Residential aged care in Australia 2006–07

A statistical overview

The Australian Institute of Health and Welfare is Australia's national health and welfare statistics and information agency. The Institute's mission is *better information and statistics for better health and wellbeing*.

Please note that as with all statistical reports there is the potential for minor revisions of data in this report over its life. Please refer to the online version at <www.aihw.gov.au>.

AGED CARE STATISTICS SERIES Number 26

Residential aged care in Australia 2006–07

A statistical overview

June 2008

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Canberra Cat. no. AGE 56 © Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2008

This work is copyright. Apart from any use as permitted under the *Copyright Act 1968*, no part may be reproduced without prior written permission from the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare. Requests and enquiries concerning reproduction and rights should be directed to the Head, Media and Communication Unit, Australian Institute of Health and Welfare, GPO Box 570, Canberra ACT 2601.

This publication is part of the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare's Aged care statistics series. A complete list of the Institute's publications is available from the Institute's website <www.aihw.gov.au>.

ISSN 1329-5705 ISBN 978 1 74024 791 7

Suggested citation

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2008. Residential aged care in Australia 2006–07: a statistical overview. Aged care statistics series 26. Cat. no. AGE 56. Canberra: AIHW.

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Board Chair Hon. Peter Collins, AM, QC

Director Penny Allbon

Any enquiries about or comments on this publication should be directed to: Ageing and Aged Care Unit Australian Institute of Health and Welfare GPO Box 570 Canberra ACT 2601 Phone: (02) 6244 1000 Email: agedcare@aihw.gov.au

Published by the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Printed by Union Offset Printers

Contents

Acknowledgmentsvi
Abbreviationsvii
ummary1
ntroduction2
Aged care provision4
Residential aged care services12
Patterns of use
Resident characteristics42
Appendix 1: Additional time series data100
Appendix 2: Population data103
Appendix 3: Data and their limitations105
Glossary
References
ist of tables
ist of figures

Acknowledgments

This report was compiled by Peter Braun. Contributions from a number of colleagues are gratefully acknowledged.

Ann Peut, Diane Gibson and Penny Allbon of the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare provided critical comments and other valuable assistance with the compilation of the report.

Technical support and advice from within the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare was given by the Data and Information Technology Unit.

Thanks are due to colleagues in the Ageing and Aged Care Division of the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing. In particular, members of the Modelling, Information, Reporting and Analysis Group have contributed in various ways.

Abbreviations

ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
ACAT	Aged Care Assessment Team(s)
ACCMIS	Aged and Community Care Management Information System
AIHW	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
ARIA	Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia
ASGC	Australian Standard Geographical Classification
CACP	Community Aged Care Package(s)
CD	Census Collection District
CHIPS	Commonwealth Hostel Information Payment System (the previous payment system for hostels)
DoHA	Department of Health and Ageing (Australian Government)
DVA	Department of Veterans' Affairs (Australian Government)
EACH	Extended Aged Care at Home Package(s)
EACH Dementia	Extended Aged Care at Home Dementia Package(s)
HACC	Home and Community Care
MPS	Multi-purpose Service(s)
NHPS	Nursing Home Payment System (the previous payment system for nursing homes)
RCS	Resident Classification Scale
SPARC	System for the Payment of Aged Residential Care (the current payment system for residential care)
TCP	Transition Care Place(s)

Summary

This report presents statistics on the Australian residential aged care system over the period 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007. Residential aged care is one of the main types of formal care available for frail or disabled older Australians whose care needs are such that they can no longer remain in their own homes.

Aged care provision

At 30 June 2007, there were 170,071 residential aged care places, an increase of 3,780 compared with 30 June 2006. The current planning target for residential aged care provision is 88 places per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over. The number of operational places available in residential aged care at 30 June 2007 was 87.0 places per 1,000 persons which was slightly less than the 87.2 available at 30 June 2006.

Including other aged care programs also covered by the *Aged Care Act 1997*, the corresponding ratio of available places and packages increased from 107.7 to 109.7 during the 12 month period to 30 June 2007, relative to the new overall planning target of 113 places and packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 or over, which is to be achieved by June 2011.

Resident characteristics

The age profile of the resident population continues to increase. Over half (54%) of the 156,549 residents at 30 June 2007 were aged 85 years or older, and over one-quarter (27%) were aged 90 years and over. Overall, only 4% of residents were less than 65 years of age.

Residential aged care is meeting the care needs of an increasingly more dependent group of people. By far, the majority of residents at 30 June 2007 were assessed as high-care (70%). By way of contrast, 58% of residents were classified as high-care in 1998. In addition, 62% of permanent residents who were admitted during 2006–07 were high-care.

A very small proportion of permanent residents identified as being Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (0.6%), although this proportion is much higher in the Northern Territory, where 38% of permanent residents are Indigenous.

Over one-quarter of permanent residents (27%) were born overseas, with 11% born in the United Kingdom and Ireland and another 11% born in other areas of Europe. Almost 15,000 permanent residents preferred to speak a language other then English.

Patterns of use

There were 103,183 admissions to residential aged care between 1 July 2006 and 30 June 2007; 52,196 were for permanent care and the remainder for shorter-term respite care. During the same period there were 51,026 separations from permanent care, with the most common reason for separation being death (88%).

On average, the length of time people are spending in residential aged care is increasing. The average completed length of stay for permanent residents who left residential aged care during 2006–07 was 145.9 weeks compared with 131.3 weeks in 1998–99. Length of stay was longer for women (167.1 weeks) than for men (109.9 weeks).

Introduction

This report presents statistics on the Australian residential aged care system over the period 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007. It is the 10th such report in the Aged care statistics series produced by the Ageing and Aged Care Unit of the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare, under an agreement with the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing.

Residential aged care is one of the main types of formal care delivery for frail or disabled older people administered under the *Aged Care Act* 1997. The other main types of care are provided through Community Aged Care Packages (CACP), flexible care provided through Extended Aged Care at Home Packages (EACH), Extended Aged Care at Home Dementia Packages (EACH Dementia), Innovative Care, and Transition Care Places (TCP). Multi-purpose Services (MPS) also provide residential places and community aged care.

These types of care are related in a number of ways. Government planning of service provision aims to maintain a national provision level of operational aged care places for every 1,000 people aged 70 years and over. All programs administered under the *Aged Care Act 1997* are included in the Australian Government's provision ratio target. In addition, the planning process aims to provide access to an array of care options to meet the needs and preferences of care recipients.

From a service use perspective, access to assistance from each of these types of care requires approval from a multidisciplinary Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT). ACAT operate throughout Australia as a single point of entry to these aged care services, and also act as a source of advice and referral about other community services. In addition, care recipients may sometimes receive assistance from more than one aged care program, for example, a CACP and residential respite care. As their care needs change, care recipients may also move from one program of assistance to another, for example, from a CACP to an EACH.

Residential aged care

The Australian Government funds aged care facilities to provide residential aged care to older Australians whose care needs are such that they can no longer remain in their own homes. Residents receive either low-level care or high-level care. As their care needs change, residents may move between care levels while staying in the same aged care facility. Low-level care includes the provision of suitable accommodation and related services (such as laundry, meals and cleaning) and personal care services (such as assistance with the activities of daily living). High-level care includes accommodation and related services, personal care services and nursing care and equipment.

Residential respite gives short-term care in aged care facilities on a planned or emergency basis.

Community care and flexible care

There is a continuing strong emphasis on the provision of innovative and flexible community care to help people stay in their own homes. The largest source of community care assistance is provided through the Australian Government and state/territory funded Home and Community Care (HACC) program administered under the *Home and*

Community Care Act 1985. In 2005–06, an estimated 777,471 people received assistance from the HACC program.

Community care in the person's home is also provided as defined packages through CACP. These packages provide care for frail or disabled older people whose dependency and complex care needs would qualify them for entry to an aged care service, at least for low-level care. They are complemented by EACH and EACH Dementia which aim to deliver care at home that is equivalent to high-level residential care. EACH Dementia are individually tailored packages of care for approved care recipients who have complex care needs because of behavioural and psychological symptoms of dementia that affects their ability to live independently in the community.

Transition Care Places (TCP) are relatively new and are jointly funded by the Australian Government and the state and territory governments. TCP provide time-limited, goaloriented and therapy-focused care for older people after a hospital stay. TCP provide older people with a package of services that includes low-intensity therapy (such as physiotherapy), care management, and either nursing support and/or personal care. Transition care can be provided for up to 12 weeks (with a possible extension of another 6 weeks) in either a home-like residential setting or in the community. The places are aimed at older people who would otherwise be eligible for residential aged care, and gives them and their families and carers time to consider long-term care arrangements. It also aims to optimise the functional capacity of those older people prior to their making longer term arrangements.

Multi-purpose Services (MPS) are also a joint initiative between the Australian Government and those states and territories that need such services. They deliver a mix of aged care, health and community services in rural and remote communities, many of which cannot sustain separate services.

In addition, flexible models of care are provided under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program. The services funded under this program provide culturally appropriate aged care mainly in rural and remote areas. Services delivered under this program are outside the *Aged Care Act 1997*.

Structure of the report

This publication is primarily concerned with residential aged care. However, the first chapter on provision of aged care places also includes data about CACP, EACH and EACH Dementia, and TCP.

Chapter 2 reports data on the number, size and location of residential aged care services, while Chapter 3 looks at patterns of service use by residents, including admissions and separations. Chapter 4 describes characteristics of residents as at 30 June 2007, and characteristics of newly admitted and separated residents during 2006–07.

Three appendixes provide additional time series data, population data and notes on the data and their limitations.

Cases where data are not applicable, unknown or not reported have been excluded in relevant calculations of percentages and rates presented in the text, and may create minor variance to the relevant table totals.

1 Aged care provision

Operational places and packages

Residential aged care provision increased in absolute terms from 166,291 operational places at 30 June 2006 to 170,071 places at 30 June 2007 (Table 1.1). In the same period the provision of CACP rose from 35,383 to 37,997. Available packages for EACH and EACH Dementia increased from 2,580 and 601, respectively, at 30 June 2006 to 3,302 and 1,271 at 30 June 2007.

As well as reporting provision by mainstream services, the data in this section of the report also incorporates aged care places and packages delivered by flexible care through MPS and places and packages provided under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program. The exception is the data about allocated places (Figure 1.1), which only includes mainstream service allocations.

In 2004, the Australian Government increased the planning target for aged care provision to 108 places and packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over. Of these 108 places and packages, 88 were aimed at residential aged care, (40 to high-care places and 48 to low-care places), and 20 to CACP and EACH. The previous target was 100 places and packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over, comprising 50 low-care places, 40 high-care places and 10 CACP. The provision ratio measures operational places and packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over, and now also includes TCP. This target was intended to be reached by December 2007.

In February 2007, the provision ratio was further increased to 113 places and packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over to be achieved by June 2011. The intended mix was set at 44 high-care and 44 low-care places, and 25 community care packages including 4 for high-level care.

The combined provision ratio declined in the late 1980s and early 1990s, but stabilised in the mid-to-late 1990s at around 93–94 places and packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over (AIHW 1995; AIHW 1997). Since 2001, the ratio has risen each year as a consequence of new aged care places and packages being made available (Table 1.1; Figure 1.1).

For this report, provision ratios have been recalculated back to 2001 using revised Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) population data. The combined ratio of residential aged care places, CACP, EACH, EACH Dementia and TCP per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over increased from 107.7 at 30 June 2006 to 109.7 at 30 June 2007. The provision ratio for residential care decreased slightly from 87.2 to 87.0. The provision ratio for other care programs increased over this period; the CACP ratio increased from 18.5 to 19.4, and the EACH/EACH Dementia ratio increased from 1.7 to 2.3. TCP contributed 1,609 places at 30 June 2007, which added 0.8 to the Australia-wide provision ratio.

	Places and packages						Prov	rision ratio ^(a)		
Year	Residential aged care	CACP ^(b)	EACH and EACH Dementia	тср	Total	Residential places	CACP ratio	EACH and EACH Dementia	тср	Total
1995	134,810	2,542			137,352	92.2	1.7			93.9
1996	136,851	4,431			141,282	90.6	2.9			93.5
1997	139,058	6,124			145,182	89.2	3.9			93.1
1998	139,917	10,046			149,963	87.1	6.3			93.3
1999	141,697	13,896			155,593	85.6	8.4			94.0
2000	142,342	18,308			160,650	83.6	10.8			94.4
2001	144,013	24,629			168,642	82.2	14.0			96.2
2002	146,268	26,425			172,693	81.9	14.8			96.7
2003	151,181	27,881	255		179,062	83.4	15.4	0.1		98.7
2004	156,580	29,063	860		186,503	85.1	15.8	0.5		101.3
2005	161,765	30,973	1,673		194,411	86.4	16.5	0.9		103.8
2006	166,291	35,383	3,181	595	205,450	87.2	18.5	1.7	0.3	107.7
2007	170,071	37,997	4,573	1,609	214,250	87.0	19.4	2.3	0.8	109.7

Table 1.1: Number of operational residential aged care places, CACP, EACH, EACH Dementia and TCP, and the provision ratio per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over, 30 June 1995 to 30 June 2007

(a) The ratios are based on ABS population estimates released in December 2007 (ABS 2007), and are recalculated back to 2001. Total provision may vary from the sum of the component parts because of rounding.

(b) From 1999, the data in this table include places and packages provided by Multi-purpose Services, and funding under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program. Non-residential flexible care packages are counted under CACP.

Notes

1. The 2007 EACH/EACH Dementia total includes 1,271 EACH Dementia..

2. The ratios differ from those published by the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing which, for reporting purposes, uses small area population projections.

. . Not applicable.

State and territory variations

The residential aged care provision ratios at 30 June 2007 showed some variation by state and territory (Table 1.3). Provision ratios were highest in the Northern Territory (94.1), South Australia (93.2) and Victoria (87.6). Tasmania (84.9) and the Australian Capital Territory (72.6) had the lowest ratios of residential aged care provision.

The combined ratios of all aged care places and packages per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over at the state/territory level were: Northern Territory (224.1), South Australia (115.2), Victoria (110.3), New South Wales (108.3), Queensland (108.2), Western Australia (107.7), Tasmania (107.3), and the Australian Capital Territory (101.5) (Table 1.3).

The higher level of provision in the Northern Territory is a consequence of a comparatively young population profile and a relatively large Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population. As a result of their poorer health status, Indigenous people access aged care programs at younger ages, on average, than do non-Indigenous people. If the population figures used in the denominator to calculate the places ratio include

Indigenous people aged between 50 years and 69 years, as well as the general population aged 70 years and over, a different picture emerges. For the Northern Territory, the ratio for residential aged care reduces from 94.1 to 47.2, whereas the aggregate Australian ratio reduces only from 87.0 to 84.9. The combined ratio reduces from 224.1 to 112.4 in the Northern Territory, while the ratio for Australia reduces only from 109.7 to 107.0.

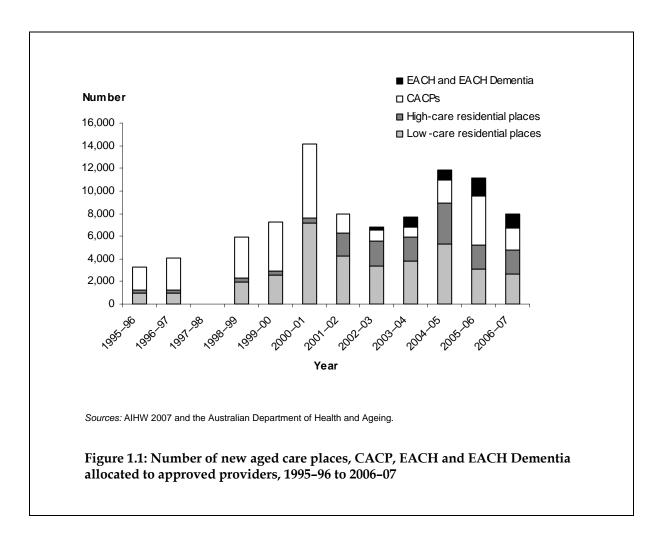
Allocated places and packages to approved providers

Aged Care Approval Rounds cater for the ongoing provision of new places and packages that are needed to achieve the planning targets, as detailed earlier. There are time lags between residential places, EACH/EACH Dementia and CACP being approved, allocated and then becoming operational. Service providers who receive an allocation of new places and/or packages are required to make them operational within 2 years or the places are either reallocated or renegotiated.

A significant number of new residential places, EACH, EACH Dementia and CACP have been allocated to approved providers from recent Aged Care Approvals Rounds.

In the year to 30 June 2007, the primary allocation from the planning round consisted of 7,913 places and packages of which 34% were low-care places, 26% were high-care places, 25% were CACP and 15% were EACH and EACH Dementia (Figure 1.1)

Further statistics about CACP, EACH, EACH Dementia and TCP over the same reporting period will be published as a separate report in this series (AIHW 2008). Other detailed information about CACP and EACH care recipients and the type of assistance they receive was collected in 2002 (AIHW 2004). A new Community Care Census is being done in early 2008 (http://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/ageing-communitycare-census-2007.htm). This census will provide detailed information on recent service provision through the CACP, EACH and EACH Dementia Programs as well as the National Respite for Carers Program.



State/territory	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	All regions
			Number			
Residential						
NSW	39,880	13,930	4,032	210	36	58,088
Vic	31,172	10,170	2,498	53		43,893
Qld	16,096	9,287	4,495	401	230	30,509
WA	10,703	2,018	1,527	287	179	14,714
SA	12,266	1,856	1,729	343	140	16,334
Tas		3,237	1,047	47	23	4,354
ACT	1,636	0				1,636
NT			241	175	127	543
Australia	111,753	40,498	15,569	1,516	735	170,071
CACP						
NSW	8,516	3,330	757	53	20	12,676
Vic	7,591	1,731	406	14		9,742
Qld	3,227	1,918	1,106	205	188	6,644
WA	2,409	398	363	184	55	3,409
SA	2,363	543	303	77	20	3,306
Tas		705	246	24	2	977
ACT	499	0				499
NT	0	0	190	123	340	653
Australia	24,605	8,658	3,376	680	678	37,997
EACH and EACH	Dementia ^(b)					
NSW	1,062	342	118	0	0	1,522
Vic	925	223	60	0		1,208
Qld	403	249	102	4	0	758
WA	285	48	30	5	0	368
SA	293	54	50	0	0	397
Tas		103	10	0	0	113
ACT	117	0				117
NT			70	20	0	90
Australia	3,085	1,019	440	29	0	4,573

Table 1.2: Residential aged care, CACP, EACH, EACH Dementia and TCP, by state/territory and
remoteness, ^(a) 30 June 2007

(continued)

State/territory	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	All regions
			Number			
ТСР						
NSW	416	135	20	0	0	571
Vic	414	15	0	0		429
Qld	181	48	28	0	0	257
WA	100	0	0	0	0	100
SA	147	0	0	0	0	147
Tas		62	0	0	0	62
ACT	35	0				35
NT				8	0	8
Australia	1,293	260	48	8	0	1,609
			Number			
Total (places and	packages)					
NSW	49,874	17,737	4,927	263	56	72,857
Vic	40,102	12,139	2,964	67		55,272
Qld	19,907	11,502	5,731	610	418	38,168
WA	13,497	2,464	1,920	476	234	18,591
SA	15,069	2,453	2,082	420	160	20,184
Tas		4,107	1,303	71	25	5,506
ACT	2,287	0				2,287
NT			0	326	467	1,294
Australia	140,736	50,435	19,433	2,233	1,413	214,250
			Per cent			
Total (places and	packages)					
NSW	68.5	24.3	6.8	0.4	0.1	100.0
Vic	72.6	22.0	5.4	0.1		100.0
Qld	52.2	30.1	15.0	1.6	1.1	100.0
WA	72.6	13.3	10.3	2.6	1.3	100.0
SA	74.7	12.2	10.3	2.1	0.8	100.0
Tas		74.6	23.7	1.3	0.5	100.0
ACT	100.0	0.0				100.0
NT			0.0	25.2	36.1	100.0
Australia	65.7	23.5	9.1	1.0	0.7	100.0

Table 1.2 (continued): Residential aged care, CACP, EACH, EACH Dementia and TCP, by state/territory and remoteness,^(a) 30 June 2007

(a) Refers to the location of the services. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

(b) Includes 1,271 EACH dementia. More detail may be found in AIHW 2008.

. . Not applicable.

Note: These figures include places and packages provided by Multi-purpose Services and places and packages funded under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program.

State/territory	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	Total (70+)	Total (70+ and Indigenous population aged 50–69 years)
				Ratio			
Residential places	5						
NSW	87.3	87.2	76.1	71.1	110.1	86.4	84.5
Vic	87.3	91.2	78.7	78.2		87.6	87.0
Qld	76.0	106.3	98.8	75.1	83.7	86.5	83.4
WA	85.0	80.1	96.3	66.7	126.5	85.2	81.9
SA	95.3	90.9	84.1	74.4	165.2	93.2	91.8
Tas		95.2	64.1	68.8	87.4	84.9	81.8
ACT	72.7	0.0				72.6	71.6
NT			67.3	130.4	149.6	94.1	47.2
Australia	85.8	92.4	83.5	76.1	114.0	87.0	84.9
CACP							
NSW	18.7	20.9	14.3	18.0	61.1	18.8	18.4
Vic	21.3	15.5	12.8	20.7		19.4	19.3
Qld	15.2	22.0	24.3	38.4	68.4	18.8	18.2
WA	19.1	15.8	22.9	42.8	38.9	19.7	19.0
SA	18.4	26.6	14.7	16.7	23.6	18.9	18.6
Tas		20.7	15.1	35.1	7.6	19.0	18.4
ACT	22.2	0.0				22.2	21.8
NT			53.0	91.7	400.6	113.1	56.7
Australia	18.9	19.8	18.1	34.2	105.1	19.4	19.0
EACH and EACH	Dementia ^(b)						
NSW	2.3	2.1	2.2	0.0	0.0	2.3	2.2
Vic	2.6	2.0	1.9	0.0		2.4	2.4
Qld	1.9	2.9	2.2	0.7	0.0	2.1	2.1
WA	2.3	1.9	1.9	1.2	0.0	2.1	2.0
SA	2.3	2.6	2.4	0.0	0.0	2.3	2.2
Tas		3.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.1
ACT	5.2	0.0				5.2	5.1
NT			19.5	14.9	0.0	15.6	7.8
Australia	2.4	2.3	2.4	1.5	0.0	2.3	2.3

Table 1.3: Residential aged care, CACP, EACH, EACH Dementia and TCP per 1,000 persons aged70 years and over, by state/territory and remoteness,(a) 30 June 2007

(continued)

State/territory	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	Total (70+)	Total (70+ and Indigenous population aged 50–69 years)
				Ratio			
ТСР							
NSW	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.8
Vic	1.2	0.1	0.0	0.0		0.9	0.9
Qld	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.7
WA	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.6
SA	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.8
Tas		1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.2
ACT	1.6	0.0				1.6	1.5
NT			0.0	6.0	0.0	1.4	0.7
Australia	1.0	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.8	0.8
Combined places	and packag	es					
NSW	109.2	111.1	93.0	89.1	171.2	108.3	105.9
Vic	112.3	108.8	93.3	98.8		110.3	109.6
Qld	94.0	131.7	125.9	114.2	152.1	108.2	104.4
WA	107.2	97.8	121.1	110.7	165.4	107.7	103.5
SA	117.0	120.2	101.2	91.1	188.9	115.2	113.4
Tas		120.8	79.8	103.9	95.0	107.3	103.4
ACT	101.6	0.0				101.5	100.1
NT			139.9	242.9	550.3	224.1	112.4
Australia	108.0	115.1	104.2	112.2	219.1	109.7	107.0

Table 1.3 (continued): Residential aged care, CACP, EACH, EACH Dementia and TCP per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over, by state/territory and remoteness,^(a) 30 June 2007

(a) Refers to the location of the places. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

(b) Includes 1,271 EACH Dementia. For more information see AIHW 2008.

... Not applicable.

Notes

1. These figures include places and packages provided by Multi-purpose Services and places and packages funded under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program.

 The 2007 ASGC Remoteness population figures were derived at the AIHW, from the 2006 ASGC Remoteness population figures and the ABS estimated resident population figures for state/territories, 30 June 2007 released in December 2007 (ABS 2001; ABS 2007).

3. The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50–69 years uses ABS projections (ABS 2004).

2 Residential aged care services

As at 30 June 2007, there were 2,872 mainstream residential aged care services with approved places in Australia providing a total of 167,578 places. At 30 June 2006, 2,931 mainstream services delivered 164,008 places.

Australia-wide, there were 101 Multi-purpose Services, and 29 services receiving funding under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program. Not all these services provided packages or places.

At 30 June 2007, Multi-purpose Services provided 2,133 residential care places, and services receiving funding under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program provided 360 residential care places. At 30 June 2006, the comparable figures were 1,951 residential care places from Multi-purpose Services and 332 residential care places from services receiving funding under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program.

Because of the nature of the services provided by Multi-purpose Services and services which receive funding under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, only limited data are available on these services. Consequently, the remainder of this report presents data on mainstream residential aged care services only.

The number of mainstream services has declined since 30 June 1998 when a total of 3,015 services provided residential aged care. During the same time period, the corresponding number of operational places has risen from 139,917 to 167,578. This has resulted in an increase in the average number of places per facility from 46 at 30 June 1998 to 58 at 30 June 2007.

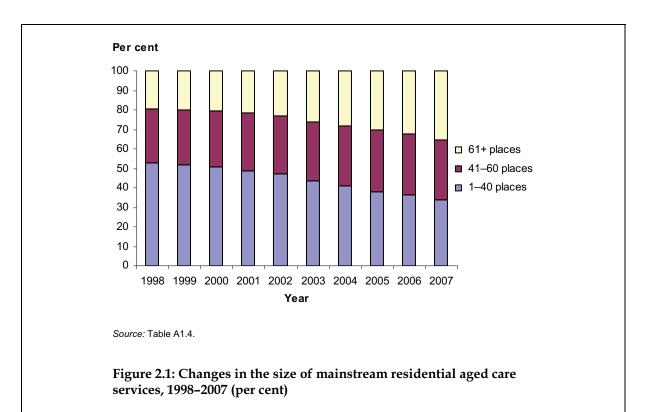


Figure 2.1 illustrates changes in the size of aged care services since 30 June 1998. At that date, services with 61 or more places accounted for 20% of total services; at 30 June 2007, 35% of services had 61 or more places. There was a reduction in the number of services with 40 or fewer places, from 1,590 in 1998 to 975 in 2007. In 1998, 53% of services were in this size range, while in 2007 they accounted for 34% of services (Table A1.4).

The average number of places provided by aged care services differed across jurisdictions. At the larger end of the continuum were services in the Australian Capital Territory (71 places per service), New South Wales (63) and Queensland (62). Below the Australian average for beds per service (58) were Western Australia (55), South Australia (55) and Victoria (54). At the smallest end of service size were services in Tasmania (49) and the Northern Territory (29) (unpublished data).

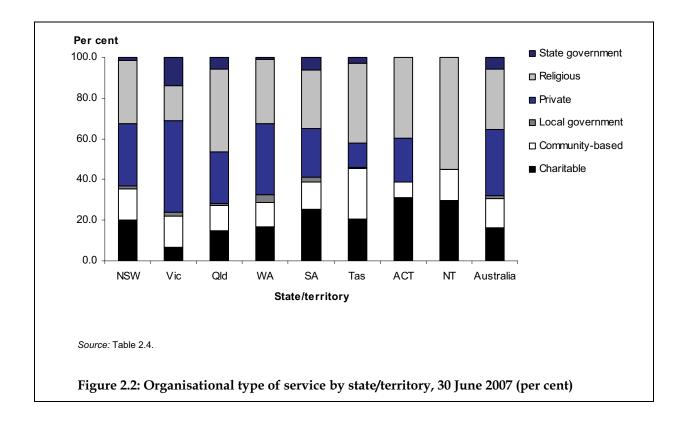
Seventy per cent of services in the Australian Capital Territory had more than 60 places. In the Northern Territory, 7 of the 15 services had 20 or fewer places, and there were no services in that Territory with more than 60 places. Tasmania also had a comparatively large proportion of small services with 20 or fewer places (17%) (Table 2.2).

To some extent, these state/territory patterns were associated with geographic differences; 60% of services in remote areas and 81% of services in very remote areas had 20 or fewer places and most of the remainder in these regions had 40 or fewer places. In the Northern Territory, 60% of services were located in remote and very remote regions. Services in regional areas also tended to be smaller than those in major cities. Eighty-six per cent of services in outer regional areas and 70% of services in inner regional areas had 60 or fewer places compared with 57% of services in major cities. Tasmania had no services categorised as major city location, while all services in the Australian Capital Territory were categorised as major city services (Tables 2.1 and 2.3).

Type of organisation providing services

At a national level, the main providers of residential aged care services were religious organisations (29%), private providers (27%), community-based providers (18%) and charitable organisations (15%) (Table 2.4). The profile of organisational types of service providers varied considerably across states and territories (Figure 2.2). Victoria had, by far, the highest private sector involvement and a correspondingly low charitable sector. The Northern Territory, the Australian Capital Territory and Queensland had high proportions of services operated by religious organisations, at 53%, 48% and 44%, respectively.

Commercial, religious and charitable organisations were most highly represented in major cities at 37%, 33% and 16%, respectively. Community-based services were most prominent in remote areas (45%), outer regional areas (34%) and very remote areas (29%) (Table 2.5).



State/territory	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	All regions
			Num	ber		
NSW	566	246	94	7	1	914
Vic	505	219	72	4		800
Qld	229	158	84	10	8	489
WA	190	30	24	4	6	254
SA	196	38	50	5	0	289
Tas		52	29	3	4	88
ACT	23	0				23
NT			6	7	2	15
Australia	1,709	743	359	40	21	2,872
			Per o	ent		
NSW	61.9	26.9	10.3	0.8	0.1	100.0
Vic	63.1	27.4	9.0	0.5		100.0
Qld	46.8	32.3	17.2	2.0	1.6	100.0
WA	74.8	11.8	9.4	1.6	2.4	100.0
SA	67.8	13.1	17.3	1.7	0.0	100.0
Tas		59.1	33.0	3.4	4.5	100.0
ACT	100.0	0.0				100.0
NT			40.0	46.7	13.3	100.0
Australia	59.5	25.9	12.5	1.4	0.7	100.0

Table 2.1: Services, by state/territory and remoteness,^(a) 30 June 2007

(a) Refers to the location of the services. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

... Not applicable.

Number of places	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
1–20	53	70	37	17	13	15	1	7	213
21–40	217	238	110	71	95	27	1	3	762
41–60	262	271	150	78	93	23	5	5	887
61–80	179	92	86	50	41	10	11	0	469
81–100	90	65	49	20	24	3	1	0	252
101–120	49	33	30	12	8	6	2	0	140
121+	64	31	27	6	15	4	2	0	149
Total	914	800	489	254	289	88	23	15	2,872
					Per cent				
1–20	5.8	8.8	7.6	6.7	4.5	17.0	4.3	46.7	7.4
21–40	23.7	29.8	22.5	28.0	32.9	30.7	4.3	20.0	26.5
41–60	28.7	33.9	30.7	30.7	32.2	26.1	21.7	33.3	30.9
61–80	19.6	11.5	17.6	19.7	14.2	11.4	47.8	0.0	16.3
81–100	9.8	8.1	10.0	7.9	8.3	3.4	4.3	0.0	8.8
101–120	5.4	4.1	6.1	4.7	2.8	6.8	8.7	0.0	4.9
121+	7.0	3.9	5.5	2.4	5.2	4.5	8.7	0.0	5.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 2.2: Size of services, by state/territory, 30 June 2007

Number of places	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	Australia
			Numbe	r		
1–20	35	61	76	24	17	213
21–40	383	230	137	9	3	762
41–60	563	226	94	3	1	887
61–80	322	117	27	3	0	469
81–100	179	55	17	1	0	252
101–120	108	29	3	0	0	140
121+	119	25	5	0	0	149
Australia	1,709	743	359	40	21	2,872
			Per cen	t		
1–20	2.0	8.2	21.2	60.0	81.0	7.4
21–40	22.4	31.0	38.2	22.5	14.3	26.5
41–60	32.9	30.4	26.2	7.5	4.8	30.9
61–80	18.8	15.7	7.5	7.5	0.0	16.3
81–100	10.5	7.4	4.7	2.5	0.0	8.8
101–120	6.3	3.9	0.8	0.0	0.0	4.9
121+	7.0	3.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	5.2
Australia	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 2.3: Size	of services, l	by remoteness, ^(a)	30 June 2007

(a) Refers to the location of the services. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

Organisation type	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Charitable	198	49	58	42	59	15	7	3	431
Community-based	175	135	77	35	50	26	2	4	504
Local government	25	18	10	14	6	2	0	0	75
Private	231	293	109	70	59	8	3	0	773
Religious	268	126	214	90	83	27	11	8	827
State government	17	179	21	3	32	10	0	0	262
Total services	914	800	489	254	289	88	23	15	2,872
					Per cent				
Charitable	21.7	6.1	11.9	16.5	20.4	17.0	30.4	20.0	15.0
Community-based	19.1	16.9	15.7	13.8	17.3	29.5	8.7	26.7	17.5
Local government	2.7	2.3	2.0	5.5	2.1	2.3	0.0	0.0	2.6
Private	25.3	36.6	22.3	27.6	20.4	9.1	13.0	0.0	26.9
Religious	29.3	15.8	43.8	35.4	28.7	30.7	47.8	53.3	28.8
State government	1.9	22.4	4.3	1.2	11.1	11.4	0.0	0.0	9.1
Total services	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 2.4: Services, by state/territory^(a) and organisation type, 30 June 2007

(a) Refers to the location of the services.

	-					
Organisation type	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	Australia
			Number			
Charitable	270	115	43	1	2	431
Community-based	162	196	122	18	6	504
Local government	32	14	24	4	1	75
Private	636	112	24	0	1	773
Religious	561	186	69	6	5	827
State government	48	120	77	11	6	262
Total services	1,709	743	359	40	21	2,872
			Per cent (colun	nn)		
Charitable	15.8	15.5	12.0	2.5	9.5	15.0
Community-based	9.5	26.4	34.0	45.0	28.6	17.5
Local government	1.9	1.9	6.7	10.0	4.8	2.6
Private	37.2	15.1	6.7	0.0	4.8	26.9
Religious	32.8	25.0	19.2	15.0	23.8	28.8
State government	2.8	16.2	21.4	27.5	28.6	9.1
Total services	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			Per cent (row	<i>י</i>)		
Charitable	62.6	26.7	10.0	0.2	0.5	100.0
Community-based	32.1	38.9	24.2	3.6	1.2	100.0
Local government	42.7	18.7	32.0	5.3	1.3	100.0
Private	82.3	14.5	3.1	0.0	0.1	100.0
Religious	67.8	22.5	8.3	0.7	0.6	100.0
State government	18.3	45.8	29.4	4.2	2.3	100.0
Total services	59.5	25.9	12.5	1.4	0.7	100.0

Table 2.5: Services, by remoteness^(a) and organisation type, 30 June 2007

(a) Refers to the location of the services. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

3 Patterns of use

This section explores various aspects of residential aged care use and some of the dynamics of the system. In particular, rates of usage of residential aged care for various population groups are looked at. Other measures of use are also provided, including occupied bed-days and average occupancy between 1 July 2006 and 30 June 2007. System dynamics are explored through reporting two measures of length of stay, and resident turnover during the year, along with admissions to, and separations from, residential aged care.

Usage rates

Overall, usage rates for permanent residential aged care increase with age. They are higher for women than men, particularly among older age groups. At 30 June 2007, those aged 85 years and over had the highest rate of use, at 240.3 persons per 1,000, a slight reversal of the decreasing usage rate in this age group since 1998. The corresponding measures for the age groups 80–84 and 75–79 were 79.5 and 32.7 per 1,000, respectively. Usage rates in the age groups over 70 years were much lower in 2007 compared with 1998 (Table A1.3).

Age-specific usage rates for permanent residential aged care have also been calculated for different sub-groups in the Australian population.

Usage rates for the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population also rise with age. However, the usage rates for Indigenous Australians are significantly higher at younger ages than for the non-Indigenous population. The overall usage rates in those aged 75 years and over were slightly higher for Indigenous Australians but the female rate was lower and the male rate higher than the corresponding rates for non-Indigenous Australians (Table 3.4).

For the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population, these rates at 30 June 2007 were 15.5 per 1,000 Indigenous persons aged 65–69 years, 24.5 per 1,000 aged 70–74 years, and 104.7 per 1,000 aged 75 years and over. Rates for non-Indigenous people were 5.9 per 1,000 non-Indigenous persons aged 65–69 years, 12.8 per 1,000 aged 70–74 years, and 102.1 per 1,000 aged 75 years and over. For those aged 75 years and over, the female Indigenous usage rate was 112.4 per 1,000 compared with 129.4 for non-Indigenous females. In this age group, the usage rates for males were reversed; the male Indigenous usage rate was 93.2 per 1,000 compared with 63.2 for non-Indigenous males (Table 3.4).

The number of Australian-born people receiving permanent care at 30 June 2007 was estimated to be 55.8 per 1,000 persons aged 75–84 years and 251.6 per 1,000 aged 85 years and over. The corresponding rates for English-speaking people who were born overseas were 46.9 and 234.4 per 1,000, respectively, and the corresponding usage rates for overseas-born people whose main language was not English were 46.5 and 192.5 per 1,000, respectively. Overall, usage rates were highest for Australian-born people in all age groups (Table 3.3).

Resident-occupied place-days

During the 12-month period from 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007, 57 million place-days were used in aged care services in Australia, consisting of 55.8 million place-days for permanent care and 1.2 million place-days for respite care (Table 3.5). Just over 2% of occupied place-days were used for respite purposes. Respite days compared with total days varied somewhat across the states and territories, with the smallest proportions provided in Queensland and Western Australia (1.4% and 1.5%, respectively). Higher proportions were seen in both New South Wales and the Australian Capital Territory (2.7%), with the highest being in the Northern Territory (7.5%). The corresponding rate for respite occupied place-days also varied with remoteness, from 1.9% in major cities to 4.2% in very remote areas.

Occupancy

The overall occupancy rate ranged from 93% in Victoria to 98% in South Australia (Table 3.6). Australia-wide, the occupancy rate was 94%, a slight decrease from the previous year (95%). The occupancy rate was 94% in major cities, 95% in inner regional areas and 96% in outer regional areas. It was 92% in remote areas and 80% in very remote areas.

Between 1998–99 and 2006–07, the occupancy rate at the national level has oscillated in a narrow band between 94% and 96%. Over these years, the Northern Territory, Victoria and Western Australia have shown relatively lower occupancy rates, with averages over the 9 years of 94%, 94% and 95%, respectively. On the other hand, South Australia, the Australian Capital Territory and Tasmania have had relatively higher occupancy rates averaging at 97% (Table A1.5).

Length of stay

Two standard measurements related to length of stay are the total or completed length of stay of a separated resident up to the point of leaving residential aged care, and the length of stay of an existing resident up to a particular point in time (in this publication, up to 30 June 2007). In measuring complete length of stay, a resident's move from one service to another (a transfer) in under 2 days is ignored and the admission date used in the measure is the earlier admission date. For existing residents, length of stay is an incomplete measure, showing the time that residents have already spent in residential aged care, but not how much more time will be spent before leaving. It also excludes residents who only stayed a short time during 2006–07 and had already left residential aged care at 30 June 2007. This latter group is, however, included in the measure of completed length of stay.

The distribution of length of stay for existing permanent residents at 30 June 2007 was towards longer periods of stay (Table 3.7). Only 7% of permanent residents had been in residential aged care for less than 3 months, while 19% had been resident for between 3 months and 1 year, 53% for 1 to 5 years and 21% for 5 years or more.

For completed length of stay, 18% of permanent residents stayed less than 3 months, 20% stayed between 3 months and 1 year, 44% for 1 to 5 years, and 18% for 5 years or more (Table 3.9).

The average (mean) length of stay for permanent residents leaving residential care between 1 July 2006 and 30 June 2007 was 167.1 weeks for women and 109.9 weeks for men. In aggregate, the average length of stay was 145.9 weeks (Table 3.10). The length of stay of residents at the time of separation varied among the states and territories. Permanent separations in the Northern Territory had the longest average length of stay (189.6 weeks) and those in New South Wales had the shortest (143.2 weeks).

For those who left respite care during the year under review, the average length of stay was 3.3 weeks (Table 3.11). In this group, the average length of stay varied from 2.2 weeks in Tasmania to 3.8 weeks in New South Wales.

The longest average length of stay was in very remote areas (4.7 weeks), with the lowest in inner regional areas at 2.9 weeks. Capital cities had an average length of respite stay of 3.5 weeks (Table 3.11).

From 1998–99 to 2006–07, average completed length of stay for permanent residents has increased overall from 131.3 weeks to 145.9 weeks. On the other hand, average completed length of stay for respite care had initially declined and then stabilised at 3.1 weeks, before increasing in 2006–07 (Table 3.1).

Table 3.1: Admissions, separations and completed length of stay in residential aged care,
1998–99 to 2006–07

Year	Permanent admissions	Respite admissions	Permanent separations	Respite separations	Complete length of stay (permanent, weeks)	Complete length of stay (respite, weeks)
1998–99	45,258	40,806	44,079	40,939	131.3	3.5
1999–00	45,476	42,531	44,615	42,422	137.0	3.3
2000–01	46,545	43,606	45,481	43,586	142.4	3.2
2001–02	47,345	43,309	45,284	43,503	145.5	3.2
2002–03	51,200	45,445	47,467	45,334	143.0	3.1
2003–04	53,356	46,632	48,723	46,544	143.7	3.1
2004–05	52,462	48,295	48,503	48,120	143.3	3.1
2005–06	52,964	49,727	50,720	49,402	145.8	3.1
2006–07	52,196	50,987	51,026	50,977	145.9	3.3

Note: Transfers are excluded from admissions and separations.

Turnover

The amount of turnover in the system is a function of the number of admissions, length of stay and the overall growth or reduction in the size of the system. Generally, the turnover for permanent and respite residents have been relatively stable over the 9 years to 2006–07 and fluctuated in narrow bands according to changes in these factors and limitations in the method of calculation (see footnote to Table 3.2).

Approximately one-third of permanent places are associated with new admissions in a year, whereas nominal respite places are used by about 15 to 17 people per year (Table 3.2).

Type of care	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Permanent care									
Admissions	45,258	45,476	46,545	47,345	51,200	53,356	52,462	52,964	52,196
Turnover	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.36	0.35	0.34	0.33	0.32
Respite care									
Admissions	40,806	42,531	43,606	43,309	45,445	46,632	48,295	49,727	50,987
Turnover	15.79	15.73	16.04	17.17	17.07	16.84	16.32	14.98	15.34
Permanent and respite	care								
Admissions	86,064	88,007	90,151	90,654	96,645	99,988	100,757	102,691	103,183
Turnover	0.61	0.62	0.63	0.63	0.65	0.64	0.63	0.63	0.62

Table 3.2: Admissions and turnover, by type of care in residential aged care services, 1999-2007

Note: Turnover is calculated separately for permanent and respite residents by firstly allocating permanent and respite places according to the number of residents in each category as at 30 June. Turnover is defined as admissions over the financial year divided by places.

Admissions and separations

Permanent care

There were 103,183 admissions to residential aged care between 1 July 2006 and 30 June 2007, of which 51% (52,196) were for permanent care. In 1998–99, there were fewer (86,064) admissions, but nearly the same proportion (53%), were admissions for permanent care (Table 3.2). Between 1 July 2006 and 30 June 2007 there were 102,023 separations from residential aged care. Separations after a period of permanent care totalled 51,026, which accounted for 50% of total separations. There were fewer separations in 1998–99 (85,018), but a similar proportion (52%), were after a period of permanent care (Table 3.1).

The reasons for separation are given as: death, return to community, admission to hospital, move to another aged care service and other. For 2006–07, 1.5% of permanent separations were classified as other.

In 2006–07, for those persons whose reason for separation was specified, death was the major reason for separation from permanent care (88%), while 4% returned to the community, 4% moved to another residential aged care service and 4% were discharged to hospitals (Table 3.13). Among those who died, 17% had stayed for less than 3 months, 19% for between 3 months and 1 year, 45% for 1 to 5 years and 19% for 5 years or more. People leaving residential aged care after a shorter period of stay were more likely to return to the community and less likely to die in residential aged care than those with longer periods of stay (Table 3.15).

There was also variation across states and territories with respect to destination on separation. Tasmania and the Australian Capital Territory had the highest percentage of permanent separations through death (95%), while Western Australia and New South Wales had the lowest percentage of separations through death (84% and 86%, respectively). Western Australia continued to have the highest percentage separating to hospital (7%) (Table 3.13).

Respite care

On 30 June 2007, respite residents made up 2% of all residents (Tables 4.2 and 4.4). The figure under-represents the importance of respite care, however, as it accounted for some 49% of the 103,183 admissions from 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007 (Table 3.2). This is explained by the short-term nature of respite care; while there were a large number of admissions for respite care (50,987) over the course of the 12-month period, there were relatively few respite residents at any one point in time. For example, there were 3,123 respite residents at 30 June 2007 (Table 4.4).

About 16% of respite separations had an unspecified destination on departure from residential care (Table 3.14). Of those persons for whom the destination on separation was specified, 77% returned to the community, 5% were discharged to hospitals and 2% died. Continuation of residential care was given as the reason for 16% of those separating from respite care. These residents may be moving to permanent care, either in the same service or a new service, or they may be receiving additional respite care in a new service.

For respite residents, state and territory variations in destination on separation were also evident (Table 3.14). After excluding those with an unspecified destination, Tasmania, the Northern Territory and Victoria had the highest proportions returning to the community (90%, 86% and 83%, respectively), while New South Wales and South Australia had the lowest (71% and 72%, respectively). The Australian Capital Territory also had a high proportion returning to the community (79%).

A common pattern is that those states and territories with lower rates of return to the community tended to have higher rates of movement to another residential aged care service. Excluding unknown data, Western Australia, New South Wales and South Australia had higher rates moving to further residential aged care and lower rates returning to the community.

		Overseas-born,	Overseas-born, language other than	
Sex/age (years)	Australian-born	English-speaking	English	Total
Females				
50–64	1.7	0.8	0.7	1.4
65–74	10.4	7.0	7.0	9.2
75–84	66.1	57.9	57.6	63.5
85+	293.2	278.8	235.1	283.3
Total females (50+)	36.1	29.4	21.9	32.3
Males				
50–64	1.9	1.0	1.0	1.6
65–74	10.3	6.3	7.1	8.9
75–84	41.8	34.9	34.2	39.2
85+	161.1	150.9	126.1	153.3
Total males (50+)	15.4	12.0	11.1	14.0
Persons				
50–64	1.8	0.9	0.9	1.5
65–74	10.4	6.6	7.1	9.1
75–84	55.8	46.9	46.5	52.8
85+	251.6	234.4	192.5	240.3
Total persons (50+)	26.4	20.7	16.6	23.5

Table 3.3: Age- and sex-specific usage rates for permanent residents, by English-speaking status, based on country of birth, 30 June 2007 (per 1,000 population)

Notes

1. Recipients with unknown status have been pro rated.

 Usage rates are calculated at the AIHW using ABS migration statistics and the ABS population estimates released in December 2007 (ABS 2006; ABS 2007).

 Due to the unavailability of regular population estimates by language preference, English-speaking status is based on country of birth. People born in Australia, Ireland, United Kingdom, New Zealand, United States of America, Canada and South Africa are assumed to be from an English-speaking background.

	In	digenous		Non-	Indigenous	nous
Age (years)	Females	Males	Persons	Females	Males	Persons
0–49	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
50–54	1.8	2.2	2.0	0.5	0.7	0.6
55–59	5.5	5.2	5.3	1.2	1.4	1.3
60–64	7.1	11.6	9.3	2.5	2.8	2.6
65–69	17.1	13.7	15.5	5.7	6.2	5.9
70–74	22.4	27.2	24.5	13.3	12.3	12.8
75+	112.4	93.2	104.7	129.4	63.2	102.1
Total	2.0	1.5	1.8	10.6	4.3	7.4

Table 3.4: Age- and sex-specific usage rates for permanent residents,^(a) by Indigenous status, 30 June 2007 (per 1,000 population)^(b)

(a) Recipients with unknown status have been pro rated.

(b) Ratios are calculated using ABS projections released in December 2004 (ABS 2004) and the Australian population figures released in December 2007 (ABS 2007).

State/territory	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	All regions
Permanent care			Numbe	r		
NSW	13,184,941	4,575,787	1,231,916	39,903	3,950	19,036,497
Vic	10,125,753	3,339,290	777,500	16,241		14,258,784
Qld	5,382,263	3,121,163	1,458,640	75,684	43,504	10,081,254
WA	3,626,732	677,785	331,323	48,752	34,122	4,718,714
SA	4,226,906	622,064	583,828	70,676	0	5,503,474
Tas		1,112,081	357,020	15,758	7,369	1,492,228
ACT	556,590	0				556,590
NT			78,534	55,886	4,470	138,890
Australia	37,103,185	13,448,170	4,818,761	322,900	93,415	55,786,431
Respite care						
NSW	357,024	123,726	39,175	951	0	520,876
Vic	163,643	78,099	20,224	182		262,148
Qld	64,586	53,879	22,229	1,843	863	143,400
WA	50,097	11,452	7,547	1,600	1,027	71,723
SA	86,874	16,224	14,192	2,132	0	119,422
Tas		20,003	8,037	629	210	28,879
ACT	15,377	0				15,377
NT			4,514	4,793	2,007	11,314
Australia	737,601	303,383	115,918	12,130	4,107	1,173,139
Permanent and res	pite care					
NSW	13,541,965	4,699,513	1,271,091	40,854	3,950	19,557,373
Vic	10,289,396	3,417,389	797,724	16,423		14,520,932
Qld	5,446,849	3,175,042	1,480,869	77,527	44,367	10,224,654
WA	3,676,829	689,237	338,870	50,352	35,149	4,790,437
SA	4,313,780	638,288	598,020	72,808	0	5,622,896
Tas		1,132,084	365,057	16,387	7,579	1,521,107
ACT	571,967	0				571,967
NT			83,048	60,679	6,477	150,204
Australia	37,840,786	13,751,553	4,934,679	335,030	97,522	56,959,570

Table 3.5: Occupied place-days, type of care, by state/territory and remoteness,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(continued)

State/territory	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	All regions
Permanent care			Per cer	nt		
NSW	69.3	24.0	6.5	0.2	0.0	100.0
Vic	71.0	23.4	5.5	0.1		100.0
Qld	53.4	31.0	14.5	0.8	0.4	100.0
WA	76.9	14.4	7.0	1.0	0.7	100.0
SA	76.8	11.3	10.6	1.3	0.0	100.0
Tas		74.5	23.9	1.1	0.5	100.0
ACT	100.0	0.0				100.0
NT			56.5	40.2	3.2	100.0
Australia	66.5	24.1	8.6	0.6	0.2	100.0
Respite care						
NSW	68.5	23.8	7.5	0.2	0.0	100.0
Vic	62.4	29.8	7.7	0.1		100.0
Qld	45.0	37.6	15.5	1.3	0.6	100.0
WA	69.8	16.0	10.5	2.2	1.4	100.0
SA	72.7	13.6	11.9	1.8	0.0	100.0
Tas		69.3	27.8	2.2	0.0	100.0
ACT	100.0	0.0				100.0
NT			39.9	42.4	17.7	100.0
Australia	62.9	25.9	9.9	1.0	0.4	100.0
Permanent and re	spite care					
NSW	69.2	24.0	6.5	0.2	0.0	100.0
Vic	70.9	23.5	5.5	0.1		100.0
Qld	53.3	31.1	14.5	0.8	0.4	100.0
WA	76.8	14.4	7.1	1.1	0.7	100.0
SA	76.7	11.4	10.6	1.3	0.0	100.0
Tas		74.4	24.0	1.1	0.0	100.0
ACT	100.0	0.0				100.0
NT			55.3	40.4	4.3	100.0
Australia	66.4	24.1	8.7	0.6	0.2	100.0

Table 3.5 (continued): Occupied place-days, type of care by state/territory and remoteness,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) Refers to the location of the services. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

.. Not applicable.

State/territory	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	All regions
NSW	93.7	95.5	95.6	96.8	90.4	94.3
Vic	91.7	94.2	95.5	85.1		92.5
Qld	94.7	95.9	94.9	86.0	75.2	94.9
WA	94.9	95.1	93.9	87.5	81.1	94.6
SA	97.6	98.3	97.0	95.4	0 ^(b)	97.6
Tas		95.7	96.7	95.8	90.5	95.9
ACT	96.3	0 ^(b)				96.3
NT			94.7	95.3	93.6	94.9
Australia	93.9	95.4	95.5	91.5	80.0	94.3

Table 3.6: Average occupancy rate, by state/territory and remoteness,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007 (per cent)

(a) Refers to the location of the services. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

(b) No places in this region.

Note: The average occupancy rate =

(The sum of resident bed-days in the period/The sum of available places in the period) ×100, for each cell, where / represents division.

... Not applicable.

Source: AIHW calculation from Aged and Community Care Management Information Database (ACCMIS).

Sex/length of stay	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
<4 weeks	845	576	392	206	213	55	25	3	2,315
4–<8 weeks	797	614	389	201	240	46	18	4	2,309
8–<13 weeks	967	669	462	186	259	56	25	5	2,629
13-<26 weeks	2,345	1,843	1,190	604	635	180	50	18	6,865
26–<39 weeks	2,027	1,617	1,026	471	591	160	79	7	5,978
39–<52 weeks	2,280	1,736	1,173	511	646	139	55	14	6,554
1–<2 years	6,846	5,370	3,533	1,726	2,061	550	214	49	20,349
2-<3 years	5,487	3,982	2,803	1,418	1,589	404	156	37	15,876
3-<4 years	4,132	3,314	2,300	1,079	1,384	312	126	36	12,683
4–<5 years	3,039	2,484	1,664	705	945	255	106	17	9,215
5–<8 years	4,916	3,584	2,602	1,138	1,407	349	164	34	14,194
8+ years	3,871	2,422	2,035	765	1,054	270	86	22	10,525
Total females	37,552	28,211	19,569	9,010	11,024	2,776	1,104	246	109,492
Males									
<4 weeks	483	341	307	119	129	35	18	4	1,436
4–<8 weeks	491	318	241	108	126	32	11	4	1,331
8–<13 weeks	489	384	250	125	120	37	15	5	1,425
13–<26 weeks	1,267	941	619	300	311	59	36	9	3,542
26–<39 weeks	1,080	823	569	216	280	91	39	7	3,105
39–<52 weeks	1,026	843	567	238	294	64	22	6	3,060
1–<2 years	3,038	2,409	1,700	726	877	182	88	25	9,045
2–<3 years	2,192	1,551	1,191	504	605	131	55	14	6,243
3–<4 years	1,473	1,190	864	345	451	103	37	25	4,488
4–<5 years	921	765	565	229	296	66	36	6	2,884
5–<8 years	1,481	1,004	819	285	380	83	55	10	4,117
8+ years	1,259	780	642	210	250	70	25	22	3,258
Total males	15,200	11,349	8,334	3,405	4,119	953	437	137	43,934
Persons									
<4 weeks	1,328	917	699	325	342	90	43	7	3,751
4–<8 weeks	1,288	932	630	309	366	78	29	8	3,640
8–<13 weeks	1,456	1,053	712	311	379	93	40	10	4,054
13-<26 weeks	3,612	2,784	1,809	904	946	239	86	27	10,407
26–<39 weeks	3,107	2,440	1,595	687	871	251	118	14	9,083
39–<52 weeks	3,306	2,579	1,740	749	940	203	77	20	9,614
1–<2 years	9,884	7,779	5,233	2,452	2,938	732	302	74	29,394
2–<3 years	7,679	5,533	3,994	1,922	2,194	535	211	51	22,119
3-<4 years	5,605	4,504	3,164	1,424	1,835	415	163	61	17,171
4–<5 years	3,960	3,249	2,229	934	1,241	321	142	23	12,099
5–<8 years	6,397	4,588	3,421	1,423	1,787	432	219	44	18,311
8+ years	5,130	3,202	2,677	975	1,304	340	111	44	13,783
Total persons	52,752	39,560	27,903	12,415	15,143	3,729	1,541	383	153,426

Table 3.7: Permanent residents, length of stay to date, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 30 June 2007

Sex/length of stay	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Per cent				
Females									
<4 weeks	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.3	1.2	2.1
4-<8 weeks	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.2	1.7	1.6	1.6	2.1
8-<13 weeks	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.3	2.0	2.3	2.0	2.4
13-<26 weeks	6.2	6.5	6.1	6.7	5.8	6.5	4.5	7.3	6.3
26-<39 weeks	5.4	5.7	5.2	5.2	5.4	5.8	7.2	2.8	5.5
39–<52 weeks	6.1	6.2	6.0	5.7	5.9	5.0	5.0	5.7	6.0
1–<2 years	18.2	19.0	18.1	19.2	18.7	19.8	19.4	19.9	18.6
2-<3 years	14.6	14.1	14.3	15.7	14.4	14.6	14.1	15.0	14.5
3-<4 years	11.0	11.7	11.8	12.0	12.6	11.2	11.4	14.6	11.6
4-<5 years	8.1	8.8	8.5	7.8	8.6	9.2	9.6	6.9	8.4
5–<8 years	13.1	12.7	13.3	12.6	12.8	12.6	14.9	13.8	13.0
8+ years	10.3	8.6	10.4	8.5	9.6	9.7	7.8	8.9	9.6
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
<4 weeks	3.2	3.0	3.7	3.5	3.1	3.7	4.1	2.9	3.3
4-<8 weeks	3.2	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.1	3.4	2.5	2.9	3.0
8-<13 weeks	3.2	3.4	3.0	3.7	2.9	3.9	3.4	3.6	3.2
13-<26 weeks	8.3	8.3	7.4	8.8	7.6	6.2	8.2	6.6	8.1
26-<39 weeks	7.1	7.3	6.8	6.3	6.8	9.5	8.9	5.1	7.1
39-<52 weeks	6.8	7.4	6.8	7.0	7.1	6.7	5.0	4.4	7.0
1-<2 years	20.0	21.2	20.4	21.3	21.3	19.1	20.1	18.2	20.6
2-<3 years	14.4	13.7	14.3	14.8	14.7	13.7	12.6	10.2	14.2
3-<4 years	9.7	10.5	10.4	10.1	10.9	10.8	8.5	18.2	10.2
4-<5 years	6.1	6.7	6.8	6.7	7.2	6.9	8.2	4.4	6.6
5–<8 years	9.7	8.8	9.8	8.4	9.2	8.7	12.6	7.3	9.4
8+ years	8.3	6.9	7.7	6.2	6.1	7.3	5.7	16.1	7.4
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
<4 weeks	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.8	1.8	2.4
4-<8 weeks	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.4
8-<13 weeks	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6
13-<26 weeks	6.8	7.0	6.5	7.3	6.2	6.4	5.6	7.0	6.8
26-<39 weeks	5.9	6.2	5.7	5.5	5.8	6.7	7.7	3.7	5.9
39-<52 weeks	6.3	6.5	6.2	6.0	6.2	5.4	5.0	5.2	6.3
1-<2 years	18.7	19.7	18.8	19.8	19.4	19.6	19.6	19.3	19.2
2-<3 years	14.6	14.0	14.3	15.5	14.5	14.3	13.7	13.3	14.4
3-<4 years	10.6	11.4	11.3	11.5	12.1	11.1	10.6	15.9	11.2
4-<5 years	7.5	8.2	8.0	7.5	8.2	8.6	9.2	6.0	7.9
5-<8 years	12.1	11.6	12.3	11.5	11.8	11.6	14.2	11.5	11.9
8+ years	9.7	8.1	9.6	7.9	8.6	9.1	7.2	11.5	9.0
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 3.7 (continued): Permanent residents, length of stay to date, by sex and state/territory,(a)30 June 2007

Sex/length of stay	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	Australia
			Number			
Females						
<4 weeks	1,530	574	199	10	2	2,315
4-<8 weeks	1,571	569	154	14	1	2,309
8-<13 weeks	1,701	690	217	15	6	2,629
13-<26 weeks	4,543	1,718	554	41	9	6,865
26-<39 weeks	3,977	1,460	504	36	1	5,978
39–<52 weeks	4,400	1,615	495	37	7	6,554
1–<2 years	13,496	5,066	1,627	131	29	20,349
2-<3 years	10,579	3,901	1,315	61	20	15,876
3-<4 years	8,402	3,037	1,164	73	7	12,683
4–<5 years	6,146	2,179	830	51	9	9,215
5–<8 years	9,804	3,134	1,157	77	22	14,194
8+ years	7,215	2,335	896	57	22	10,525
Total females	73,364	26,278	9,112	603	135	109,492
Males						
<4 weeks	937	381	105	9	4	1,436
4-<8 weeks	863	337	117	9	5	1,331
8-<13 weeks	923	372	121	6	3	1,425
13-<26 weeks	2,324	866	324	20	8	3,542
26–<39 weeks	2,010	797	275	19	4	3,105
39–<52 weeks	1,996	782	262	15	5	3,060
1–<2 years	5,910	2,248	804	62	21	9,045
2-<3 years	4,117	1,497	575	36	18	6,243
3-<4 years	2,917	1,102	423	36	10	4,488
4-<5 years	1,861	691	303	20	9	2,884
5–<8 years	2,755	926	400	24	12	4,117
8+ years	2,184	719	302	35	18	3,258
Total males	28,797	10,718	4,011	291	117	43,934
Persons						
<4 weeks	2,467	955	304	19	6	3,751
4-<8 weeks	2,434	906	271	23	6	3,640
8-<13 weeks	2,624	1,062	338	21	9	4,054
13-<26 weeks	6,867	2,584	878	61	17	10,407
26-<39 weeks	5,987	2,257	779	55	5	9,083
39–<52 weeks	6,396	2,397	757	52	12	9,614
1–<2 years	19,406	7,314	2,431	193	50	29,394
2–<3 years	14,696	5,398	1,890	97	38	22,119
3–<4 years	11,319	4,139	1,587	109	17	17,171
4–<5 years	8,007	2,870	1,133	71	18	12,099
5–<8 years	12,559	4,060	1,557	101	34	18,311
8+ years	9,399	3,054	1,198	92	40	13,783
Total persons	102,161	36,996	13,123	894	252	153,426

Table 3.8: Permanent residents, length of stay to date, by sex and remoteness,^(a) 30 June 2007

Sex/length of stay	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	Australia
			Per cer	nt		
Females						
<4 weeks	2.1	2.2	2.2	1.7	1.5	2.1
4-<8 weeks	2.1	2.2	1.7	2.3	0.7	2.1
8-<13 weeks	2.3	2.6	2.4	2.5	4.4	2.4
13-<26 weeks	6.2	6.5	6.1	6.8	6.7	6.3
26-<39 weeks	5.4	5.6	5.5	6.0	0.7	5.5
39-<52 weeks	6.0	6.1	5.4	6.1	5.2	6.0
1-<2 years	18.4	19.3	17.9	21.7	21.5	18.6
2-<3 years	14.4	14.8	14.4	10.1	14.8	14.5
3-<4 years	11.5	11.6	12.8	12.1	5.2	11.6
4-<5 years	8.4	8.3	9.1	8.5	6.7	8.4
5-<8 years	13.4	11.9	12.7	12.8	16.3	13.0
8+ years	9.8	8.9	9.8	9.5	16.3	9.6
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males						
<4 weeks	3.3	3.6	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.3
4-<8 weeks	3.0	3.1	2.9	3.1	4.3	3.0
8-<13 weeks	3.2	3.5	3.0	2.1	2.6	3.2
13-<26 weeks	8.1	8.1	8.1	6.9	6.8	8.1
26-<39 weeks	7.0	7.4	6.9	6.5	3.4	7.1
39-<52 weeks	6.9	7.3	6.5	5.2	4.3	7.0
1-<2 years	20.5	21.0	20.0	21.3	17.9	20.6
2-<3 years	14.3	14.0	14.3	12.4	15.4	14.2
3–<4 years	10.1	10.3	10.5	12.4	8.5	10.2
4–<5 years	6.5	6.4	7.6	6.9	7.7	6.6
5–<8 years	9.6	8.6	10.0	8.2	10.3	9.4
8+ years	7.6	6.7	7.5	12.0	15.4	7.4
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons						
<4 weeks	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.4
4-<8 weeks	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.6	2.4	2.4
8-<13 weeks	2.6	2.9	2.6	2.3	3.6	2.6
13-<26 weeks	6.7	7.0	6.7	6.8	6.7	6.8
26–<39 weeks	5.9	6.1	5.9	6.2	2.0	5.9
39–<52 weeks	6.3	6.5	5.8	5.8	4.8	6.3
1-<2 years	19.0	19.8	18.5	21.6	19.8	19.2
2–<3 years	14.4	14.6	14.4	10.9	15.1	14.4
3-<4 years	11.1	11.2	12.1	12.2	6.7	11.2
4–<5 years	7.8	7.8	8.6	7.9	7.1	7.9
5-<8 years	12.3	11.0	11.9	11.3	13.5	11.9
8+ years	9.2	8.3	9.1	10.3	15.9	9.0
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 3.8 (continued): Permanent residents, length of stay to date, by sex and remoteness,30 June 2007

(a) Refers to the location of the services. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

Sex/length of stay	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
<4 weeks	820	428	300	143	205	47	13	1	1,957
4-<8 weeks	582	336	231	121	121	29	10	5	1,435
8-<13 weeks	488	357	193	109	113	36	10	3	1,309
13-<26 weeks	855	646	383	209	206	57	27	4	2,387
26-<39 weeks	570	441	297	152	148	40	14	5	1,667
39-<52 weeks	547	394	254	118	153	47	16	1	1,530
1-<2 years	1,655	1,263	787	434	472	168	50	8	4,837
2-<3 years	1,377	1,059	707	381	372	125	36	12	4,069
3-<4 years	1,136	961	571	264	318	94	37	6	3,387
4-<5 years	857	648	431	219	246	60	36	2	2,499
5-<8 years	1,376	1,023	737	373	416	111	42	8	4,086
8+ years	1,065	716	525	228	324	92	30	5	2,985
Total females	11,328	8,272	5,416	2,751	3,094	906	321	60	32,148
Males									
<4 weeks	823	444	322	151	216	51	21	2	2,030
4-<8 weeks	507	329	237	99	125	25	6	1	1,329
8-<13 weeks	451	309	200	110	103	29	9	3	1,214
13-<26 weeks	694	513	384	156	181	37	16	4	1,985
26-<39 weeks	503	366	233	123	125	36	9	2	1,397
39-<52 weeks	367	257	219	94	87	26	13	3	1,066
1-<2 years	1,077	837	543	262	296	98	28	8	3,149
2-<3 years	707	544	414	206	182	60	20	4	2,137
3-<4 years	465	374	292	148	144	44	16	3	1,486
4–<5 years	321	264	181	85	104	23	9	8	995
5-<8 years	461	312	235	99	120	34	13	6	1,280
8+ years	280	198	164	72	65	12	9	10	810
Total males	6,656	4,747	3,424	1,605	1,748	475	169	54	18,878
Persons									
<4 weeks	1,643	872	622	294	421	98	34	3	3,987
4-<8 weeks	1,089	665	468	220	246	54	16	6	2,764
8-<13 weeks	939	666	393	219	216	65	19	6	2,523
13-<26 weeks	1,549	1,159	767	365	387	94	43	8	4,372
26-<39 weeks	1,073	807	530	275	273	76	23	7	3,064
39-<52 weeks	914	651	473	212	240	73	29	4	2,596
1-<2 years	2,732	2,100	1,330	696	768	266	78	16	7,986
2–<3 years	2,084	1,603	1,121	587	554	185	56	16	6,206
3-<4 years	1,601	1,335	863	412	462	138	53	9	4,873
4–<5 years	1,178	912	612	304	350	83	45	10	3,494
5–<8 years	1,837	1,335	972	472	536	145	55	14	5,366
8+ years	1,345	914	689	300	389	104	39	15	3,795
Total persons	17,984	13,019	8,840	4,356	4,842	1,381	490	114	51,026

Table 3.9: Separations of permanent residents, completed length of stay, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Sex/length of stay	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Per cent				
Females									
<4 weeks	7.2	5.2	5.5	5.2	6.6	5.2	4.0	1.7	6.1
4-<8 weeks	5.1	4.1	4.3	4.4	3.9	3.2	3.1	8.3	4.5
8-<13 weeks	4.3	4.3	3.6	4.0	3.7	4.0	3.1	5.0	4.1
13-<26 weeks	7.5	7.8	7.1	7.6	6.7	6.3	8.4	6.7	7.4
26–<39 weeks	5.0	5.3	5.5	5.5	4.8	4.4	4.4	8.3	5.2
39–<52 weeks	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.3	4.9	5.2	5.0	1.7	4.8
1–<2 years	14.6	15.3	14.5	15.8	15.3	18.5	15.6	13.3	15.0
2-<3 years	12.2	12.8	13.1	13.8	12.0	13.8	11.2	20.0	12.7
3-<4 years	10.0	11.6	10.5	9.6	10.3	10.4	11.5	10.0	10.5
4-<5 years	7.6	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.0	6.6	11.2	3.3	7.8
5–<8 years	12.1	12.4	13.6	13.6	13.4	12.3	13.1	13.3	12.7
8+ years	9.4	8.7	9.7	8.3	10.5	10.2	9.3	8.3	9.3
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
<4 weeks	12.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	12.4	10.7	12.4	3.7	10.8
4-<8 weeks	7.6	6.9	6.9	6.2	7.2	5.3	3.6	1.9	7.0
8-<13 weeks	6.8	6.5	5.8	6.9	5.9	6.1	5.3	5.6	6.4
13-<26 weeks	10.4	10.8	11.2	9.7	10.4	7.8	9.5	7.4	10.5
26–<39 weeks	7.6	7.7	6.8	7.7	7.2	7.6	5.3	3.7	7.4
39–<52 weeks	5.5	5.4	6.4	5.9	5.0	5.5	7.7	5.6	5.6
1-<2 years	16.2	17.6	15.9	16.3	16.9	20.6	16.6	14.8	16.7
2-<3 years	10.6	11.5	12.1	12.8	10.4	12.6	11.8	7.4	11.3
3-<4 years	7.0	7.9	8.5	9.2	8.2	9.3	9.5	5.6	7.9
4–<5 years	4.8	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.9	4.8	5.3	14.8	5.3
5–<8 years	6.9	6.6	6.9	6.2	6.9	7.2	7.7	11.1	6.8
8+ years	4.2	4.2	4.8	4.5	3.7	2.5	5.3	18.5	4.3
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
<4 weeks	9.1	6.7	7.0	6.7	8.7	7.1	6.9	2.6	7.8
4-<8 weeks	6.1	5.1	5.3	5.1	5.1	3.9	3.3	5.3	5.4
8-<13 weeks	5.2	5.1	4.4	5.0	4.5	4.7	3.9	5.3	4.9
13-<26 weeks	8.6	8.9	8.7	8.4	8.0	6.8	8.8	7.0	8.6
26-<39 weeks	6.0	6.2	6.0	6.3	5.6	5.5	4.7	6.1	6.0
39-<52 weeks	5.1	5.0	5.4	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.9	3.5	5.1
1–<2 years	15.2	16.1	15.0	16.0	15.9	19.3	15.9	14.0	15.7
2-<3 years	11.6	12.3	12.7	13.5	11.4	13.4	11.4	14.0	12.2
3-<4 years	8.9	10.3	9.8	9.5	9.5	10.0	10.8	7.9	9.6
4–<5 years	6.6	7.0	6.9	7.0	7.2	6.0	9.2	8.8	6.8
5–<8 years	10.2	10.3	11.0	10.8	11.1	10.5	11.2	12.3	10.5
8+ years	7.5	7.0	7.8	6.9	8.0	7.5	8.0	13.2	7.4
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 3.9 (continued): Separations of permanent residents, completed length of stay, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Sex/state/territory	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	All regions
Females						
NSW	164.5	162.1	172.6	202.7	58.1	164.4
Vic	163.9	158.9	177.2	183.5		163.4
Qld	174.4	169.9	185.3	178.7	121.8	174.1
WA	166.4	158.5	162.2	151.3	86.5	164.8
SA	174.8	161.8	193.7	163.9	0.0	175.2
Tas		173.3	161.7	169.3	60.8	169.9
ACT	176.5	0.0				176.5
NT			151.8	148.2	190	152.2
Australia	167.2	163.8	177.4	169.1	113.2	167.1
Males						
NSW	105	108.6	126.9	93.8	138.6	107.2
Vic	109.6	106.9	110.7	149		109
Qld	111.3	106.4	135.5	201.3	150.6	114.4
WA	111.9	98.2	127.9	188.9	192.7	112.2
SA	104.2	105.9	135.5	71.6	0.0	107.2
Tas		112.4	93.4	76.8	107.2	106.7
ACT	123.4	0.0				123.4
NT			245.1	215.3	57.6	231.1
Australia	107.9	107.2	128.1	155.2	157.9	109.9
Persons						
NSW	142.4	142.5	155.5	172.2	111.8	143.2
Vic	143.9	140.1	155.2	172		143.6
Qld	150.9	145.2	163.8	190.1	135.8	151
WA	147.3	132.3	148.8	166.9	165	145.4
SA	149.5	141.5	172.1	124.2	0.0	150.6
Tas		152.8	137.3	138.4	89.8	148.2
ACT	158.2	0.0				158.2
NT			199.8	177.2	156.9	189.6
Australia	145.5	142.7	158.4	163.3	138.7	145.9

Table 3.10: Average length of stay (weeks), separations of permanent residents, by
state/territory, ^(a) sex and remoteness, ^(b) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(b) Refers to the location of the services. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

... Not applicable.

Sex/state/territory	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	Australia
Females						
NSW	4.1	3.3	3.7	8.7	0.0	3.8
Vic	3.1	2.6	2.9	3.5		2.9
Qld	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.9	4.6	3.0
WA	3.3	3.2	3.8	2.3	2.4	3.3
SA	3.8	3.1	3.2	2.7	0.0	3.6
Tas		2.2	2.5	2.2	6.0	2.3
ACT	3.1	0.0				3.1
NT			3.2	3.3	15.4	3.9
Australia	3.6	2.9	3.2	3.2	5.8	3.4
Males						
NSW	4.0	3.2	3.7	3.8	0.0	3.8
Vic	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.2		2.7
Qld	2.8	2.8	3.3	3.9	3.9	2.9
WA	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.1	2.1	2.8
SA	3.7	3.1	3.2	2.1	0.0	3.5
Tas		2.1	2.2	2.5	5.8	2.2
ACT	2.8	0.0				2.8
NT			3.5	4.2	22.2	4.2
Australia	3.4	2.8	3.1	3.0	3.6	3.2
Persons						
NSW	4.0	3.2	3.7	6.6	0.0	3.8
Vic	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.5		2.8
Qld	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.9	4.1	3.0
WA	3.1	3.1	3.4	2.2	2.2	3.1
SA	3.8	3.1	3.2	2.5	0.0	3.5
Tas		2.2	2.4	2.3	5.9	2.2
ACT	3.0	0.0				3.0
NT			3.3	3.6	16.6	4.0
Australia	3.5	2.9	3.2	3.1	4.7	3.3

Table 3.11: Average length of stay (weeks), separations of respite residents, by state/territory,^(a) sex and remoteness,^(b) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(b) Refers to the location of the services. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

... Not applicable.

Sex/separation mode	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
Death	9,830	7,319	4,915	2,309	2,941	877	306	56	28,55
Return to community	7,204	6,209	3,155	1,432	2,008	949	279	175	21,41
To hospital	1,103	605	333	234	233	24	19	12	2,56
To another aged care	2,398	1,337	717	570	533	84	72	12	5,72
Other	3,168	982	359	172	466	65	95	53	5,36
Total females	23,703	16,452	9,479	4,717	6,181	1,999	771	308	63,61
Males									
Death	5,774	4,084	3,070	1,364	1,668	446	162	53	16,62
Return to community	4,207	4,104	2,182	1,046	1,071	676	218	103	13,60
To hospital	769	407	249	172	172	21	10	14	1,81
To another aged care	1,232	721	464	274	273	55	36	5	3,06
Other	1,927	604	250	124	282	39	57	28	3,31
Total males	13,909	9,920	6,215	2,980	3,466	1,237	483	203	38,41
Persons									
Death	15,604	11,403	7,985	3,673	4,609	1,323	468	109	45,17
Return to community	11,411	10,313	5,337	2,478	3,079	1,625	497	278	35,01
To hospital	1,872	1,012	582	406	405	45	29	26	4,37
To another aged care	3,630	2,058	1,181	844	806	139	108	17	8,78
Other	5,095	1,586	609	296	748	104	152	81	8,67
Total persons	37,612	26,372	15,694	7,697	9,647	3,236	1,254	511	102,02
				I	Per cent				
Females									
Death	41.5	44.5	51.9	49.0	47.6	43.9	39.7	18.2	44.
Return to community	30.4	37.7	33.3	30.4	32.5	47.5	36.2	56.8	33.
To hospital	4.7	3.7	3.5	5.0	3.8	1.2	2.5	3.9	4.
To another aged care	10.1	8.1	7.6	12.1	8.6	4.2	9.3	3.9	9.
Other	13.4	6.0	3.8	3.6	7.5	3.3	12.3	17.2	8.
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Males									
Death	41.5	41.2	49.4	45.8	48.1	36.1	33.5	26.1	43.
Return to community	30.2	41.4	35.1	35.1	30.9	54.6	45.1	50.7	35.
To hospital	5.5	4.1	4.0	5.8	5.0	1.7	2.1	6.9	4.
To another aged care	8.9	7.3	7.5	9.2	7.9	4.4	7.5	2.5	8.
Other	13.9	6.1	4.0	4.2	8.1	3.2	11.8	13.8	8.
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Persons									
Death	41.5	43.2	50.9	47.7	47.8	40.9	37.3	21.3	44.
Return to community	30.3	39.1	34.0	32.2	31.9	50.2	39.6	54.4	34.
To hospital	5.0	3.8	3.7	5.3	4.2	1.4	2.3	5.1	4.
To another aged care	9.7	7.8	7.5	11.0	8.4	4.3	8.6	3.3	8.
Other	13.5	6.0	3.9	3.8	7.8	3.2	12.1	15.9	8.
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.

Table 3.12: All separations, separation mode, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Sex/separation mode	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
				N	umber				
Females									
Death	9,576	7,254	4,860	2,295	2,872	866	302	52	28,077
Return to community	432	223	203	87	80	20	8	2	1,055
To hospital	529	334	188	174	51	6	4	0	1,286
To another aged care	553	407	120	172	63	7	4	5	1,331
Other	238	54	45	23	28	7	3	1	399
Total females	11,328	8,272	5,416	2,751	3,094	906	321	60	32,148
Males									
Death	5,543	4,033	3,017	1,349	1,610	436	158	48	16,194
Return to community	314	205	153	59	54	16	4	1	80
To hospital	333	217	123	107	38	4	2	2	82
To another aged care	277	234	85	71	23	10	4	1	70
Other	189	58	46	19	23	9	1	2	34
Total males	6,656	4,747	3,424	1,605	1,748	475	169	54	18,87
Persons									
Death	15,119	11,287	7,877	3,644	4,482	1,302	460	100	44,27
Return to community	746	428	356	146	134	36	12	3	1,86
To hospital	862	551	311	281	89	10	6	2	2,11
To another aged care	830	641	205	243	86	17	8	6	2,03
Other	427	112	91	42	51	16	4	3	74
Total persons	17,984	13,019	8,840	4,356	4,842	1,381	490	114	51,02
Famalaa				Pe	er cent				
Females Death	84.5	87.7	89.7	83.4	92.8	95.6	94.1	86.7	87.
	3.8	2.7	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.2	2.5	3.3	3.
Return to community To hospital	4.7	4.0	3.5	6.3	1.6	0.7	1.2	0.0	4.
To another aged care	4.9	4.0	2.2	6.3	2.0	0.8	1.2	8.3	4.
Other	2.1	4.5 0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.7	 1.:
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Death	83.3	85.0	88.1	84.0	92.1	91.8	93.5	88.9	85.8
Return to community	4.7	4.3	4.5	3.7	3.1	3.4	2.4	1.9	4.3
To hospital	5.0	4.6	3.6	6.7	2.2	0.8	1.2	3.7	4.4
To another aged care	4.2	4.9	2.5	4.4	1.3	2.1	2.4	1.9	3.
Other	2.8	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.9	0.6	3.7	5. 1.
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Death	84.1	86.7	89.1	83.7	92.6	94.3	93.9	87.7	86.8
Return to community	4.1	3.3	4.0	3.4	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.6	3.
To hospital	4.8	4.2	3.5	6.5	1.8	0.7	1.2	1.8	4.
To another aged care	4.6	4.9	2.3	5.6	1.8	1.2	1.6	5.3	4.
Other	2.4	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.8	2.6	1.
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.

Table 3.13: Separations of permanent residents, separation mode, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Table 3.14: Separations of respite residents, separation mode, by sex and state/territory, ^(a)
1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Sex/separation mode	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
Death	254	65	55	14	69	11	4	4	476
Return to community	6,772	5,986	2,952	1,345	1,928	929	271	173	20,356
To hospital	574	271	145	60	182	18	15	12	1,277
To another aged care service	1,845	930	597	398	470	77	68	7	4,392
Other	2,930	928	314	149	438	58	92	52	4,961
Total females	12,375	8,180	4,063	1,966	3,087	1,093	450	248	31,462
Males									
Death	231	51	53	15	58	10	4	5	427
Return to community	3,893	3,899	2,029	987	1,017	660	214	102	12,801
o hospital	436	190	126	65	134	17	8	12	988
To another aged care service	955	487	379	203	250	45	32	4	2,355
Other	1,738	546	204	105	259	30	56	26	2,964
Total males	7,253	5,173	2,791	1,375	1,718	762	314	149	19,535
Persons									
Death	485	116	108	29	127	21	8	9	903
Return to community	10,665	9,885	4,981	2,332	2,945	1,589	485	275	33,157
Γο hospital	1,010	461	271	125	316	35	23	24	2,265
To another aged care service	2,800	1,417	976	601	720	122	100	11	6,747
Other	4,668	1,474	518	254	697	88	148	78	7,925
Fotal persons	19,628	13,353	6,854	3,341	4,805	1,855	764	397	50,997
					Per cent				
Females									
Death	2.1	0.8	1.4	0.7	2.2	1.0	0.9	1.6	1.5
Return to community	54.7	73.2	72.7	68.4	62.5	85.0	60.2	69.8	64.7
۲o hospital	4.6	3.3	3.6	3.1	5.9	1.6	3.3	4.8	4.1
To another aged care service	14.9	11.4	14.7	20.2	15.2	7.0	15.1	2.8	14.0
Other	23.7	11.3	7.7	7.6	14.2	5.3	20.4	21.0	15.8
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Death	3.2	1.0	1.9	1.1	3.4	1.3	1.3	3.4	2.2
Return to community	53.7	75.4	72.7	71.8	59.2	86.6	68.2	68.5	65.5
To hospital	6.0	3.7	4.5	4.7	7.8	2.2	2.5	8.1	5.1
To another aged care service	13.2	9.4	13.6	14.8	14.6	5.9	10.2	2.7	12.1
Other	24.0	10.6	7.3	7.6	15.1	3.9	17.8	17.4	15.2
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Death	2.5	0.9	1.6	0.9	2.6	1.1	1.0	2.3	1.8
Return to community	54.3	74.0	72.7	69.8	61.3	85.7	63.5	69.3	65.0
Fo hospital	5.1	3.5	4.0	3.7	6.6	1.9	3.0	6.0	4.4
To another aged care service	14.3	10.6	14.2	18.0	15.0	6.6	13.1	2.8	13.2
Other	23.8	11.0	7.6	7.6	14.5	4.7	19.4	19.6	15.5

				To another		
Length of stay	Death	Return to community	To hospital	aged care service	Other	Total
Length of Stay	Death	community	•		Other	TOLAI
		100		nber		
<4 weeks	3,106	428	198	136	119	3,987
4-<8 weeks	2,187	252	154	106	65	2,764
8-<13 weeks	2,021	203	133	102	64	2,523
13-<26 weeks	3,563	295	222	196	96	4,372
26-<39 weeks	2,571	153	139	144	57	3,064
39–<52 weeks	2,232	90	125	112	37	2,596
1–<2 years	6,959	206	361	357	103	7,986
2-<3 years	5,487	102	244	301	72	6,206
3-<4 years	4,414	50	174	186	49	4,873
4-<5 years	3,189	27	125	129	24	3,494
5-<8 years	4,992	36	147	153	38	5,366
8+ years	3,550	19	90	114	22	3,795
Total	44,271	1,861	2,112	2,036	746	51,026
			Per cent	(column)		
<4 weeks	7.0	23.0	9.4	6.7	16.0	7.8
4-<8 weeks	4.9	13.5	7.3	5.2	8.7	5.4
8-<13 weeks	4.6	10.9	6.3	5.0	8.6	4.9
13-<26 weeks	8.0	15.9	10.5	9.6	12.9	8.6
26-<39 weeks	5.8	8.2	6.6	7.1	7.6	6.0
39–<52 weeks	5.0	4.8	5.9	5.5	5.0	5.1
1-<2 years	15.7	11.1	17.1	17.5	13.8	15.7
2-<3 years	12.4	5.5	11.6	14.8	9.7	12.2
3-<4 years	10.0	2.7	8.2	9.1	6.6	9.6
4-<5 years	7.2	1.5	5.9	6.3	3.2	6.8
5-<8 years	11.3	1.9	7.0	7.5	5.1	10.5
8+ years	8.0	1.0	4.3	5.6	2.9	7.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			Per cei	nt (row)		
<4 weeks	77.9	10.7	5.0	3.4	3.0	100.0
4-<8 weeks	79.1	9.1	5.6	3.8	2.4	100.0
8-<13 weeks	80.1	8.0	5.3	4.0	2.5	100.0
13-<26 weeks	81.5	6.7	5.1	4.5	2.2	100.0
26-<39 weeks	83.9	5.0	4.5	4.7	1.9	100.0
39–<52 weeks	86.0	3.5	4.8	4.3	1.4	100.0
1–<2 years	87.1	2.6	4.5	4.5	1.3	100.0
2–<3 years	88.4	1.6	3.9	4.9	1.2	100.0
3–<4 years	90.6	1.0	3.6	3.8	1.0	100.0
4–<5 years	91.3	0.8	3.6	3.7	0.7	100.0
5–<8 years	93.0	0.7	2.7	2.9	0.7	100.0
8+ years	93.5	0.5	2.4	3.0	0.6	100.0
Total	86.8	3.6	4.1	4.0	1.5	100.0

Table 3.15: Separations of permanent residents, length of stay, by separation mode, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

4 Resident characteristics

Residents at 30 June 2007

There were 156,549 residents in residential aged care services at 30 June 2007, compared with 154,872 residents in aged care services at 30 June 2006 and 135,991 residents at 30 June 2000 (Tables 4.2 and A1.1). Over half (54%) of the residents in aged care services at 30 June 2007 were aged 85 years and over, and over one-quarter (27%) were aged 90 years and over. At 30 June 2000, 50% were aged 85 years and over, and 23% were aged 90 years and over (Table A1.1; AIHW 2001). Nationally, there were 6,613 residents aged less than 65 years accommodated in aged care services, comprising 4% of all residents (Table 4.2).

This pattern was similar across the states and territories, with the exception of the Northern Territory, where just 30% of residents were aged 85 years and over, and the proportion of residents aged less than 65 years was considerably higher, at 13% (Table 4.2). Residents of services in remote and very remote areas tended to have a younger age profile, with 46% of residents aged 85 years and over in remote areas, and 35% aged 85 years and over in very remote areas (Table 4.5). The different age profile in the Northern Territory is to be expected given the proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples living in that Territory. Aged care planning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples includes those 50 years and over in light of their poorer health status. In remote areas, 9% of residents were aged under 65 years, while in very remote areas 19% of residents were aged under 65 years. In other regions, the representation of this age group was near the national average of 4% (Table 4.5).

Permanent residents

The majority (98%) of residents in aged care services on 30 June 2007 were permanent residents (153,426) (Table 4.3). Over half (54%) of permanent residents were aged 85 years and over, and 71% were women (Table 4.2). Female residents were on average older than male residents; 60% of female residents were 85 years of age or older, compared with 40% of male residents.

Marital status on admission

About 98% of permanent residents reported their marital status before admission. Of these, 57% were widowed at the time of admission, 25% were either married or in a de facto relationship, 10% had never married and 6% were divorced or separated (Table 4.6). Female permanent residents were over twice as likely to be widowed (68% compared with 29%), and less than half as likely to be married or in de facto relationships, than their male counterparts (19% compared with 43%).

A significantly lower proportion of permanent residents in the Northern Territory were in a married or de facto relationship (18%) compared with any other jurisdiction. Other states and territories had around 25% of newly admitted residents in a married or de facto relationship.

Data about current marital status are not available.

Indigenous status

Of the 97% of permanent residents for whom data were recorded on Indigenous status, 858 (0.6%) identified as Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander (Table 4.8). Only 57% of Indigenous permanent residents were female, compared with 71% of female non-Indigenous residents.

The Northern Territory reported the highest proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples among its permanent residents (40%). Although Queensland recorded only 1% of permanent residents as having Indigenous status, it had the highest number of Indigenous residents (248).

Pension status

A high proportion of permanent residents were in receipt of a government pension, with 70% receiving a Centrelink pension, and 18% an Australian Government Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA) pension (Table 4.10). Female permanent residents were more likely to receive a Centrelink pension (71%) than males (69%). On the other hand, a higher proportion of male residents received a DVA pension (20% of males compared with 17% of females).

Self-funded retirees comprised 10% of permanent residents and there was little difference between males and females. The Australian Capital Territory had a higher proportion of self-funded retirees (21%) among its permanent residents compared with other states and territories. The only states with proportions of self-funded retirees above the Australian average were New South Wales (12%) and Western Australia (11%). The Northern Territory (6%), South Australia (7%) and Tasmania (8%) had the lowest proportion of selffunded retirees.

Concessional and assisted residents

Residents with relatively low levels of income and assets are given assistance to access residential aged care. For residents who meet the eligibility criteria for concessional status, a concessional supplement is paid to the service provider, and the resident pays no accommodation charge or bond.

The supplement for assisted residents is lower, and, unlike a concessional resident, an assisted resident may be required to pay an accommodation bond or an accommodation charge, subject to certain conditions. All residential aged care services are required to provide care to a minimum ratio or proportion of residents who are concessional or assisted. These ratios vary by aged care planning region.

At 30 June 2007, 35% of permanent residents had concessional status and 4% were assisted. The Northern Territory had the highest proportion of concessional residents (69%) followed by Western Australia (38%). The Australian Capital Territory had the lowest proportion of concessional residents (31%). The proportion of concessional residents was also higher in remote and very remote areas (45% and 60%, respectively), compared with major cities (35%), inner regional areas (34%) and outer regional areas (38%) (Tables 4.11 and 4.12).

Country of birth and preferred language

Over 99% of all permanent residents had their birthplace and preferred language recorded before admission. Of these, about 27% of residents were born overseas, 11% in the United Kingdom and Ireland, and 11% in other areas of Europe (Table 4.13).

Western Australia and the Australian Capital Territory had the highest proportions of overseas-born permanent residents (39% and 34%, respectively) and Tasmania had the lowest (16%) (Table 4.13).

Nationally, 90% of permanent residents indicated that English was their preferred language, while 8% preferred other European languages, with Victoria having 12% of residents who preferred another European language (Table 4.15). Among states and territories, the Northern Territory had the highest proportion preferring a language other than English, with 36% having this preference (including 27% who preferred an Australian Indigenous language). Queensland and Tasmania reported small proportions of permanent residents preferring a language other than English (3%). Excluding the 'not stated' category in the database, 14,722 permanent residents preferred to speak another language other than English. The majority of these residents lived in New South Wales (5,377) and Victoria (5,328).

Respite residents

Only 3,123 residents in aged care services on 30 June 2007 were receiving respite care, representing 2% of all residents (Table 4.4). The age profile of respite residents was younger than that of permanent residents. Only 46% of respite residents were aged 85 years and over, with a further 39% aged 75–84 years. A lower proportion of respite residents were female (63%) compared with permanent residents (71%).

The age-sex profile of respite residents varied across states and territories. The Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory had higher proportions of respite residents aged under 65 years (15% and 8%, respectively), while Tasmania had a small proportion of residents in this age group (3%). Other states and territories were closer to the national figure of 5% (Table 4.4). In the Northern Territory only 19% of respite residents were aged 85 years and over. The age profile of respite residents was oldest in the Australian Capital Territory, where 52% of respite residents were aged 85 years and over.

For those where marital status was recorded, a higher proportion of respite residents were either married or in a de facto relationship (34%) compared with permanent residents (25%) (Tables 4.6 and 4.7). A slightly smaller proportion of respite residents compared with permanent residents were widowed, but this group still comprised more than half of respite residents (54%).

Indigenous status was reported for all respite residents, with 0.7% identifying as Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander (Table 4.9).

Twenty-eight per cent of respite residents were born overseas, and their country of birth profile was similar to that for permanent residents. Excluding unknowns, 89% of respite residents indicated that English was their preferred language, while 9% preferred other European languages, especially Southern European languages (Tables 4.14 and 4.16).

Newly admitted residents 2006–07

There were 51,103 people admitted at least once to residential aged care services for permanent care during 2006–07, and 36,466 people were admitted for respite care at least once during the same period (Tables 4.20 and 4.21).

People admitted for respite care were slightly younger than those admitted for permanent care, with 68% of respite admissions aged 80 years and over compared with 72% of permanent admissions (Tables 4.18 and 4.19). There has been a steady increase in the proportion of newly admitted residents aged 80 years and over. In 1998–99, 60% of people admitted for respite care, and 64% of people admitted for permanent care, were aged 80 years and over. In 2006–07 these proportions had risen to 68% and 74% respectively (Table A1.2).

Permanent residents admitted between 1 July 2006 and 30 June 2007 were more likely to be married or in a de facto relationship (31%), compared with all permanent residents on 30 June 2007 (25%) (Tables 4.6 and 4.20). While the vast majority of people admitted for permanent or respite care were either married or widowed, those admitted for respite care were more likely to be married than those admitted for permanent care (36% and 31%, respectively) (Tables 4.20 and 4.21).

A high proportion of newly admitted residents had been living in a house or flat before admission during the reporting period; 78% of permanent residents and 87% of respite residents for whom these data was reported (Tables 4.22 and 4.23).

For those residents where information about prior outside living arrangements were relevant and available, 50% of admitted permanent residents lived alone before their admission, 47% lived with family and 4% lived with others (Table 4.24). Residents admitted for respite care differed considerably from those admitted for permanent care with regard to their living arrangements. While residents admitted for respite care were less likely to be living alone than those admitted for permanent care, it is noteworthy that 40% of respite admissions were for people living alone at the time of entry (Table 4.25). This was particularly true of women; 48% of women admitted for respite were living alone compared with 26% of men.

The proportion of newly admitted permanent residents who were receiving an Australian Government DVA pension was marginally higher, at 20%, than for all permanent residents at 30 June 2007 (18%). The corresponding proportions of people receiving a Centrelink pension were 68% and 70%, respectively (Tables 4.26 and 4.10).

Dependency levels

Resident dependency levels were indicated by the Resident Classification Scale (RCS) during the period of this report. The RCS has eight categories which represent eight levels of care in descending order of need from 1 to 8. The level of Australian Government care subsidy is based on the level of care need indicated by each RCS category. No basic subsidy is paid for residents in category RCS 8. Categories 1 to 4 represent high-care status and categories 5 to 8 represent low-care status.

For the 152,178 permanent residents at 30 June 2007, who had an assessment recorded on the database, 70% were in high-care categories (RCS 1 to 4) and 30% in low-care categories (RCS 5 to 8). RCS categories 1, 2 and 3 comprised the highest proportion of permanent

residents (24%, 24% and 16%, respectively). The lowest level of care (RCS 8) contained 0.3% of residents at 30 June 2007 (Table 4.28).

Tables 4.29 and 4.30 both look at resident dependency at 30 June 2007, but the former focuses on younger ages and the latter on older ages. Among older residents (65 years and over) there were few differences between men and women in relation to dependency levels. A higher proportion of young residents were classified as high dependency. For example, 48% of residents aged under 40 years were classified RCS 1 compared with 24% for all residents. Generally, in these younger age groups, the proportions of residents in each age group who are classified as RCS 1 or RCS 2 categories decline with increasing age.

Between 30 June 1998 and 30 June 2007, there was a consistent increase in the proportion of residents classified as high-care (RCS 1 to 4), from 58% to 70%, while the proportion of those classified as low-care (RCS 5 to 8) fell from 42% to 30% (Table 4.1). This decline has been most marked in RCS 8, reflecting an increasing emphasis on providing services to those with personal care needs, rather than primarily accommodation needs. From 1998 to 2007, the proportion in RCS 8 has dropped from 5% to 0.3% and the proportion in other low-care (RCS 5 to 7) has dropped from 38% to 30% (Table 4.1). Residential care places have thus been provided to a progressively more dependent group of people. During this same period, the supply of Community Aged Care Packages, aimed at providing the equivalent of low-care residential support to people still living in their homes, has expanded significantly. This pattern is in keeping with established government policy, which aims to provide a greater proportion of care for people in their homes who would otherwise be eligible for low-care residential support.

The dependency profile of newly admitted residents during 2006–07 provides a useful indication of possible future trends in residential care. The dependency levels of admitted permanent residents during the period suggest that we may expect similar proportions of people in residential aged care at high-care levels in the future. After excluding the 2,866 residents whose dependency levels were not available, 62% of admitted permanent residents were classified as high-care and 38% as low-care (Table 4.27). The proportion of those admitted as high-care residents is lower than for existing residents (70%), as admitted residents are, by definition, at the beginning of their residential aged care stay — some will progress to higher levels of dependency during the course of their stay.

As would be expected, the dependency levels of residents who left residential care were much higher than those for both current and admitted residents (Table 4.32). After excluding the 1,477 residents whose RCS at separation could not be determined, 87% separated from permanent care during 2006-07 as high-care residents.

The increase in dependency in many residents during their stay in aged care is apparent when we consider that 21% of new admissions were categorised as RCS 1, but 24% of current residents at the end of June 2007 were in the RCS 1 category, and 39% of separations during that year were in that category (Tables 4.27, 4.28 and 4.32).

	RCS 1–RCS 4	RCS 5–RCS 7	RCS 8	RCS 5-RCS 8
Sex/year	High-care	Funded low-care	Nil basic subsidy	Low-care
Females				
1998	57.1	38.4	4.5	42.9
1999	60.2	36.8	2.9	39.8
2000	61.2	36.5	2.2	38.7
2001	62.5	35.9	1.5	37.4
2002	63.1	35.7	1.2	36.9
2003	64.2	34.9	0.9	35.8
2004	65.4	33.9	0.7	34.6
2005	67.4	32.0	0.6	32.6
2006	68.7	31.0	0.4	31.3
2007	70.0	29.7	0.3	30.0
Males				
1998	59.6	35.7	4.6	40.4
1999	62.2	34.4	3.4	37.8
2000	63.1	34.3	2.6	36.9
2001	64.1	33.9	2.0	35.9
2002	64.6	33.7	1.7	35.4
2003	64.8	34.0	1.2	35.2
2004	66.0	33.0	1.0	34.0
2005	67.7	31.5	0.8	32.3
2006	69.0	30.4	0.6	31.0
2007	70.4	29.2	0.4	29.6
Persons				
1998	57.8	37.7	4.5	42.2
1999	60.8	36.2	3.1	39.2
2000	61.8	36.0	2.3	38.3
2001	63.1	35.4	1.7	37.1
2002	63.6	35.1	1.4	36.5
2003	64.4	34.6	1.0	35.6
2004	65.6	33.6	0.8	34.4
2005	67.5	31.9	0.6	32.5
2006	68.7	30.8	0.4	31.3
2007	70.1	29.5	0.3	29.9

Table 4.1: Dependency levels of permanent residents in residential aged care services,30 June 1998 to 30 June 2007 (per cent)

Sources: AIHW 2007 and Table 4.30.

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
()					Number				
Females									
under 65	1,092	743	680	228	225	60	30	26	3,084
65–69	815	613	432	216	220	56	30	24	2,406
70–74	1,552	1,181	808	388	435	124	45	26	4,559
75–79	4,116	2,821	2,038	886	1,119	291	116	34	11,421
80–84	8,163	6,194	4,155	1,852	2,357	584	246	59	23,610
85–89	10,881	8,070	5,673	2,502	3,250	826	310	58	31,570
90–94	8,412	6,345	4,259	2,145	2,531	648	253	27	24,620
95+	3,451	2,670	1,762	888	1,087	236	103	7	10,204
Total females	38,482	28,637	19,807	9,105	11,224	2,825	1,133	261	111,474
Males									
under 65	1,336	866	733	219	242	73	32	28	3,529
65–69	868	672	468	241	185	57	32	19	2,542
70–74	1,421	1,034	739	317	303	79	38	17	3,948
75–79	2,470	1,819	1,274	535	696	148	60	29	7,031
80–84	3,581	2,532	1,892	769	980	235	88	26	10,103
85–89	3,496	2,565	1,932	723	1,031	213	115	14	10,089
90–94	1,957	1,621	1,098	500	614	126	71	11	5,998
95+	571	491	355	166	183	45	20	4	1,835
Total males	15,700	11,600	8,491	3,470	4,234	976	456	148	45,075
Persons									
under 65	2,428	1,609	1,413	447	467	133	62	54	6,613
65–69	1,683	1,285	900	457	405	113	62	43	4,948
70–74	2,973	2,215	1,547	705	738	203	83	43	8,507
75–79	6,586	4,640	3,312	1,421	1,815	439	176	63	18,452
80–84	11,744	8,726	6,047	2,621	3,337	819	334	85	33,713
85–89	14,377	10,635	7,605	3,225	4,281	1,039	425	72	41,659
90–94	10,369	7,966	5,357	2,645	3,145	774	324	38	30,618
95+	4,022	3,161	2,117	1,054	1,270	281	123	11	12,039
Total persons	54,182	40,237	28,298	12,575	15,458	3,801	1,589	409	156,549

Table 4.2: All residents, by age, sex and state/territory,^(a) 30 June 2007

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Australia
Females					Per cent				
under 65	2.8	2.6	3.4	2.5	2.0	2.1	2.6	10.0	2.8
65–69	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.6	9.2	2.2
70–74	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.3	3.9	4.4	4.0	10.0	4.1
75–79	10.7	9.9	10.3	9.7	10.0	10.3	10.2	13.0	10.2
80–84	21.2	21.6	21.0	20.3	21.0	20.7	21.7	22.6	21.2
85–89	28.3	28.2	28.6	27.5	29.0	29.2	27.4	22.2	28.3
90–94	21.9	22.2	21.5	23.6	22.5	22.9	22.3	10.3	22.1
95+	9.0	9.3	8.9	9.8	9.7	8.4	9.1	2.7	9.2
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
under 65	8.5	7.5	8.6	6.3	5.7	7.5	7.0	18.9	7.8
65–69	5.5	5.8	5.5	6.9	4.4	5.8	7.0	12.8	5.6
70–74	9.1	8.9	8.7	9.1	7.2	8.1	8.3	11.5	8.8
75–79	15.7	15.7	15.0	15.4	16.4	15.2	13.2	19.6	15.6
80–84	22.8	21.8	22.3	22.2	23.1	24.1	19.3	17.6	22.4
85–89	22.3	22.1	22.8	20.8	24.4	21.8	25.2	9.5	22.4
90–94	12.5	14.0	12.9	14.4	14.5	12.9	15.6	7.4	13.3
95+	3.6	4.2	4.2	4.8	4.3	4.6	4.4	2.7	4.1
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
under 65	4.5	4.0	5.0	3.6	3.0	3.5	3.9	13.2	4.2
65–69	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.6	2.6	3.0	3.9	10.5	3.2
70–74	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.6	4.8	5.3	5.2	10.5	5.4
75–79	12.2	11.5	11.7	11.3	11.7	11.5	11.1	15.4	11.8
80–84	21.7	21.7	21.4	20.8	21.6	21.5	21.0	20.8	21.5
85–89	26.5	26.4	26.9	25.6	27.7	27.3	26.7	17.6	26.6
90–94	19.1	19.8	18.9	21.0	20.3	20.4	20.4	9.3	19.6
95+	7.4	7.9	7.5	8.4	8.2	7.4	7.7	2.7	7.7
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.2 (continued): All residents, by age, sex and state/territory,^(a) 30 June 2007

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
() • • • • •					Number				
Females					Number				
under 65	1,064	726	668	227	217	58	27	24	3,011
65–69	793	605	426	214	217	54	30	21	2,360
70–74	1,501	1,154	799	384	419	119	44	25	4,445
75–79	3,982	2,774	2,015	880	1,103	283	113	32	11,182
80-84	7,935	6,084	4,089	1,828	2,305	576	240	56	23,113
85–89	10,623	7,950	5,605	2,460	3,187	811	303	56	30,995
90–94	8,247	6,271	4,219	2,134	2,498	640	246	25	24,280
95+	3,407	2,647	1,748	883	1,078	235	101	20	10,106
Total females	37,552	28,211	19,569	9.010	11.024	2,776	1,104	246	109,492
Males	07,002	20,277	10,000	0,010	11,021	2,110	1,101	210	100,102
under 65	1,306	850	723	210	237	73	31	26	3,456
65–69	848	651	459	238	180	56	32	16	2,480
70–74	1,382	1,011	729	304	296	78	36	17	3,853
75–79	2,378	1,768	1,248	527	676	144	56	26	6,823
80–84	3,468	2,463	1,859	756	949	228	85	24	9,832
85–89	3,375	2,513	1,891	714	1,002	208	112	13	9,828
90–94	1,890	1,607	1,075	494	601	122	66	11	5,866
95+	553	486	350	162	178	44	19	4	1,796
Total males	15,200	11.349	8,334	3,405	4,119	953	437	137	43,934
Persons	-,		-)	-,					- ,
under 65	2,370	1,576	1,391	437	454	131	58	50	6,467
65–69	1,641	1,256	885	452	397	110	62	37	4,840
70–74	2,883	2,165	1,528	688	715	197	80	42	8,298
75–79	6,360	4,542	3,263	1,407	1,779	427	169	58	18,005
80-84	11,403	8,547	5,948	2,584	3,254	804	325	80	32,945
85–89	13,998	10,463	7,496	3,174	4,189	1,019	415	69	40,823
90–94	10,137	7,878	5,294	2,628	3,099	762	312	36	30,146
95+	3,960	3,133	2,098	1,045	1,256	279	120	11	11,902
Total persons	52,752	39,560	27,903	12,415	15,143	3,729	1,541	383	153,426

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
() /	-				Per cent		-		
Females					rercent				
under 65	2.8	2.6	3.4	2.5	2.0	2.1	2.4	9.8	2.7
65–69	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.0	1.9	2.7	8.5	2.2
70–74	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.3	3.8	4.3	4.0	10.2	4.1
75–79	10.6	9.8	10.3	9.8	10.0	10.2	10.2	13.0	10.2
80–84	21.1	21.6	20.9	20.3	20.9	20.7	21.7	22.8	21.1
85–89	28.3	28.2	28.6	27.3	28.9	29.2	27.4	22.8	28.3
90–94	22.0	22.2	21.6	23.7	22.7	23.1	22.3	10.2	22.2
95+	9.1	9.4	8.9	9.8	9.8	8.5	9.1	2.8	9.2
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
under 65	8.6	7.5	8.7	6.2	5.8	7.7	7.1	19.0	7.9
65–69	5.6	5.7	5.5	7.0	4.4	5.9	7.3	11.7	5.6
70–74	9.1	8.9	8.7	8.9	7.2	8.2	8.2	12.4	8.8
75–79	15.6	15.6	15.0	15.5	16.4	15.1	12.8	19.0	15.5
80–84	22.8	21.7	22.3	22.2	23.0	23.9	19.5	17.5	22.4
85–89	22.2	22.1	22.7	21.0	24.3	21.8	25.6	9.5	22.4
90–94	12.4	14.2	12.9	14.5	14.6	12.8	15.1	8.0	13.4
95+	3.6	4.3	4.2	4.8	4.3	4.6	4.3	2.9	4.1
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
under 65	4.5	4.0	5.0	3.5	3.0	3.5	3.8	13.1	4.2
65–69	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.6	2.6	2.9	4.0	9.7	3.2
70–74	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	4.7	5.3	5.2	11.0	5.4
75–79	12.1	11.5	11.7	11.3	11.7	11.5	11.0	15.1	11.7
80–84	21.6	21.6	21.3	20.8	21.5	21.6	21.1	20.9	21.5
85–89	26.5	26.4	26.9	25.6	27.7	27.3	26.9	18.0	26.6
90–94	19.2	19.9	19.0	21.2	20.5	20.4	20.2	9.4	19.6
95+	7.5	7.9	7.5	8.4	8.3	7.5	7.8	2.9	7.8
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.3 (continued): Permanent residents, by age, sex and state/territory, (a) 30 June 2007

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
under 65	28	17	12	1	8	2	3	2	73
65–69	22	8	6	2	3	2	0	3	46
70–74	51	27	9	4	16	5	1	1	114
75–79	134	47	23	6	16	8	3	2	239
80–84	228	110	66	24	52	8	6	3	497
85–89	258	120	68	42	63	15	7	2	575
90–94	165	74	40	11	33	8	7	2	340
95+	44	23	14	5	9	1	2	0	98
Total females	930	426	238	95	200	49	29	15	1,982
Males									
under 65	30	16	10	9	5	0	1	2	73
65–69	20	21	9	3	5	1	0	3	62
70–74	39	23	10	13	7	1	2	0	95
75–79	92	51	26	8	20	4	4	3	208
80–84	113	69	33	13	31	7	3	2	271
85–89	121	52	41	9	29	5	3	1	261
90–94	67	14	23	6	13	4	5	0	132
95+	18	5	5	4	5	1	1	0	39
Total males	500	251	157	65	115	23	19	11	1,141
Persons									
under 65	58	33	22	10	13	2	4	4	146
65–69	42	29	15	5	8	3	0	6	108
70–74	90	50	19	17	23	6	3	1	209
75–79	226	98	49	14	36	12	7	5	447
80–84	341	179	99	37	83	15	9	5	768
85–89	379	172	109	51	92	20	10	3	836
90–94	232	88	63	17	46	12	12	2	472
95+	62	28	19	9	14	2	3	0	137
Total persons	1,430	677	395	160	315	72	48	26	3,123

Table 4.4: Respite residents, by age, sex and state/territory, ^(a) 30 June 2007	
--	--

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Australia
					Per cent				
Females									
under 65	3.0	4.0	5.0	1.1	4.0	4.1	10.3	13.3	3.7
65–69	2.4	1.9	2.5	2.1	1.5	4.1	0.0	20.0	2.3
70–74	5.5	6.3	3.8	4.2	8.0	10.2	3.4	6.7	5.8
75–79	14.4	11.0	9.7	6.3	8.0	16.3	10.3	13.3	12.1
80–84	24.5	25.8	27.7	25.3	26.0	16.3	20.7	20.0	25.1
85–89	27.7	28.2	28.6	44.2	31.5	30.6	24.1	13.3	29.0
90–94	17.7	17.4	16.8	11.6	16.5	16.3	24.1	13.3	17.2
95+	4.7	5.4	5.9	5.3	4.5	2.0	6.9	0.0	4.9
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
under 65	6.0	6.4	6.4	13.8	4.3	0.0	5.3	18.2	6.4
65–69	4.0	8.4	5.7	4.6	4.3	4.3	0.0	27.3	5.4
70–74	7.8	9.2	6.4	20.0	6.1	4.3	10.5	0.0	8.3
75–79	18.4	20.3	16.6	12.3	17.4	17.4	21.1	27.3	18.2
80–84	22.6	27.5	21.0	20.0	27.0	30.4	15.8	18.2	23.8
85–89	24.2	20.7	26.1	13.8	25.2	21.7	15.8	9.1	22.9
90–94	13.4	5.6	14.6	9.2	11.3	17.4	26.3	0.0	11.6
95+	3.6	2.0	3.2	6.2	4.3	4.3	5.3	0.0	3.4
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
under 65	4.1	4.9	5.6	6.3	4.1	2.8	8.3	15.4	4.7
65–69	2.9	4.3	3.8	3.1	2.5	4.2	0.0	23.1	3.5
70–74	6.3	7.4	4.8	10.6	7.3	8.3	6.3	3.8	6.7
75–79	15.8	14.5	12.4	8.8	11.4	16.7	14.6	19.2	14.3
80–84	23.8	26.4	25.1	23.1	26.3	20.8	18.8	19.2	24.6
85–89	26.5	25.4	27.6	31.9	29.2	27.8	20.8	11.5	26.8
90–94	16.2	13.0	15.9	10.6	14.6	16.7	25.0	7.7	15.1
95+	4.3	4.1	4.8	5.6	4.4	2.8	6.3	0.0	4.4
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Sex/age (years)	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	Australia
			Numbe	r		
Females						
under 65	1,994	721	312	35	22	3,084
65–69	1,593	553	219	29	12	2,406
70–74	3,031	1,069	415	39	5	4,559
75–79	7,601	2,763	966	72	19	11,421
80–84	15,942	5,640	1,890	117	21	23,610
85–89	21,004	7,744	2,635	156	31	31,570
90–94	16,462	6,015	2,004	119	20	24,620
95+	6,986	2,292	863	53	10	10,204
Total females	74,613	26,797	9,304	620	140	111,474
Males						
under 65	2,315	760	383	45	26	3,529
65–69	1,692	581	225	28	16	2,542
70–74	2,550	972	378	31	17	3,948
75–79	4,576	1,710	681	49	15	7,031
80–84	6,679	2,430	922	55	17	10,103
85–89	6,568	2,578	880	46	17	10,089
90–94	3,893	1,528	527	38	12	5,998
95+	1,212	466	144	13		1,835
Total males	29,485	11,025	4,140	305	120	45,075
Persons						
under 65	4,309	1,481	695	80	48	6,613
65–69	3,285	1,134	444	57	28	4,948
70–74	5,581	2,041	793	70	22	8,507
75–79	12,177	4,473	1,647	121	34	18,452
80–84	22,621	8,070	2,812	172	38	33,713
85–89	27,572	10,322	3,515	202	48	41,659
90–94	20,355	7,543	2,531	157	32	30,618
95+	8,198	2,758	1,007	66	10	12,039
Total persons	104,098	37,822	13,444	925	260	156,549

Table 4.5: All residents, by age, sex	x and remoteness, ^(a) 30 June 2007
---------------------------------------	---

Sex/age (years)	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	Australia
			Per cen	t		
Females						
under 65	2.7	2.7	3.4	5.6	15.7	2.8
65–69	2.1	2.1	2.4	4.7	8.6	2.2
70–74	4.1	4.0	4.5	6.3	3.6	4.1
75–79	10.2	10.3	10.4	11.6	13.6	10.2
80–84	21.4	21.0	20.3	18.9	15.0	21.2
85–89	28.2	28.9	28.3	25.2	22.1	28.3
90–94	22.1	22.4	21.5	19.2	14.3	22.1
95+	9.4	8.6	9.3	8.5	7.1	9.2
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males						
under 65	7.9	6.9	9.3	14.8	21.7	7.8
65–69	5.7	5.3	5.4	9.2	13.3	5.6
70–74	8.6	8.8	9.1	10.2	14.2	8.8
75–79	15.5	15.5	16.4	16.1	12.5	15.6
80–84	22.7	22.0	22.3	18.0	14.2	22.4
85–89	22.3	23.4	21.3	15.1	14.2	22.4
90–94	13.2	13.9	12.7	12.5	10.0	13.3
95+	4.1	4.2	3.5	4.3	0.0	4.1
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons						
under 65	4.1	3.9	5.2	8.6	18.5	4.2
65–69	3.2	3.0	3.3	6.2	10.8	3.2
70–74	5.4	5.4	5.9	7.6	8.5	5.4
75–79	11.7	11.8	12.3	13.1	13.1	11.8
80–84	21.7	21.3	20.9	18.6	14.6	21.5
85–89	26.5	27.3	26.1	21.8	18.5	26.6
90–94	19.6	19.9	18.8	17.0	12.3	19.6
95+	7.9	7.3	7.5	7.1	3.8	7.7
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Refers to the location of the services. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

Sex/marital status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	TAS	ACT	NT	Australia		
	Number										
Females											
Divorced	1,711	1,202	846	429	440	114	100	15	4,857		
Married/de facto	6,554	5,115	3,777	1,609	2,187	524	182	40	19,988		
Separated	418	305	207	112	95	32	23	14	1,206		
Single	3,187	2,231	1,469	546	656	188	61	9	8,347		
Widowed	25,033	19,061	12,933	6,196	7,516	1,895	717	159	73,510		
Not reported	649	297	337	118	130	23	21	9	1,584		
Total females	37,552	28,211	19,569	9,010	11,024	2,776	1,104	246	109,492		
Males											
Divorced	1,442	921	812	340	326	86	52	8	3,987		
Married/de facto	6,056	4,892	3,459	1,406	1,924	430	191	28	18,386		
Separated	583	369	270	150	128	20	16	15	1,55 ⁻		
Single	2,565	1,776	1,346	452	482	141	37	41	6,840		
Widowed	4,199	3,220	2,268	1,000	1,175	265	138	40	12,30		
Not reported	355	171	179	57	84	11	3	5	86		
Total males	15,200	11,349	8,334	3,405	4,119	953	437	137	43,934		
Persons											
Divorced	3,153	2,123	1,658	769	766	200	152	23	8,844		
Married/de facto	12,610	10,007	7,236	3,015	4,111	954	373	68	38,374		
Separated	1,001	674	477	262	223	52	39	29	2,757		
Single	5,752	4,007	2,815	998	1,138	329	98	50	15,187		
Widowed	29,232	22,281	15,201	7,196	8,691	2,160	855	199	85,815		
Not reported	1,004	468	516	175	214	34	24	14	2,449		
Total persons	52,752	39,560	27,903	12,415	15,143	3,729	1,541	383	153,420		

Table 4.6: Permanent residents, marital status, by sex and state/ter	rritory, ^(a) 30 June 2007
--	--------------------------------------

Sex/marital status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	TAS	ACT	NT	Australia
				Р	er cent				
Females									
Divorced	4.6	4.3	4.3	4.8	4.0	4.1	9.1	6.1	4.4
Married/de facto	17.5	18.1	19.3	17.9	19.8	18.9	16.5	16.3	18.3
Separated	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.9	1.2	2.1	5.7	1.1
Single	8.5	7.9	7.5	6.1	6.0	6.8	5.5	3.7	7.6
Widowed	66.7	67.6	66.1	68.8	68.2	68.3	64.9	64.6	67.1
Not reported	1.7	1.1	1.7	1.3	1.2	0.8	1.9	3.7	1.4
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Divorced	9.5	8.1	9.7	10.0	7.9	9.0	11.9	5.8	9.1
Married/de facto	39.8	43.1	41.5	41.3	46.7	45.1	43.7	20.4	41.8
Separated	3.8	3.3	3.2	4.4	3.1	2.1	3.7	10.9	3.5
Single	16.9	15.6	16.2	13.3	11.7	14.8	8.5	29.9	15.6
Widowed	27.6	28.4	27.2	29.4	28.5	27.8	31.6	29.2	28.0
Not reported	2.3	1.5	2.1	1.7	2.0	1.2	0.7	3.6	2.0
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Divorced	6.0	5.4	5.9	6.2	5.1	5.4	9.9	6.0	5.8
Married/de facto	23.9	25.3	25.9	24.3	27.1	25.6	24.2	17.8	25.0
Separated	1.9	1.7	1.7	2.1	1.5	1.4	2.5	7.6	1.8
Single	10.9	10.1	10.1	8.0	7.5	8.8	6.4	13.1	9.9
Widowed	55.4	56.3	54.5	58.0	57.4	57.9	55.5	52.0	55.9
Not reported	1.9	1.2	1.8	1.4	1.4	0.9	1.6	3.7	1.6
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.6 (continued): Permanent residents, marital status, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 30 June 2007

Sex/marital status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	TAS	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
Divorced	39	25	9	1	5	1	2	1	83
Married/de facto	160	96	64	23	46	13	7	0	409
Separated	7	2	2	0	1	0	0	2	14
Single	70	15	14	3	5	2	3	2	114
Widowed	644	286	146	67	138	33	17	9	1,340
Not reported	10	2	3	1	5	0	0	1	22
Total females	930	426	238	95	200	49	29	15	1,982
Males									
Divorced	25	8	10	4	3	1	1	1	53
Married/de facto	264	152	84	41	68	8	8	6	631
Separated	14	6	2	1	1	2	0	0	26
Single	52	14	12	10	8	1	1	1	99
Widowed	141	70	45	8	34	11	8	3	320
Not reported	4	1	4	1	1	0	1	0	12
Total males	500	251	157	65	115	23	19	11	1,141
Persons									
Divorced	64	33	19	5	8	2	3	2	136
Married/de facto	424	248	148	64	114	21	15	6	1,040
Separated	21	8	4	1	2	2	0	2	40
Single	122	29	26	13	13	3	4	3	213
Widowed	785	356	191	75	172	44	25	12	1,660
Not reported	14	3	7	2	6	0	1	1	34
Total persons	1,430	677	395	160	315	72	48	26	3,123

Table 4.7: Respite residents, marital status, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 30 June 2007

Sex/marital status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	TAS	ACT	NT	Australia
					Per cen	t			
Females									
Divorced	4.2	5.9	3.8	1.1	2.5	2.0	6.9	6.7	4.2
Married/de facto	17.2	22.5	26.9	24.2	23.0	26.5	24.1	0.0	20.6
Separated	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	13.3	0.7
Single	7.5	3.5	5.9	3.2	2.5	4.1	10.3	13.3	5.8
Widowed	69.2	67.1	61.3	70.5	69.0	67.3	58.6	60.0	67.6
Not reported	1.1	0.5	1.3	1.1	2.5	0.0	0.0	6.7	1.1
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Divorced	5.0	3.2	6.4	6.2	2.6	4.3	5.3	9.1	4.6
Married/de facto	52.8	60.6	53.5	63.1	59.1	34.8	42.1	54.5	55.3
Separated	2.8	2.4	1.3	1.5	0.9	8.7	0.0	0.0	2.3
Single	10.4	5.6	7.6	15.4	7.0	4.3	5.3	9.1	8.7
Widowed	28.2	27.9	28.7	12.3	29.6	47.8	42.1	27.3	28.0
Not reported	0.8	0.4	2.5	1.5	0.9	0.0	5.3	0.0	1.1
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Divorced	4.5	4.9	4.8	3.1	2.5	2.8	6.3	7.7	4.4
Married/de facto	29.7	36.6	37.5	40.0	36.2	29.2	31.3	23.1	33.3
Separated	1.5	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.6	2.8	0.0	7.7	1.3
Single	8.5	4.3	6.6	8.1	4.1	4.2	8.3	11.5	6.8
Widowed	54.9	52.6	48.4	46.9	54.6	61.1	52.1	46.2	53.2
Not reported	1.0	0.4	1.8	1.3	1.9	0.0	2.1	3.8	1.1
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.7 (continued): Respite residents, marital status, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 30 June 2007

Sex/Indigenous status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
Indigenous	89	27	117	123	21	9	2	98	486
Non-Indigenous	35,981	27,715	18,384	8,695	10,586	2,749	1,087	140	105,337
Not determined	1,482	469	1,068	192	417	18	15	8	3,669
Total females	37,552	28,211	19,569	9,010	11,024	2,776	1,104	246	109,492
Males									
Indigenous	59	11	131	99	14	10	0	48	372
Non-Indigenous	14,586	11,170	7,706	3,253	3,964	935	431	81	42,126
Not determined	555	168	497	53	141	8	6	8	1,436
Total males	15,200	11,349	8,334	3,405	4,119	953	437	137	43,934
Persons									
Indigenous	148	38	248	222	35	19	2	146	858
Non-Indigenous	50,567	38,885	26,090	11,948	14,550	3,684	1,518	221	147,463
Not determined	2,037	637	1,565	245	558	26	21	16	5,105
Total persons	52,752	39,560	27,903	12,415	15,143	3,729	1,541	383	153,426
					Per cent				
Females									
Indigenous	0.2	0.1	0.6	1.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	39.8	0.4
Non-Indigenous	95.8	98.2	93.9	96.5	96.0	99.0	98.5	56.9	96.2
Not determined	3.9	1.7	5.5	2.1	3.8	0.6	1.4	3.3	3.4
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Indigenous	0.4	0.1	1.6	2.9	0.3	1.0	0.0	35.0	0.8
Non-Indigenous	96.0	98.4	92.5	95.5	96.2	98.1	98.6	59.1	95.9
Not determined	3.7	1.5	6.0	1.6	3.4	0.8	1.4	5.8	3.3
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Indigenous	0.3	0.1	0.9	1.8	0.2	0.5	0.1	38.1	0.6
Non-Indigenous	95.9	98.3	93.5	96.2	96.1	98.8	98.5	57.7	96.1
Not determined	3.9	1.6	5.6	2.0	3.7	0.7	1.4	4.2	3.3
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.9: Respite residents, Indigenous status, by sex and state/territory, ^(a) 30 June 2007
--

Sex/Indigenous status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number	r			
Females									
Indigenous	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	10	14
Non-Indigenous	929	424	237	95	200	49	29	5	1,968
Not determined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total females	930	426	238	95	200	49	29	15	1,982
Males									
Indigenous	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	4	7
Non-Indigenous	499	251	156	65	114	23	19	7	1,134
Not determined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total males	500	251	157	65	115	23	19	11	1,141
Persons									
Indigenous	2	2	2	0	1	0	0	14	21
Non-Indigenous	1,428	675	393	160	314	72	48	12	3,102
Not determined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total persons	1,430	677	395	160	315	72	48	26	3,123
					Per cen	t			
Females									
Indigenous	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.7
Non-Indigenous	99.9	99.5	99.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	33.3	99.3
Not determined	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Indigenous	0.2	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	36.4	0.6
Non-Indigenous	99.8	100.0	99.4	100.0	99.1	100.0	100.0	63.6	99.4
Not determined	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Indigenous	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	53.8	0.7
Non-Indigenous	99.9	99.7	99.5	100.0	99.7	100.0	100.0	46.2	99.3
Not determined	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

		-		-					
Sex/pension status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
Centrelink pension	25,977	20,351	13,950	6,323	8,105	1,935	676	209	77,526
DVA pension	6,040	4,590	3,729	1,505	1,947	605	162	21	18,599
Self-funded retirees	4,715	2,692	1,598	1,013	809	203	224	16	11,270
Means not disclosed	689	500	241	146	149	27	34	1	1,787
Unknown	131	78	51	22	14	6	8	0	310
Total females	37,552	28,211	19,569	9,010	11,024	2,776	1,104	246	109,492
Males									
Centrelink pension	10,452	7,977	5,681	2,324	2,830	625	233	121	30,242
DVA pension	2,786	2,055	1,833	681	889	233	77	7	8,561
Self-funded retirees	1,555	1,039	657	337	319	77	98	7	4,089
Means not disclosed	311	213	125	54	69	14	25	2	813
Unknown	95	65	39	8	13	4	5	0	229
Total males	15,200	11,349	8,334	3,405	4,119	953	437	137	43,934
Persons									
Centrelink pension	36,429	28,328	19,630	8,647	10,934	2,561	909	329	107,769
DVA pension	8,827	6,645	5,562	2,186	2,836	838	238	28	27,160
Self-funded retirees	6,270	3,731	2,254	1,350	1,128	280	323	23	15,359
Means not disclosed	1,000	713	366	201	218	41	58	3	2,600
Unknown	226	143	90	31	27	9	13	0	539
Total persons	52,752	39,560	27,903	12,415	15,143	3,729	1,541	383	153,426

 Table 4.10: Permanent residents, pension status, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 30 June 2007

Sex/pension status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Per cent				
Females									
Centrelink pension	69.2	72.1	71.3	70.2	73.5	69.7	61.2	84.8	70.8
DVA pension	16.1	16.3	19.1	16.7	17.7	21.8	14.6	8.4	17.0
Self-funded retirees	12.6	9.5	8.2	11.2	7.3	7.3	20.3	6.4	10.3
Means not disclosed	1.8	1.8	1.2	1.6	1.4	1.0	3.1	0.4	1.6
Unknown	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.0	0.3
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Centrelink pension	68.8	70.3	68.2	68.2	68.7	65.6	53.3	88.2	68.8
DVA pension	18.3	18.1	22.0	20.0	21.6	24.4	17.5	5.1	19.5
Self-funded retirees	10.2	9.2	7.9	9.9	7.7	8.1	22.5	5.1	9.3
Means not disclosed	2.0	1.9	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5	5.6	1.5	1.9
Unknown	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.4	1.1	0.0	0.5
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Centrelink pension	69.1	71.6	70.4	69.7	72.2	68.7	59.0	86.0	70.2
DVA pension	16.7	16.8	19.9	17.6	18.7	22.5	15.5	7.2	17.7
Self-funded retirees	11.9	9.4	8.1	10.9	7.4	7.5	20.9	6.0	10.0
Means not disclosed	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.1	3.8	0.8	1.7
Unknown	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.0	0.4
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.10 (continued): Permanent residents, pension status, by sex and state/territory,(a)30 June 2007

Notes

1. 'DVA' refers to the Australian Government Department of Veterans' Affairs. Other pensions are administered by Centrelink.

2. The category 'Unknown' refers to residents not yet assessed by Centrelink or DVA at the time of reporting.

3. The table was supplied by DoHA and has been adjusted slightly to retain consistency with other tables, as different updates of the data were used (see Appendix 3).

Table 4.11: Permanent residents, by sex, state/territory ^(a) and concessional s	status, 30 June 2007
--	----------------------

Sex/concessional status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
	Number								
Females									
Assisted	1,127	918	787	377	547	108	31	3	3,898
Bond paid	5,049	4,818	1,558	803	449	187	266	1	13,131
Concessional	11,911	8,638	6,380	3,181	3,755	922	327	166	35,280
Not concessional/ineligible	19,465	13,837	10,844	4,649	6,273	1,559	480	76	57,183
Total females	37,552	28,211	19,569	9,010	11,024	2,776	1,104	246	109,492
Males									
Assisted	655	513	412	150	221	54	17	1	2,023
Bond paid	1,442	1,452	439	224	127	51	88	3	3,826
Concessional	6,369	4,404	3,468	1,513	1,604	388	149	98	17,993
Not concessional/ineligible	6,734	4,980	4,015	1,518	2,167	460	183	35	20,092
Total males	15,200	11,349	8,334	3,405	4,119	953	437	137	43,934
Persons									
Assisted	1,782	1,431	1,199	527	768	162	48	4	5,921
Bond paid	6,491	6,270	1,997	1,027	576	238	354	4	16,957
Concessional	18,280	13,042	9,848	4,694	5,359	1,310	476	264	53,273
Not concessional/ineligible	26,199	18,817	14,859	6,167	8,440	2,019	663	111	77,275
Total persons	52,752	39,560	27,903	12,415	15,143	3,729	1,541	383	153,426
				I	Per cent				
Females									
Assisted	3.0	3.3	4.0	4.2	5.0	3.9	2.8	1.2	3.6
Bond paid	13.4	17.1	8.0	8.9	4.1	6.7	24.1	0.4	12.0
Concessional	31.7	30.6	32.6	35.3	34.1	33.2	29.6	67.5	32.2
Not concessional/ineligible	51.8	49.0	55.4	51.6	56.9	56.2	43.5	30.9	52.2
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Assisted	4.3	4.5	4.9	4.4	5.4	5.7	3.9	0.7	4.6
Bond paid	9.5	12.8	5.3	6.6	3.1	5.4	20.1	2.2	8.7
Concessional	41.9	38.8	41.6	44.4	38.9	40.7	34.1	71.5	41.0
Not concessional/ineligible	44.3	43.9	48.2	44.6	52.6	48.3	41.9	25.5	45.7
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Assisted	3.4	3.6	4.3	4.2	5.1	4.3	3.1	1.0	3.9
Bond paid	12.3	15.8	7.2	8.3	3.8	6.4	23.0	1.0	11.1
Concessional	34.7	33.0	35.3	37.8	35.4	35.1	30.9	68.9	34.7
Not concessional/ineligible	49.7	47.6	53.3	49.7	55.7	54.1	43.0	29.0	50.4
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Sex/concessional status	Major	Inner	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	Australia
			Numb	er		
Females						
Assisted	2,311	1,086	460	32	9	3,898
Bond paid	10,760	2,066	299	6	0	13,131
Concessional	23,432	8,245	3,268	256	79	35,280
Not concessional/ineligible	36,861	14,881	5,085	309	47	57,183
Total females	73,364	26,278	9,112	603	135	109,492
Males						
Assisted	1,193	578	237	11	4	2,023
Bond paid	3,146	567	111	2	0	3,826
Concessional	11,850	4,218	1,709	143	73	17,993
Not concessional/ineligible	12,608	5,355	1,954	135	40	20,092
Total males	28,797	10,718	4,011	291	117	43,934
Persons						
Assisted	3,504	1,664	697	43	13	5,921
Bond paid	13,906	2,633	410	8	0	16,957
Concessional	35,282	12,463	4,977	399	152	53,273
Not concessional/ineligible	49,469	20,236	7,039	444	87	77,275
Total persons	102,161	36,996	13,123	894	252	153,426
			Per ce	nt		
Females						
Assisted	3.2	4.1	5.0	5.3	6.7	3.6
Bond paid	14.7	7.9	3.3	1.0	0.0	12.0
Concessional	31.9	31.4	35.9	42.5	58.5	32.2
Not concessional/ineligible	50.2	56.6	55.8	51.2	34.8	52.2
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males						
Assisted	4.1	5.4	5.9	3.8	3.4	4.6
Bond paid	10.9	5.3	2.8	0.7	0.0	8.7
Concessional	41.2	39.4	42.6	49.1	62.4	41.0
Not concessional/ineligible	43.8	50.0	48.7	46.4	34.2	45.7
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons						
Assisted	3.4	4.5	5.3	4.8	5.2	3.9
Bond paid	13.6	7.1	3.1	0.9	0.0	11.1
Concessional	34.5	33.7	37.9	44.6	60.3	34.7
Not concessional/ineligible	48.4	54.7	53.6	49.7	34.5	50.4
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.12: Permanent residents, by sex, remoteness^(a) and concessional status, 30 June 2007

(a) Refers to the location of the services. The table uses the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS.

Table 4.13: Permanent residents, birth	place, ^(a) by sex and	state/territory, ^(b) 30	June 2007

Sex/birthplace	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
Australia	28,393	20,241	15,495	5,596	7,995	2,352	723	187	80,982
Other Oceania/New Zealand/Antarctica	368	162	377	62	41	14	11	2	1,037
UK and Ireland	3,158	2,614	2,011	1,880	1,448	249	172	22	11,554
North/West Europe	892	950	471	248	379	76	45	9	3,070
South/East Europe	2,688	3,027	667	630	900	47	93	8	8,060
North Africa/Middle East	358	223	30	35	31	2	5	1	685
Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	171	132	70	108	19	10	5	1	516
Southeast Asia	282	184	82	144	35	2	15	8	752
Northeast Asia	541	191	72	27	18	5	8	5	867
Southern Asia/Central Asia	248	294	69	177	51	6	14	1	860
North America	82	54	71	22	22	6	4	1	262
Other America/Caribbean	142	34	32	18	7	0	4	1	238
Other	5	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	10
Not stated/Not classified	224	103	120	62	78	7	5	0	599
Total females	37,552	28,211	19,569	9,010	11,024	2,776	1,10	246	109,492
Males									
Australia	10,910	7,680	6,368	1,988	2,728	782	287	94	30,837
Other Oceania/New Zealand/Antarctica	157	82	148	30	14	9	3	2	445
UK and Ireland	1,345	1,037	922	669	590	90	54	14	4,721
North/West Europe	359	376	260	116	146	27	25	10	1,319
South/East Europe	1,507	1,621	386	354	515	35	46	13	4,477
North Africa/Middle East	180	110	14	18	20	0	3	0	345
Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	64	55	26	35	11	1	1	0	193
Southeast Asia	124	96	39	64	15	1	5	1	345
Northeast Asia	241	81	28	18	8	0	5	1	382
Southern Asia/Central Asia	96	104	24	74	18	0	3	2	321
North America	51	38	44	16	19	5	3	0	176
Other America/Caribbean	61	17	7	6	1	0	2	0	94
Other	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	6
Not stated/Not classified	103	50	67	17	33	3	0	0	273
Total males	15,200	11,349	8.334	3,405	4,119	953	437	137	43,934
Persons	,	,		,	,				,
Australia	39,303	27,921	21,863	7,584	10,723	3,134	1,01	281	111,819
Other Oceania/New Zealand/Antarctica	525	244	525	92	55	23	14	4	1,482
UK and Ireland	4,503	3,651	2,933	2,549	2,038	339	226	36	16,275
North/West Europe	1,251	1,326	731	364	525	103	70	19	4,389
South/East Europe	4,195	4,648	1,053	984	1,415	82	139	21	12,537
North Africa/Middle East	538	333	44	53	51	2	8	1	1,030
Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	235	187	96	143	30	11	6	1	709
Southeast Asia	406	280	121	208	50	3	20	9	1,097
Northeast Asia	782	272	100	45	26	5	13	6	1,249
Southern Asia/Central Asia	344	398	93	251	69	6	17	3	1,181
North America	133	92	115	38	41	11	7	1	438
Other America/Caribbean	203	51	39	24	8	0	6	1	332
Other	203	4	3	1	1	0	0	0	16
Not stated/Not classified	327	153	187	79	111	10	5	0	872
Total persons	52,752	39,560	27,903	12,415	15,143	3,729	1,54	383	153,426

Table 4.13 (continued): Permanent residents, birthplace,^(a) by sex and state/territory,^(b) 30 June 2007

Sex/birthplace	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
				Pe	er cent				
Females									
Australia	75.6	71.7	79.2	62.1	72.5	84.7	65.5	76.0	74.0
Other Oceania/New Zealand/Antarctica	1.0	0.6	1.9	0.7	0.4	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.9
UK and Ireland	8.4	9.3	10.3	20.9	13.1	9.0	15.6	8.9	10.6
North/West Europe	2.4	3.4	2.4	2.8	3.4	2.7	4.1	3.7	2.8
South/East Europe	7.2	10.7	3.4	7.0	8.2	1.7	8.4	3.3	7.4
North Africa/Middle East	1.0	0.8	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.6
Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	0.5	0.5	0.4	1.2	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5
Southeast Asia	0.8	0.7	0.4	1.6	0.3	0.1	1.4	3.3	0.7
Northeast Asia	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.7	2.0	0.8
Southern Asia/Central Asia	0.7	1.0	0.4	2.0	0.5	0.2	1.3	0.4	0.8
North America	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.2
Other America/Caribbean	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.2
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not stated/Not classified	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.5
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Australia	71.8	67.7	76.4	58.4	66.2	82.1	65.7	68.6	70.2
Other Oceania/New Zealand/Antarctica	1.0	0.7	1.8	0.9	0.3	0.9	0.7	1.5	1.0
UK and Ireland	8.8	9.1	11.1	19.6	14.3	9.4	12.4	10.2	10.7
North/West Europe	2.4	3.3	3.1	3.4	3.5	2.8	5.7	7.3	3.0
South/East Europe	9.9	14.3	4.6	10.4	12.5	3.7	10.5	9.5	10.2
North Africa/Middle East	1.2	1.0	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.8
Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	0.4	0.5	0.3	1.0	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.4
Southeast Asia	0.8	0.8	0.5	1.9	0.4	0.1	1.1	0.7	0.8
Northeast Asia	1.6	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.0	1.1	0.7	0.9
Southern Asia/Central Asia	0.6	0.9	0.3	2.2	0.4	0.0	0.7	1.5	0.7
North America	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.0	0.4
Other America/Caribbean	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.2
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not stated/Not classified	0.7	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.6
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Australia	74.5	70.6	78.4	61.1	70.8	84.0	65.5	73.4	72.9
Other Oceania/New Zealand/Antarctica	1.0	0.6	1.9	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.0
UK and Ireland	8.5	9.2	10.5	20.5	13.5	9.1	14.7	9.4	10.6
North/West Europe	2.4	3.4	2.6	20.0	3.5	2.8	4.5	5.0	2.9
South/East Europe	8.0	11.7	3.8	7.9	9.3	2.0	9.0	5.5	8.2
	1.0	0.8	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.2
North Africa/Middle East Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	0.4	0.8	0.2	0.4 1.2	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.7
	0.4	0.3	0.3	1.2	0.2	0.3	1.3	2.3	0.5
Southeast Asia	0.8 1.5	0.7	0.4 0.4	0.4	0.3		0.8	2.3 1.6	
Northeast Asia	0.7	0.7 1.0	0.4	0.4 2.0	0.2	0.1			0.8
Southern Asia/Central Asia						0.2	1.1	0.8	0.8
North America	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.3
Other America/Caribbean	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.2
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not stated/Not classified	0.6	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.6
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) ABS 1998.

Table 4.14: Respite residents, birthp	lace, ^(a) by sex and state/territory, ^(b) 30 June 200
---------------------------------------	---

Sex/birthplace	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					N	umber			
Females									
Australia	683	299	179	52	143	35	22	12	1,42
Other Oceania/New Zealand/Antarctica	14	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	22
UK and Ireland	82	37	31	18	18	6	4	1	197
North/West Europe	19	11	8	4	10	4	1	2	59
South/East Europe	69	57	9	12	23	2	0	0	17:
North Africa/Middle East	15	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	7	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	1
Southeast Asia	10	4	0	4	2	0	0	0	2
Northeast Asia	11	3	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
Southern Asia/Central Asia	6	3	3	2	0	0	1	0	1
North America	4	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	
Other America/Caribbean	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Not stated/Not classified	8	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
Total females	930	426	238	95	200	49	29	15	1,98
Males									,
Australia	357	168	124	39	80	22	10	9	80
Other Oceania/New Zealand/Antarctica	4	1	2	2	0	0	0	1	1
JK and Ireland	47	25	16	14	17	1	5	0	12
North/West Europe	7	9	6	1	3	0	1	0	2
South/East Europe	43	31	2	6	13	0	1	1	ç
North Africa/Middle East	15	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	
Southeast Asia	7	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Northeast Asia	6	4	3	0	0	0	1	0	1
Southern Asia/Central Asia	2	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	
North America	2	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	
Other America/Caribbean	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Not stated/Not classified	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total males	- 500	251	157	65	115	23	19	11	1,14
Persons	000	201	101	00	110	20	15		,,,,
Australia	1,040	467	303	91	223	57	32	21	2,23
	1,040	407	5	4	0	0	0	1	2,23
Other Oceania/New Zealand/Antarctica	129	62	47	32	35	7	9	1	32
	26	20	14	5	13	4	2	2	8
North/West Europe	112	88	14	18	36	4	2 1	2 1	26
South/East Europe	30	00 9	1	10	0	2	0	0	4
North Africa/Middle East				2					
Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	10	1	3		0	1	0	0	1
Southeast Asia	17 17	5	0	5	2	0	0	0	2
Northeast Asia	17	7	3	0	1	1	2	0	3
Southern Asia/Central Asia	8	6	4	2	1	0	1	0	2
North America	6	5	3	0	2	0	0	0	1
Other America/Caribbean	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other	5	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	
Not stated/Not classified	12	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
Total persons	1,430	677	395	160	315	72	48	26	3,12

Table 4.14 (continued): Respite residents, birthplace, ^(a) by sex a	nd state/territory, ^(b) 30 June 2007
--	---

Sex/birthplace	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Per cent				
Females									
Australia	73.4	70.2	75.2	54.7	71.5	71.4	75.9	80.0	71.9
Other Oceania/New	1.5	0.7	1.3	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1
UK and Ireland	8.8	8.7	13.0	18.9	9.0	12.2	13.8	6.7	9.9
North/West Europe	2.0	2.6	3.4	4.2	5.0	8.2	3.4	13.3	3.0
South/East Europe	7.4	13.4	3.8	12.6	11.5	4.1	0.0	0.0	8.7
North Africa/Middle East	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1
Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	0.8	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.6
Southeast Asia	1.1	0.9	0.0	4.2	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
Northeast Asia	1.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.0	3.4	0.0	0.9
Southern Asia/Central Asia	0.6	0.7	1.3	2.1	0.0	0.0	3.4	0.0	0.8
North America	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
Other America/Caribbean	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not stated/Not classified	0.9	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Australia	71.4	66.9	79.0	60.0	69.6	95.7	52.6	81.8	70.9
Other Oceania/New	0.8	0.4	1.3	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.1	0.9
UK and Ireland	9.4	10.0	10.2	21.5	14.8	4.3	26.3	0.0	11.0
North/West Europe	1.4	3.6	3.8	1.5	2.6	0.0	5.3	0.0	2.4
South/East Europe	8.6	12.4	1.3	9.2	11.3	0.0	5.3	9.1	8.5
North Africa/Middle East	3.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7
Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	0.6	0.4	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5
Southeast Asia	1.4	0.4	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8
Northeast Asia	1.2	1.6	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.3	0.0	1.2
Southern Asia/Central Asia	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6
North America	0.4	1.2	1.3	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7
Other America/Caribbean	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.3	0.0	0.4
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not stated/Not classified	0.8	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Australia	72.7	69.0	76.7	56.9	70.8	79.2	66.7	80.8	71.5
Other Oceania/New	1.3	0.6	1.3	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	1.0
UK and Ireland	9.0	9.2	11.9	20.0	11.1	9.7	18.8	3.8	10.3
North/West Europe	1.8	3.0	3.5	3.1	4.1	5.6	4.2	7.7	2.8
South/East Europe	7.8	13.0	2.8	11.3	11.4	2.8	2.1	3.8	8.6
North Africa/Middle East	2.1	1.3	0.3	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3
Sub-Saharan Africa/South Africa	0.7	0.1	0.3	1.3	0.0	0.0 1.4	0.0	0.0	0.5
	1.2	0.7	0.0	3.1	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9
Southeast Asia	1.2	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 1.4	0.0 4.2	0.0	1.0
Northeast Asia	0.6	0.9	0.8 1.0	0.0 1.3	0.3	0.0	4.2 2.1	0.0	0.7
Southern Asia/Central Asia	0.6	0.9		0.0	0.3 0.6	0.0	2.1 0.0	0.0	0.7
North America			0.8						
Other America/Caribbean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.2
Not stated/Not classified Total persons	0.8 100.0	0.4 100.0	0.0 100.0	0.0 100.0	0.6 100.0	0.0 100.0	0.0 100.0	0.0 100.0	0.5 100.0

(a) ABS 1998.

Table 4.15: Permanent residents, prefe	erred language, ^(a) by sex a	nd state/territory, ^(b) 30 June 2007
--	---	---

Sex/preferred language	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
Australian Indigenous	4	1	9	57	0	0	0	70	141
English	33,855	24,612	18,880	8,246	9,990	2,699	990	151	99,423
Other Northern European	386	498	133	111	192	38	15	1	1,374
Southern European	1,440	1,640	282	331	427	6	30	6	4,162
Eastern European	979	1,019	163	184	311	25	46	4	2,731
Southwest Asian and North African	149	85	3	7	12	0	1	1	258
Southern Asian	66	25	5	4	10	0	5	0	115
Southeast Asian	104	79	11	28	12	0	9	2	245
Eastern Asian	480	182	43	26	15	2	6	7	761
African (excluding North African)	1	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	6
Oceanic	14	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	20
Other	32	37	14	2	12	1	0	2	100
Not stated	42	28	21	14	43	5	1	2	156
Total females	37,552	28,211	19,569	9,010	11,024	2,776	1,104	246	109,492
Males									
Australian Indigenous	1	0	14	53	1	0	0	31	100
English	13,463	9,577	8,018	2,997	3,599	926	384	94	39,058
Other Northern European	124	184	40	45	71	7	8	2	481
Southern European	703	842	109	152	244	9	16	4	2,079
Eastern European	472	514	99	106	160	8	23	1	1,383
Southwest Asian and North African	86	49	3	5	4	0	2	0	149
Southern Asian	25	14	2	2	2	0	1	0	46
Southeast Asian	60	39	8	20	8	0	1	0	136
Eastern Asian	215	91	18	16	6	0	2	3	351
African (excluding North African)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Oceanic	13	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	16
Other	23	21	10	4	6	1	0	1	66
Not stated	15	15	11	5	18	2	0	1	67
Total males	15,200	11,349	8,334	3,405	4,119	953	437	137	43,934
Persons									
Australian Indigenous	5	1	23	110	1	0	0	101	241
English	47,318	34,189	26,898	11,243	13,589	3,625	1,374	245	138,481
Other Northern European	510	682	173	156	263	45	23	3	1,855
Southern European	2,143	2,482	391	483	671	15	46	10	6,241
Eastern European	1,451	1,533	262	290	471	33	69	5	4,114
Southwest Asian and North African	235	134	6	12	16	0	3	1	407
Southern Asian	91	39	7	6	12	0	6	0	161
Southeast Asian	164	118	19	48	20	0	10	2	381
Eastern Asian	695	273	61	42	21	2	8	10	1,112
African (excluding North African)	1	5	1	0	0	0	1	0	8
Oceanic	27	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	36
Other	55	58	24	6	18	2	0	3	166
Not stated	57	43	32	19	61	7	1	3	223
Total persons	52,752	39,560	27,903	12,415	15,143	3,729	1,541	383	153,426

Sex/preferred language	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
				F	Per cent				
Females									
Australian Indigenous	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.5	0.1
English	90.2	87.2	96.5	91.5	90.6	97.2	89.7	61.4	90.8
Other Northern European	1.0	1.8	0.7	1.2	1.7	1.4	1.4	0.4	1.3
Southern European	3.8	5.8	1.4	3.7	3.9	0.2	2.7	2.4	3.8
Eastern European	2.6	3.6	0.8	2.0	2.8	0.9	4.2	1.6	2.5
Southwest Asian and North African	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.2
Southern Asian	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.1
Southeast Asian	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.8	0.8	0.2
Eastern Asian	1.3	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.5	2.8	0.7
African (excluding North African)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Oceanic	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.1
Not stated	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.8	0.1
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Australian Indigenous	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.6	0.2
English	88.6	84.4	96.2	88.0	87.4	97.2	87.9	68.6	88.9
Other Northern European	0.8	1.6	0.5	1.3	1.7	0.7	1.8	1.5	1.1
Southern European	4.6	7.4	1.3	4.5	5.9	0.9	3.7	2.9	4.7
Eastern European	3.1	4.5	1.2	3.1	3.9	0.8	5.3	0.7	3.1
Southwest Asian and North African	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.3
Southern Asian	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1
Southeast Asian	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3
Eastern Asian	1.4	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.5	2.2	0.8
African (excluding North African)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oceanic	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.2
Not stated	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.7	0.2
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Australian Indigenous	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.4	0.2
English	89.7	86.4	96.4	90.6	89.7	97.2	89.2	64.0	90.3
Other Northern European	1.0	1.7	0.6	1.3	1.7	1.2	1.5	0.8	1.2
Southern European	4.1	6.3	1.4	3.9	4.4	0.4	3.0	2.6	4.1
Eastern European	2.8	3.9	0.9	2.3	3.1	0.9	4.5	1.3	2.7
Southwest Asian and North African	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.3
Southern Asian	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.1
Southeast Asian	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.2
Eastern Asian	1.3	0.7	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.5	2.6	0.7
African (excluding North African)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Oceanic	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.8	0.1
Not stated	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.8	0.1
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.15 (continued): Permanent residents, preferred language,(a) by sex and state/territory,(b)30 June 2007

(a) ABS 1997.

Table 4.16: Respite residents, preferred language, ^(a) by	y sex and state/territory, ^(b) 30 June 2007
--	--

Sex/preferred language	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
				N	umber				
Females									
Australian Indigenous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	7
English	830	371	231	80	179	44	27	8	1,770
Other Northern European	13	10	2	2	2	3	1	0	33
Southern European	40	27	3	8	13	1	0	0	92
Eastern European	25	12	2	2	5	1	0	0	47
Southwest Asian and North African	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Southern Asian	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	5
Southeast Asian	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	7
Eastern Asian	8	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
African (excluding North African)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oceanic	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Not stated	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
Total females	930	426	238	95	200	49	29	15	1,982
Males									
Australian Indigenous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
English	451	217	154	58	107	22	15	9	1,033
Other Northern European	3	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	9
Southern European	25	21	0	3	4	0	1	0	54
Eastern European	5	6	1	3	2	0	1	0	18
Southwest Asian and North African	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
Southern Asian	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Southeast Asian	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Eastern Asian	4	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	9
African (excluding North African)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oceanic	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Not stated	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3
Total males	500	251	157	65	115	23	19	11	1,141
Persons									
Australian Indigenous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	9
English	1,281	588	385	138	286	66	42	17	2,803
Other Northern European	16	12	2	3	4	3	2	0	42
Southern European	65	48	3	11	17	1	1	0	146
Eastern European	30	18	3	5	7	1	1	0	65
Southwest Asian and North African	11	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
Southern Asian	3	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	6
Southeast Asian	7	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	10
Eastern Asian	12	6	2	0	0	0	1	0	21
African (excluding North African)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oceanic	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Not stated	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	6
Total persons	1,430	677	395	160	315	72	48	26	3,123

Table 4.16 (continued): Respite residents, preferred language, ^(a) by sex and state/territory, ^(b)
30 June 2007

Sex/preferred language	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Per cent				
Females									
Australian Indigenous	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	46.7	0.4
English	89.2	87.1	97.1	84.2	89.5	89.8	93.1	53.3	89.3
Other Northern European	1.4	2.3	0.8	2.1	1.0	6.1	3.4	0.0	1.7
Southern European	4.3	6.3	1.3	8.4	6.5	2.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Eastern European	2.7	2.8	0.8	2.1	2.5	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.4
Southwest Asian and North African	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
Southern Asian	0.3	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	3.4	0.0	0.3
Southeast Asian	0.4	0.2	0.0	1.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
Eastern Asian	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6
African (excluding North African)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oceanic	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not stated	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Australian Indigenous	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.2	0.2
English	90.2	86.5	98.1	89.2	93.0	95.7	78.9	81.8	90.5
Other Northern European	0.6	0.8	0.0	1.5	1.7	0.0	5.3	0.0	0.8
Southern European	5.0	8.4	0.0	4.6	3.5	0.0	5.3	0.0	4.7
Eastern European	1.0	2.4	0.6	4.6	1.7	0.0	5.3	0.0	1.6
Southwest Asian and North African	1.2	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7
Southern Asian	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Southeast Asian	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
Eastern Asian	0.8	0.8	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.3	0.0	0.8
African (excluding North African)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oceanic	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not stated	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.3
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Australian Indigenous	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	34.6	0.3
English	89.6	86.9	97.5	86.3	90.8	91.7	87.5	65.4	89.8
Other Northern European	1.1	1.8	0.5	1.9	1.3	4.2	4.2	0.0	1.3
Southern European	4.5	7.1	0.8	6.9	5.4	1.4	2.1	0.0	4.7
Eastern European	2.1	2.7	0.8	3.1	2.2	1.4	2.1	0.0	2.1
Southwest Asian and North African	0.8	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
Southern Asian	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.2
Southeast Asian	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
Eastern Asian	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.7
African (excluding North African)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oceanic	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not stated	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.2
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) ABS 1997.

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
under 65	718	428	386	159	173	72	25	47	2,008
65–69	658	428	251	170	173	68	14	27	1,789
70–74	1,287	928	510	257	332	137	43	51	3,545
75–79	3,206	2,269	1,257	609	835	289	95	25	8,585
80–84	6,191	4,075	2,364	1,078	1,652	454	208	60	16,082
85–89	6,708	4,547	2,792	1,307	1,722	510	211	57	17,854
90–94	4,185	2,866	1,654	849	1,026	315	109	26	11,030
95+	1,205	826	439	254	281	103	34	4	3,146
Total females	24,158	16,367	9,653	4,683	6,194	1,948	739	297	64,039
Males									
under 65	965	624	422	269	202	67	34	41	2,624
65–69	713	592	366	192	158	79	28	29	2,157
70–74	1,298	939	616	289	292	126	41	31	3,632
75–79	2,476	1,777	1,139	531	626	199	112	36	6,896
80–84	3,592	2,496	1,584	744	936	315	101	38	9,806
85–89	3,240	2,159	1,426	576	843	287	102	13	8,646
90–94	1,654	1,131	660	283	392	153	72	3	4,348
95+	380	254	172	83	102	25	15	4	1,035
Total males	14,318	9,972	6,385	2,967	3,551	1,251	505	195	39,144
Persons									
under 65	1,683	1,052	808	428	375	139	59	88	4,632
65–69	1,371	1,020	617	362	331	147	42	56	3,946
70–74	2,585	1,867	1,126	546	624	263	84	82	7,177
75–79	5,682	4,046	2,396	1,140	1,461	488	207	61	15,481
80–84	9,783	6,571	3,948	1,822	2,588	769	309	98	25,888
85–89	9,948	6,706	4,218	1,883	2,565	797	313	70	26,500
90–94	5,839	3,997	2,314	1,132	1,418	468	181	29	15,378
95+	1,585	1,080	611	337	383	128	49	8	4,181
Total persons	38,476	26,339	16,038	7,650	9,745	3,199	1,244	492	103,183

Table 4.17: All admissions, age at admission, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Per cen	t			
Females									
under 65	3.0	2.6	4.0	3.4	2.8	3.7	3.4	15.8	3.1
65–69	2.7	2.6	2.6	3.6	2.8	3.5	1.9	9.1	2.8
70–74	5.3	5.7	5.3	5.5	5.4	7.0	5.8	17.2	5.5
75–79	13.3	13.9	13.0	13.0	13.5	14.8	12.9	8.4	13.4
80–84	25.6	24.9	24.5	23.0	26.7	23.3	28.1	20.2	25.1
85–89	27.8	27.8	28.9	27.9	27.8	26.2	28.6	19.2	27.9
90–94	17.3	17.5	17.1	18.1	16.6	16.2	14.7	8.8	17.2
95+	5.0	5.0	4.5	5.4	4.5	5.3	4.6	1.3	4.9
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
under 65	6.7	6.3	6.6	9.1	5.7	5.4	6.7	21.0	6.7
65–69	5.0	5.9	5.7	6.5	4.4	6.3	5.5	14.9	5.5
70–74	9.1	9.4	9.6	9.7	8.2	10.1	8.1	15.9	9.3
75–79	17.3	17.8	17.8	17.9	17.6	15.9	22.2	18.5	17.6
80–84	25.1	25.0	24.8	25.1	26.4	25.2	20.0	19.5	25.1
85–89	22.6	21.7	22.3	19.4	23.7	22.9	20.2	6.7	22.1
90–94	11.6	11.3	10.3	9.5	11.0	12.2	14.3	1.5	11.1
95+	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.0	3.0	2.1	2.6
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
under 65	4.4	4.0	5.0	5.6	3.8	4.3	4.7	17.9	4.5
65–69	3.6	3.9	3.8	4.7	3.4	4.6	3.4	11.4	3.8
70–74	6.7	7.1	7.0	7.1	6.4	8.2	6.8	16.7	7.0
75–79	14.8	15.4	14.9	14.9	15.0	15.3	16.6	12.4	15.0
80–84	25.4	24.9	24.6	23.8	26.6	24.0	24.8	19.9	25.1
85–89	25.9	25.5	26.3	24.6	26.3	24.9	25.2	14.2	25.7
90–94	15.2	15.2	14.4	14.8	14.6	14.6	14.5	5.9	14.9
95+	4.1	4.1	3.8	4.4	3.9	4.0	3.9	1.6	4.1
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.17 (continued): All admissions, age at admission, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
under 65	290	177	165	75	70	18	7	4	80
65–69	280	198	139	98	89	24	8	6	84
70–74	608	399	287	127	173	53	18	6	1,67
75–79	1,558	1,082	770	368	425	131	42	3	4,37
80–84	3,001	2,097	1,371	637	826	195	87	15	8,22
85–89	3,321	2,295	1,646	766	864	236	93	17	9,23
90–94	2,063	1,534	966	504	511	150	39	4	5,77
95+	612	432	247	161	146	45	7	1	1,65
Total females	11,733	8,214	5,591	2,736	3,104	852	301	56	32,58
Males									
under 65	441	283	218	117	102	24	15	6	1,20
65–69	346	234	181	97	90	31	9	9	99
70–74	604	359	333	150	143	44	12	5	1,65
75–79	1,175	793	639	265	341	86	32	9	3,34
80–84	1,794	1,212	892	403	456	126	37	9	4,92
85–89	1,645	1,139	822	332	438	114	46	2	4,53
90–94	864	628	399	180	214	61	25	1	2,37
95+	204	152	99	52	54	9	6	1	57
Total males	7,073	4,800	3,583	1,596	1,838	495	182	42	19,60
Persons									
under 65	731	460	383	192	172	42	22	10	2,01
65–69	626	432	320	195	179	55	17	15	1,83
70–74	1,212	758	620	277	316	97	30	11	3,32
75–79	2,733	1,875	1,409	633	766	217	74	12	7,71
30–84	4,795	3,309	2,263	1,040	1,282	321	124	24	13,15
85–89	4,966	3,434	2,468	1,098	1,302	350	139	19	13,77
90–94	2,927	2,162	1,365	684	725	211	64	5	8,14
95+	816	584	346	213	200	54	13	2	2,22
Total persons	18,806	13,014	9,174	4,332	4,942	1,347	483	98	52,19

Table 4.18: Permanent admissions, age at admission, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Per cent	1			
Females									
under 65	2.5	2.2	3.0	2.7	2.3	2.1	2.3	7.1	2.5
65–69	2.4	2.4	2.5	3.6	2.9	2.8	2.7	10.7	2.6
70–74	5.2	4.9	5.1	4.6	5.6	6.2	6.0	10.7	5.1
75–79	13.3	13.2	13.8	13.5	13.7	15.4	14.0	5.4	13.4
80–84	25.6	25.5	24.5	23.3	26.6	22.9	28.9	26.8	25.3
85–89	28.3	27.9	29.4	28.0	27.8	27.7	30.9	30.4	28.3
90–94	17.6	18.7	17.3	18.4	16.5	17.6	13.0	7.1	17.7
95+	5.2	5.3	4.4	5.9	4.7	5.3	2.3	1.8	5.1
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
under 65	6.2	5.9	6.1	7.3	5.5	4.8	8.2	14.3	6.2
65–69	4.9	4.9	5.1	6.1	4.9	6.3	4.9	21.4	5.1
70–74	8.5	7.5	9.3	9.4	7.8	8.9	6.6	11.9	8.4
75–79	16.6	16.5	17.8	16.6	18.6	17.4	17.6	21.4	17.0
80–84	25.4	25.3	24.9	25.3	24.8	25.5	20.3	21.4	25.1
85–89	23.3	23.7	22.9	20.8	23.8	23.0	25.3	4.8	23.1
90–94	12.2	13.1	11.1	11.3	11.6	12.3	13.7	2.4	12.1
95+	2.9	3.2	2.8	3.3	2.9	1.8	3.3	2.4	2.9
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
under 65	3.9	3.5	4.2	4.4	3.5	3.1	4.6	10.2	3.9
65–69	3.3	3.3	3.5	4.5	3.6	4.1	3.5	15.3	3.5
70–74	6.4	5.8	6.8	6.4	6.4	7.2	6.2	11.2	6.4
75–79	14.5	14.4	15.4	14.6	15.5	16.1	15.3	12.2	14.8
80–84	25.5	25.4	24.7	24.0	25.9	23.8	25.7	24.5	25.2
85–89	26.4	26.4	26.9	25.3	26.3	26.0	28.8	19.4	26.4
90–94	15.6	16.6	14.9	15.8	14.7	15.7	13.3	5.1	15.6
95+	4.3	4.5	3.8	4.9	4.0	4.0	2.7	2.0	4.3
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.18 (continued): Permanent admissions, age at admission, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
under 65	428	251	221	84	103	54	18	43	1,202
65–69	378	230	112	72	84	44	6	21	947
70–74	679	529	223	130	159	84	25	45	1,874
75–79	1,648	1,187	487	241	410	158	53	22	4,206
80–84	3,190	1,978	993	441	826	259	121	45	7,853
85–89	3,387	2,252	1,146	541	858	274	118	40	8,616
90–94	2,122	1,332	688	345	515	165	70	22	5,259
95+	593	394	192	93	135	58	27	3	1,49
Total females	12,425	8,153	4,062	1,947	3,090	1,096	438	241	31,45
Males									
under 65	524	341	204	152	100	43	19	35	1,41
65–69	367	358	185	95	68	48	19	20	1,16
70–74	694	580	283	139	149	82	29	26	1,98
75–79	1,301	984	500	266	285	113	80	27	3,55
80–84	1,798	1,284	692	341	480	189	64	29	4,87
85–89	1,595	1,020	604	244	405	173	56	11	4,10
90–94	790	503	261	103	178	92	47	2	1,97
95+	176	102	73	31	48	16	9	3	45
Total males	7,245	5,172	2,802	1,371	1,713	756	323	153	19,53
Persons									
under 65	952	592	425	236	203	97	37	78	2,62
65–69	745	588	297	167	152	92	25	41	2,10
70–74	1,373	1,109	506	269	308	166	54	71	3,85
75–79	2,949	2,171	987	507	695	271	133	49	7,76
80–84	4,988	3,262	1,685	782	1,306	448	185	74	12,73
85–89	4,982	3,272	1,750	785	1,263	447	174	51	12,72
90–94	2,912	1,835	949	448	693	257	117	24	7,23
95+	769	496	265	124	183	74	36	6	1,95
Total persons	19,670	13,325	6,864	3,318	4,803	1,852	761	394	50,98

Table 4.19: Respite admissions, age at admission by sex and state/territory,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Australia
					Per cent				
Females									
under 65	3.4	3.1	5.4	4.3	3.3	4.9	4.1	17.8	3.8
65–69	3.0	2.8	2.8	3.7	2.7	4.0	1.4	8.7	3.0
70–74	5.5	6.5	5.5	6.7	5.1	7.7	5.7	18.7	6.0
75–79	13.3	14.6	12.0	12.4	13.3	14.4	12.1	9.1	13.4
80–84	25.7	24.3	24.4	22.7	26.7	23.6	27.6	18.7	25.0
85–89	27.3	27.6	28.2	27.8	27.8	25.0	26.9	16.6	27.4
90–94	17.1	16.3	16.9	17.7	16.7	15.1	16.0	9.1	16.7
95+	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.4	5.3	6.2	1.2	4.8
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
under 65	7.2	6.6	7.3	11.1	5.8	5.7	5.9	22.9	7.3
65–69	5.1	6.9	6.6	6.9	4.0	6.3	5.9	13.1	5.9
70–74	9.6	11.2	10.1	10.1	8.7	10.8	9.0	17.0	10.1
75–79	18.0	19.0	17.8	19.4	16.6	14.9	24.8	17.6	18.2
80–84	24.8	24.8	24.7	24.9	28.0	25.0	19.8	19.0	25.0
85–89	22.0	19.7	21.6	17.8	23.6	22.9	17.3	7.2	21.0
90–94	10.9	9.7	9.3	7.5	10.4	12.2	14.6	1.3	10.1
95+	2.4	2.0	2.6	2.3	2.8	2.1	2.8	2.0	2.3
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
under 65	4.8	4.4	6.2	7.1	4.2	5.2	4.9	19.8	5.1
65–69	3.8	4.4	4.3	5.0	3.2	5.0	3.3	10.4	4.1
70–74	7.0	8.3	7.4	8.1	6.4	9.0	7.1	18.0	7.6
75–79	15.0	16.3	14.4	15.3	14.5	14.6	17.5	12.4	15.2
80–84	25.4	24.5	24.5	23.6	27.2	24.2	24.3	18.8	25.0
85–89	25.3	24.6	25.5	23.7	26.3	24.1	22.9	12.9	25.0
90–94	14.8	13.8	13.8	13.5	14.4	13.9	15.4	6.1	14.2
95+	3.9	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.7	1.5	3.8
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.19 (continued): Respite admissions, age at admission by sex and state/territory,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Sex/marital status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Numbe	er			
Females									
Divorced	518	314	260	133	135	30	27	1	1,418
Married/de facto	2,144	1,600	1,164	535	693	181	55	7	6,379
Separated	96	71	58	40	34	6	4	4	313
Single	726	494	284	134	126	34	15	3	1,816
Widowed	7,829	5,562	3.686	1,826	2,051	597	195	39	21.785
Unknown	95	56	55	18	31	2	1	1	259
Total females	11.408	8,097	5.507	2,686	3,070	- 850	297	55	31,970
Males	,	-,	-,	_,	-,				,
Divorced	511	308	304	133	122	43	21	4	1,446
Married/de facto	3,318	2,316	1,691	781	1,000	236	78	5	9,425
Separated	207	148	103	60	49	11	6	6	590
Single	738	463	379	144	135	49	10	9	1,927
Widowed	2.004	1,389	987	418	477	148	64	14	5,50
Unknown	2,004 92	57	44	22	25	1	1	2	244
Total males	6,870	4,681	3,508	 1,558	1,808	488	180	40	19,13
Persons		, . = .	,						.,
Divorced	1,029	622	564	266	257	73	48	5	2,864
Married/de facto	5,462	3,916	2,855	1,316	1,693	417	133	12	15,804
Separated	303	219	161	100	83	17	10	10	903
Single	1,464	957	663	278	261	83	25	12	3,743
Widowed	9,833	6,951	4,673	2,244	2,528	745	259	53	27,280
Unknown	187	113	99	40	56	3	2	3	503
Total persons	18,278	12,778	9,015	4,244	4,878	1,338	477	95	51,103
	·	·			Per cei	nt			
Females									
Divorced	4.5	3.9	4.7	5.0	4.4	3.5	9.1	1.8	4.4
Married/de facto	18.8	19.8	21.1	19.9	22.6	21.3	18.5	12.7	20.0
Separated	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.1	0.7	1.3	7.3	1.(
Single	6.4	6.1	5.2	5.0	4.1	4.0	5.1	5.5	5.7
Widowed	68.6	68.7	66.9	68.0	66.8	70.2	65.7	70.9	68.2
Unknown	0.8	0.7	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.2	0.3	1.8	0.8
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Divorced	7.4	6.6	8.7	8.5	6.7	8.8	11.7	10.0	7.6
Married/de facto	48.3	49.5	48.2	50.1	55.3	48.4	43.3	12.5	49.3
Separated	3.0	3.2	2.9	3.9	2.7	2.3	3.3	15.0	3.1
Single	10.7	9.9	10.8	9.2	7.5	10.0	5.6	22.5	10.1
Widowed	29.2	29.7	28.1	26.8	26.4	30.3	35.6	35.0	28.8
Unknown	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	0.2	0.6	5.0	1.3
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Divorced	5.6	4.9	6.3	6.3	5.3	5.5	10.1	5.3	5.6
Married/de facto	29.9	30.6	31.7	31.0	34.7	31.2	27.9	12.6	30.9
Separated	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.4	1.7	1.3	2.1	10.5	1.8
Single	8.0	7.5	7.4	6.6	5.4	6.2	5.2	12.6	7.3
Widowed	53.8	54.4	51.8	52.9	51.8	55.7	54.3	55.8	53.4
Unknown	1.0	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.2	0.4	3.2	1.0
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.20: People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care,^(a) marital status, by sex and state/territory,^(b) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) Characteristics are for the last permanent admission in the period. Transfers are excluded.

Sex/marital status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Numbe	er			
Females									
Divorced	432	234	106	68	84	23	17	8	972
Married/de facto	1,805	1,295	674	327	511	170	59	24	4,865
Separated	76	52	27	15	24	7	3	9	213
Single	515	264	141	37	81	21	12	10	1,081
Widowed	6,442	3,769	1,883	935	1,623	507	215	97	15,471
Unknown	59	25	20	7	19	1	1	4	136
Total females	9,329	5,639	2,851	1,389	2,342	729	307	152	22,738
Males									
Divorced	317	131	112	48	53	13	16	11	701
Married/de facto	2,924	2,164	1,161	613	800	300	120	39	8,121
Separated	136	66	41	30	14	6	3	9	305
Single	493	212	132	57	64	23	8	14	1,003
Widowed	1,463	813	481	166	343	124	62	27	3,479
Unknown	45	29	17	11	9	4	2	2	119
Total males	5,378	3,415	1,944	925	1,283	470	211	102	13,728
Persons									
Divorced	749	365	218	116	137	36	33	19	1,673
Married/de facto	4,729	3,459	1,835	940	1,311	470	179	63	12,986
Separated	212	118	68	45	38	13	6	18	518
Single	1,008	476	273	94	145	44	20	24	2,084
Widowed	7,905	4,582	2,364	1,101	1,966	631	277	124	18,950
Unknown	104	54	37	18	28	5	3	6	255
Total persons	14,707	9,054	4,795	2,314	3,625	1,199	518	254	36,466
	,	0,001	.,	_,•	Per cer				
Females					r er cer	n.			
Divorced	4.6	4.1	3.7	4.9	3.6	3.2	5.5	5.3	4.3
Married/de facto	19.3	23.0	23.6	23.5	21.8	23.3	19.2	15.8	21.4
Separated	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.9	0.9
Single	5.5	4.7	4.9	2.7	3.5	2.9	3.9	6.6	4.8
-	69.1	66.8	66.0	67.3	69.3	69.5	70.0	63.8	68.0
Widowed				07.5				2.6	
Unknown	0.6	0.4	0.7		0.8	0.1	0.3		0.6
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males	5.9	3.8	5.8	5.2	4.1	2.8	7.6	10.8	5.1
Divorced	54.4	63.4			4.1 62.4				
Married/de facto			59.7	66.3		63.8	56.9	38.2	59.2
Separated	2.5	1.9	2.1	3.2	1.1	1.3	1.4	8.8	2.2
Single	9.2	6.2	6.8	6.2	5.0	4.9	3.8	13.7	7.3
Widowed	27.2	23.8	24.7	17.9	26.7	26.4	29.4	26.5	25.3
Unknown	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.2	0.7	0.9	0.9	2.0	0.9
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Divorced	5.1	4.0	4.5	5.0	3.8	3.0	6.4	7.5	4.6
Married/de facto	32.2	38.2	38.3	40.6	36.2	39.2	34.6	24.8	35.6
Separated	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	7.1	1.4
Single	6.9	5.3	5.7	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.9	9.4	5.7
Widowed	53.7	50.6	49.3	47.6	54.2	52.6	53.5	48.8	52.0
Unknown	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.6	2.4	0.7
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.21: People admitted to residential aged care services for respite care,^(a) marital status, by sex and state/territory,^(b) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) Characteristics are for the last respite admission in the period. Transfers are excluded.

Sex/housing status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
				Nu	umber				
Females									
House or flat	8,857	6,377	4,200	1,872	2,302	712	241	24	24,585
Residential aged care	759	425	245	270	79	12	7	5	1,802
Independent unit	1,319	776	711	470	509	103	34	1	3,923
Other	471	517	344	69	180	23	15	21	1,640
Not reported	2	2	7	5	0	0	0	4	20
Total females	11,408	8,097	5,507	2,686	3,070	850	297	55	31,970
Males									
House or flat	5,629	3,840	2,763	1,191	1,470	425	154	14	15,486
Residential aged care	362	233	117	118	35	4	5	5	879
Independent unit	535	315	347	184	196	34	11	0	1,622
Other	341	293	274	64	106	25	10	16	1,129
Not reported	3	0	7	1	1	0	0	5	17
Total males	6,870	4,681	3,508	1,558	1,808	488	180	40	19,133
Persons									
House or flat	14,486	10,217	6,963	3,063	3,772	1,137	395	38	40,071
Residential aged care	1,121	658	362	388	114	16	12	10	2,681
Independent unit	1,854	1,091	1,058	654	705	137	45	1	5,545
Other	812	810	618	133	286	48	25	37	2,769
Not reported	5	2	14	6	1	0	0	9	37
Total persons	18,278	12,778	9,015	4,244	4,878	1,338	477	95	51,103
				Pe	r cent				
Females									
House or flat	77.6	78.8	76.3	69.7	75.0	83.8	81.1	43.6	76.9
Residential aged care	6.7	5.2	4.4	10.1	2.6	1.4	2.4	9.1	5.6
Independent unit	11.6	9.6	12.9	17.5	16.6	12.1	11.4	1.8	12.3
Other	4.1	6.4	6.2	2.6	5.9	2.7	5.1	38.2	5.1
Not reported	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.3	0.1
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
House or flat	81.9	82.0	78.8	76.4	81.3	87.1	85.6	35.0	80.9
Residential aged care	5.3	5.0	3.3	7.6	1.9	0.8	2.8	12.5	4.6
Independent unit	7.8	6.7	9.9	11.8	10.8	7.0	6.1	0.0	8.5
Other	5.0	6.3	7.8	4.1	5.9	5.1	5.6	40.0	5.9
Not reported	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	12.5	0.1
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
House or flat	79.3	80.0	77.2	72.2	77.3	85.0	82.8	40.0	78.4
Residential aged care	6.1	5.1	4.0	9.1	2.3	1.2	2.5	10.5	5.2
Independent unit	10.1	8.5	11.7	15.4	14.5	10.2	9.4	1.1	10.9
Other	4.4	6.3	6.9	3.1	5.9	3.6	5.2	38.9	5.4
Not reported	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.5	0.1
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.22: People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care,^(a) usual housing status, by sex and state/territory,^(b) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) Characteristics are for the last permanent admission in the period. Transfers are excluded.

Sex/housing status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Numl	ber			
Females									
House or flat	7,944	5,094	2,464	1,185	1,913	674	266	91	19,631
Residential aged care	139	15	10	11	15	0	1	1	192
Independent unit	905	439	279	175	321	48	21	1	2,189
Other	338	91	91	13	93	7	18	27	678
Not reported	3	0	7	5	0	0	1	32	48
Total females	9,329	5,639	2,851	1,389	2,342	729	307	152	22,738
Males									
House or flat	4,748	3,155	1,637	809	1,106	438	193	64	12,150
Residential aged care	71	6	12	5	3	0	2	2	101
Independent unit	375	204	214	87	132	24	14	2	1,052
Other	183	50	77	16	42	8	2	17	395
Not reported	1	0	4	8	0	0	0	17	30
Total males	5,378	3,415	1,944	925	1,283	470	211	102	13,728
Persons									
House or flat	12,692	8,249	4,101	1,994	3,019	1,112	459	155	31,781
Residential aged care	210	21	22	16	18	0	3	3	293
Independent unit	1,280	643	493	262	453	72	35	3	3,241
Other	521	141	168	29	135	15	20	44	1,073
Not reported	4	0	11	13	0	0	1	49	78
Total persons	14,707	9,054	4,795	2,314	3,625	1,199	518	254	36,466
					Per c	ent			
Females									
House or flat	85.2	90.3	86.4	85.3	81.7	92.5	86.6	59.9	86.3
Residential aged care	1.5	0.3	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.7	0.8
Independent unit	9.7	7.8	9.8	12.6	13.7	6.6	6.8	0.7	9.6
Other	3.6	1.6	3.2	0.9	4.0	1.0	5.9	17.8	3.0
Not reported	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.3	21.1	0.2
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
House or flat	88.3	92.4	84.2	87.5	86.2	93.2	91.5	62.7	88.5
Residential aged care	1.3	0.2	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.9	2.0	0.7
Independent unit	7.0	6.0	11.0	9.4	10.3	5.1	6.6	2.0	7.7
Other	3.4	1.5	4.0	1.7	3.3	1.7	0.9	16.7	2.9
Not reported	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.7	0.2
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
House or flat	86.3	91.1	85.5	86.2	83.3	92.7	88.6	61.0	87.2
Residential aged care	1.4	0.2	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.0	0.6	1.2	0.8
Independent unit	8.7	7.1	10.3	11.3	12.5	6.0	6.8	1.2	8.9
Other	3.5	1.6	3.5	1.3	3.7	1.3	3.9	17.3	2.9
Not reported	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.2	19.3	0.2
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.23: People admitted to residential aged care services for respite care,^(a) usual housing status, by sex and state/territory,^(b) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) Characteristics are for the last respite admission in the period. Transfers are excluded.

Sex/living arrangements	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
Lives alone	5,810	4,308	2,773	1,425	1,759	517	162	10	16,764
Lives with family	4,244	3,013	2,213	886	1,061	298	115	27	11,857
Lives with others	346	247	201	73	124	15	8	5	1,019
Undetermined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Not applicable	1,008	529	320	302	126	20	12	13	2,330
Total females	11,408	8,097	5,507	2,686	3,070	850	297	55	31,970
Males									
Lives alone	2,381	1,667	1,241	535	635	206	68	9	6,742
Lives with family	3,621	2,533	1,883	799	1,013	247	93	11	10,200
Lives with others	305	168	184	71	89	19	10	4	850
Undetermined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Not applicable	563	313	200	153	71	16	9	16	1,341
Total males	6,870	4,681	3,508	1,558	1,808	488	180	40	19,133
Persons									
Lives alone	8,191	5,975	4,014	1,960	2,394	723	230	19	23,506
Lives with family	7,865	5,546	4,096	1,685	2,074	545	208	38	22,057
Lives with others	651	415	385	144	213	34	18	9	1,869
Undetermined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Not applicable	1,571	842	520	455	197	36	21	29	3,67 ⁻
Total persons	18,278	12,778	9,015	4,244	4,878	1,338	477	95	51,103
					Per cent				
Females									
Lives alone	50.9	53.2	50.4	53.1	57.3	60.8	54.5	18.2	52.4
Lives with family	37.2	37.2	40.2	33.0	34.6	35.1	38.7	49.1	37.1
Lives with others	3.0	3.1	3.6	2.7	4.0	1.8	2.7	9.1	3.2
Undetermined	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not applicable	8.8	6.5	5.8	11.2	4.1	2.4	4.0	23.6	7.3
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Lives alone	34.7	35.6	35.4	34.3	35.1	42.2	37.8	22.5	35.2
Lives with family	52.7	54.1	53.7	51.3	56.0	50.6	51.7	27.5	53.3
Lives with others	4.4	3.6	5.2	4.6	4.9	3.9	5.6	10.0	4.4
Undetermined	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not applicable	8.2	6.7	5.7	9.8	3.9	3.3	5.0	40.0	7.0
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Lives alone	44.8	46.8	44.5	46.2	49.1	54.0	48.2	20.0	46.0
Lives with family	43.0	43.4	45.4	39.7	42.5	40.7	43.6	40.0	43.2
Lives with others	3.6	3.2	4.3	3.4	4.4	2.5	3.8	9.5	3.7
Undetermined	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not applicable	8.6	6.6	5.8	10.7	4.0	2.7	4.4	30.5	7.2
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.24: People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care,^(a) prior living arrangement, by sex and state/territory,^(b) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) Characteristics are for the last permanent admission during the period. Transfers are excluded.

Sex/living arrangements	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
Lives alone	4,554	2,694	1,038	582	1,298	380	149	20	10,71
Lives with family	4,211	2,785	1,707	758	962	333	147	118	11,02
Lives with others	239	104	85	31	53	14	9	9	544
Undetermined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Not applicable	325	56	21	18	29	2	2	5	45
Total females	9,329	5,639	2,851	1,389	2,342	729	307	152	22,73
Males									
Lives alone	1,517	788	396	175	363	122	63	20	3,44
Lives with family	3,468	2,504	1,435	703	875	333	134	65	9,51
Lives with others	199	99	94	38	29	15	8	10	49
Undetermined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Not applicable	194	24	19	9	16	0	6	7	27
Total males	5,378	3,415	1,944	925	1,283	470	211	102	13,72
Persons									
Lives alone	6,071	3,482	1,434	757	1,661	502	212	40	14,15
Lives with family	7,679	5,289	3,142	1,461	1,837	666	281	183	20,53
Lives with others	438	203	179	69	82	29	17	19	1,03
Undetermined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Not applicable	519	80	40	27	45	2	8	12	73
Total persons	14,707	9,054	4,795	2,314	3,625	1,199	518	254	36,46
•					Per cent				
Females									
Lives alone	48.8	47.8	36.4	41.9	55.4	52.1	48.5	13.2	47.
Lives with family	45.1	49.4	59.9	54.6	41.1	45.7	47.9	77.6	48.
Lives with others	2.6	1.8	3.0	2.2	2.3	1.9	2.9	5.9	2.
Undetermined	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Not applicable	3.5	1.0	0.7	1.3	1.2	0.3	0.7	3.3	2.
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Males									
Lives alone	28.2	23.1	20.4	18.9	28.3	26.0	29.9	19.6	25.
Lives with family	64.5	73.3	73.8	76.0	68.2	70.9	63.5	63.7	69.
Lives with others	3.7	2.9	4.8	4.1	2.3	3.2	3.8	9.8	3.
Undetermined	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Not applicable	3.6	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.0	2.8	6.9	2.
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Persons									
Lives alone	41.3	38.5	29.9	32.7	45.8	41.9	40.9	15.7	38.
Lives with family	52.2	58.4	65.5	63.1	50.7	55.5	54.2	72.0	56.
Lives with others	3.0	2.2	3.7	3.0	2.3	2.4	3.3	7.5	2.
Undetermined	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Not applicable	3.5	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.2	0.2	1.5	4.7	2.
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.

Table 4.25: People admitted to residential aged care services for respite care,^(a) prior living arrangement, by sex and state/territory, ^(b) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) Characteristics are for the last respite admission during the period. Transfers are excluded.

Sex/pension status	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
Centrelink pension	7,719	5,517	3,722	1,770	2,175	564	184	45	21,695
DVA pension	2,001	1,425	1,121	550	593	208	45	5	5,948
Self-funded retirees	1,123	781	458	250	207	57	52	4	2,932
Means not disclosed	291	203	115	73	53	10	8	0	753
Unknown	275	171	92	43	42	11	7	1	642
Total females	11,408	8,097	5,507	2,686	3,070	850	297	55	31,970
Males									
Centrelink pension	4,340	2,953	2,295	1,015	1,221	295	91	34	12,244
DVA pension	1,334	946	772	357	372	144	31	2	3,958
Self-funded retirees	734	506	289	128	150	34	38	2	1,882
Means not disclosed	202	121	79	29	31	8	15	2	486
Unknown	260	155	73	29	34	6	6	0	563
Total males	6,870	4,681	3,508	1,558	1,808	488	180	40	19,133
Persons									
Centrelink pension	12,059	8,471	6,017	2,784	3,395	859	275	79	33,940
DVA pension	3,334	2,371	1,893	907	966	352	76	7	9,906
Self-funded retirees	1,857	1,286	747	379	357	92	90	6	4,814
Means not disclosed	492	324	194	102	84	18	23	2	1,239
Unknown	535	325	165	72	76	17	13	1	1,205
Total persons	18,278	12,778	9,015	4,244	4,878	1,338	477	95	51,103
					Per cent				
Females									
Centrelink pension	67.7	68.1	67.6	65.9	70.8	66.3	62.0	82.1	67.9
DVA pension	17.5	17.6	20.4	20.5	19.3	24.4	15.3	8.9	18.6
Self-funded retirees	9.8	9.6	8.3	9.3	6.7	6.7	17.6	7.1	9.2
Means not disclosed	2.5	2.5	2.1	2.7	1.7	1.2	2.7	0.0	2.4
Unknown	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.3	2.4	1.8	2.0
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
Centrelink pension	63.2	63.1	65.4	65.1	67.5	60.5	50.5	85.4	64.0
DVA pension	19.4	20.2	22.0	22.9	20.6	29.5	17.0	4.9	20.7
Self-funded retirees	10.7	10.8	8.2	8.2	8.3	7.1	20.9	4.9	9.8
Means not disclosed	2.9	2.6	2.3	1.9	1.7	1.7	8.2	4.9	2.5
Unknown	3.8	3.3	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.2	3.3	0.0	2.9
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
Centrelink pension	66.0	66.3	66.7	65.6	69.6	64.2	57.7	83.5	66.4
DVA pension	18.2	18.6	21.0	21.4	19.8	26.3	15.9	7.2	19.4
Self-funded retirees	10.2	10.1	8.3	8.9	7.3	6.8	18.9	6.2	9.4
Means not disclosed	2.7	2.5	2.1	2.4	1.7	1.4	4.8	2.1	2.4
Unknown	2.9	2.5	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.3	2.7	1.0	2.4
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.26: People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care,^(a) pension status, by sex and state/territory,^(b) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) Each person is counted once regardless of the number of admissions the resident had during the period. The status at the first admission is reported.

(b) Refers to the location of the services.

Notes

1 'DVA' refers to the Australian Government Department of Veterans' Affairs. Other pensions are administered by Centrelink.

2. The table was supplied by DoHA and has been adjusted to retain consistency with other tables as different updates of the data were used.

3. The category 'Unknown' refers to clients not yet assessed by DVA or Centrelink.

		High-depe	endency			Low-depe	ndency		
	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
					Number				
Females									
NSW	2,172	2,791	1,324	422	1,829	1,235	985	54	10,812
Vic	1,413	1,386	821	300	1,775	1,128	742	13	7,578
Qld	590	1,171	918	337	914	674	558	38	5,200
WA	405	519	320	127	557	352	217	1	2,498
SA	616	648	457	153	510	341	196	7	2,928
Tas	105	179	181	57	116	95	79	1	813
ACT	77	46	19	8	63	45	25	0	283
NT	7	10	10	4	6	3	4	1	45
Total females	5,385	6,750	4,050	1,408	5,770	3,873	2,806	115	30,157
Males									
NSW	1,771	1,810	859	241	722	554	469	34	6,460
Vic	1,058	919	514	196	742	510	388	13	4,340
Qld	585	841	569	186	463	349	276	18	3,287
WA	341	348	201	72	189	167	117	0	1,435
SA	572	415	240	84	202	120	94	5	1,732
Tas	88	122	88	37	56	34	31	1	457
ACT	63	39	17	5	13	16	13	2	168
NT	3	9	6	1	3	4	9	0	35
Total males	4,481	4,503	2,494	822	2,390	1,754	1,397	73	17,914
Persons									
NSW	3,943	4,601	2,183	663	2,551	1,789	1,454	88	17,272
Vic	2,471	2,305	1,335	496	2,517	1,638	1,130	26	11,918
Qld	1,175	2,012	1,487	523	1,377	1,023	834	56	8,487
WA	746	867	521	199	746	519	334	1	3,933
SA	1,188	1,063	697	237	712	461	290	12	4,660
Tas	193	301	269	94	172	129	110	2	1,270
ACT	140	85	36	13	76	61	38	2	451
NT	10	19	16	5	9	7	13	1	80
Total persons	9,866	11,253	6,544	2,230	8,160	5,627	4,203	188	48,071

Table 4.27: People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care, level of dependency,^(a) by sex and state/territory,^(b) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

		High-dep	endency			Low-dep	endency		
Sex/state/territory	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
				Per	cent				
Females									
NSW	20.1	25.8	12.2	3.9	16.9	11.4	9.1	0.5	100.0
Vic	18.6	18.3	10.8	4.0	23.4	14.9	9.8	0.2	100.0
Qld	11.3	22.5	17.7	6.5	17.6	13.0	10.7	0.7	100.0
WA	16.2	20.8	12.8	5.1	22.3	14.1	8.7	0.0	100.0
SA	21.0	22.1	15.6	5.2	17.4	11.6	6.7	0.2	100.0
Tas	12.9	22.0	22.3	7.0	14.3	11.7	9.7	0.1	100.0
ACT	27.2	16.3	6.7	2.8	22.3	15.9	8.8	0.0	100.0
NT	15.6	22.2	22.2	8.9	13.3	6.7	8.9	2.2	100.0
Total females	17.9	22.4	13.4	4.7	19.1	12.8	9.3	0.4	100.0
Males									
NSW	27.4	28.0	13.3	3.7	11.2	8.6	7.3	0.5	100.0
Vic	24.4	21.2	11.8	4.5	17.1	11.8	8.9	0.3	100.0
Qld	17.8	25.6	17.3	5.7	14.1	10.6	8.4	0.5	100.0
WA	23.8	24.3	14.0	5.0	13.2	11.6	8.2	0.0	100.0
SA	33.0	24.0	13.9	4.8	11.7	6.9	5.4	0.3	100.0
Tas	19.3	26.7	19.3	8.1	12.3	7.4	6.8	0.2	100.0
ACT	37.5	23.2	10.1	3.0	7.7	9.5	7.7	1.2	100.0
NT	8.6	25.7	17.1	2.9	8.6	11.4	25.7	0.0	100.0
Total males	25.0	25.1	13.9	4.6	13.3	9.8	7.8	0.4	100.0
Persons									
NSW	22.8	26.6	12.6	3.8	14.8	10.4	8.4	0.5	100.0
Vic	20.7	19.3	11.2	4.2	21.1	13.7	9.5	0.2	100.0
Qld	13.8	23.7	17.5	6.2	16.2	12.1	9.8	0.7	100.0
WA	19.0	22.0	13.2	5.1	19.0	13.2	8.5	0.0	100.0
SA	25.5	22.8	15.0	5.1	15.3	9.9	6.2	0.3	100.0
Tas	15.2	23.7	21.2	7.4	13.5	10.2	8.7	0.2	100.0
ACT	31.0	18.8	8.0	2.9	16.9	13.5	8.4	0.4	100.0
NT	12.5	23.8	20.0	6.3	11.3	8.8	16.3	1.3	100.0
Total persons	20.5	23.4	13.6	4.6	17.0	11.7	8.7	0.4	100.0

Table 4.27 (continued): People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care, level of dependency,^(a) by sex and state/territory, ^(b) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) The RCS is the classification associated with the last admission.

(b) Refers to the location of the services.

Note: This table excludes 3,292 residents whose dependency levels were not reported.

		High-depe	endency			Low-dep	endency		
Sex/state/territory	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
				Nun	nber				
Females									
NSW	8,913	9,796	5,579	2,139	4,389	3,390	2,893	153	37,252
Vic	7,718	5,713	3,908	1,659	4,179	2,792	1,971	38	27,978
Qld	3,416	5,036	3,793	1,327	2,289	1,792	1,685	103	19,441
WA	2,009	1,816	1,432	665	1,472	935	618	13	8,960
SA	3,104	2,654	1,854	628	1,263	855	604	12	10,974
Tas	551	705	529	187	322	245	216	3	2,758
ACT	333	192	166	76	144	114	67	0	1,092
NT	52	65	50	6	21	19	21	7	241
Total females	26,096	25,977	17,311	6,687	14,079	10,142	8,075	329	108,696
Males									
NSW	3,799	3,975	2,214	759	1,506	1,377	1,336	84	15,050
Vic	3,127	2,388	1,496	592	1,518	1,135	943	28	11,227
Qld	1,469	2,214	1,551	508	891	799	774	58	8,264
WA	814	712	476	218	454	399	286	2	3,361
SA	1,175	1,077	687	239	385	302	204	11	4,080
Tas	180	232	205	76	94	74	79	2	942
ACT	160	86	53	18	46	34	32	2	431
NT	25	37	18	6	9	12	17	3	127
Total males	10,749	10,721	6,700	2,416	4,903	4,132	3,671	190	43,482
Persons									
NSW	12,712	13,771	7,793	2,898	5,895	4,767	4,229	237	52,302
Vic	10,845	8,101	5,404	2,251	5,697	3,927	2,914	66	39,205
Qld	4,885	7,250	5,344	1,835	3,180	2,591	2,459	161	27,705
WA	2,823	2,528	1,908	883	1,926	1,334	904	15	12,321
SA	4,279	3,731	2,541	867	1,648	1,157	808	23	15,054
Tas	731	937	734	263	416	319	295	5	3,700
ACT	493	278	219	94	190	148	99	2	1,523
NT	77	102	68	12	30	31	38	10	368
Total persons	36,845	36,698	24,011	9,103	18,982	14,274	11,746	519	152,178

Table 4.28: Permanent residents, level of dependency, by sex and state/territory,^(a) 30 June 2007

		High-dep	endency			Low-dep	endency		
Sex/state/territory	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
				Per	cent				
Females									
NSW	23.9	26.3	15.0	5.7	11.8	9.1	7.8	0.4	100.0
Vic	27.6	20.4	14.0	5.9	14.9	10.0	7.0	0.1	100.0
Qld	17.6	25.9	19.5	6.8	11.8	9.2	8.7	0.5	100.0
WA	22.4	20.3	16.0	7.4	16.4	10.4	6.9	0.1	100.0
SA	28.3	24.2	16.9	5.7	11.5	7.8	5.5	0.1	100.0
Tas	20.0	25.6	19.2	6.8	11.7	8.9	7.8	0.1	100.0
ACT	30.5	17.6	15.2	7.0	13.2	10.4	6.1	0.0	100.0
NT	21.6	27.0	20.7	2.5	8.7	7.9	8.7	2.9	100.0
Total females	24.0	23.9	15.9	6.2	13.0	9.3	7.4	0.3	100.0
Males									
NSW	25.2	26.4	14.7	5.0	10.0	9.1	8.9	0.6	100.0
Vic	27.9	21.3	13.3	5.3	13.5	10.1	8.4	0.2	100.0
Qld	17.8	26.8	18.8	6.1	10.8	9.7	9.4	0.7	100.0
WA	24.2	21.2	14.2	6.5	13.5	11.9	8.5	0.1	100.0
SA	28.8	26.4	16.8	5.9	9.4	7.4	5.0	0.3	100.0
Tas	19.1	24.6	21.8	8.1	10.0	7.9	8.4	0.2	100.0
ACT	37.1	20.0	12.3	4.2	10.7	7.9	7.4	0.5	100.0
NT	19.7	29.1	14.2	4.7	7.1	9.4	13.4	2.4	100.0
Total males	24.7	24.7	15.4	5.6	11.3	9.5	8.4	0.4	100.0
Persons									
NSW	24.3	26.3	14.9	5.5	11.3	9.1	8.1	0.5	100.0
Vic	27.7	20.7	13.8	5.7	14.5	10.0	7.4	0.2	100.0
Qld	17.6	26.2	19.3	6.6	11.5	9.4	8.9	0.6	100.0
WA	22.9	20.5	15.5	7.2	15.6	10.8	7.3	0.1	100.0
SA	28.4	24.8	16.9	5.8	10.9	7.7	5.4	0.2	100.0
Tas	19.8	25.3	19.8	7.1	11.2	8.6	8.0	0.1	100.0
ACT	32.4	18.3	14.4	6.2	12.5	9.7	6.5	0.1	100.0
NT	20.9	27.7	18.5	3.3	8.2	8.4	10.3	2.7	100.0
Total persons	24.2	24.1	15.8	6.0	12.5	9.4	7.7	0.3	100.0

Table 4.28 (continued): Permanent residents, level of dependency, by sex and state/territory,(a)30 June 2007

(a) Refers to the location of the services.

Note: This table excludes 2,078 residents whose dependency levels were not reported at 30 June 2007.

		High-dep	endency			Low-dep	endency		
Sex/age (years)	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
					Number				
Females									
under 40	52	30	7	1	7	0	1	0	98
40-44	63	35	9	2	7	4	6	0	126
45-49	81	61	36	8	14	11	9	0	220
	145	111	48	20	34	16	18	1	393
55–59	276	213	129	36	78	50	32	1	815
60–64	429	322	219	65	147	90	68	0	1,340
Females <65	1.046	772	448	132	287	171	134	2	2,992
Males V00	1,040	112	440	102	207		104	L	2,552
under 40	48	33	19	3	5	0	3	1	112
40–44	38	27	11	4	13	10	3	1	107
40-44 45-49	75	77	39	14	23	16	3 7	3	254
43–49 50–54	151	136	86	28	23 56	32	28	4	521
50–54 55–59	256	203	145	20 64	118	32 74	20 51	4	914
	250 385	355	238	88	178	132	128	8	914 1,512
60–64									-
Males <65	953	831	538	201	393	264	220	20	3,420
Persons	100	<u></u>	00	4	10	0	4	4	010
under 40	100	63	26	4	12	0	4	1	210
40-44	101	62	20	6	20	14	9	1	233
45–49	156	138	75	22	37	27	16	3	474
50-54	296	247	134	48	90	48	46	5	914
55–59	532	416	274	100	196	124	83	4	1,729
60–64	814	677	457	153	325	222	196	8	2,852
Persons <65	1,999	1,603	986	333	680 Per cent	435	354	22	6,412
Females					Fer Cent				
under 40	5.0	3.9	1.6	0.8	2.4	0.0	0.7	0.0	3.3
40–44	6.0	4.5	2.0	1.5	2.4	2.3	4.5	0.0	4.2
45–49	7.7	7.9	8.0	6.1	4.9	6.4	6.7	0.0	7.4
50-54	13.9	14.4	10.7	15.2	11.8	9.4	13.4	50.0	13.1
55–59	26.4	27.6	28.8	27.3	27.2	29.2	23.9	50.0	27.2
60–64	41.0	41.7	48.9	49.2	51.2	52.6	50.7	0.0	44.8
Females <65	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
under 40	5.0	4.0	3.5	1.5	1.3	0.0	1.4	5.0	3.3
40–44	4.0	3.2	2.0	2.0	3.3	3.8	1.4	5.0	3.1
45–49	7.9	9.3	7.2	7.0	5.9	6.1	3.2	15.0	7.4
50–54	15.8	16.4	16.0	13.9	14.2	12.1	12.7	20.0	15.2
55–59	26.9	24.4	27.0	31.8	30.0	28.0	23.2	15.0	26.7
60–64	40.4	42.7	44.2	43.8	45.3	50.0	58.2	40.0	44.2
Males <65	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
under 40	5.0	3.9	2.6	1.2	1.8	0.0	1.1	4.5	3.3
40–44	5.1	3.9	2.0	1.8	2.9	3.2	2.5	4.5	3.6
45–49	7.8	8.6	7.6	6.6	5.4	6.2	4.5	13.6	7.4
43–49 50–54	14.8	15.4	13.6	14.4	13.2	11.0	13.0	22.7	14.3
50–54 55–59	26.6	26.0	27.8	30.0	28.8	28.5	23.4	18.2	27.0
60–64	40.7	42.2	46.3	45.9	47.8	51.0	55.4	36.4	44.5
Persons <65	40.7 100.0	100.0	100.0	40.9 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
F 8150115 N03	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.29: Younger permanent residents, by age, sex and level of dependency, 30 June 2007
--

Note: This table excludes 55 residents whose dependency levels were not reported.

_		High-depe	ndency			Low-depe	ndency		
Sex/age (years)	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
				Numb	er				
Females									
under 65	1,042	771	448	130	286	169	134	2	2,982
65–69	671	572	353	133	260	195	134	3	2,321
70–74	1,181	1,089	694	230	544	363	269	16	4,386
75–79	2,801	2,744	1,698	641	1,315	977	835	19	11,030
80–84	5,395	5,321	3,572	1,401	3,068	2,154	1,820	67	22,798
85–89	6,740	7,072	4,848	1,941	4,189	3,116	2,579	112	30,597
90–94	5,397	5,676	3,921	1,562	3,231	2,358	1,791	75	24,011
95+	2,781	2,608	1,705	611	1,105	750	446	17	10,023
Total females	26,008	25,853	17,239	6,649	13,998	10,082	8,008	311	108,148
Males									
under 65	947	830	536	200	392	262	220	20	3,407
65–69	611	567	406	134	289	232	194	4	2,437
70–74	1,025	928	539	229	401	355	295	19	3,791
75–79	1,813	1,770	1,011	360	668	585	488	19	6,714
80–84	2,491	2,464	1,475	487	1,011	871	798	42	9,639
85–89	2,239	2,411	1,446	547	1,134	974	876	44	9,671
90–94	1,161	1,287	959	345	734	648	611	29	5,774
95+	399	391	298	101	240	172	158	8	1,767
Total males	10,686	10,648	6,670	2,403	4,869	4,099	3,640	185	43,200
Persons									
under 65	1,989	1,601	984	330	678	431	354	22	6,389
65–69	1,282	1,139	759	267	549	427	328	7	4,758
70–74	2,206	2,017	1,233	459	945	718	564	35	8,177
75–79	4,614	4,514	2,709	1,001	1,983	1,562	1,323	38	17,744
80–84	7,886	7,785	5,047	1,888	4,079	3,025	2,618	109	32,437
85–89	8,979	9,483	6,294	2,488	5,323	4,090	3,455	156	40,268
90–94	6,558	6,963	4,880	1,907	3,965	3,006	2,402	104	29,785
95+	3,180	2,999	2,003	712	1,345	922	604	25	11,790
Total persons	36,694	36,501	23,909	9,052	18,867	14,181	11,648	496	151,348

	н	ligh-depei	ndency			Low-depen	dency		
Sex/age (years)	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
				Per	cent				
Females									
under 65	34.9	25.9	15.0	4.4	9.6	5.7	4.5	0.1	100.0
65–69	28.9	24.6	15.2	5.7	11.2	8.4	5.8	0.1	100.0
70–74	26.9	24.8	15.8	5.2	12.4	8.3	6.1	0.4	100.0
75–79	25.4	24.9	15.4	5.8	11.9	8.9	7.6	0.2	100.0
80–84	23.7	23.3	15.7	6.1	13.5	9.4	8.0	0.3	100.0
85–89	22.0	23.1	15.8	6.3	13.7	10.2	8.4	0.4	100.0
90–94	22.5	23.6	16.3	6.5	13.5	9.8	7.5	0.3	100.0
95+	27.7	26.0	17.0	6.1	11.0	7.5	4.4	0.2	100.0
Total females	24.0	23.9	15.9	6.1	12.9	9.3	7.4	0.3	100.0
Males									
under 65	27.8	24.4	15.7	5.9	11.5	7.7	6.5	0.6	100.0
65–69	25.1	23.3	16.7	5.5	11.9	9.5	8.0	0.2	100.0
70–74	27.0	24.5	14.2	6.0	10.6	9.4	7.8	0.5	100.0
75–79	27.0	26.4	15.1	5.4	9.9	8.7	7.3	0.3	100.0
80–84	25.8	25.6	15.3	5.1	10.5	9.0	8.3	0.4	100.0
85–89	23.2	24.9	15.0	5.7	11.7	10.1	9.1	0.5	100.0
90–94	20.1	22.3	16.6	6.0	12.7	11.2	10.6	0.5	100.0
95+	22.6	22.1	16.9	5.7	13.6	9.7	8.9	0.5	100.0
Total males	24.7	24.6	15.4	5.6	11.3	9.5	8.4	0.4	100.0
Persons									
under 65	31.1	25.1	15.4	5.2	10.6	6.7	5.5	0.3	100.0
65–69	26.9	23.9	16.0	5.6	11.5	9.0	6.9	0.1	100.0
70–74	27.0	24.7	15.1	5.6	11.6	8.8	6.9	0.4	100.0
75–79	26.0	25.4	15.3	5.6	11.2	8.8	7.5	0.2	100.0
80–84	24.3	24.0	15.6	5.8	12.6	9.3	8.1	0.3	100.0
85–89	22.3	23.5	15.6	6.2	13.2	10.2	8.6	0.4	100.0
90–94	22.0	23.4	16.4	6.4	13.3	10.1	8.1	0.3	100.0
95+	27.0	25.4	17.0	6.0	11.4	7.8	5.1	0.2	100.0
Total persons	24.2	24.1	15.8	6.0	12.5	9.4	7.7	0.3	100.0

Table 4.30 (continued): All permanent residents, by age, sex and level of dependency,30 June 2007

Note: This table excludes 2,078 residents whose dependency levels were not reported.

		High-dep	endency				Low-dep	endency		
Sex/age (years)	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4		RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Tota
					Number					
Females										
under 65	200	219	110	28		97	52	39	3	748
65–69	160	194	112	40		122	75	67	2	772
70–74	348	351	220	59		273	153	120	6	1.530
75–79	757	917	567	187		713	469	399	6	4.015
80–84	1,295	1,611	972	387		1,521	1,025	767	34	7,612
85–89	1,352	1,784	1,117	387		1,749	1,233	887	35	8,544
90–94	931	1,248	737	250		1.043	699	449	26	5.383
95+	342	426	215	70		252	167	78	3	1.553
Total females	5.385	6.750	4.050	1.408		5.770	3.873	2.806	115	30.15
Males										
under 65	280	266	171	49		139	93	63	5	1.066
65–69	222	225	119	50		116	97	65	3	89
70–74	392	416	206	72		173	137	97	5	1,498
75–79	843	786	443	127		360	260	211	9	3.039
80–84	1.140	1.163	614	202		596	431	366	24	4.536
85–89	948	1.008	563	208		629	446	356	14	4.172
90–94	519	511	302	90		307	242	202	13	2.186
95+	137	128	76	24		70	48	37	0	520
Total males	4.481	4.503	2.494	822		2.390	1.754	1.397	73	17.91
Persons										
under 65	480	485	281	77		236	145	102	8	1.814
65–69	382	419	231	90		238	172	132	5	1.669
70–74	740	767	426	131		446	290	217	11	3.028
75–79	1.600	1.703	1.010	314		1.073	729	610	15	7.054
80–84	2.435	2.774	1.586	589		2.117	1.456	1.133	58	12.148
85–89	2,300	2,792	1.680	595		2.378	1.679	1.243	49	12,716
90–94	1,450	1,759	1.039	340		1.350	941	651	39	7,569
95+	479	554	291	94		322	215	115	3	2.073
Total persons	9,866	11,253	6,544	2,230		8,160	5,627	4,203	188	48,071

Table 4.31: People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care, age at dmission, by sex and level of dependency,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

		High-dep	endency			Low-dep	endency		
Sex/age (years)	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
					Per cent				
Females									
under 65	26.7	29.3	14.7	3.7	13.0	7.0	5.2	0.4	100.0
65–69	20.7	25.1	14.5	5.2	15.8	9.7	8.7	0.3	100.0
70–74	22.7	22.9	14.4	3.9	17.8	10.0	7.8	0.4	100.0
75–79	18.9	22.8	14.1	4.7	17.8	11.7	9.9	0.1	100.0
80–84	17.0	21.2	12.8	5.1	20.0	13.5	10.1	0.4	100.0
85–89	15.8	20.9	13.1	4.5	20.5	14.4	10.4	0.4	100.0
90–94	17.3	23.2	13.7	4.6	19.4	13.0	8.3	0.5	100.0
95+	22.0	27.4	13.8	4.5	16.2	10.8	5.0	0.2	100.0
Total females	17.9	22.4	13.4	4.7	19.1	12.8	9.3	0.4	100.0
Males									
under 65	26.3	25.0	16.0	4.6	13.0	8.7	5.9	0.5	100.0
65–69	24.7	25.1	13.3	5.6	12.9	10.8	7.2	0.3	100.0
70–74	26.2	27.8	13.8	4.8	11.5	9.1	6.5	0.3	100.0
75–79	27.7	25.9	14.6	4.2	11.8	8.6	6.9	0.3	100.0
80–84	25.1	25.6	13.5	4.5	13.1	9.5	8.1	0.5	100.0
85–89	22.7	24.2	13.5	5.0	15.1	10.7	8.5	0.3	100.0
90–94	23.7	23.4	13.8	4.1	14.0	11.1	9.2	0.6	100.0
95+	26.3	24.6	14.6	4.6	13.5	9.2	7.1	0.0	100.0
Total males	25.0	25.1	13.9	4.6	13.3	9.8	7.8	0.4	100.0
Persons									
under 65	26.5	26.7	15.5	4.2	13.0	8.0	5.6	0.4	100.0
65–69	22.9	25.1	13.8	5.4	14.3	10.3	7.9	0.3	100.0
70–74	24.4	25.3	14.1	4.3	14.7	9.6	7.2	0.4	100.0
75–79	22.7	24.1	14.3	4.5	15.2	10.3	8.6	0.2	100.0
80–84	20.0	22.8	13.1	4.8	17.4	12.0	9.3	0.5	100.0
85–89	18.1	22.0	13.2	4.7	18.7	13.2	9.8	0.4	100.0
90–94	19.2	23.2	13.7	4.5	17.8	12.4	8.6	0.5	100.0
95+	23.1	26.7	14.0	4.5	15.5	10.4	5.5	0.1	100.0
Total persons	20.5	23.4	13.6	4.6	17.0	11.7	8.7	0.4	100.0

Table 4.31(continued): People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care, age at admission, by sex and level of dependency,^(a) 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) The RCS classification is the classification associated with the latest admission.

Note: This table excludes 3,292 residents whose dependency levels were not reported.

		High-dep	endency			Low-depe	ndency		
Sex/separation mode	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
				Nu	umber				
Females									
Death	11,337	8,977	3,566	931	1,403	796	480	17	27,507
Return to community	178	214	158	53	113	99	99	6	920
To hospital	153	170	246	117	190	102	46	2	1,026
To other residential care	107	160	242	132	190	116	86	3	1,036
Other	54	84	55	14	38	36	47	6	334
Total females	11,829	9,605	4,267	1,247	1,934	1,149	758	34	30,823
Males									
Death	6,687	4,957	2,033	457	731	497	360	15	15,737
Return to community	109	141	130	45	81	82	89	5	682
To hospital	128	125	140	60	93	65	45	1	657
To other residential care	71	94	114	48	88	50	39	2	506
Other	55	69	36	11	25	32	48	7	283
Total males	7,050	5,386	2,453	621	1,018	726	581	30	17,865
Persons									
Death	18,024	13,934	5,599	1,388	2,134	1,293	840	32	43,244
Return to community	287	355	288	98	194	181	188	11	1,602
To hospital	281	295	386	177	283	167	91	3	1,683
To other residential care	178	254	356	180	278	166	125	5	1,542
Other	109	153	91	25	63	68	95	13	617
Total persons	18,879	14,991	6,720	1,868	2,952	1,875	1,339	64	48,688
				Pe	r cent				
Females									
Death	41.2	32.6	13.0	3.4	5.1	2.9	1.7	0.1	100.0
Return to community	19.3	23.3	17.2	5.8	12.3	10.8	10.8	0.7	100.0
To hospital	14.9	16.6	24.0	11.4	18.5	9.9	4.5	0.2	100.0
To other residential care	10.3	15.4	23.4	12.7	18.3	11.2	8.3	0.3	100.0
Other	16.2	25.1	16.5	4.2	11.4	10.8	14.1	1.8	100.0
Total females	38.4	31.2	13.8	4.0	6.3	3.7	2.5	0.1	100.0
Males									
Death	42.5	31.5	12.9	2.9	4.6	3.2	2.3	0.1	100.0
Return to community	16.0	20.7	19.1	6.6	11.9	12.0	13.0	0.7	100.0
To hospital	19.5	19.0	21.3	9.1	14.2	9.9	6.8	0.2	100.0
To other residential care	14.0	18.6	22.5	9.5	17.4	9.9	7.7	0.4	100.0
Other	19.4	24.4	12.7	3.9	8.8	11.3	17.0	2.5	100.0
Total males	39.5	30.1	13.7	3.5	5.7	4.1	3.3	0.2	100.0
Persons									
Death	41.7	32.2	12.9	3.2	4.9	3.0	1.9	0.1	100.0
Return to community	17.9	22.2	18.0	6.1	12.1	11.3	11.7	0.7	100.0
To hospital	16.7	17.5	22.9	10.5	16.8	9.9	5.4	0.2	100.0
To other residential care	11.5	16.5	23.1	11.7	18.0	10.8	8.1	0.3	100.0
Other	17.7	24.8	14.7	4.1	10.2	11.0	15.4	2.1	100.0
Total persons	38.8	30.8	13.8	3.8	6.1	3.9	2.8	0.1	100.0

Table 4.32: Separated permanent residents,^(a) separation mode, by sex and level of dependency at separation, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) Each person is counted once regardless of the number of separations during the period. The RCS is associated with the last separation in the reporting period.

Note: This table excludes 1,484 residents whose dependency levels were not reported.

		High-dep	endency			89 31 26 3 93 51 27 1 129 45 36 4 200 145 82 3 178 102 70 7 137 101 60 2 357 212 137 5 246 157 85 2 174 97 73 4 111 68 46 0 136 70 59 2 84 70 57 1 1,934 1,149 758 34 62 16 21 0 76 33 23 2 97 49 38 2 139 105 70 4 85 78 63 4			
Sex/length of stay	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
				I	Number				
Females									
<4 weeks	819	491	136	31	89	31	26	3	1,626
4-<8 weeks	628	347	123	36	93	51	27	1	1,306
8-<13 weeks	412	409	164	41	129	45	36	4	1,240
13-<26 weeks	698	759	349	77	200	145	82	3	2,313
26-<39 weeks	440	493	269	66	178	102	70	7	1,625
39–<52 weeks	361	478	277	72	137	101	60	2	1,488
1-<2 years	1,498	1,401	780	275	357	212	137	5	4,665
2-<3 years	1,441	1,181	654	176	246	157	85	2	3,942
3-<4 vears	1,317	1,024	432	152	174	97	73	4	3,273
4-<5 years	1,027	757	311	101	111	68	46	0	2,421
5–<8 vears	1,800	1,331	466	134	136	70	59	2	3,998
8+ years	1,388	934	306	86	84	70	57	1	2,926
Total females	11,829	9,605	4,267	1,247	1,934	1,149	758	34	30,823
Males									
<4 weeks	936	439	169	29	62	16	21	0	1,672
4-<8 weeks	591	327	119	31	76	33	23	2	1,202
8-<13 weeks	415	364	151	41	97	49	38	2	1,157
13-<26 weeks	603	638	292	68	139	105	70	4	1,919
26-<39 weeks	425	443	206	46	85	78	63	4	1,350
39–<52 weeks	290	339	189	39	77	52	52	1	1,039
1–<2 years	1,048	941	480	127	190	127	115	8	3,036
2-<3 years	794	614	294	79	107	98	64	2	2,052
3-<4 vears	601	427	181	51	56	70	50	1	1,437
4-<5 years	427	279	130	31	49	29	21	1	967
5–<8 vears	603	344	138	43	45	39	34	3	1,249
8+ years	317	231	104	36	35	30	30	2	785
Total males	7,050	5,386	2,453	621	1,018	726	581	30	17,865
Persons									
<4 weeks	1,755	930	305	60	151	47	47	3	3,298
4-<8 weeks	1,219	674	242	67	169	84	50	3	2,508
8-<13 weeks	827	773	315	82	226	94	74	6	2,397
13-<26 weeks	1,301	1,397	641	145	339	250	152	7	4,232
26-<39 weeks	865	936	475	112	263	180	133	11	2,975
39–<52 weeks	651	817	466	111	214	153	112	3	2,527
1-<2 vears	2,546	2,342	1,260	402	547	339	252	13	7,701
2-<3 vears	2,235	1,795	948	255	353	255	149	4	5,994
3-<4 vears	1,918	1,451	613	203	230	167	123	5	4,710
4-<5 vears	1,454	1,036	441	132	160	97	67	1	3,388
5-<8 vears	2,403	1,675	604	177	181	109	93	5	5,247
8+ years	1,705	1,165	410	122	119	100	87	3	3,711
Total persons	18,879	14,991	6,720	1,868	2,952	1,875	1,339	64	48,688

Table 4.33: Separated permanent residents,^(a) length of stay, by sex and level of dependency at separation, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

		High-dep	endency		L	.ow-deper	ndency		
Sex/length of stay	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
				Per cen	it (row)				
Females									
<4 weeks	50.4	30.2	8.4	1.9	5.5	1.9	1.6	0.2	100.0
4-<8 weeks	48.1	26.6	9.4	2.8	7.1	3.9	2.1	0.1	100.0
8-<13 weeks	33.2	33.0	13.2	3.3	10.4	3.6	2.9	0.3	100.0
13-<26 weeks	30.2	32.8	15.1	3.3	8.6	6.3	3.5	0.1	100.0
26–<39 weeks	27.1	30.3	16.6	4.1	11.0	6.3	4.3	0.4	100.0
39-<52 weeks	24.3	32.1	18.6	4.8	9.2	6.8	4.0	0.1	100.0
1-<2 years	32.1	30.0	16.7	5.9	7.7	4.5	2.9	0.1	100.0
2-<3 years	36.6	30.0	16.6	4.5	6.2	4.0	2.2	0.1	100.0
3–<4 years	40.2	31.3	13.2	4.6	5.3	3.0	2.2	0.1	100.0
4–<5 years	42.4	31.3	12.8	4.2	4.6	2.8	1.9	0.0	100.0
5–<8 years	45.0	33.3	11.7	3.4	3.4	1.8	1.5	0.1	100.0
8+ years	47.4	31.9	10.5	2.9	2.9	2.4	1.9	0.0	100.0
Total females	38.4	31.2	13.8	4.0	6.3	3.7	2.5	0.1	100.0
Males									
<4 weeks	56.0	26.3	10.1	1.7	3.7	1.0	1.3	0.0	100.0
4-<8 weeks	49.2	27.2	9.9	2.6	6.3	2.7	1.9	0.2	100.0
8–<13 weeks	35.9	31.5	13.1	3.5	8.4	4.2	3.3	0.2	100.0
13-<26 weeks	31.4	33.2	15.2	3.5	7.2	5.5	3.6	0.2	100.0
26-<39 weeks	31.5	32.8	15.3	3.4	6.3	5.8	4.7	0.3	100.0
39–<52 weeks	27.9	32.6	18.2	3.8	7.4	5.0	5.0	0.1	100.0
1–<2 years	34.5	31.0	15.8	4.2	6.3	4.2	3.8	0.3	100.0
2–<3 years	38.7	29.9	14.3	3.8	5.2	4.8	3.1	0.1	100.0
3-<4 years	41.8	29.7	12.6	3.5	3.9	4.9	3.5	0.1	100.0
4–<5 years	44.2	28.9	13.4	3.2	5.1	3.0	2.2	0.1	100.0
5–<8 years	48.3	27.5	11.0	3.4	3.6	3.1	2.7	0.2	100.0
8+ years	40.4	29.4	13.2	4.6	4.5	3.8	3.8	0.3	100.0
Total males	39.5	30.1	13.7	3.5	5.7	4.1	3.3	0.2	100.0
Persons									
<4 weeks	53.2	28.2	9.2	1.8	4.6	1.4	1.4	0.1	100.0
4-<8 weeks	48.6	26.9	9.6	2.7	6.7	3.3	2.0	0.1	100.0
8-<13 weeks	34.5	32.2	13.1	3.4	9.4	3.9	3.1	0.3	100.0
13-<26 weeks	30.7	33.0	15.1	3.4	8.0	5.9	3.6	0.2	100.0
26–<39 weeks	29.1	31.5	16.0	3.8	8.8	6.1	4.5	0.4	100.0
39–<52 weeks	25.8	32.3	18.4	4.4	8.5	6.1	4.4	0.1	100.0
1-<2 years	33.1	30.4	16.4	5.2	7.1	4.4	3.3	0.2	100.0
2-<3 years	37.3	29.9	15.8	4.3	5.9	4.3	2.5	0.1	100.0
3-<4 years	40.7	30.8	13.0	4.3	4.9	3.5	2.6	0.1	100.0
4–<5 years	42.9	30.6	13.0	3.9	4.7	2.9	2.0	0.0	100.0
5–<8 years	45.8	31.9	11.5	3.4	3.4	2.1	1.8	0.1	100.0
8+ years	45.9	31.4	11.0	3.3	3.2	2.7	2.3	0.1	100.0
Total persons	38.8	30.8	13.8	3.8	6.1	3.9	2.8	0.1	100.0

Table 4.33 (continued): Separated permanent residents,^(a) length of stay, by sex and level of dependency at separation, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

		High-dep	endency			Low-depe	ndency		
Sex/length of stay	RCS 1	RCS 2	RCS 3	RCS 4	RCS 5	RCS 6	RCS 7	RCS 8	Total
				Per cent	t (column)				
Females									
<4 weeks	6.9	5.1	3.2	2.5	4.6	2.7	3.4	8.8	5.3
4-<8 weeks	5.3	3.6	2.9	2.9	4.8	4.4	3.6	2.9	4.2
8-<13 weeks	3.5	4.3	3.8	3.3	6.7	3.9	4.7	11.8	4.0
13-<26 weeks	5.9	7.9	8.2	6.2	10.3	12.6	10.8	8.8	7.5
26-<39 weeks	3.7	5.1	6.3	5.3	9.2	8.9	9.2	20.6	5.3
39-<52 weeks	3.1	5.0	6.5	5.8	7.1	8.8	7.9	5.9	4.8
1–<2 years	12.7	14.6	18.3	22.1	18.5	18.5	18.1	14.7	15.1
2-<3 years	12.2	12.3	15.3	14.1	12.7	13.7	11.2	5.9	12.8
3-<4 years	11.1	10.7	10.1	12.2	9.0	8.4	9.6	11.8	10.6
4–<5 years	8.7	7.9	7.3	8.1	5.7	5.9	6.1	0.0	7.9
5–<8 years	15.2	13.9	10.9	10.7	7.0	6.1	7.8	5.9	13.0
8+ years	11.7	9.7	7.2	6.9	4.3	6.1	7.5	2.9	9.5
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
<4 weeks	13.3	8.2	6.9	4.7	6.1	2.2	3.6	0.0	9.4
4-<8 weeks	8.4	6.1	4.9	5.0	7.5	4.5	4.0	6.7	6.7
8-<13 weeks	5.9	6.8	6.2	6.6	9.5	6.7	6.5	6.7	6.5
13-<26 weeks	8.6	11.8	11.9	11.0	13.7	14.5	12.0	13.3	10.7
26-<39 weeks	6.0	8.2	8.4	7.4	8.3	10.7	10.8	13.3	7.6
39–<52 weeks	4.1	6.3	7.7	6.3	7.6	7.2	9.0	3.3	5.8
1–<2 years	14.9	17.5	19.6	20.5	18.7	17.5	19.8	26.7	17.0
2-<3 years	11.3	11.4	12.0	12.7	10.5	13.5	11.0	6.7	11.5
3-<4 years	8.5	7.9	7.4	8.2	5.5	9.6	8.6	3.3	8.0
4–<5 years	6.1	5.2	5.3	5.0	4.8	4.0	3.6	3.3	5.4
5–<8 years	8.6	6.4	5.6	6.9	4.4	5.4	5.9	10.0	7.0
8+ years	4.5	4.3	4.2	5.8	3.4	4.1	5.2	6.7	4.4
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
<4 weeks	9.3	6.2	4.5	3.2	5.1	2.5	3.5	4.7	6.8
4-<8 weeks	6.5	4.5	3.6	3.6	5.7	4.5	3.7	4.7	5.2
8-<13 weeks	4.4	5.2	4.7	4.4	7.7	5.0	5.5	9.4	4.9
13-<26 weeks	6.9	9.3	9.5	7.8	11.5	13.3	11.4	10.9	8.7
26-<39 weeks	4.6	6.2	7.1	6.0	8.9	9.6	9.9	17.2	6.1
39-<52 weeks	3.4	5.4	6.9	5.9	7.2	8.2	8.4	4.7	5.2
1–<2 years	13.5	15.6	18.8	21.5	18.5	18.1	18.8	20.3	15.8
2-<3 years	11.8	12.0	14.1	13.7	12.0	13.6	11.1	6.3	12.3
3-<4 years	10.2	9.7	9.1	10.9	7.8	8.9	9.2	7.8	9.7
4–<5 years	7.7	6.9	6.6	7.1	5.4	5.2	5.0	1.6	7.0
5–<8 years	12.7	11.2	9.0	9.5	6.1	5.8	6.9	7.8	10.8
8+ years	9.0	7.8	6.1	6.5	4.0	5.3	6.5	4.7	7.6
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 4.33 (continued): Separated permanent residents,^(a) length of stay, by sex and level of dependency at separation, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

(a) Each person is counted once regardless of the number of separations the resident has during the period. The last length of stay is the length of stay evaluated from the last separation in the period. Transfers are not regarded as separations.

Note: This table excludes 1,484 residents whose dependency levels were not reported.

Appendix 1 Additional time series data

Year	All permanent residents	All respite residents	Permanent residents (85+)	Respite residents (85+)	Permanent residents (85+)(per cent)	Respite residents (85+)(per cent)
1999	132,420	2,479	64,638	903	48.8	36.4
2000	133,387	2,604	66,503	1,034	49.9	39.7
2001	134,004	2,604	67,402	1,008	50.3	38.7
2002	136,507	2,422	69,258	1,035	50.7	42.7
2003	140,297	2,549	71,397	1,024	50.9	40.2
2004	144,994	2,646	74,229	1,097	51.2	41.5
2005	149,091	2,819	77,285	1,174	51.8	41.6
2006	151,737	3,135	80,099	1,334	52.8	42.6
2007	153,426	3,123	82,871	1,445	54.0	46.3

Table A1.1: Trends in resident numbers at 30 June, 1999-2007

Table A1.2: Proportion of residents aged 80 years and over and aged 90 years and over at admission, 1998–99 to 2006–07 (per cent)

		ŭ ,		
Year	Permanent (80+)	Respite (80+)	Permanent (90+)	Respite (90+)
1998–99	64.1	59.7	14.8	12.4
1999–00	65.2	60.0	15.8	13.5
2000–01	67.0	61.9	16.8	14.0
2001–02	68.3	62.6	17.5	14.4
2002–03	69.0	64.2	18.2	15.2
2003–04	70.0	65.2	18.3	16.0
2004–05	70.0	65.0	18.9	16.4
2005–06	70.9	66.3	19.4	17.0
2006–07	71.5	67.9	19.9	18.0

Note: Transfers are excluded from admissions.

Age (years)	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
					Nun	nber				
<65	5,768	5,942	6,004	5,948	5,984	6,073	6,240	6,483	6,562	6,467
65–69	4,758	4,576	4,395	4,237	4,317	4,389	4,439	4,613	4,705	4,840
70–74	10,012	9,824	9,578	9,368	8,999	8,783	8,720	8,503	8,344	8,298
75–79	18,475	18,783	18,936	18,450	18,286	18,457	18,454	18,614	18,591	18,005
80–84	29,543	28,657	27,971	28,599	29,663	31,198	32,912	33,593	33,436	32,945
85+	62,614	64,638	66,503	67,402	69,258	71,397	74,229	77,285	80,099	82,871
Total	131,170	132,420	133,387	134,004	136,507	140,297	144,994	149,091	151,737	153,426
					Per	cent				
<65	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2
65–69	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2
70–74	7.6	7.4	7.2	7.0	6.6	6.3	6.0	5.7	5.5	5.4
75–79	14.1	14.2	14.2	13.8	13.4	13.2	12.7	12.5	12.3	11.7
80–84	22.5	21.6	21.0	21.3	21.7	22.2	22.7	22.5	22.0	21.5
85+	47.7	48.8	49.9	50.3	50.7	50.9	51.2	51.8	52.8	54.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			Us	age within	n age grou	p per 1,00	0 populati	on		
<65	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
65–69	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0
70–74	16.2	15.6	15.1	14.7	14.1	13.9	13.9	13.6	13.2	12.9
75–79	39.3	38.1	37.3	35.5	34.6	34.2	33.6	33.7	33.3	32.7
80–84	100.9	96.9	90.5	86.7	85.1	85.0	85.2	83.7	81.2	79.5
85+	278.3	270.6	263.2	254.1	250.2	249.2	248.8	245.3	237.0	240.3
Total	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.3

 Table A1.3: Permanent aged care residents at 30 June, by age group, 1998-2007

Places	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
					Num	ber				
1–20	396	378	362	335	322	284	266	246	230	213
21–40	1,194	1,188	1,163	1,120	1,069	999	939	874	834	762
41–60	831	852	867	880	888	885	901	921	927	887
61–80	322	325	337	357	376	403	434	458	455	469
81–100	141	146	146	149	164	188	200	220	240	252
101–120	64	70	71	75	77	87	95	107	123	140
121+	67	59	59	61	65	81	97	107	122	149
Total	3,015	3,018	3,005	2,977	2,961	2,927	2,932	2,933	2,931	2,872
					Per c	ent				
1–20	13.1	12.5	12.0	11.3	10.9	9.7	9.1	8.4	7.8	7.4
21–40	39.6	39.4	38.7	37.6	36.1	34.1	32.0	29.8	28.5	26.5
41–60	27.6	28.2	28.9	29.6	30.0	30.2	30.7	31.4	31.6	30.9
61–80	10.7	10.8	11.2	12.0	12.7	13.8	14.8	15.6	15.5	16.3
81–100	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.5	6.4	6.8	7.5	8.2	8.8
101–120	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.9
121+	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.6	4.2	5.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table A1.4: Trends in the number and size of residential aged care services, 30 June 1998 to 30 June 2007

Table A1.5: Average occupancy, 1998-99 to 2006-07

Year	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
1998–99	95.9	94.5	96.3	94.8	96.4	97.8	94.8	94.7	95.7
1999–00	95.6	94.4	95.9	95.1	97.3	97.8	93.2	95.1	95.5
2000–01	95.9	94.8	96.6	94.7	97.6	97.5	95.6	93.5	95.9
2001–02	95.3	94.9	96.4	92.9	97.7	97.7	97.7	91.9	95.5
2002–03	96.4	94.7	96.4	95.6	97.3	97.8	97.7	94.7	96.0
2003–04	96.1	94.4	96.5	95.7	97.2	97.5	98.0	90.9	95.9
2004–05	95.2	94.1	96.2	94.8	97.5	96.9	98.3	93.9	95.3
2005–06	95.4	93.0	96.0	94.9	97.6	96.0	97.9	95.1	95.1
2006–07	94.3	92.5	94.9	94.6	97.6	95.9	96.3	94.9	94.3

Note: Refer to Table 3.6 for the method of calculating annual occupancy.

Appendix 2 Population data

Sex/age (years)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	АСТ	NT	Australia
					Number				
Females									
under 65	2,956,812	2,241,479	1,819,794	906,665	667,344	209,916	153,198	98,399	9,053,607
65–69	136,037	101,634	78,116	38,281	33,874	10,918	5,387	2,043	406,290
70–74	114,285	85,664	60,570	30,408	28,649	8,892	4,152	1,193	333,813
75–79	103,413	76,730	52,755	26,000	26,775	7,792	3,325	791	297,581
80–84	84,427	63,241	41,713	20,130	23,073	6,379	2,864	501	242,328
85+	80,197	59,616	40,219	19,699	22,092	6,128	2,467	383	230,801
Total	3,475,171	2,628,364	2,093,167	1,041,183	801,807	250,025	171,393	103,310	10,564,420
Males									
under 65	2,991,960	2,262,679	1,851,678	949,380	676,447	210,502	153,583	106,009	9,202,238
65–69	131,783	98,262	79,787	38,837	31,645	10,713	5,170	2,751	398,948
70–74	105,152	77,759	59,049	28,820	25,946	8,208	3,643	1,378	309,955
75–79	86,620	64,612	46,406	22,902	22,157	6,570	2,855	887	253,009
80–84	59,204	44,271	30,936	15,049	15,890	4,462	1,959	411	172,182
85+	39,182	29,269	21,039	9,612	10,621	2,861	1,262	229	114,075
Total males	3,413,901	2,576,852	2,088,895	1,064,600	782,706	243,316	168,472	111,665	10,450,407
Persons									-,, -
under 65	5,948,772	4,504,158	3,671,472	1,856,045	1,343,791	420,418	306,781	204,408	18,255,845
65–69	267,820	199,896	157,903	77,118	65,519	21,631	10,557	4,794	805,238
70–74	219,437	163,423	119,619	59,228	54,595	17,100	7,795	2,571	643,768
75–79	190,033	141,342	99.161	48,902	48,932	14,362	6,180	1,678	550,590
80-84	143,631	107,512	72,649	35,179	38,963	10,841	4,823	912	414,510
85+	119,379	88,885	61,258	29,311	32,713	8,989	3,729	612	344,876
Total	6,889,072	5,205,216	4,182,062	2,105,783	1,584,513	493,341	339,865	214,975	21,014,827
		-,, -		, ,	Per cent	, -			
Females									
under 65	85.1	85.3	86.9	87.1	83.2	84.0	89.4	95.2	85.7
65–69	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.7	4.2	4.4	3.1	2.0	3.8
70–74	3.3	3.3	2.9	2.9	3.6	3.6	2.4	1.2	3.2
75–79	3.0	2.9	2.5	2.5	3.3	3.1	1.9	0.8	2.8
80–84	2.4	2.4	2.0	1.9	2.9	2.6	1.7	0.5	2.3
85+	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.9	2.8	2.5	1.4	0.4	2.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males									
under 65	87.6	87.8	88.6	89.2	86.4	86.5	91.2	94.9	88.1
65–69	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.6	4.0	4.4	3.1	2.5	3.8
70–74	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.7	3.3	3.4	2.2	1.2	3.0
75–79	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.8	2.7	1.7	0.8	2.4
80–84	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.8	1.2	0.4	1.6
85+	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.2	1.1
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons									
under 65	86.4	86.5	87.8	88.1	84.8	85.2	90.3	95.1	86.9
65–69	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.7	4.1	4.4	3.1	2.2	3.8
70–74	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.8	3.4	3.5	2.3	1.2	3.1
75–79	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.3	3.1	2.9	1.8	0.8	2.6
80–84	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.7	2.5	2.2	1.4	0.4	2.0
85+	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.4	2.1	1.8	1.1	0.3	1.6
Total									
persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table A2.1: Population, by age, sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007

Source: ABS estimated resident population at 30 June 2007, estimates released in December 2007, excluding external territories (ABS 2007).

Sex/age	Malanakiaa		Outermained	Domoto		A
(years)	Major cities	Inner regional	Outer regional	Remote	Very remote	Australia
			Numb	ber		
Females						
under 65	6,257,499	1,744,695	835,613	138,902	76,897	9,053,607
65–69	264,929	93,171	41,604	4,801	1,785	406,290
70–74	220,871	75,922	32,239	3,562	1,219	333,813
75–79	200,866	65,802	27,254	2,733	926	297,581
80–84	167,153	51,947	20,740	1,961	527	242,328
85+	159,332	49,311	19,777	1,923	458	230,801
Total females	7,270,651	2,080,848	977,226	153,882	81,812	10,564,420
Males						
under 65	6,303,878	1,772,334	885,037	154,890	86,100	9,202,238
65–69	251,461	93,665	45,459	5,976	2,387	398,948
70–74	197,407	73,145	33,938	4,055	1,410	309,955
75–79	164,202	58,737	25,999	3,029	1,041	253,009
80–84	115,376	38,520	16,175	1,601	511	172,182
85+	77,416	24,821	10,434	1,045	358	114,075
Total males	7,109,740	2,061,222	1,017,042	170,596	91,807	10,450,407
Persons						
under 65	12,561,377	3,517,029	1,720,650	293,792	162,997	18,255,845
65–69	516,390	186,836	87,063	10,777	4,173	805,238
70–74	418,278	149,066	66,177	7,617	2,629	643,768
75–79	365,068	124,539	53,253	5,763	1,967	550,590
80–84	282,529	90,467	36,914	3,562	1,037	414,510
85+	236,748	74,132	30,211	2,969	816	344,876
Total persons	14,380,391	4,142,070	1,994,269	324,478	173,619	21,014,827
Females						
under 65	86.1	83.8	85.5	90.3	94.0	85.7
65–69	3.6	4.5	4.3	3.1	2.2	3.8
70–74	3.0	3.6	3.3	2.3	1.5	3.2
75–79	2.8	3.2	2.8	1.8	1.1	2.8
80–84	2.3	2.5	2.1	1.3	0.6	2.3
85+	2.2	2.4	2.0	1.2	0.6	2.2
Total females	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males						
under 65	88.7	86.0	87.0	90.8	93.8	88.1
65–69	3.5	4.5	4.5	3.5	2.6	3.8
70–74	2.8	3.5	3.3	2.4	1.5	3.0
75–79	2.3	2.8	2.6	1.8	1.1	2.4
80–84	1.6	1.9	1.6	0.9	0.6	1.6
85+	1.1	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.4	1.1
Total males	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Persons						
under 65	87.4	84.9	86.3	90.5	93.9	86.9
65–69	3.6	4.5	4.4	3.3	2.4	3.8
70–74	2.9	3.6	3.3	2.3	1.5	3.1
75–79	2.5	3.0	2.7	1.8	1.1	2.6
80–84	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.1	0.6	2.0
85+	1.6	1.8	1.5	0.9	0.5	1.6
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table A2.2: Population, by age, sex and remoteness,^(a) 30 June 2007

(a) The table is derived using the 2006 population estimates of the ASGC Remoteness Structure as developed by the ABS and the estimated resident population figures for state/territories, 30 June 2007 released in December 2007 (ABS 2001; ABS 2007).

Appendix 3 Data and their limitations

The main source of data in this report is administrative by-product data from the System for the Payment of Aged Residential Care (SPARC).

SPARC contains information gathered through a number of instruments. Among those instruments, the following three are directly relevant to this report:

- Aged Care Application and Approval a form completed by a person applying for admission to an aged care service or by someone (normally a carer) on behalf of the applicant.
- Application for Classification a form containing the Resident Classification Scale (RCS) and completed by the aged care service to determine the resident's overall level of care needs.
- Monthly Claim Form a form for claiming Australian Government benefits completed by the aged care service as part of the monthly funding cycle.

Residential aged care in Australia was restructured in 1997–98. The two separate categories of residential care (nursing homes and hostels) were combined into a single program from 1 October 1997. As a result, from that date, SPARC replaced the two previous data collection systems (the Nursing Home Payment System (NHPS) and the Commonwealth Hostel Information Payment System (CHIPS)).

The new system inherited all existing records on the NHPS at 1 October 1997. For CHIPS data, only those records that related to the following two groups of people were carried over:

- Those who were in a hostel at 1 October 1997.
- Those who had a valid Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) assessment covering 1 October 1997, as they were regarded as potential residents.

In other words, the records for residents discharged from hostels before 1 October 1997 are not available on SPARC, although they are still available on CHIPS.

Under the amalgamated residential aged care system, length of stay refers to the period spent in the combined system, which may include both time spent under low-care (previously hostel) and high-care (previously nursing home). This is not comparable to combining length of stay measures from the previous separate nursing home and hostel measures of length of stay.

Population data are from the AIHW's general population databases supplied by the ABS.

Resident information

All residents admitted to residential aged care must have a valid Aged Care Application and Approval form completed by an authorised ACAT officer. This form is valid for 12 months from the date of the approval. The information entered into SPARC from the Aged Care Application and Approval form is the major source for the following data items in the tables:

- sex
- date of birth
- marital status
- pension status
- Indigenous status
- country of birth
- preferred language
- resident's usual residence (before admission)
- resident's usual living arrangement (before admission).

Not all residents have all the above characteristics reported on SPARC.

Resident Classification Scale

The RCS application form is forwarded to state/territory offices of the Australian Department of Health and Ageing by aged care services for each resident admitted. On the basis of the information provided, residents are assigned to one of eight service-need categories for the purpose of funding. Normally, the RCS for a client is reviewed on the annual anniversary of admission by the service provider.

Admission and separation date

The monthly claim form is sent to approved services each calendar month as part of the payment cycle. It shows claim details for the previous month plus a forecast schedule for the current month. The service checks the information and records data on separations and absences (hospital and social leave) for these residents. It also adds information on any newly admitted residents for the current month.

The claim form is the source for the following data items in the tables:

- date of admission
- date of separation
- separation mode
- admission type.

Calculation of provision ratios

The ratios for 2007 differ from those published by the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing, which uses small-area projections for reporting purposes.

Populations used in the tables in this report

It should be noted that tables in this publication refer to several different sub-populations and, consequently, may not be directly comparable. The sub-populations covered in the tables in this report are summarised below. Excluding the reporting on provision, the data presented relate to mainstream services and their residents, and exclude residents in places provided by Multi-purpose Services or funded through the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program.

Residents at 30 June 2007

All tables on this topic relate to the number of residents who were in mainstream aged care services on 30 June 2007. This population includes all approved residents and totalled 156,549.

All admissions and separations, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

There were 52,196 admissions for permanent care (permanent admissions) and 50,987 admissions for respite care (respite admissions) over the period from 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007. Over the same period, there were 51,026 separations of permanent residents and 50,997 separations of respite residents. Transfers within type of admission are excluded.

Admitted residents, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Each person is counted once. For the full year reporting, there were 51,103 distinct resident admissions for permanent care and 36,466 distinct resident admissions for respite care. Transfers within type of admission are excluded.

Separated permanent residents, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

Each person is counted once. For the full year reporting, there were 50,172 distinct resident separations. Transfers of a similar type are excluded.

Tables on dependency

The data on RCS dependency invariably contains some missing data, which are excluded from the tables and the detail is footnoted with the tables.

Data limitations

It should be noted that the accuracy of some specific data items may be limited. Such cases are listed below:

- A reported date of birth implying that a resident is aged less than or equal to 10 years is regarded as an input error and 100 years is added to the age. This only alters a handful of entries in any one year.
- Death indicator: in some cases, aged care services may not be equipped to care for some terminally ill residents. Accordingly, such residents are transferred to acute-care institutions before death; hence, there is an under-enumeration of discharges due to death.
- Length of stay: complete length of stay of a resident is the time between the date of admission and the date of separation; and for residents at 30 June 2007, incomplete length of stay is the time between the date of admission and 30 June 2007. When a person is transferred from one service to another, the date of admission to the first service is the date from which the length of stay is calculated.
- The data on the number of residential places and community care packages stored in the Aged and Community Care Management Information System (ACCMIS) are sensitive to dates of entry, and ACCMIS is updated weekly from SPARC.

Consequently the reader may find minor reporting variations depending on the version of ACCMIS used in the variety of reports on aspects of residential aged care.

• Information on whether an admission was from an acute hospital is not available on SPARC.

Glossary

Admission day

The first day of a person's stay in an aged care service. In the case of a person transferring between services, where the time between leaving one service and entering another is less than 2 days, it is the date of the initial admission. Permanent and respite admissions are treated separately. For example, if a person transfers from a respite stay to a permanent stay, a new permanent admission is created.

Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT)

A multidisciplinary team of health professionals responsible for determining eligibility for entry to residential aged care.

Assisted residents

See concessional residents.

Care recipient

A person assessed by an Aged Care Assessment Team as having significant care needs, which can be appropriately met through the provision of residential care, community care, and/or flexible care.

Concessional residents

Minimum requirements to be a concessional resident at a point in time are that the resident must:

- be receiving an income support payment
- not have owned a home for the past 2 years
- have assets of less than 2.5 times the annual single basic aged pension, rounded to the nearest \$500.

The criteria for determining assisted resident status are the same as concessional resident status except that:

• an assisted resident has assets of between 2.5 and 4 times the annual single basic aged pension amount, rounded to the nearest \$500.

For a full description of the ramifications for residents and providers about assisted and concessional status, see *The residential aged care manual* maintained by the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing and also available on their website at <www.health.gov.au>.

High-care residents

A resident who is assigned to classification levels 1–4 using the Resident Classification Scale.

Hostel for the aged

A care service in which residents receive hostel care or personal care services, unless designated as a 'co-habitee'. In this publication, all references to hostels are to hostels for the aged; that is, those hostels designed to provide services to older people. A small number of young people with disabilities live in hostels for the aged. Hostels specifically established for young people with a disability are not included in this publication. Following the introduction of the *Aged Care Act 1997*, hostels no longer exist as legal entities. Current practice in the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing is to refer to both former nursing homes and former hostels as 'residential aged care homes', 'residential aged care services' or 'residential aged care facilities'.

Length of stay

The length of stay of a separated resident is based upon the time between the date of admission and the date of separation, allowing for transfers. For a current resident, it is the time between the date of admission and 30 June 2007. The admission day and the specified day (30 June 2007) are included, but the separation day is excluded, from the calculation of length of stay.

Low-care residents

A resident who is assigned to classification levels 5–8 using the Resident Classification Scale.

Nursing home for the aged

These include all nursing homes approved under the *National Health Act 1963*, other than nursing homes for disabled people. In this publication, all references to nursing homes are to nursing homes for the aged. There has been a small number of young people with disabilities living in nursing homes for the aged. Following the introduction of the *Aged Care Act 1997* nursing homes no longer exist as legal entities. Current practice in the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing is to refer to both former nursing homes and former hostels as 'residential aged care homes', 'residential aged care services' or 'residential aged care facilities'.

Permanent admission

An admission to residential aged care for expected long-term care.

Permanent care

A resident in residential aged care is under permanent care if this resident entered the service as a permanent admission.

Permanent resident

A resident who is admitted to residential aged care for permanent care (long-term care).

Place-day

A day on which a care recipient is occupying a place. The day that a care recipient enters residential aged care and the day he or she leaves are counted as 1 day.

Remoteness

The remoteness classification used in this report is based on the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) Remoteness Structure developed by the Australian Bureau of Statistics. This categorises all Census Collection Districts (CDs) in Australia according to their remoteness, based on physical road distance to the nearest urban centre. Remoteness is measured by the Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia (ARIA) (ABS 2001). The structure of the classification is as follows:

Major cities	CDs with an average ARIA index value of 0 to 0.2
Inner regional	CDs with an average ARIA index value greater than 0.2 and less than or equal to 2.4
Outer regional	CDs with an average ARIA index value greater than 2.4 and less than or equal to 5.92
Remote	CDs with an average ARIA index value greater than 5.92 and less than or equal to 10.53
Very remote	CDs with an average ARIA index value greater than 10.53.

Resident

A person who has been assessed by an Aged Care Assessment Team as requiring residential care and who resides in an Australian government-funded aged care service.

Resident Classification Scale (RCS)

An instrument which assesses a care recipient's care needs. This scale has eight classification levels ranging from low-care (RCS 8) to high-care (RCS 1), with each level having a specified subsidy level which is paid to the provider for providing the required care to the care recipient. The RCS was introduced with the amalgamation of hostels and nursing homes into one system of care on 1 October 1997, replacing the Resident Classification Instrument for nursing homes and the Personal Classification Assessment Instrument for hostels.

Residential aged care service

A service that consists of a number of approved places at a specific location.

Residential care

Personal and/or nursing care that is provided to a person in a residential care service in which the person is also provided with accommodation that includes meals, cleaning services, furniture and equipment. The residential aged care service must meet certain building standards and appropriate staffing in supplying the provision of that care and accommodation.

Respite admission

A short-term admission to residential aged care for respite care purposes.

Respite care

Care given as an alternative care arrangement with the primary purpose of giving the carer or a care recipient a short-term break from their usual care arrangement.

Respite resident

A resident who is admitted to residential aged care for respite care.

Separation

Occurs when a person is discharged from residential aged care and has not re-entered the same or another service within 2 days.

Separation day

The last day of a person's stay in an aged care service; that is, the day on which the person leaves the service. Transfers between services were not viewed as separations in terms of length of stay calculations if the time between leaving one service and entering another was less than 2 days.

Separation mode

Indicates the destination of a resident at separation, including death.

System for the Payment of Aged Residential Care (SPARC)

The current payment system for residential aged care.

Transfer

Occurs where a person leaves an aged care service on 1 day and is admitted to another within 2 days.

Usual housing status

Refers to housing tenure before the resident's application for admission to residential aged care.

References

ABS (Australian Bureau of Statistics) 1997. Australian standard classification of languages. Cat. no. 1267.0. Canberra: ABS.

ABS 1998. Australian standard classification of countries. Cat. no. 1269.0. Canberra: ABS.

ABS 2001. Australian standard geographical classification (ASGC) 2001. Cat. no. 1216.0. Canberra: ABS.

ABS 2004. Experimental estimates and projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians. Cat. no. 3238.0. Canberra: ABS.

ABS 2006 Migration Australia. Cat. no. 3412. Canberra: ABS.

ABS 2007 Population by age and sex, Australia states and territories. Cat. no. 3201.0. Canberra: ABS.

AIHW (Australian Institute of Health and Welfare) 1995. Australia's welfare 1995: services and assistance. Cat. no. AIHW 324. Canberra: AIHW.

AIHW 1997. Australia's welfare 1997: services and assistance. Cat. no. AUS 8. Canberra: AIHW.

AIHW 2001. Residential aged care in Australia 1999–00: a statistical overview. Aged care statistics series no. 9. Cat. no. AGE 19. Canberra: AIHW.

AIHW 2004. Community Aged Care Packages census 2002. Aged care statistics series no. 17. Cat. no. AGE 35. Canberra: AIHW.

AIHW 2007. Residential aged care in Australia 2005–06: a statistical overview. Aged care statistics series no. 24. Cat. no. AGE 54. Canberra: AIHW.

AIHW 2008. Aged care packages in the community 2006–2007 (forthcoming).

List of tables

Table 1.1:	Number of operational residential aged care places, CACP, EACH, EACH Dementia, and TCP and the provision ratio per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over, 30 June 1995 to 30 June 2007	5
Table 1.2:	Residential aged care, CACP, EACH, EACH Dementia and TCP, by state/territory and remoteness, 30 June 2007	8
Table 1.3:	Residential aged care, CACP, EACH, EACH Dementia and TCP per 1,000 persons aged 70 years and over, by state/territory and remoteness, 30 June 2007	.10
Table 2.1:	Services, by state/territory and remoteness, 30 June 2007	.15
Table 2.2:	Size of services, by state/territory, 30 June 2007	.16
Table 2.3:	Size of services, by remoteness, 30 June 2007	.17
Table 2.4:	Services, by state/territory and organisation type, 30 June 2007	.18
Table 2.5:	Services, by remoteness and organisation type, 30 June 2007	.19
Table 3.1:	Admissions, separations and completed length of stay in residential aged care, 1998–99 to 2006–07	.22
Table 3.2:	Admissions and turnover, by type of care in residential aged care services, 1999–2007	.23
Table 3.3:	Age- and sex-specific usage rates for permanent residents, by English-speaking status, based on country of birth, 30 June 2007 (per 1,000)	.25
Table 3.4:	Age- and sex-specific usage rates for permanent residents, by Indigenous status, 30 June 2007 (per 1,000)	.26
Table 3.5:	Occupied place-days, type of care, by state/territory and remoteness, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	.27
Table 3.6:	Average occupancy rate, by state/territory and remoteness, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007 (per cent)	.29
Table 3.7:	Permanent residents, length of stay to date, by sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	.30
Table 3.8:	Permanent residents, length of stay to date, by sex and remoteness, 30 June 2007	.32
Table 3.9:	Separations of permanent residents, completed length of stay, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	.34
Table 3.10:	Average length of stay (weeks), separations of permanent residents, by state/territory, sex and remoteness, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	.36
Table 3.11:	Average length of stay (weeks), separations of respite residents, by state/territory, sex and remoteness, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	.37
Table 3.12:	All separations, separation mode, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	.38
Table 3.13:	Separations of permanent residents, separation mode, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	.39
Table 3.14:	Separations of respite residents, separation mode, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	.40

Table 3.15:	Separations of permanent residents, length of stay, by separation mode, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	41
Table 4.1:	Dependency levels of permanent residents in residential aged care services, 30 June 1998 to 30 June 2007 (per cent)	47
Table 4.2:	All residents, by age, sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	48
Table 4.3:	Permanent residents, by age, sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	50
Table 4.4:	Respite residents, by age, sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	52
Table 4.5:	All residents, by age, sex and remoteness, 30 June 2007	54
Table 4.6:	Permanent residents, marital status, by sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	56
Table 4.7:	Respite residents, marital status, by sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	58
Table 4.8:	Permanent residents, Indigenous status, by sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	60
Table 4.9:	Respite residents, Indigenous status, by sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	61
Table 4.10:	Permanent residents, pension status, by sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	62
Table 4.11:	Permanent residents, by sex, state/territory and concessional status, 30 June 2007	64
Table 4.12:	Permanent residents, by sex, remoteness and concessional status, 30 June 2007	65
Table 4.13:	Permanent residents, birthplace, by sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	66
Table 4.14:	Respite residents, birthplace, by sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	68
Table 4.15:	Permanent residents, preferred language, by sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	70
Table 4.16:	Respite residents, preferred language, by sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	72
Table 4.17:	All admissions, age at admission, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	74
Table 4.18:	Permanent admissions, age at admission, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	76
Table 4.19:	Respite admissions, age at admission, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	78
Table 4.20:	People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care, marital status, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	80
Table 4.21:	People admitted to residential aged care services for respite care, marital status, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	81
Table 4.22:	People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care, usual housing status, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	82
Table 4.23:	People admitted to residential aged care services for respite care, usual housing status, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	83
Table 4.24:	People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care, prior living arrangement, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	84
Table 4.25:	People admitted to residential aged care services for respite care, prior living arrangement, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	85
Table 4.26:	People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care, pension status, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	86
Table 4.27:	People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care, level of dependency, by sex and state/territory, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	87
Table 4.28:	Permanent residents, level of dependency, by sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	89
Table 4.29:	Younger permanent residents, by age, sex and level of dependency, 30 June 2007	91

Table 4.30: All permanent residents, by age, sex and level of dependency, 30 June 2007	92
Table 4.31: People admitted to residential aged care services for permanent care, age atadmission, by sex and level of dependency, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	94
Table 4.32: Separated permanent residents, separation mode, by sex and level of dependency at separation, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	96
Table 4.33: Separated permanent residents, length of stay, by sex and level of dependency at separation, 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007	97
Table A1.1: Trends in resident numbers at 30 June, 1999 to 2007	100
Table A1.2: Proportion of residents aged 80 years and over and aged 90 years and over at admission, 1998-99 to 2006-07	100
Table A1.3: Permanent aged care residents at 30 June, by age group, 1998–2007	101
Table A1.4: Trends in the number and size of residential aged care services, 30 June 1998 to 30 June 2007	102
Table A1.5: Average annual occupancy, 1998–99 to 2006–07	102
Table A2.1: Population, by age, sex and state/territory, 30 June 2007	103
Table A2.2: Population, by age, sex and remoteness, 30 June 2007	104

List of figures

Figure 1.1:	Number of new aged care places, CACP and EACH and EACH Dementia	
U	allocated to approved providers, 1995-96 to 2006-07	.7
Figure 2.1:	Changes in the size of mainstream residential aged care services, 1998–2007 (per cent)1	.2
Figure 2.2:	Organisational type of services, by state/territory, 30 June 2007 (per cent)1	.4