.0
8-<13 weeks	21.6	6.2	40.2	6.9	0.0	5.8	19.3	100.0
13-<26 weeks	18.4	6.0	46.0	6.2	0.0	5.0	18.4	100.0
26-<39 weeks	16.7	7.2	53.3	4.7	0.0	3.9	14.2	100.0
39-<52 weeks	20.0	5.7	48.7	5.6	0.1	4.7	15.2	100.0
1-<2 years	20.4	4.7	50.6	6.8	0.1	4.3	13.1	100.0
2-<3 years	22.9	6.5	48.3	6.6	0.2	3.9	11.7	100.0
3-<4 years	25.2	6.9	43.8	6.3	0.0	4.6	13.3	100.0
4+ years	30.1	5.4	40.0	10.1	0.0	5.1	9.3	100.0
Total	20.5	5.9	45.8	6.6	0.1	4.8	16.4	100.0

5 Glossary

Admission A date on which the recipient begins to receive Community

Aged Care Package assistance from the outlet. Admission date may also be referred to as 'date of commencement'.

Aged Care Assessment

Team (ACAT)

Multidisciplinary team of health professionals responsible for determining eligibility for a Community Aged Care

Package or entry to residential aged care.

Birthplace (country of birth)

Other Oceania & Antarctica Includes American Samoa, Antarctica, Cook Islands, Fiji,

Kiribati, New Zealand, New Caledonia, Pacific Islands, Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands, Tonga and Vanuatu.

North-West Europe Includes Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France,

Germany, Great Britain, Iceland, Ireland, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Switzerland and

Sweden.

Southern & Eastern Europe Includes Albania, Andorra, Bulgaria, Cyprus,

Czechoslovakia, Gibraltar, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Malta, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Spain, Ukrainian SSR, former

USSR and former Yugoslavia.

North Africa & the Middle East Includes Algeria, Egypt, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Lebanon,

Morocco, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates and Upper Volta.

South-East Asia Includes Brunei, Burma, East Timor, Indonesia, Kampuchea,

Laos, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and

Viet Nam.

North-East Asia Includes China, Hong Kong, Japan, Korea, Macau and

Taiwan.

Southern & Central Asia Includes Afghanistan, Bangladesh, India, Maldives, Nepal,

Pakistan and Sri Lanka.

Americas Includes Argentina, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Brazil,

Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, El Salvador, Falkland Islands (Malvinas), Grenada, Guyana, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Netherlands Antilles, Peru, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, United States of America,

Uruguay and Venezuela.

Sub-Saharan Africa Includes Botswana, British Indian Ocean Territory, Burundi,

Cameroon, Comoros, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Madagascar, Mauritania, Mauritius, Namibia, Nigeria, Réunion, Seychelles, Somalia, South

Africa, Tanzania, Togo and Zimbabwe.

Care recipient

A person assessed by an Aged Care Assessment Team as having significant care needs which can be appropriately met through the provision of residential care, community care and/or flexible care.

Extended Aged Care at Home Packages

The equivalent of Community Aged Care Packages for high-level care.

Financial hardship status

Refers to whether the person is considered to experience financial hardship based on certain criteria, such as home ownership and pension status.

Geographic areas

The geographic areas used in this report are based on the classification developed by the Department of Primary Industries and Energy (now the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry – Australia) and the Department of Human Services and Health (now the Department of Health and Ageing) (DPIE & DHSH 1994). This classification categorises all statistical local areas according to their remoteness, with an index of remoteness being calculated for each statistical local area in non-metropolitan Australia. Remoteness is measured using population density and distances to large population centres. The structure of the classification is as follows:

Metropolitan areas

Capital city State and Territory capital city statistical divisions.

Other metropolitan centre Urban centre of population 100,000 or more.

Non-metropolitan zones

Rural zones Index of remoteness less than or equal to 10.5, and includes

Large rural centres (urban centre population between 25,000 and 99,999), Small rural centres (urban centre population between 10,000 and 24,999) and Other rural area (Urban

centre population under 10,000).

Remote zones Index of remoteness greater than 10.5, and includes Remote

centres (urban centre population 5,000 or over) and Other remote area (urban centre population under 5,000).

remote area (urban centre population under 5,000).

Housing-Linked Packages Refers to packages that provide care to financially

disadvantaged people in designated rental housing

developments, including public or community housing, and

in secure private rental accommodation.

Leave A situation where the recipient temporarily ceases to receive

services from the outlet to take a holiday, to enter hospital or

to temporarily receive alternative care.

Length of stay The time between the date of admission to a Community

Aged Care Package and the date of separation from a

Community Aged Care Package.

Living arrangements Refers to the cohabitation before the recipient's application

for a Community Aged Care Package.

Low level residential care Refers to general accommodation services provided in

residential facilities, such as meals, laundry and room cleaning, together with additional daily personal assistance such as bathing, showering and personal hygiene. Care also includes organising, supervising and administering of medication; toileting and continence management; meal assistance; transfers; mobility; dressing/undressing; fitting of sensory/communication aids; assessment and referral for appropriate support; communication assistance; and

provision of special diets and emotional support.

Multi-Purpose Services Operating in rural and remote communities, these provide a

mix of Commonwealth- and State-funded services,

including aged care services, best suited to the needs of each

community.

Pension status Refers to whether the recipient was receiving a pension at

the time of their application for a Community Aged Care

Package, and the type of pension received.

Preferred language

Australian Indigenous Includes all Australian Indigenous languages.

Northern European Includes Danish, German, Irish, Dutch, Norwegian,

Swedish, Welsh, Yiddish, and Dutch.

Southern European Includes French, Greek, Italian, Maltese, Portuguese and

Spanish.

Eastern European Includes Albanian, Bosnian, Bulgarian, Croatian, Czech,

Estonian, Finnish, Hungarian, Latvian, Lithuanian, Macedonian, Polish, Romanian, Russian, Serbian, Slovak

and Ukrainian.

Southwest Asian & North

African

Southeast Asian

Includes Arabic, Turkish, Hebrew and Persian.

Southern Asian Includes Hindi, Tamil, Bengali, Sinhalese and Urdu.

Includes Burmese, Khmer, Lao, Thai, Filipino, Bahasa (Indonesian and Malay), Timorese and Vietnamese.

Eastern Asian Includes Chinese (various dialects), Japanese and Korean.

Other and unknown Includes Afrikaans, Fijian, Samoan, Tongan and other South

Pacific languages, as well as unknown preferred languages.

Separation A situation when the recipient ceases to receive Community

Aged Care Package services from an outlet.

Separation mode Indicates the destination of a care recipient at separation,

including death.

Service outlet An organisation or incorporated body which has been

approved to provide Community Aged Care Package services. The outlet also has the responsibility to plan, coordinate and manage the provision of community care

services to its care recipients.

Supplementary care

recipients

Care recipients receiving regular Community Aged Care Package assistance but for whom their service providers are

not entitled to claim the Community Care Subsidy.

Usual residence status Refers to the housing tenure before the recipient's

application for a Community Aged Care Package.

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