Table 11.1: Rates of hospitalised injury cases per 100,000 population to 85+ years: males by external cause, Australia 2004-05

	9	5–9	10–14	15–19	20–24	25–29	30-34	35–39	40-44	45-49	50–54	55–59	60–64	69-59	70–74	75–79	80-84	85+	Age std
Transportation	92.9	234.7	509.0	702.4	657.3	908.0	435.2	345.5	307.6	265.4	220.7	191.7	161.3	165.2	171.4	177.3	266.4	257.6	345.2
Drowning	19.0	3.1	1.7	3.4	2.5	1.9	1.9	1.5	0.9	4.1	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.8	9.0	0.0	2.9
Poisoning, pharmaceuticals	123.3	10.9	6.0	23.4	37.7	43.4	37.5	30.3	22.2	20.0	18.6	15.6	1.4	13.9	24.0	31.3	8.44	60.5	31.2
Poisoning, other substances	37.5	5.0	5.0	13.3	20.0	20.4	16.7	17.8	10.6	9.6	10.0	9.7	9.4	8.5	8.7	10.8	10.7	11.3	13.8
Falls	621.9	762.0	781.0	485.4	394.2	348.6	288.6	274.9	284.4	317.3	326.6	385.3	467.7	566.9	855.4	1,447.8	2,702.1	5,575.9	591.5
Fires, burns & scalds	127.3	28.5	32.8	42.7	39.9	37.4	33.8	27.0	26.6	21.1	19.7	19.0	14.3	20.2	19.6	20.9	23.4	26.7	34.8
Other unintentional	594.7	485.2	727.8	1,353.2 1,349.3		1,175.5	1,019.7	873.7	773.3	684.9	634.9	603.9	547.2	450.0	450.3	459.7	516.3	527.4	800.9
Intentional self-harm	1.2	0.1	15.1	123.6	169.5	178.7	163.6	153.8	131.5	106.7	72.8	58.6	39.8	29.3	29.3	4.1	38.5	49.3	89.9
Assault	19.4	8.5	34.6	324.9	432.3	326.0	265.9	235.5	167.2	116.3	78.9	52.8	37.5	19.7	20.3	14.8	14.5	11.3	150.4
Undetermined intent	5.1	3.7	4.8	24.4	40.1	38.1	36.3	28.1	22.7	16.8	10.0	8.3	7.3	6.1	6.3	8.8	6.9	17.4	18.3
Total community injury ^(a)	1,646.0	1,544.4	2,121.3	3,101.4	3,152.1	1,646.0 1,544.4 2,121.3 3,101.4 3,152.1 2,685.0 2	2,305.1	1,997.8	1,754.9	1,571.4	1,405.2	1,364.2	1,332.8	1,304.9	1,632.6	2,244.9	3,660.2	6,582.5	2,091.0
Complications of medical & surgical care (b)	138.3	88.4	81.1	131.1	164.9	159.7	194.0	211.7	231.6	267.6	357.1	509.5	683.0	899.4	1,234.9	1,453.0	1,635.4	1,677.7	361.2
Residual groups	48.4	20.7	17.0	16.0	19.0	22.4	21.0	17.0	17.7	17.9	19.7	22.4	23.1	28.0	24.0	36.5	30.9	31.8	22.5
Total injury	1,832.7	1,832.7 1,653.5 2,219.3		3,248.5	3,336.0	2,867.1	2,520.1	2,226.5	2,004.2	1,857.0	1,782.0	1,896.1	2,038.9	2,232.2	2,891.4	3,734.4	5,326.6	8,292.0	2,474.6
Note: Age-standardised rates in this table may be slightly different to those in the body of the report due to the different age-groups used (i.e. 85+ here vs. 95+, where appropriate, in the report)	d rates in th	is table ma	y be slightly	/ different t	o those in th	ne body of the	וף report di	ue to the di	fferent age	-groups use	3d (i.e. 85+	here vs. 9	5+, where	appropriate,	in the repo	ort).			

Note: Age-standardised rates in this table may be slightly different to those in the body of the report due to the different age-groups used (i.e. 85+ here vs. 95+, where appropriate, in the report).

⁽a) Includes cases with principal diagnosis S00-T75 or T79 and first external cause describing complications of surgical and medical care.

⁽b) Excludes cases with principal diagnosis S00-T75 or T79 and first external cause describing complications of surgical and medical care.

Table 11.2: Rates of hospitalised injury cases per 100,000 population to 85+ years: females by external cause, Australia 2004-05

	4	5–9	10–14	15–19	20–24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40-44	45-49	50–54	55–59	60–64	62–69	70–74	75–79	80–84	85+	Age std
Transportation	58.9	154.9	200.3	292.8	256.3	189.1	150.7	145.8	123.7	130.0	124.5	127.7	112.8	118.3	148.4	177.8	215.0	153.6	160.4
Drowning	14.4	2.8	1.3	1.5	1.0	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.7	1.0	1.5	0.7	0.4	1.0	1.7
Poisoning, pharmaceuticals	110.6	8.7	13.9	56.4	52.9	42.4	35.3	26.0	31.7	31.1	25.4	20.9	15.9	25.0	29.7	34.2	52.6	68.1	36.7
Poisoning, other substances	28.9	3.1	3.3	14.0	14.1	9.6	7.5	8.0	7.1	7.3	9.9	6.2	6.5	10.2	6.4	10.0	6.4	10.6	9.3
Falls	499.2	603.6	312.7	124.1	138.2	134.0	143.1	161.9	183.5	242.1	331.8	486.5	633.1	900.2	1,407.2	2,568.2	4,710.0	8,615.2	597.4
Fires, burns & scalds	90.6	21.8	18.2	14.0	16.6	13.5	13.5	11.9	15.0	13.1	1.	8.2	8.9	15.4	11.9	13.9	19.7	27.0	19.4
Other unintentional	445.5	319.4	296.0	326.9	320.5	285.6	278.4	278.5	274.0	260.9	276.3	289.0	285.0	280.9	331.7	416.0	558.3	740.3	316.0
Intentional self-harm	0.2	0.2	78.8	431.1	284.8	220.4	215.9	206.8	201.7	177.9	116.2	81.7	51.5	39.9	34.0	32.2	26.1	17.4	148.9
Assault	20.5	6.7	14.9	80.3	106.0	109.5	116.8	98.8	70.5	51.3	22.7	15.8	13.7	7.3	9.7	11.3	13.7	11.1	53.0
Undetermined intent	5.7	1.7	9.5	57.6	45.9	36.7	29.3	27.2	23.8	23.5	4.4	11.8	10.0	7.3	8.0	8.3	9.8	7.2	21.7
Total community injury ^(a)	1,277.0 1,124.3	1,124.3	920.6	1,401.7	950.6 1,401.7 1,240.3 1,045.0	1,045.0	994.8	973.3	936.9	942.4	934.6	1,059.6	1,151.2	1,423.2	2,009.1	3,300.1	5,644.4	9,697.4	1,372.1
Complications of medical & surgical care (b)	80.4	68.5	60.3	118.4	136.9	171.7	225.0	264.0	322.7	375.5	440.7	492.7	591.4	718.9	852.8	934.3	979.4	772.2	318.0
Residual groups	30.0	11.9	10.8	27.8	31.3	26.6	21.6	22.1	20.6	20.2	22.0	22.5	31.9	26.3	36.7	35.5	35.1	43.0	24.1
Total injury	1,387.4	1,204.7	1,021.7	1,547.9	1,387.4 1,204.7 1,021.7 1,547.9 1,408.5 1,243.3		1,241.4 1,259.4		1,280.2	1,338.1	1,397.3	1,574.8	1,774.4	2,168.3	2,898.6	4,269.8	6,658.8	10,512.5	1,714.2

Note: Age-standardised rates in this table may be slightly different to those in the body of the report due to the different age-groups used (i.e. 85+ here vs. 95+, where appropriate, in the report).

⁽a) Includes cases with principal diagnosis S00-T75 or T79 and first external cause describing complications of surgical and medical care.

⁽b) Excludes cases with principal diagnosis S00–775 or 779 and first external cause describing complications of surgical and medical care.

Table 11.3: Rates of hospitalised injury cases per 100,000 population to 85+ years: persons by external cause, Australia 2004-05

			`	,	_	•					•								
	0-4	2–9	10–14	15–19	20–24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40-44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–64	69–59	70–74	75–79	80–84	85+	Age std
Transportation	76.4	195.8	358.7	502.6	461.8	350.6	292.2	245.1	215.3	197.3	172.4	159.9	137.3	141.5	159.4	177.6	236.0	186.8	253.4
Drowning	16.8	2.9	1.5	2.5	4.8	1.	1.0	1.0	9.0	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.2	4.	0.7	0.5	0.7	2.3
Poisoning, pharmaceuticals	117.1	8.	6.6	39.5	45.1	42.9	36.4	28.1	26.9	25.6	22.0	18.2	15.0	19.5	26.9	32.9	49.4	65.7	34.0
Poisoning, other substances	33.3	4.	4.2	13.6	17.1	15.1	12.1	12.9	8.8	8.4	8.3	8.0	8.0	9. 4.	7.5	10.4	8.2	10.8	11.6
Falls	562.2	684.9	553.0	309.2	269.3	242.4	215.5	218.1	233.8	279.5	329.2	435.6	549.6	735.4	1,142.9	2,061.0	3,899.2	7,642.9	608.2
Fires, burns & scalds	109.4	25.3	25.7	28.7	28.5	25.6	23.6	19.4	20.8	17.1	15.3	13.6	11.7	17.8	15.6	17.1	21.2	26.9	27.2
Other unintentional	522.0	404.5	517.6	852.6	847.7	734.9	647.0	574.4	522.8	471.6	454.5	447.5	417.3	364.5	388.5	435.8	541.3	672.2	561.2
Intentional self-harm	0.7	0.2	46.1	273.6	225.7	199.4	189.9	180.5	166.7	142.5	94.7	70.1	45.6	34.6	31.7	37.6	31.1	27.6	118.9
Assault	19.9	7.6	25.0	205.6	273.2	218.8	190.9	166.8	118.7	83.6	9.09	34.4	25.7	13.4	13.7	12.9	14.0	11.2	102.2
Undetermined intent	5.4	2.7	7.1	40.6	42.9	37.4	32.8	27.7	23.2	20.2	12.2	10.0	8.6	6.7	7.7	8.5	8.7	10.5	20.0
Total community injury ^(a)	1,466.3	1,339.9	1,466.3 1,339.9 1,551.3 2,272.3 2,219.9 1,873.0	2,272.3	2,219.9	1,873.0	1,646.4	1,482.6	1,344.5	1,255.0 1,168.6		1,212.9	1,242.8	1,364.7	1,828.8	2,822.4	4,843.5	8,700.9	1,748.7
Complications of medical & surgical care ^(b)	110.1	78.7	71.0	124.9	151.3	165.6	209.6	238.0	277.3	321.9	399.2	501.1	637.6	808.1	1,035.8	1,169.1	1,244.3	1,062.0	335.5
Residual groups	39.5	16.4	14.0	21.8	25.0	24.5	21.3	19.6	19.2	19.1	20.8	22.5	27.5	27.1	30.6	36.0	33.4	39.4	23.4
Total injury	1,615.8	1,615.8 1,435.0 1,636.2	1,636.2	2,419.0	2,396.1	2,063.1	1,877.3	1,740.1	1,641.0	1,596.0 1	1,588.6 1	1,736.5 1	1,907.9	2,199.9	2,895.2	4,027.4	6,121.1	9,802.3	2,107.6
Note: Age-standardised rates in this table may be slightly different to those in the body of the report due to the different age-groups used (i.e. 85+ here vs. 95+ where appropriate, in the report)	sed rates in	this table r	nav be slid	htlv differen	it to those in	the body o	of the report	t due to the	different	de-droups	used (i.e. 8	5+ here vs	. 95+. whe	re appropri	ate, in the r	(eport)			

Note: Age-standardised rates in this table may be slightly different to those in the body of the report due to the different age-groups used (i.e. 85+ here vs. 95+, where appropriate, in the report) b Excludes cases with principal diagnosis S00-T75 or T79 and first external cause describing complications of surgical and medical care a Includes cases with principal diagnosis S00-T75 or T79 and first external cause describing complications of surgical and medical care

List of tables

Table 1.1:	Injury hospitalisations overview: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	3
Table 2.1:	Key indicators for hospitalised community injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	5
Table 2.2:	Major external cause groups for community injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	7
Table 2.3:	Major external cause groups for community injury cases by age, Australia 2004–05	8
Table 2.4:	Place of occurrence for community injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	9
Table 2.5:	Activity at time of occurrence for community injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	9
Table 2.6:	Principal diagnosis groups for community injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	10
Table 2.7:	Principal diagnosis groups for community injury cases by age, Australia 2004–05	11
Table 2.8:	Major external cause groups for high threat to life (a) community injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	13
Table 3.1:	Key indicators for hospitalised unintentional transport injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	18
Table 3.2:	Mode of transport of injured person for unintentional transport injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	20
Table 3.3:	Mode of transport of injured person for unintentional transport injury cases by age, Australia 2004–05	21
Table 3.4:	Place of occurrence for unintentional transport injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	22
Table 3.5:	Reported activity for unintentional transport injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	23
Table 3.6:	Principal diagnosis groups for transport injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	24
Table 3.7:	Principal diagnosis groups for transport injury cases by age, Australia 2004-05	24
Table 3.8:	Mode of transport of injured person by traffic type for land transport injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	30
Table 3.9:	Counterpart by the mode of transport of injured person for land transport injury cases, Australia 2004–05	31
Table 3.10:	Road user type by mode of transport of injured person; traffic, non-traffic and unspecified land transport injury cases, Australia 2004–05	32
Table 3.11:	Key indicators for hospitalised drowning and submersion injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	36
Table 3.12:	First external cause for drowning injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	37
Table 3.13:	Key indicators for hospitalised unintentional poisoning by pharmaceuticals injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	42

Table 3.14:	First external cause for unintentional poisoning by pharmaceuticals injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	44
Table 3.15:	Place of occurrence for unintentional poisoning by pharmaceuticals injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	45
Table 3.16:	Activity at time of occurrence for unintentional poisoning by pharmaceuticals injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	45
Table 3.17:	Principal diagnosis for unintentional pharmaceutical poisoning cases where diagnosis group was 'poisoning by drugs, medicaments and biological substances': males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	46
Table 3.18:	Principal diagnosis for accidental pharmaceutical poisoning cases where diagnosis group was 'poisoning by drugs, medicaments and biological substances' by age, Australia 2004–05	47
Table 3.19:	Key indicators for hospitalised unintentional poisoning by other substances injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	50
Table 3.20:	First external cause for unintentional poisoning by other substances injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	51
Table 3.21:	Place of occurrence for poisoning by other substances injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	52
Table 3.22:	Activity at time of occurrence for unintentional poisoning by other substances injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	53
Table 3.23:	Principal diagnosis for unintentional poisoning by other substances injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	54
Table 3.24:	Key indicators for hospitalised falls injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	57
Table 3.25:	First external cause for fall injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	59
Table 3.26:	First external cause for fall injury cases by age, Australia 2004–05	60
Table 3.27:	Place of occurrence for fall injury cases by age, Australia 2004–05	61
Table 3.28:	Place of occurrence for fall injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	62
Table 3.29:	Activity at time of occurrence for fall injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	63
Table 3.30:	Principal diagnosis groups for fall injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	65
Table 3.31:	Principal diagnosis groups for fall injury cases by age, Australia 2004-05	66
Table 3.32:	Key indicators for hospitalised fire, burns and scalds injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	71
Table 3.33:	First external cause for fire, burns and scalds injury cases by age, Australia 2004–05	73
Table 3.34:	Place of occurrence for fire, burns and scalds injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	74
Table 3.35:	Activity at time of occurrence by external cause of fire, burns and scalds injury cases, Australia 2004–05	75
Table 3.36:	Principal diagnosis for fire, burns and scalds injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	76
Table 3.37:	Key indicators for hospitalised other unintentional injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	79

Table 3.38:	persons, Australia 2004–05	81
Table 3.39:	Place of occurrence for other unintentional injury cases by external cause groups, Australia 2004–05	82
Table 3.40:	Place of occurrence for other unintentional injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	83
Table 3.41:	Activity at time of occurrence for other unintentional injury cases by external cause groups, Australia 2004–05	84
Table 3.42:	Principal diagnosis groups for other unintentional injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	85
Table 3.43:	Nature of injury diagnosis for other unintentional injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	86
Table 3.44:	Body region affected by principal diagnosis for other unintentional injury cases by external cause group: persons, Australia 2004–05	87
Table 4.1:	Key indicators for hospitalised intentional self-harm injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	91
Table 4.2:	First external cause for intentional self-harm cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	93
Table 4.3:	Place of occurrence for intentional self-harm cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	94
Table 4.4:	Activity at time of occurrence for intentional self-harm cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	94
Table 4.5:	Principal diagnosis for intentional self-harm cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	95
Table 4.6:	Nature of injury diagnosis for intentional self-harm cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	96
Table 4.7:	Key indicators for hospitalised assault injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	99
Table 4.8:	First external cause for assault cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	101
Table 4.9:	Place of occurrence for assault cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	102
Table 4.10:	Activity at time of occurrence for assault cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	103
Table 4.11:	Principal diagnosis for assault cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	103
Table 4.12:	Nature of injury for assault cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	104
Table 4.13:	Relationship of perpetrator to victim for assault cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	105
Table 4.14:	Key indicators for hospitalised undetermined intent injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	
Table 4.15:	First external cause for undetermined intent cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	
Table 4.16:	Place of occurrence for undetermined intent cases: males, females and	
	persons, Australia 2004–05	112

Table 4.17:	Activity at time of occurrence for undetermined intent cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	112
Table 4.18:	Principal diagnosis for undetermined intent cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	113
Table 5.1:	Key indicators for hospitalised work-related injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	116
Table 5.2:	Industry type for work-related injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	118
Table 5.3:	Industry type for work-related injury cases by age, Australia 2004-05	118
Table 5.4:	Major external cause groups for work-related injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	119
Table 5.5:	Major external cause groups for work-related injury cases by industry group, Australia 2004–05	120
Table 5.6:	Principal diagnosis groups for work-related injury cases by industry group, Australia 2004–05	122
Table 5.7:	Funding source for work-related injury cases by industry group, Australia 2004–05	123
Table 5.8:	Mean days stay per work-related injury case by age and industry group, Australia 2004–05	124
Table 6.1:	Key indicators for hospitalised sport-related injury: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	125
Table 6.2:	Types of sport engaged in when injured for sport-related injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	127
Table 6.3:	First external cause for sport-related injury cases by age, Australia 2004–05	128
Table 6.4:	External cause for sport-related injury cases by sport group, Australia 2004–05	129
Table 6.5:	Place of occurrence for sport-related injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	130
Table 6.6:	Place of occurrence for sport-related injury cases by sport group, Australia 2004–05	131
Table 6.7:	Principal diagnosis groups for sport-related injury cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	132
Table 6.8:	Principal diagnosis groups for sport-related injury cases by age, Australia 2004–05	132
Table 6.9:	Body region affected by principal diagnosis for sport-related injury cases, Australia 2004–05	133
Table 6.10:	Mean days stay per sport-related injury case by sport group: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	134
Table 7.1:	Key indicators for hospitalised complications of surgical and medical care, Australia 2004–05	135
Table 7.2:	Major external cause groups for complications of surgical and medical care cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	137
Table 7.3:	External cause code categories for complications of surgical and medical care cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	138
Table 7.4:	First external cause codes for complications of surgical and medical care cases where external cause is Y83 or Y84 by age, Australia 2004–05	138
Table 7.5:	Place of occurrence for complications of surgical and medical care cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	139

Table 7.6:	Activity at time of occurrence for complications of surgical and medical care cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	139
Table 7.7:	Principal diagnosis groups for complications of surgical and medical care cases: males, females and persons, Australia 2004–05	140
Table 8.1:	Principal diagnoses for cases coded to T78, T89 or T90-T98: males, females and persons, Australia 2004-05	144
Table 8.2:	Major external cause groups for cases coded to T78, T89 or T90-T98: males, females and persons, Australia 2004-05	145
Table 9.1:	Selection criteria for hospitalised cases (a) due to injury and poisoning, Australia 2004–05	148
Table 11.1:	Rates of hospitalised injury cases per 100,000 population to 85+ years: males by external cause, Australia 2004–05	154
Table 11.2:	Rates of hospitalised injury cases per 100,000 population to 85+ years: females by external cause, Australia 2004–05	155
Table 11.3:	Rates of hospitalised injury cases per 100,000 population to 85+ years: persons by external cause, Australia 2004–05	156

List of figures

Figure 2.1:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) of community injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	6
Figure 2.2:	Body region affected by principal diagnosis for community injury cases by age, Australia 2004–05	12
Figure 2.3:	Mean length of stay per case for community injuries: males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	14
Figure 2.4:	Mean length of stay per case for community injuries by major external cause group and sex, Australia 2004–05	15
Figure 2.5:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for community injury cases: males and females by state of usual residence, 2004–05	16
Figure 2.6:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for community injury cases: males and females by remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions), 2004–05	17
Figure 3.1:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for transport injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	19
Figure 3.2:	Body region affected by principal diagnosis for transport injury cases by mode of transport, Australia 2004–05	25
Figure 3.3:	Mean length of stay per case for transport injuries: males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	26
Figure 3.4:	Mean length of stay per case for transport injuries: males and females by mode of transport, Australia 2004–05	27
Figure 3.5:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for transport injury cases: males and females by state of usual residence, 2004–05	28
Figure 3.6:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for transport injury cases: males and females by remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions), 2004–05	28
Figure 3.7:	Land transport traffic injury cases: age-specific rates for selected road user types, Australia 2004–05	34
Figure 3.8:	Land transport non-traffic injury cases: age-specific rates for selected road user types, Australia 2004–05	34
Figure 3.9:	Land transport injury cases: mean length of stay per case for selected road user types, Australia 2004–05	35
Figure 3.10:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for accidental drowning and submersion injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	37
Figure 3.11:	Drowning and submersion injury cases: external cause by age, Australia 2004–05	38
Figure 3.12:	Mean length of stay per case for drowning and submersion injuries; males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	39
Figure 3.13:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for drowning and submersion injury cases: persons by state of usual residence, 2004–05	40
Figure 3.14:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for drowning and submersion injury cases: persons by remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions), 2004–05	41
Figure 3.15:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for unintentional poisoning by pharmaceuticals injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	43
Figure 3.16:	Age-specific rates for unintentional poisoning by selected pharmaceuticals external causes: persons, Australia 2004–05	

Figure 3.17:	Mean length of stay per case for poisoning by pharmaceuticals injuries: males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	48
Figure 3.18:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for unintentional poisoning by pharmaceuticals injury cases: males and females by state of usual residence, 2004–05	49
Figure 3.19:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for unintentional poisoning by pharmaceuticals injury cases: males and females by remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions), 2004–05	49
Figure 3.20:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for unintentional poisoning by other substances injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	51
Figure 3.21:	Mean length of stay per case for unintentional poisoning by other substances injuries: males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	55
Figure 3.22:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for unintentional poisoning by other substances injury cases: males and females by state of usual residence, 2004–05	56
Figure 3.23:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for poisoning by other substances injury cases: males and females by remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions), 2004–05	56
Figure 3.24:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for fall injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	58
Figure 3.25:	Industry type for fall injury cases where activity was coded 'while working for income' ($n = 3,708$): males and females, Australia 2004–05	64
Figure 3.26:	Body region affected by principal diagnosis for fall injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004-05	67
Figure 3.27:	Body region affected by principal diagnosis for fall injury cases by age: persons, Australia 2004-05	67
Figure 3.28:	Mean length of stay per case for fall-related injuries: males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	68
Figure 3.29:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for fall injury cases: males and females by state of usual residence, 2004–05	69
Figure 3.30:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for fall injury cases: males and females by remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions), 2004–05	70
Figure 3.31:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for fall injury cases: remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions) by age group, 2004–05	70
Figure 3.32:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for fire, burns and scalds injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	72
Figure 3.33:	Mean length of stay per case for fire, burns and scalds injuries; males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	77
Figure 3.34:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for fire, burns and scalds injury cases: males and females by state of usual residence, 2004–05	77
Figure 3.35:	Age-standardised rates (\pm 95% CI) for fire, burns and scalds injury cases: males and females by remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions), 2004–05	78
Figure 3.36:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for other unintentional injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	80
Figure 3.37:	Age-specific rates for selected other unintentional injury cases: persons, Australia 2004–05	81
Figure 3.38:	Mean length of stay per case for other unintentional injuries: males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	88

Figure 3.39:	Mean length of stay per case for other unintentional injuries: males and females by external cause groups, Australia 2004–05	89
Figure 3.40:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for other unintentional injury cases: males and females by state of usual residence, 2004–05	90
Figure 3.41:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for other unintentional injury cases: males and females by remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions), 2004–05	90
Figure 4.1:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for intentional self-harm injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	92
Figure 4.2:	Mean length of stay per case for intentional self-harm injuries; males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	97
Figure 4.3:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for intentional self-harm cases: males and females by state of usual residence, 2004–05	97
Figure 4.4:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for intentional self-harm cases: males and females by remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions), 2004–05	98
Figure 4.5:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for assault cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	100
Figure 4.6:	Proportion of external cause types for assault cases by age, Australia 2004–05	100
Figure 4.7:	Mean length of stay per case for assault injuries: males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	106
Figure 4.8:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for assault cases by state of usual residence: males and females, Australia 2004–05	107
Figure 4.9:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for assault cases: males and females by remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions), 2004–05	108
Figure 4.10:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for undetermined intent cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	110
Figure 4.11:	Mean length of stay (± SE) for undetermined intent cases: males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	114
Figure 4.12:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for undetermined intent cases: males and females by state of usual residence, 2004–05	114
Figure 4.13:	Age-standardised rates (± 95% CI) for undetermined intent cases: males and females by remoteness of usual residence (ASGC regions), 2004–05	115
Figure 5.1:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for work-related injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	117
Figure 5.2:	External cause groups for work-related 'other unintentional injury' cases for specific industry groups, Australia 2004–05	121
Figure 6.1:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) for sport-related injury cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	126
Figure 7.1:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) of complications of surgical and medical care cases: males and females, Australia 2004–05	136
Figure 7.2:	Age-specific rates of complications of surgical and medical care cases for selected principal diagnoses: persons, Australia 2004–05	141
Figure 7.3:	Mean length of stay per case for complications of surgical and medical care: males and females by age, Australia 2004–05	142
Figure 8.1:	Age-specific rates (± 95% CI) of cases coded to T78, T89 or T90–T98: males and females, Australia 2004–05	144



This report presents national statistics on injuries that resulted in admission to hospitals in Australia. It includes cases discharged during the year to 30 June 2005.

Unintentional falls, transport-related injury, intentional self-harm and assault are common causes of hospitalised injury in the Australian community. Injuries due to these and other causes are described, in terms of case numbers and rates, by age and sex, place of usual residence, length of stay in hospital and other characteristics. Injuries sustained while working for income or while engaged in sporting activities are also described.

The report will be relevant to anyone interested in gaining an insight into patterns of injury morbidity and the burden it imposes on the Australian community.

ISBN 978 1 74024 821 1